

Name of Sponsor/Company: <b>UoE/NHS Lothian</b>		Individual Study Table Referring to Part of the Dossier	<i>(For National Authority Use only)</i>
Name of Finished Product:		Volume:	
Name of Active Ingredient:		Page:	
Title of Study: <b>Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Growth Predicted by Uptake of Ultrasmall Supermagnetic Particles of Iron Oxide: a pilot study</b>			
Investigators: <b>Richards J, Semple S, MacGillivray T, Gray C, Langrish J, Williams M, Dweck M, Wallace W, McKillop G, Chalmers R, Garden O, Newby D.</b>			
Study centre(s): <b>Royal Infirmary Edinburgh</b>			
Publication (reference): <b>Circulation: Cardiovascular Imaging 2011 May 4(3) 274-81</b>			
Studied period (years): (date of first enrolment) <b>Aug 2009</b> (date of last completed) <b>Dec 2009</b>		Phase of development:	
Objectives: <b>Using MRI to assess whether areas of cellular inflammation correlated with the rate of AAA expansion.</b>			
Methodology: <b>Recruited from a surveillance clinic and imaged using a 3-T MRI scanner before and 24-36 hours after administration of ultrasmall superparamagnetic particles of USPIO.</b>			
Number of patients (planned and analysed): <b>29 recruited</b>			
Diagnosis and main criteria for inclusion: <b>AAA with a diameter 4.0cm on USS. Exclusion: under 40, pregnant, active systemic inflammatory or malignant disease, renal dysfunction, hepatic cirrhosis, contraindication to MRI</b>			
Test product, dose and mode of administration, batch number: <b>IV USPIO 2.6mg/kg</b>			
Duration of treatment: <b>30 minutes</b>			
Reference therapy, dose and mode of administration, batch number: <b>NA</b>			

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Criteria for evaluation: <b>Efficacy:</b>  <b>Safety:</b>		
Statistical methods: <b>The data were normally distributed. Continuous data were compared with 1-way ANOVA with Tukey post test comparison (Minitab) and categorical data were analysed using the x2 test with cross tabulation (SPSS). Statistical significance was taken as 2-sided P,0.05.</b>		
SUMMARY - CONCLUSIONS <b>EFFICACY RESULTS:</b> <b>CONCLUSION: Uptake of USPIO in abdominal aneurysms identifies cellular inflammation and appears to distinguish those patients with more rapidly progressive abdominal aortic aneurysm expansion.</b>  <b>SAFETY RESULTS: There was no significant adverse events noted.</b>  <b>CONCLUSION: Uptake of USPIO in abdominal aneurysms identifies cellular inflammation and appears to distinguish those patients with more rapidly progressive abdominal aortic aneurysm expansion.</b>		
Date of the report: 20 Mar 17		