

ClinicalTrials.gov Protocol and Results Registration System (PRS) Receipt  
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### Study Identification

Unique Protocol ID: ML21999

Brief Title: A Study of Avastin (Bevacizumab) in Combination With Taxane-based Chemotherapy as First Line Treatment in Patients With HER-2 Negative Breast Cancer

Official Title: An Open Label Study to Assess the Effect of First Line Treatment With Avastin in Combination With Paclitaxel and Gemcitabine in Progression-free Survival in Patients With HER-2 Negative Breast Cancer

Secondary IDs: 2008-003657-32 [EudraCT Number]

### Study Status

Record Verification: July 2014

Overall Status: Completed

Study Start: January 2009

Primary Completion: December 2011 [Actual]

Study Completion: January 2013 [Actual]

### Sponsor/Collaborators

Sponsor: Hoffmann-La Roche

Responsible Party: Sponsor

Collaborators:

### Oversight

FDA Regulated?: No

IND/IDE Protocol?: No

Review Board: Approval Status: Approved

Approval Number: 0219/08

Board Name: Comité Ético de Ensayo clínicos de Andalucía

Board Affiliation: Unknown

Phone: 95 500 65 56

Email:

Data Monitoring?:

Plan to Share Data?:

Oversight Authorities: Spain: Agencia Española del Medicamento

## Study Description

**Brief Summary:** This single-arm study assessed the efficacy and safety of first-line treatment with Avastin (bevacizumab) in combination with taxane-based chemotherapy (paclitaxel and gemcitabine) in patients with HER-2 negative breast cancer. Patients received Avastin 10 mg/kg iv, paclitaxel 150 mg/m<sup>2</sup> iv, and gemcitabine 200 mg/m<sup>2</sup> iv on Day 1 and Day 15 of each 4-week treatment cycle until disease progression, death, or withdrawal of consent.

**Detailed Description:**

## Conditions

Conditions: Breast Cancer

Keywords:

## Study Design

Study Type: Interventional

Primary Purpose: Treatment

Study Phase: Phase 2

Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment

Number of Arms: 1

Masking: Open Label

Allocation: N/A

Endpoint Classification: Safety/Efficacy Study

## Arms and Interventions

| Arms  | Assigned Interventions  |
|---|---|
| <p>Experimental: Bevacizumab + paclitaxel + gemcitabine</p> <p>Participants received bevacizumab 10 mg/kg intravenously (IV), paclitaxel 150 mg/m<sup>2</sup> IV, and gemcitabine 2000 mg/m<sup>2</sup> IV on Day 1 and Day 15 of each 4-week cycle until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or withdrawal of consent.</p> | <p>Drug: Bevacizumab</p> <p>Bevacizumab was supplied as a sterile liquid in glass vials.</p> <p>Other Names:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Avastin</li> </ul> <p>Drug: Paclitaxel</p> <p>Paclitaxel was supplied as a sterile liquid in glass vials.</p> <p>Other Names:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Taxol</li> </ul> <p>Drug: Gemcitabine</p> <p>Gemcitabine was supplied as a sterile liquid in glass vials.</p> <p>Other Names:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gemzar</li> </ul> |

## Outcome Measures

[See Results Section.]

## Eligibility

Minimum Age: 18 Years

Maximum Age:

Gender: Female

Accepts Healthy Volunteers?: No

Criteria: Inclusion Criteria:

- Female patients,  $\geq 18$  years of age.
- Breast cancer, with measurable, locally recurrent or metastatic lesions, or patients with bone metastasis only.
- HER-2 negative disease.
- Candidates for chemotherapy.
- Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status  $\leq 2$ .

Exclusion Criteria:

- Previous chemotherapy for metastatic or locally advanced breast cancer.

- Previous radiotherapy for treatment of metastatic breast cancer.
- Any prior adjuvant treatment with anthracyclines completed < 6 months prior to enrollment.
- Chronic daily treatment with corticosteroids ( $\geq 10$  mg/day), aspirin ( $> 325$  mg/day) or clopidogrel ( $> 75$ mg/day).

## Contacts/Locations

Study Officials: Clinical Trials  
Study Director  
Hoffmann-La Roche

### Locations: Spain

Sevilla, Sevilla, Spain, 41009  
Vigo, Pontevedra, Spain, 36214  
Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain, 08907  
Alcorcon, Madrid, Spain, 28922  
Burgos, Burgos, Spain, 09006  
Marbella, Malaga, Spain, 29600  
Madrid, Madrid, Spain, 28041  
Lugo, Lugo, Spain, 27004  
Murcia, Murcia, Spain, 30008  
Las Palmas de Gran Canaria, Las Palmas, Spain, 35016  
Manresa, Barcelona, Spain, 08243  
Elda, Alicante, Spain, 03600  
Sevilla, Sevilla, Spain, 41014  
Sagunto, Valencia, Spain, 46520  
Cádiz, Cadiz, Spain, 11009  
Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain, 08022  
Madrid, Madrid, Spain, 28222

Jaen, Jaen, Spain, 23007  
Huelva, Huelva, Spain, 21005  
Cordoba, Cordoba, Spain, 14004  
Granada, Granada, Spain, 18014  
Zaragoza, Zaragoza, Spain, 50009  
Granada, Granada, Spain, 18003

## References

Citations:

Links:

Study Data/Documents:

## Study Results

### Participant Flow

#### Reporting Groups

|  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine | Participants received bevacizumab 10 mg/kg intravenously (IV), paclitaxel 150 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV, and gemcitabine 2000 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on Day 1 and Day 15 of each 4-week cycle until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or withdrawal of consent. |

#### Overall Study

|                    | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--------------------|--|
| Started            | 90                                     |
| Received Treatment | 83                                     |
| Completed          | 0                                      |
| Not Completed      | 90                                     |
| Death              | 3                                      |

|                         | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|-------------------------|--|
| Disease Progression     | 30                                     |
| Toxicity                | 12                                     |
| Patient Decision        | 7                                      |
| Investigator Discretion | 29                                     |
| Protocol Violation      | 2                                      |
| Subject Not Treated     | 7                                      |

## Baseline Characteristics

### Analysis Population Description

Intent-to-treat population: All participants enrolled in the study.

### Reporting Groups

|  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine | Participants received bevacizumab 10 mg/kg intravenously (IV), paclitaxel 150 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV, and gemcitabine 2000 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on Day 1 and Day 15 of each 4-week cycle until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or withdrawal of consent. |

### Baseline Measures

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
| Number of Participants   | 90                                     |
| Age, Continuous<br>[units: years]<br>Mean (Standard Deviation) | 52.20 (12.48)                          |
| Gender, Male/Female<br>[units: participants]                   |  |
| Female   | 89                                     |
| Male   | 1                                      |

## Outcome Measures

### 1. Primary Outcome Measure:

|               |                           |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Measure Title | Progression-free Survival |
|---------------|---------------------------|

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| Measure Description | Progression-free survival was defined as the time from enrollment in the study to the first documented disease progression using Response Evaluation Criteria In Solid Tumors (RECIST) or death from any cause, whichever occurred first. |
| Time Frame          | Baseline to the end of the study (up to 2 years 10 months)  |
| Safety Issue?       | No  |

#### Analysis Population Description

Intent-to-treat population: All participants who were enrolled in the study.

#### Reporting Groups

|  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine | Participants received bevacizumab 10 mg/kg intravenously (IV), paclitaxel 150 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV, and gemcitabine 2000 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on Day 1 and Day 15 of each 4-week cycle until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or withdrawal of consent. |

#### Measured Values

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
| Number of Participants Analyzed  | 90                                     |
| Progression-free Survival<br>[units: Months]<br>Median (95% Confidence Interval) | 11.51 (9.01 to 17.59)                  |

#### 2. Secondary Outcome Measure:

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Measure Title       | Percentage of Participants With an Objective Response  |
| Measure Description | An objective response was defined as a complete or partial response determined on 2 consecutive occasions $\geq 4$ weeks apart using Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors (RECIST). Complete response was defined as the disappearance of all target and non-target lesions. Any pathological lymph nodes (whether target or non-target) must be $< 10$ mm on the short axis. Partial response was defined as at least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum. |
| Time Frame          | Baseline to the end of the study (up to 2 years 10 months)   |
| Safety Issue?       | No   |

#### Analysis Population Description

Intent-to-treat population: All participants who were enrolled in the study. Only participants who had a response evaluation were included in the analysis.

### Reporting Groups

|  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine | Participants received bevacizumab 10 mg/kg intravenously (IV), paclitaxel 150 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV, and gemcitabine 2000 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on Day 1 and Day 15 of each 4-week cycle until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or withdrawal of consent. |

### Measured Values

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
| Number of Participants Analyzed  | 76                                     |
| Percentage of Participants With an Objective Response<br>[units: Percentage of participants]<br>Number (95% Confidence Interval) | 72.37 (60.91 to 82.01)                 |

### 3. Secondary Outcome Measure:

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| Measure Title       | Duration of the Objective Response  |
| Measure Description | Duration of the objective response is defined as the time from a complete or partial response to disease progression or death due to disease. |
| Time Frame          | Baseline to the end of the study (up to 2 years 10 months)  |
| Safety Issue?       | No  |

### Analysis Population Description

Intent-to-treat population: All participants who were enrolled in the study. Only participants who had a response were included in the analysis.

### Reporting Groups

|  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine | Participants received bevacizumab 10 mg/kg intravenously (IV), paclitaxel 150 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV, and gemcitabine 2000 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on Day 1 and Day 15 of each 4-week cycle until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or withdrawal of consent. |

### Measured Values

|   | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|---|--|
| Number of Participants Analyzed                       | 55                                     |
| Duration of the Objective Response<br>[units: Months] | 12.39 (7.63 to 15.16)                  |



|                                  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Median (95% Confidence Interval) |  |

#### 4. Secondary Outcome Measure:

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Measure Title       | Overall Survival   |
| Measure Description | Overall survival is defined as the time from the first dose of study medication until death. |
| Time Frame          | Baseline to the end of the study (up to 2 years 10 months)                                   |
| Safety Issue?       | No   |

#### Analysis Population Description

Intent-to-treat population: All participants who were enrolled in the study.

#### Reporting Groups

|  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine | Participants received bevacizumab 10 mg/kg intravenously (IV), paclitaxel 150 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV, and gemcitabine 2000 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on Day 1 and Day 15 of each 4-week cycle until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or withdrawal of consent. |

#### Measured Values

|   | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|---|--|
| Number of Participants Analyzed   | 90                                     |
| Overall Survival<br>[units: Months]<br>Median (95% Confidence Interval) | 27.39 (21.86 to NA) <sup>[1]</sup>     |

[1] The upper limit of the confidence interval could not be calculated due to too few events.

## Reported Adverse Events

|            |                 |
|------------|-----------------|
| Time Frame | [Not specified] |
|------------|-----------------|

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| Additional Description | Safety population: All enrolled participants who receive at least 1 dose of medication and who satisfied all inclusion criteria and none of the exclusion criteria. 7 participants did not receive at least 1 dose of medication and 1 participant did not satisfy an inclusion criterion. These 8 participants were not included in the safety population. |
|------------------------|---|

#### Reporting Groups

|  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine | Participants received bevacizumab 10 mg/kg intravenously (IV), paclitaxel 150 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV, and gemcitabine 2000 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on Day 1 and Day 15 of each 4-week cycle until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or withdrawal of consent. |

#### Serious Adverse Events

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
|  | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Total  | 21/82 (25.61%)                         |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders                 |  |
| Neutrophils count decreased <sup>A</sup> †           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Cardiac disorders                                    |  |
| Cardiac ischemia/infarction <sup>A</sup> †           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Hypertension <sup>A</sup> †                          | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Left ventricular systolic dysfunction <sup>A</sup> † | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Supraventricular and nodal arrhythmia <sup>A</sup> † | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Gastrointestinal disorders                           |  |
| Anorexia <sup>A</sup> †                              | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Dehydration <sup>A</sup> †                           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Diarrhoea <sup>A</sup> †                             | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Gastrointestinal perforation <sup>A</sup> †          | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Vomiting <sup>A</sup> †                              | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Infections and infestations                          |  |
| Catheter site infection <sup>A</sup> †               | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
|  | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Febrile neutropenia <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Fever <sup>A</sup> †   | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Infection <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps)        |  |
| Secondary Malignancy - possibly related to cancer treatment <sup>A</sup> † | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Nervous system disorders   |  |
| Confusion <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Dizziness <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders                            |  |
| Dyspnoea <sup>A</sup> †  | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Pleural effusion (non-malignant) <sup>A</sup> †                            | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Pneumothorax <sup>A</sup> †  | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |

† Indicates events were collected by systematic assessment.

A Term from vocabulary, MedDRA (Unspecified)

#### Other Adverse Events

Frequency Threshold Above Which Other Adverse Events are Reported: 0%

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
|  | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Total                                    | 82/82 (100%)                           |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders     |  |
| Blood/bone marrow , other <sup>A</sup> † | 3/82 (3.66%)                           |
| Haemoglobin decreased <sup>A</sup> †     | 15/82 (18.29%)                         |
| Leukocytes low <sup>A</sup> †            | 6/82 (7.32%)                           |

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
|  | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Neutrophils low <sup>A</sup> †                       | 26/82 (31.71%)                         |
| Platelets low <sup>A</sup> †                         | 6/82 (7.32%)                           |
| Cardiac disorders                                    |  |
| Bradycardia <sup>A</sup> †                           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Cardiac ischemia/infarction <sup>A</sup> †           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Hypertension <sup>A</sup> †                          | 13/82 (15.85%)                         |
| Left ventricular systolic dysfunction <sup>A</sup> † | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Pulmonary hypertension <sup>A</sup> †                | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Supraventricular and nodal arrhythmia <sup>A</sup> † | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Endocrine disorders                                  |  |
| Hot flashes <sup>A</sup> †                           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Irregular menses <sup>A</sup> †                      | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Eye disorders  |  |
| Eye disorder <sup>A</sup> †                          | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Ocular/visual <sup>A</sup> †                         | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Ophthalmoplegia/diplopia <sup>A</sup> †              | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Watery eye <sup>A</sup> †                            | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Gastrointestinal disorders                           |  |
| Anorexia <sup>A</sup> †                              | 10/82 (12.2%)                          |
| Ascites (non-malignant) <sup>A</sup> †               | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Constipation <sup>A</sup> †                          | 13/82 (15.85%)                         |
| Dehydration <sup>A</sup> †                           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Dental: teeth <sup>A</sup> †                         | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
|  | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Diarrhoea <sup>A</sup> †                             | 20/82 (24.39%)                         |
| Distension/bloating, abdominal <sup>A</sup> †        | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Dysgeusia <sup>A</sup> †                             | 5/82 (6.1%)                            |
| Dyspepsia <sup>A</sup> †                             | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Flatulence <sup>A</sup> †                            | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Mucositis <sup>A</sup> †                             | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Nausea <sup>A</sup> †                                | 27/82 (32.93%)                         |
| Pain abdomen <sup>A</sup> †                          | 13/82 (15.85%)                         |
| Pain abdomen <sup>A</sup> †                          | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Pain uterus <sup>A</sup> †                           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Perforation, GI <sup>A</sup> †                       | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Periodontal disease <sup>A</sup> †                   | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Vomiting <sup>A</sup> †                              | 25/82 (30.49%)                         |
| General disorders                                    |  |
| Chest/thorax <sup>A</sup> †                          | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Constitutional symptoms, other <sup>A</sup> †        | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Diaphoresis <sup>A</sup> †                           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Fatigue <sup>A</sup> †                               | 54/82 (65.85%)                         |
| Fatigue (asthenia, lethargy, malaise) <sup>A</sup> † | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Fever <sup>A</sup> †                                 | 15/82 (18.29%)                         |
| Pain extremity limb <sup>A</sup> †                   | 5/82 (6.1%)                            |
| Pain oral-gums <sup>A</sup> †                        | 28/82 (34.15%)                         |

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
|  | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Pain, other <sup>A</sup> †   | 3/82 (3.66%)                           |
| Immune system disorders  |  |
| Allergic reaction <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Allergic reaction/hypersensitivity <sup>A</sup> †                        | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Infections and infestations  |  |
| Febrile neutropenia <sup>A</sup> †                                       | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Infection bladder (urinary) <sup>A</sup> †                               | 5/82 (6.1%)                            |
| Infection other conjunctiva <sup>A</sup> †                               | 3/82 (3.66%)                           |
| Infection pharynx <sup>A</sup> †   | 3/82 (3.66%)                           |
| Infection sexual/reproductive function vaginal <sup>A</sup> †            | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Infection vaginal <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Infection with unknown absolute neutrophil count <sup>A</sup> †          | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Infection - other general catheter-related <sup>A</sup> †                | 3/82 (3.66%)                           |
| Infection - other general oral cavity-gums <sup>A</sup> †                | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Infection - other nose <sup>A</sup> †                                    | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Infection, other <sup>A</sup> †  | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Investigations   |  |
| Alanine transaminase <sup>A</sup> †                                      | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Alanine transaminase, serum glutamic pyruvic transaminase <sup>A</sup> † | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Alanine transaminase/aspartate aminotransferase high <sup>A</sup> †      | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |

|  | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|--|--|
|  | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Alkaline phosphatase <sup>A</sup> †  | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Aspartate aminotransferase <sup>A</sup> †                                  | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Metabolic, other <sup>A</sup> †  | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Proteinuria <sup>A</sup> †   | 3/82 (3.66%)                           |
| Uric acid, serum-high <sup>A</sup> †                                       | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders   |  |
| Lymphatics - other lymphangitis <sup>A</sup> †                             | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Oedema: limb <sup>A</sup> †  | 8/82 (9.76%)                           |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders                            |  |
| Cervical spine-range of motion <sup>A</sup> †                              | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Muscle weakness- extremity lower <sup>A</sup> †                            | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Osteonecrosis (avascular necrosis) <sup>A</sup> †                          | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Pain back <sup>A</sup> †   | 9/82 (10.98%)                          |
| Pain bone <sup>A</sup> †   | 3/82 (3.66%)                           |
| Pain joint <sup>A</sup> †  | 12/82 (14.63%)                         |
| Pain muscle <sup>A</sup> †   | 18/82 (21.95%)                         |
| Pain neck <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Pain other back <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps)        |  |
| Secondary malignancy - possibly related to cancer treatment <sup>A</sup> † | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Nervous system disorders   |  |
| Confusion <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |

|   | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|---|--|
|   | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Dizziness <sup>A</sup> †                        | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Memory impairment <sup>A</sup> †                | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Mood alteration <sup>A</sup> †                  | 5/82 (6.1%)                            |
| Neuropathy: cranial optic <sup>A</sup> †        | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Neuropathy: sensory <sup>A</sup> †              | 62/82 (75.61%)                         |
| Pain head/headache <sup>A</sup> †               | 7/82 (8.54%)                           |
| Psychiatric disorders                           |  |
| Insomnia <sup>A</sup> †                         | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Renal and urinary disorders                     |  |
| Bladder spasms <sup>A</sup> †                   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Cystitis <sup>A</sup> †                         | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Pain bladder <sup>A</sup> †                     | 3/82 (3.66%)                           |
| Reproductive system and breast disorders        |  |
| Sexual/reproductive, other <sup>A</sup> †       | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Vaginal dryness <sup>A</sup> †                  | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders |  |
| Cough <sup>A</sup> †                            | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Dysarthria <sup>A</sup> †                       | 8/82 (9.76%)                           |
| Dyspnoea <sup>A</sup> †                         | 9/82 (10.98%)                          |
| Nasal/paranasal reactions <sup>A</sup> †        | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Pleural effusion (non-malignant) <sup>A</sup> † | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Pneumothorax <sup>A</sup> †                     | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders          |  |



|   | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|---|--|
|   | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Acne <sup>A</sup> †   | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Alteration in scarring <sup>A</sup> †                         | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Dermatitis associated with radiation <sup>A</sup> †           | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Dermatology/skin, other <sup>A</sup> †                        | 5/82 (6.1%)                            |
| Dry skin <sup>A</sup> †                                       | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Hair loss/alopecia (scalp or body) <sup>A</sup> †             | 28/82 (34.15%)                         |
| Hand-foot <sup>A</sup> †                                      | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Nail changes <sup>A</sup> †                                   | 17/82 (20.73%)                         |
| Pruritus <sup>A</sup> †                                       | 7/82 (8.54%)                           |
| Rash/desquamation <sup>A</sup> †                              | 20/82 (24.39%)                         |
| Rash: acne/acneiform <sup>A</sup> †                           | 8/82 (9.76%)                           |
| Vascular disorders  |  |
| Haemorrhage, gastrointestinal oral cavity <sup>A</sup> †      | 4/82 (4.88%)                           |
| Haemorrhage, gastrointestinal rectum <sup>A</sup> †           | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Haemorrhage, gastrointestinal varices (rectal) <sup>A</sup> † | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Haemorrhage, genitourinary bladder <sup>A</sup> †             | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Haemorrhage, genitourinary uterus <sup>A</sup> †              | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Haemorrhage, pulmonary/upper respiratory lung <sup>A</sup> †  | 2/82 (2.44%)                           |
| Haemorrhage, pulmonary/upper respiratory nose <sup>A</sup> †  | 30/82 (36.59%)                         |
| Haemorrhage/bleeding, other <sup>A</sup> †                    | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |

|                            | Bevacizumab + Paclitaxel + Gemcitabine |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | Affected/At Risk (%)                   |
| Hot flashes <sup>A</sup> † | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |
| Phlebitis <sup>A</sup> †   | 1/82 (1.22%)                           |

† Indicates events were collected by systematic assessment.

A Term from vocabulary, MedDRA (Unspecified)

## Limitations and Caveats

[Not specified]

## More Information

### Certain Agreements:

Principal Investigators are NOT employed by the organization sponsoring the study.

There IS an agreement between the Principal Investigator and the Sponsor (or its agents) that restricts the PI's rights to discuss or publish trial results after the trial is completed.

The Study being conducted under this Agreement is part of the Overall Study. Investigator is free to publish in reputable journals or to present at professional conferences the results of the Study, but only after the first publication or presentation that involves the Overall Study. The Sponsor may request that Confidential Information be deleted and/or the publication be postponed in order to protect the Sponsor's intellectual property rights.

### Results Point of Contact:

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