

Trial record **1 of 1** for: CSPP100A2353
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Efficacy and Safety of the Combination Aliskiren (300 mg) and Hydrochlorothiazide (25mg) to Aliskiren (300mg) Monotherapy in Patients With Staged II Hypertension (ACQUIRE)

This study has been completed.

Sponsor:
Novartis

Information provided by:
Novartis

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier:
NCT00705575

First received: June 23, 2008
Last updated: May 24, 2011
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[History of Changes](#)

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Results First Received: December 22, 2010

Study Type:	Interventional
Study Design:	Allocation: Randomized; Endpoint Classification: Safety/Efficacy Study; Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment; Masking: Double Blind (Subject, Caregiver, Investigator); Primary Purpose: Treatment
Condition:	Hypertension
Interventions:	Drug: Aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg) Drug: Aliskiren (300 mg)

Participant Flow

[Hide Participant Flow](#)

Recruitment Details

Key information relevant to the recruitment process for the overall study, such as dates of the recruitment period and locations

No text entered.

Pre-Assignment Details

Significant events and approaches for the overall study following participant enrollment, but prior to group assignment

No text entered.

Reporting Groups

	Description
Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) 150/12.5 mg for 1 week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren/HCTZ 300/25 mg.
Aliskiren (300 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren 150 mg for one week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren 300 mg.

Participant Flow: Overall Study

	Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	Aliskiren (300 mg)

STARTED	349	339
COMPLETED	326	293
NOT COMPLETED	23	46
Abnormal laboratory value(s)	0	3
Abnormal test procedure result(s)	2	12
Adverse Event	11	15
Lost to Follow-up	3	4
Protocol Violation	2	2
Withdrawal by Subject	5	10

▶ Baseline Characteristics

▢ Hide Baseline Characteristics

Population Description

Explanation of how the number of participants for analysis was determined. Includes whether analysis was per protocol, intention to treat, or another method. Also provides relevant details such as imputation technique, as appropriate.

No text entered.

Reporting Groups

	Description
Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) 150/12.5 mg for 1 week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren/HCTZ 300/25 mg.
Aliskiren (300 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren 150 mg for one week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren 300 mg.
Total	Total of all reporting groups

Baseline Measures

	Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	Aliskiren (300 mg)	Total
Number of Participants [units: participants]	349	339	688
Age [units: years] Mean (Standard Deviation)	57.4 (10.33)	56.4 (10.73)	56.9 (10.53)
Gender [units: participants]			
Female	169	172	341
Male	180	167	347

▶ Outcome Measures

▢ Hide All Outcome Measures

1. Primary: Change in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (msSBP) From Baseline to End of Study (Week 12) [Time Frame: Baseline to end of study (Week 12)]

Measure Type	Primary
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Measure Title	Change in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (msSBP) From Baseline to End of Study (Week 12)
Measure Description	At the first visit, blood pressure (BP) was measured in both arms and the arm having the higher BP reading was the arm used for all subsequent readings throughout the study. Patients were required to sit for five minutes with feet flat on the floor, with arm resting so that the bottom of the cuff was at the same level as the heart. BP was measured three times at 1 to 2-minute intervals at each visit using the correct cuff size. The mean BP was calculated from the 3 readings.
Time Frame	Baseline to end of study (Week 12)
Safety Issue	No

Population Description

Explanation of how the number of participants for analysis was determined. Includes whether analysis was per protocol, intention to treat, or another method. Also provides relevant details such as imputation technique, as appropriate.

Full analysis set (FAS): All randomized patients. For each patient, the last post-baseline measurement during the double-blind period was carried forward. n = number of patients with non-missing Week 12 measurement or last observation carried forward (LOCF) value.

Reporting Groups

	Description
Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) 150/12.5 mg for 1 week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren/HCTZ 300/25 mg.
Aliskiren (300 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren 150 mg for one week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren 300 mg.

Measured Values

	Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	Aliskiren (300 mg)
Number of Participants Analyzed [units: participants]	346	335
Change in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (msSBP) From Baseline to End of Study (Week 12) [units: mm Hg] Least Squares Mean (Standard Error)	-30.01 (1.053)	-20.29 (1.067)

No statistical analysis provided for Change in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (msSBP) From Baseline to End of Study (Week 12)

2. Secondary: Change in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (msSBP) From Baseline to Week 8 [Time Frame: Baseline to Week 8]

Measure Type	Secondary
Measure Title	Change in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (msSBP) From Baseline to Week 8
Measure Description	At the first visit, blood pressure (BP) was measured in both arms and the arm having the higher BP reading was the arm used for all subsequent readings throughout the study. Patients were required to sit for five minutes with feet flat on the floor, with arm resting so that the bottom of the cuff was at the same level as the heart. BP was measured three times at 1 to 2-minute intervals at each visit using the correct cuff size. The mean BP was calculated from the 3 readings.
Time Frame	Baseline to Week 8
Safety Issue	No

Population Description

Explanation of how the number of participants for analysis was determined. Includes whether analysis was per protocol, intention to treat, or another method. Also provides relevant details such as imputation technique, as appropriate.

Full analysis set (FAS): All randomized patients. For each patient, the last post-baseline measurement during the double-blind period was

carried forward. n = number of patients with non-missing Week 8 measurement or last observation carried forward (LOCF) value.

Reporting Groups

	Description
Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) 150/12.5 mg for 1 week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren/HCTZ 300/25 mg.
Aliskiren (300 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren 150 mg for one week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren 300 mg.

Measured Values

	Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	Aliskiren (300 mg)
Number of Participants Analyzed [units: participants]	346	335
Change in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (msSBP) From Baseline to Week 8 [units: mm Hg] Least Squares Mean (Standard Error)	-30.09 (1.079)	-20.75 (1.094)

No statistical analysis provided for Change in Mean Sitting Systolic Blood Pressure (msSBP) From Baseline to Week 8

3. Secondary: Change in Mean Sitting Diastolic Blood Pressure (msDBP) From Baseline to Week 8 and to Week 12 [Time Frame: Baseline to Week 12]

Measure Type	Secondary
Measure Title	Change in Mean Sitting Diastolic Blood Pressure (msDBP) From Baseline to Week 8 and to Week 12
Measure Description	At the first visit, blood pressure (BP) was measured in both arms and the arm having the higher BP reading was the arm used for all subsequent readings throughout the study. Patients were required to sit for five minutes with feet flat on the floor, with arm resting so that the bottom of the cuff was at the same level as the heart. BP was measured three times at 1 to 2-minute intervals at each visit using the correct cuff size. The mean BP was calculated from the 3 readings.
Time Frame	Baseline to Week 12
Safety Issue	No

Population Description

Explanation of how the number of participants for analysis was determined. Includes whether analysis was per protocol, intention to treat, or another method. Also provides relevant details such as imputation technique, as appropriate.

Full analysis set (FAS): All randomized patients. For each patient, the last post-baseline measurement during the double-blind period was carried forward. n = number of patients with non-missing Week 8 or Week 12 measurement or last observation carried forward (LOCF) value.

Reporting Groups

	Description
Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) 150/12.5 mg for 1 week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren/HCTZ 300/25 mg.
Aliskiren (300 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren 150 mg for one week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren 300 mg.

Measured Values

	Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ)	Aliskiren (300
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	(300/25 mg)	mg)
Number of Participants Analyzed [units: participants]	346	335
Change in Mean Sitting Diastolic Blood Pressure (msDBP) From Baseline to Week 8 and to Week 12 [units: mm Hg] Least Squares Mean (Standard Error)		
Baseline to Week 8	-13.69 (0.599)	-7.99 (0.607)
Baseline to Week 12	-12.64 (0.590)	-8.18 (0.598)

No statistical analysis provided for Change in Mean Sitting Diastolic Blood Pressure (msDBP) From Baseline to Week 8 and to Week 12

4. Secondary: Percentage of Patients Achieving the Target Blood Pressure (msSBP < 140 mm Hg and msDBP < 90 mm Hg, and msSBP < 130 mm Hg and msDBP < 80 mm Hg for Diabetics) at Week 8 and Week 12 [Time Frame: Baseline to Week 12]

Measure Type	Secondary
Measure Title	Percentage of Patients Achieving the Target Blood Pressure (msSBP < 140 mm Hg and msDBP < 90 mm Hg, and msSBP < 130 mm Hg and msDBP < 80 mm Hg for Diabetics) at Week 8 and Week 12
Measure Description	At the first visit, blood pressure (BP) was measured in both arms and the arm having the higher BP reading was the arm used for all subsequent readings throughout the study. Patients were required to sit for five minutes with feet flat on the floor, with arm resting so that the bottom of the cuff was at the same level as the heart. BP was measured three times at 1 to 2-minute intervals at each visit using the correct cuff size. The mean BP was calculated from the 3 readings.
Time Frame	Baseline to Week 12
Safety Issue	No

Population Description

Explanation of how the number of participants for analysis was determined. Includes whether analysis was per protocol, intention to treat, or another method. Also provides relevant details such as imputation technique, as appropriate.

Full analysis set (FAS): All randomized patients. For each patient, the last post-baseline measurement during the double-blind period was carried forward. n = number of patients with non-missing Week 8 or Week 12 measurement or last observation carried forward (LOCF) value.

Reporting Groups

	Description
Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) 150/12.5 mg for 1 week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren/HCTZ 300/25 mg.
Aliskiren (300 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren 150 mg for one week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren 300 mg.

Measured Values

	Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	Aliskiren (300 mg)
Number of Participants Analyzed [units: participants]	346	335
Percentage of Patients Achieving the Target Blood Pressure (msSBP < 140 mm Hg and msDBP < 90 mm Hg, and msSBP < 130 mm Hg and msDBP < 80 mm Hg for Diabetics) at Week 8 and Week 12 [units: Percentage]		

Baseline to Week 8	53.5	30.4
Baseline to Week 12	54.6	32.2

No statistical analysis provided for Percentage of Patients Achieving the Target Blood Pressure (msSBP < 140 mm Hg and msDBP < 90 mm Hg, and msSBP < 130 mm Hg and msDBP < 80 mm Hg for Diabetics) at Week 8 and Week 12

▶ Serious Adverse Events

▢ Hide Serious Adverse Events

Time Frame	No text entered.
Additional Description	No text entered.

Reporting Groups

	Description
Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) 150/12.5 mg for 1 week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren/HCTZ 300/25 mg.
Aliskiren (300 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren 150 mg for one week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren 300 mg.

Serious Adverse Events

	Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	Aliskiren (300 mg)
Total, serious adverse events		
# participants affected / at risk	2/349 (0.57%)	4/339 (1.18%)
Ear and labyrinth disorders		
Vertigo † ¹		
# participants affected / at risk	0/349 (0.00%)	1/339 (0.29%)
Gastrointestinal disorders		
Haemorrhoids † ¹		
# participants affected / at risk	1/349 (0.29%)	0/339 (0.00%)
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications		
Fracture displacement † ¹		
# participants affected / at risk	0/349 (0.00%)	1/339 (0.29%)
Radius fracture † ¹		
# participants affected / at risk	0/349 (0.00%)	1/339 (0.29%)
Tendon rupture † ¹		
# participants affected / at risk	1/349 (0.29%)	0/339 (0.00%)
Renal and urinary disorders		
Nephrolithiasis † ¹		
# participants affected / at risk	0/349 (0.00%)	2/339 (0.59%)

† Events were collected by systematic assessment

¹ Term from vocabulary, MedDRA

▶ Other Adverse Events

[Hide Other Adverse Events](#)

Time Frame	No text entered.
Additional Description	No text entered.

Frequency Threshold

Threshold above which other adverse events are reported	5%
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Reporting Groups

	Description
Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren/hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) 150/12.5 mg for 1 week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren/HCTZ 300/25 mg.
Aliskiren (300 mg)	During the titration period, patients received aliskiren 150 mg for one week. Subsequently, patients were up-titrated and received aliskiren 300 mg.

Other Adverse Events

	Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) (300/25 mg)	Aliskiren (300 mg)
Total, other (not including serious) adverse events		
# participants affected / at risk	27/349 (7.74%)	34/339 (10.03%)
Nervous system disorders		
Dizziness † 1		
# participants affected / at risk	19/349 (5.44%)	10/339 (2.95%)
Headache † 1		
# participants affected / at risk	14/349 (4.01%)	29/339 (8.55%)

† Events were collected by systematic assessment

1 Term from vocabulary, MedDRA

Limitations and Caveats[Hide Limitations and Caveats](#)

Limitations of the study, such as early termination leading to small numbers of participants analyzed and technical problems with measurement leading to unreliable or uninterpretable data
No text entered.

More Information[Hide More Information](#)**Certain Agreements:**

Principal Investigators are NOT employed by the organization sponsoring the study.
There IS an agreement between Principal Investigators and the Sponsor (or its agents) that restricts the PI's rights to discuss or publish trial results after the trial is completed.
The agreement is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> The only disclosure restriction on the PI is that the sponsor can review results communications prior to public release and can embargo communications regarding trial results for a period that is less than or equal to 60 days. The sponsor cannot require changes to the communication and cannot extend the embargo. <input type="checkbox"/> The only disclosure restriction on the PI is that the sponsor can review results communications prior to public release and can embargo communications regarding trial results for a period that is more than 60 days but less than or equal to 180 days. The sponsor cannot require changes to the communication and cannot extend the embargo.

Other disclosure agreement that restricts the right of the PI to discuss or publish trial results after the trial is completed.



Restriction Description: The terms and conditions of Novartis' agreements with its investigators may vary. However, Novartis does not prohibit any investigator from publishing. Any publications from a single-site are postponed until the publication of the pooled data (i.e., data from all sites) in the clinical trial.

Results Point of Contact:

Name/Title: Study Director
Organization: Novartis Pharmaceuticals
phone: 862 778-8300

No publications provided

Responsible Party: Novartis
ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: [NCT00705575](#) [History of Changes](#)
Other Study ID Numbers: **CSPP100A2353**
Study First Received: June 23, 2008
Results First Received: December 22, 2010
Last Updated: May 24, 2011
Health Authority: United States: Food and Drug Administration
Germany: Federal Institute for Drugs and Medical Devices
Italy: The Italian Medicines Agency
Switzerland: Swissmedic
Turkey: General Directorate of Pharmaceuticals and Pharmacy (IEGM - İlaç ve Eczacılık Genel Müdürlüğü)
Argentina: Administracion Nacional de Medicamentos, Alimentos y Tecnologia Medica
Guatemala: MSPAS (Departamento de Regulación de Productos Farmacéuticos y Afines, Ministerio de Salud Pública y Asistencia Social)
Ecuador: M&P Instituto Nacional de Higiene y Medicina Tropical (INH)