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GSK Medicine: GSK962040/camicalinal
Study No: MOT114479
Title : A Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Multicenter Phase II Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy and Dose Response of 28 Days of Once-Daily Dosing of the Oral Motilin Receptor Agonist GSK962040, in Type I and II Diabetic Male and Female Subjects with Gastroparesis
Rationale: Gastroparesis is a common complication for patients with diabetes; often resulting in symptoms (post-prandial fullness, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain) that effect their quality of life. The purpose of this study was to assess the ability of GSK962040 (camicalinal) to enhance gastric emptying and improve symptoms of gastroparesis. Additionally, the safety, tolerability, and pharmacokinetics of camicalinal was assessed after 28 days of once-daily dosing in Type 1 and Type 2 diabetes mellitus (DM) subjects with gastroparesis.
Phase: 2
Study Period: 3 May 2011 – 26 Feb 2013
Study Design: MOT114479 was a multi-center, randomized, double-blind, placebo controlled study that consisted of a screening/baseline period of up to 45 days, a 28-day treatment period, a post treatment safety follow-up visit and a 14-day post-treatment assessment of symptoms.
Centres: 22 sites in Australia (1), Belgium (2), Canada (4), Sweden (1), UK (5), and US (9).
Indication: Diabetic gastroparesis
Treatment: Subjects were assigned to one of the treatments (10 mg, 50 mg, 125 mg or placebo), in a ratio of 1:1:1:1, in accordance with the randomization schedule generated prior to the start of the study.
Objectives: The primary objective was: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To investigate the pharmacodynamic effect of 28 days of repeated doses of camicalinal on gastric emptying of an isotope-labelled test meal, as measured by the ¹³C-oral breath test (OBT) in DM subjects with gastroparesis.
Primary Outcome (Endpoints)/Efficacy : The primary endpoint of the study was gastric half emptying time (GE t _{1/2}) as measured by the ¹³ C-Oral Breath Test:
Secondary Outcome (Endpoints)/Efficacy : The secondary endpoints of the study included: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> safety and tolerability of camicalinal, population pharmacokinetic parameters (C_{max}, T_{max}, and AUC(0-24)), change in upper gastrointestinal (GI) symptoms as assessed by Gastroparesis Cardinal Symptom Index- Daily Diary (GCSI-DD; e.g., postprandial fullness, early satiety, nausea, vomiting), total gastric emptying time, small bowel transit time, colonic transit time, and total bowel transit time as determined by Wireless Motility Capsule (WMC), and bowel movement consistency, frequency and time to first movement.
Statistical Methods: All analyses presented herein were performed on the 'All Subjects Population', which includes all subjects who received at least one dose of study medication. The proposed original sample size of at least N=12 per dose level and placebo was statistically powered (95% power, alpha=0.05) to detect a linear relationship between the primary endpoint GE t _{1/2} and dose. This was based on the change from placebo observed in study MOT111809 and deemed a relevant change of 98.75 mins (with an assumed between subject SD of 58.7 mins) at the 125 mg dose for GE t _{1/2} . The study was not sized to determine significance in the secondary endpoints (e.g., symptom changes).
Pharmacodynamic Analyses: Primary outcome: The dose-response relationship was assessed by estimating the slope of gastric emptying t _{1/2} against dose [hypothesis testing was not used]. The slope and 95% confidence intervals were estimated using a linear mixed model, including terms for intercept (random), diabetes type and the interaction between dose (as a continuous variable) and visit (either day 1 or day 28). The baseline data for each subject was included in the model with dose=0 to give additional information for the intercept random effect. Gastric emptying t _{1/2} was also analysed using a pairwise comparison model (assuming no particular dose-response relationship). The least square mean and 95% CI were estimated for each treatment group at each visit using a mixed

model fitting treatment, visit, treatment*visit, baseline gastric emptying t1/2 as fixed effects, and subject as a random effect. The difference between each active dose group and placebo and 95% CI was also estimated from the model.

Secondary outcomes:

GCSI-DD: For each individual symptom, response was defined as an improvement of at least 1 point on the scale of 0 (=no symptoms) to 5 (=very severe symptoms) from baseline to each week of measurement (weeks 1 to 4 are on treatment, weeks 5 to 6 are follow up). For each week, the proportion of responders in each of the active treatment groups was compared to placebo using a general estimating equation model fitting treatment, visit, treatment*visit and baseline score as fixed effects, and visit as a repeat effect. The odds ratio of treatment to placebo and the corresponding 95% confidence intervals were calculated for each dose group at each week.

Total gastric emptying time was analysed using the same approaches described for the primary outcome. The other WMC parameters were summarised using summary statistics.

Bowel movement parameters were analysed using the pairwise approach described for the primary outcome apart from time to first movement which was summarised using summary statistics.

Safety Analyses: These data are summarized descriptively.

Pharmacokinetic Analyses: Population PK modelling, using non-linear mixed effects methods was performed using NONMEM (Version VII) and appropriate model validation procedures. Individual camicinal concentration-time profiles for Days 1 and 28 were simulated using PK parameters and inter- and intra-individual variability estimates from the model. PK parameters were calculated from these concentration-time profiles using noncompartmental methods.

Study Population: Eligible subjects were males and females between 18 and 80 years of age with controlled T1 or T2DM (HbA1C <11%) with gastroparesis at screening and at least a 3 month history of relevant symptoms of gastroparesis (e.g., chronic post-prandial fullness, early satiety, post-prandial nausea); confirmed with a minimum mean GCSI-DD score (spanning 7 days) ≥ 2 (mild) for post prandial fullness. Gastroparesis was confirmed with a half time of gastric emptying > upper limit of normal or %¹³C dose recovered < lower limit of normal as determined by ¹³C oral breath test.

Number of Subjects	Placebo	Camicinal			Total
		10 mg	50 mg	125 mg	
Number of subjects planned, N:	20	20	20	20	80
Number of subjects randomized, N:	21	18	19	22	80
Number of subjects included in All subjects (safety) population, n (%):	21 (100)	18 (100)	18 (95)	22 (100)	79 (98)
Number of subjects included in PK population, n (%):	0	18 (100)	18 (95)	22 (100)	58 (72)
Number of subjects completed as planned, n (%):	18 (86)	16 (89)	18 (95)	22 (100)	74 (93)
Number of subjects withdrawn (any reason), n (%):	3 (14)	2 (11)	0*	0	5 (6)
Number of subjects withdrawn for AE, n (%):	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawn due to Lack of Efficacy n (%)	0	0	0	0	0
Reasons for subject withdrawal, n (%)					
Protocol Deviation	1 (5)	1(6)	0	0	2 (3)
Lost to Follow-up	1 (5)	0	0	0	1 (1)
Withdrew consent	1 (5)	1 (6)	0	0	2 (3)
Demographics	Placebo	Camicinal			Total
		10 mg	50 mg	125 mg	
Females: Males	14:7	14:4	10:8	9:13	47:32

Mean Age in Years (sd)	54.6 (14.2)	54.0 (11.4)	55.2 (12.2)	51.4 (11.3)	53.7 (12.2)
Mean Weight in Kg (sd)	76.7 (12.00)	87.7 (20.78)	83.1 (18.63)	84.8 (17.97)	82.9 (17.62)
Race, n (%)					
White – White/Caucasian/European Heritage	19 (90)	15 (83)	17 (94)	20 (91)	71 (90)

*One subject that was allocated to Camicinal 50 mg, withdrew consent prior to dosing.

Primary Efficacy Results:

Pharmacodynamic results

Summary of Statistical Analysis of Dose Response for Gastric Emptying Half Time ($T_{1/2}$ (min)): Linear Model

Disease Type	Treatment (n)				Slope	Intercept Est.	Slope Est.	95% CI of Point Estimate	Between Subject SD
	Placebo	Camicinal							
		10 mg	50 mg	125 mg					
Type 1 Diabetes	11	9	9	12	Day 1	125.45	-0.225	(-0.320, -0.129)	21.63
					Day 28		-0.078	(-0.171, 0.016)	
Type 2 Diabetes	10	9	9	10	Day 1	113.23	-0.225	(-0.320, -0.129)	
					Day 28		-0.078	(-0.171, 0.016)	

Due to the different response patterns at day 1 and day 28, separate slopes were fitted for each visit and due to an imbalance at baseline between diabetes types, different intercepts were fitted for each type (but same slopes).

Summary of Statistical Analysis of Dose Response for Gastric Emptying Half Time ($T_{1/2}$ (min)): Pairwise Comparison

Comparison (Test vs. Ref.)	Test N	LSM Test	Ref. N	LSM Ref.	Point Est.	95% CI for True Diff.	Between Subject SD
Camicinal 10 mg vs Placebo Day 1	18	115.93	21	119.29	-3.36	(-21.96, 15.24)	14.47
Camicinal 50 mg vs Placebo Day 1	18	107.49			-11.81	(-30.01, 6.40)	
Camicinal 125 mg vs Placebo Day 1	21	93.64			-25.65	(-42.99, -8.32)	
Camicinal 10 mg vs Placebo Day 28	16	112.11	18	106.38	14.74	(-5.06, 34.53)	
Camicinal 50 mg vs Placebo Day 28	18	110.60			4.22	(-14.64, 23.08)	
Camicinal 125 mg vs Placebo Day 28	22	113.03			6.65	(-11.18, 24.47)	
Day 28 vs Day 1 Placebo	18	106.38	21	119.29	-12.92	(-28.73, 2.90)	14.47
Day 28 vs Day 1 Camicinal 10 mg	16	121.11	18	115.93	5.18	(-11.69, 22.05)	
Day 28 vs Day 1 Camicinal 50 mg	18	110.60	18	107.49	3.11	(-13.13, 19.36)	

Day 28 vs Day 1 Camicinal 125 mg	22	113.03	21	93.64	19.39	(4.47, 34.30)	
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LSM = Least Squares Means

Secondary Outcome Results:

Pharmacokinetics (PK), pharmacodynamics (PD), PK/PD Endpoints:

Pharmacokinetic parameters of Camicinal

Summary of Selected Camicinal Plasma Pharmacokinetic Parameters

Parameter	Camicinal					
	10 mg		50 mg		125 mg	
	Day 1 (n=15)	Day 28 (n=15)	Day 1 (n=18)	Day 28 (n=15)	Day 1 (n=21)	Day 28 (n=21)
AUC (0-24) (ng.h/mL)* Geom. Mean (CVb%)	854.9 (36.6)	1908.1 (46.1)	4083.1 (23.6)	7347.2 (24.3)	12911.9 (30.0)	22173.3 (31.8)
Cmax (ng/mL)* Geom. Mean (CVb%)	70.21 (54.7)	131.71 (52.9)	385.73 (27.6)	530.97 (34.0)	1239.62 (40.0)	1703.29 (38.0)
Tmax (h) Median (Min, Max)	1.58 (1.40, 4.55)	1.50 (1.50, 6.33)	1.50 (1.50-4.52)	2.5 (1.50, 3.50)	1.67 (1.50-4.50)	1.52 (0.00-5.50)

*=Log-transformed

CVb%: coefficient of variation between subjects

Summary of Result of Statistical Analysis of GCSI-DD Response: Generalised Estimating Equations Model

Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Nausea	Camical 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	4/11 (36%)	7/19 (37%)	0.63	(0.105, 3.723)
		Week 2	8/14 (57%)	8/20 (40%)	1.28	(0.243, 6.751)
		Week 3	10/15 (67%)	8/19 (42%)	2.29	(0.452, 11.590)
		Week 4	11/16 (69%)	9/16 (56%)	1.51	(0.410, 5.555)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/15 (60%)	8/18 (44%)	1.26	(0.259, 6.088)
		Week 6 (FU)	6/13 (46%)	8/17 (47%)	0.59	(0.126, 2.794)
	Camical 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	8/17 (47%)	7/19 (37%)	1.26	(0.273, 5.844)
		Week 2	12/17 (71%)	8/20 (40%)	3.35	(0.758, 14.833)
		Week 3	11/17 (65%)	8/19 (42%)	2.20	(0.503, 9.627)
		Week 4	8/16 (50%)	9/16 (56%)	0.53	(0.145, 1.932)
		Week 5 (FU)	11/16 (69%)	8/18 (44%)	2.40	(0.545, 10.602)
		Week 6 (FU)	9/14 (64%)	8/17 (47%)	1.22	(0.292, 5.135)
	Camical 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	6/21 (29%)	7/19 (37%)	0.75	(0.150, 3.705)
		Week 2	6/22 (27%)	8/20 (40%)	0.43	(0.095, 1.957)
		Week 3	7/22 (32%)	8/19 (42%)	0.54	(0.107, 2.742)
		Week 4	10/22 (45%)	9/16 (56%)	0.51	(0.119, 2.195)
		Week 5 (FU)	8/22 (36%)	8/18 (44%)	0.50	(0.097, 2.577)

		Week 6 (FU)	6/21 (29%)	8/17 (47%)	0.27	(0.056, 1.311)
Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Postprandial fullness	Camicalinal 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	3/11 (27%)	6/19 (32%)	1.16	(0.245, 5.522)
		Week 2	6/14 (43%)	5/20 (25%)	2.07	(0.455, 9.391)
		Week 3	11/15 (73%)	9/19 (47%)	2.51	(0.609, 10.347)
		Week 4	11/16 (69%)	6/16 (38%)	3.39	(0.819, 14.037)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/15 (60%)	7/18 (39%)	2.07	(0.515, 8.278)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/13 (54%)	8/17 (47%)	1.04	(0.261, 4.119)
	Camicalinal 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	3/17 (18%)	6/19 (32%)	0.50	(0.104, 2.419)
		Week 2	11/17 (65%)	5/20 (25%)	6.02	(1.387, 26.124)
		Week 3	9/17 (53%)	9/19 (47%)	1.28	(0.328, 5.002)
		Week 4	9/16 (56%)	6/16 (38%)	2.24	(0.559, 8.957)
		Week 5 (FU)	10/16 (63%)	7/18 (39%)	2.42	(0.568, 10.331)
		Week 6 (FU)	8/14 (57%)	8/17 (47%)	1.53	(0.383, 6.097)
	Camicalinal 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	8/21 (38%)	6/19 (32%)	1.29	(0.345, 4.817)
		Week 2	10/22 (45%)	5/20 (25%)	2.58	(0.651, 10.219)
		Week 3	11/22 (50%)	9/19 (47%)	1.08	(0.302, 3.891)
		Week 4	12/22 (55%)	6/16 (38%)	1.83	(0.505, 6.637)
		Week 5 (FU)	12/22 (55%)	7/18 (39%)	1.56	(0.426, 5.682)
		Week 6 (FU)	10/21 (48%)	8/17 (47%)	0.77	(0.218, 2.704)
Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Bloating	Camicalinal 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	1/11 (9%)	5/19 (26%)	0.41	(0.070, 2.434)
		Week 2	4/14 (29%)	6/20 (30%)	0.80	(0.184, 3.519)
		Week 3	10/15 (67%)	9/19 (47%)	1.65	(0.417, 6.548)
		Week 4	11/16 (69%)	5/16 (31%)	3.69	(0.917, 14.819)
		Week 5 (FU)	8/15 (53%)	8/18 (44%)	1.49	(0.387, 5.718)
		Week 6 (FU)	6/13 (46%)	8/17 (47%)	0.72	(0.170, 3.042)
	Camicalinal 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	3/17 (18%)	5/19 (26%)	0.56	(0.115, 2.737)
		Week 2	11/17 (65%)	6/20 (30%)	3.74	(0.969, 14.476)
		Week 3	8/17 (47%)	9/19 (47%)	0.81	(0.208, 3.121)
		Week 4	10/16 (63%)	5/16 (31%)	2.83	(0.687, 11.637)
		Week 5 (FU)	10/16 (63%)	8/18 (44%)	1.95	(0.513, 7.424)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/14 (50%)	8/17 (47%)	1.42	(0.344, 5.895)
	Camicalinal 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	6/21 (29%)	5/19 (26%)	1.03	(0.264, 4.004)
		Week 2	8/22 (36%)	6/20 (30%)	1.22	(0.343, 4.344)
		Week 3	8/22 (36%)	9/19 (47%)	0.55	(0.155, 1.952)
		Week 4	9/22 (41%)	5/16 (31%)	1.16	(0.335, 4.044)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/22 (41%)	8/18 (44%)	0.86	(0.246, 2.972)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/21 (33%)	8/17 (47%)	0.48	(0.133, 1.755)

Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Early satiety	Camicinal 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	4/11 (36%)	5/19 (26%)	1.66	(0.358, 7.734)
		Week 2	8/14 (57%)	6/20 (30%)	2.90	(0.666, 12.628)
		Week 3	11/15 (73%)	6/19 (32%)	4.99	(1.171, 21.293)
		Week 4	10/16 (63%)	6/16 (38%)	2.70	(0.675, 10.836)
		Week 5 (FU)	11/15 (73%)	10/18 (56%)	1.83	(0.424, 7.850)
		Week 6 (FU)	9/13 (69%)	9/17 (53%)	1.40	(0.325, 5.992)
	Camicinal 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	3/17 (18%)	5/19 (26%)	0.58	(0.107, 3.099)
		Week 2	10/17 (59%)	6/20 (30%)	4.18	(0.935, 18.671)
		Week 3	8/17 (47%)	6/19 (32%)	2.03	(0.514, 7.982)
		Week 4	7/16 (44%)	6/16 (38%)	1.55	(0.394, 6.121)
		Week 5 (FU)	8/16 (50%)	10/18 (56%)	0.68	(0.172, 2.677)
		Week 6 (FU)	4/14 (29%)	9/17 (53%)	0.34	(0.073, 1.625)
	Camicinal 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	5/21 (24%)	5/19 (26%)	0.97	(0.221, 4.248)
		Week 2	6/22 (27%)	6/20 (30%)	1.16	(0.263, 5.095)
		Week 3	7/22 (32%)	6/19 (32%)	1.23	(0.301, 5.052)
		Week 4	7/22 (32%)	6/16 (38%)	0.97	(0.254, 3.722)
		Week 5 (FU)	6/22 (27%)	10/18 (56%)	0.33	(0.081, 1.369)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/21 (33%)	9/17 (53%)	0.46	(0.114, 1.821)

Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Retching	Camicinal 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	6/11 (55%)	5/19 (26%)	2.26	(0.265, 19.240)
		Week 2	8/14 (57%)	5/20 (25%)	2.11	(0.365, 12.165)
		Week 3	10/15 (67%)	4/19 (21%)	6.25	(0.853, 45.723)
		Week 4	9/16 (56%)	6/16 (38%)	1.16	(0.299, 4.535)
		Week 5 (FU)	8/15 (53%)	6/18 (33%)	0.88	(0.159, 4.896)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/13 (54%)	5/17 (29%)	1.27	(0.249, 6.516)
	Camicinal 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	3/17 (18%)	5/19 (26%)	0.26	(0.031, 2.212)
		Week 2	10/17 (59%)	5/20 (25%)	4.67	(1.066, 20.473)
		Week 3	11/17 (65%)	4/19 (21%)	9.19	(1.485, 56.825)
		Week 4	9/16 (56%)	6/16 (38%)	1.99	(0.475, 8.323)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/16 (56%)	6/18 (33%)	1.97	(0.415, 9.379)
		Week 6 (FU)	5/14 (36%)	5/17 (29%)	0.71	(0.139, 3.628)
	Camicinal 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	6/21 (29%)	5/19 (26%)	0.87	(0.131, 5.831)
		Week 2	7/22 (32%)	5/20 (25%)	0.85	(0.149, 4.897)
		Week 3	8/22 (36%)	4/19 (21%)	1.48	(0.200, 10.988)
		Week 4	9/22 (41%)	6/16 (38%)	0.59	(0.132, 2.671)
		Week 5 (FU)	8/22 (36%)	6/18 (33%)	0.52	(0.088, 3.119)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/21 (33%)	5/17 (29%)	0.51	(0.085, 3.014)

Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
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Vomiting	Camical 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	2/11 (18%)	3/19 (16%)	0.90	(0.033, 24.501)
		Week 2	3/14 (21%)	3/20 (15%)	0.54	(0.052, 5.650)
		Week 3	5/15 (33%)	3/19 (16%)	2.81	(0.365, 21.669)
		Week 4	5/16 (31%)	3/16 (19%)	1.98	(0.506, 7.727)
	Camical 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	3/17 (18%)	3/19 (16%)	2.20	(0.119, 40.673)
		Week 2	5/17 (29%)	3/20 (15%)	7.88	(1.232, 50.419)
		Week 3	4/17 (24%)	3/19 (16%)	2.63	(0.348, 19.883)
		Week 4	4/16 (25%)	3/16 (19%)	4.33	(0.875, 21.449)
	Camical 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	2/21 (10%)	3/19 (16%)	0.16	(0.001, 18.696)
		Week 2	2/22 (9%)	3/20 (15%)	0.10	(0.002, 5.440)
		Week 3	2/22 (9%)	3/19 (16%)	0.12	(0.004, 3.684)
		Week 4	4/22 (18%)	3/16 (19%)	0.58	(0.031, 10.875)

*For Vomiting, the model could not run when follow-up data was included. Therefore only the odds ratios for weeks 1-4 are reported.

Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Stomach/belly visibly larger	Camical 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	3/11 (27%)	6/19 (32%)	0.72	(0.130, 3.971)
		Week 2	4/14 (29%)	6/20 (30%)	0.73	(0.154, 3.482)
		Week 3	6/15 (40%)	8/19 (42%)	0.78	(0.203, 3.007)
		Week 4	8/16 (50%)	6/16 (38%)	1.83	(0.467, 7.175)
		Week 5 (FU)	6/15 (40%)	6/18 (33%)	1.08	(0.278, 4.173)
		Week 6 (FU)	6/13 (46%)	6/17 (35%)	1.33	(0.350, 5.081)
	Camical 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	4/17 (24%)	6/19 (32%)	0.90	(0.211, 3.825)
		Week 2	10/17 (59%)	6/20 (30%)	4.37	(1.002, 19.025)
		Week 3	6/17 (35%)	8/19 (42%)	0.86	(0.229, 3.238)
		Week 4	7/16 (44%)	6/16 (38%)	1.75	(0.425, 7.194)
		Week 5 (FU)	8/16 (50%)	6/18 (33%)	2.09	(0.536, 8.111)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/14 (50%)	6/17 (35%)	2.69	(0.601, 12.065)
	Camical 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	6/21 (29%)	6/19 (32%)	0.92	(0.232, 3.685)
		Week 2	7/22 (32%)	6/20 (30%)	1.17	(0.292, 4.660)
		Week 3	7/22 (32%)	8/19 (42%)	0.64	(0.180, 2.295)
		Week 4	10/22 (45%)	6/16 (38%)	1.54	(0.412, 5.735)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/22 (41%)	6/18 (33%)	1.30	(0.369, 4.583)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/21 (33%)	6/17 (35%)	0.76	(0.202, 2.825)

Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Stomach fullness	Camical 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	4/11 (36%)	3/19 (16%)	3.28	(0.638, 16.900)
		Week 2	5/14 (36%)	6/20 (30%)	0.98	(0.222, 4.290)
		Week 3	10/15 (67%)	6/19 (32%)	2.95	(0.784, 11.081)
		Week 4	11/16 (69%)	4/16 (25%)	5.82	(1.445, 23.437)
		Week 5 (FU)	10/15 (67%)	7/18 (39%)	2.64	(0.709, 9.828)
		Week 6 (FU)	6/13 (46%)	7/17 (41%)	1.05	(0.251, 4.405)

	Camicinal 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	7/17 (41%)	3/19 (16%)	3.50	(0.760, 16.090)
		Week 2	12/17 (71%)	6/20 (30%)	4.91	(1.223, 19.674)
		Week 3	12/17 (71%)	6/19 (32%)	4.20	(1.118, 15.774)
		Week 4	10/16 (63%)	4/16 (25%)	4.65	(1.168, 18.495)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/16 (56%)	7/18 (39%)	2.14	(0.562, 8.186)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/14 (50%)	7/17 (41%)	1.59	(0.403, 6.282)
	Camicinal 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	5/21 (24%)	3/19 (16%)	1.59	(0.342, 7.341)
		Week 2	7/22 (32%)	6/20 (30%)	1.02	(0.263, 3.944)
		Week 3	7/22 (32%)	6/19 (32%)	0.90	(0.251, 3.210)
		Week 4	9/22 (41%)	4/16 (25%)	2.04	(0.541, 7.697)
		Week 5 (FU)	11/22 (50%)	7/18 (39%)	1.74	(0.473, 6.429)
		Week 6 (FU)	6/21 (29%)	7/17 (41%)	0.63	(0.168, 2.354)

Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Loss of appetite	Camicinal 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	5/11 (45%)	2/19 (11%)	8.10	(1.155, 56.875)
		Week 2	7/14 (50%)	4/20 (20%)	3.65	(0.796, 16.698)
		Week 3	10/15 (67%)	6/19 (32%)	4.11	(1.047, 16.128)
		Week 4	11/16 (69%)	5/16 (31%)	4.78	(1.131, 20.165)
		Week 5 (FU)	10/15 (67%)	7/18 (39%)	3.72	(0.858, 16.123)
		Week 6 (FU)	10/13 (77%)	7/17 (41%)	3.47	(0.742, 16.252)
	Camicinal 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	7/17 (41%)	2/19 (11%)	6.10	(0.874, 42.598)
		Week 2	13/17 (76%)	4/20 (20%)	14.84	(3.562, 61.809)
		Week 3	13/17 (76%)	6/19 (32%)	7.89	(2.250, 27.639)
		Week 4	13/16 (81%)	5/16 (31%)	10.29	(2.725, 38.829)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/16 (56%)	7/18 (39%)	1.97	(0.419, 9.313)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/14 (50%)	7/17 (41%)	1.74	(0.375, 8.122)
	Camicinal 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	5/21 (24%)	2/19 (11%)	3.53	(0.505, 24.712)
		Week 2	8/22 (36%)	4/20 (20%)	3.07	(0.679, 13.838)
		Week 3	8/22 (36%)	6/19 (32%)	1.70	(0.417, 6.911)
		Week 4	6/22 (27%)	5/16 (31%)	0.90	(0.220, 3.717)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/22 (41%)	7/18 (39%)	1.38	(0.324, 5.882)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/21 (33%)	7/17 (41%)	0.74	(0.174, 3.107)

Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Upper abdominal pain	Camicinal 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	2/11 (18%)	8/19 (42%)	0.41	(0.093, 1.848)
		Week 2	7/14 (50%)	7/20 (35%)	1.37	(0.309, 6.087)
		Week 3	8/15 (53%)	7/19 (37%)	1.31	(0.314, 5.470)
		Week 4	10/16 (63%)	6/16 (38%)	3.05	(0.730, 12.735)
		Week 5 (FU)	8/15 (53%)	7/18 (39%)	0.97	(0.215, 4.420)
		Week 6 (FU)	6/13 (46%)	7/17 (41%)	0.74	(0.130, 4.241)

	Camical 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	5/17 (29%)	8/19 (42%)	0.51	(0.122, 2.113)
		Week 2	10/17 (59%)	7/20 (35%)	2.12	(0.509, 8.804)
		Week 3	10/17 (59%)	7/19 (37%)	2.05	(0.489, 8.638)
		Week 4	7/16 (44%)	6/16 (38%)	1.64	(0.373, 7.218)
		Week 5 (FU)	7/16 (44%)	7/18 (39%)	0.75	(0.172, 3.267)
		Week 6 (FU)	5/14 (36%)	7/17 (41%)	0.56	(0.120, 2.618)
	Camical 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	4/21 (19%)	8/19 (42%)	0.33	(0.082, 1.363)
		Week 2	6/22 (27%)	7/20 (35%)	0.51	(0.120, 2.136)
		Week 3	7/22 (32%)	7/19 (37%)	0.64	(0.159, 2.536)
		Week 4	8/22 (36%)	6/16 (38%)	1.10	(0.283, 4.298)
		Week 5 (FU)	7/22 (32%)	7/18 (39%)	0.51	(0.121, 2.158)
		Week 6 (FU)	8/21 (38%)	7/17 (41%)	0.67	(0.160, 2.829)
Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Upper abdominal discomfort	Camical 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	2/11 (18%)	7/19 (37%)	0.48	(0.100, 2.349)
		Week 2	7/14 (50%)	8/20 (40%)	1.56	(0.375, 6.492)
		Week 3	10/15 (67%)	7/19 (37%)	3.20	(0.790, 12.970)
		Week 4	12/16 (75%)	7/16 (44%)	5.61	(1.325, 23.748)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/15 (60%)	7/18 (39%)	1.76	(0.447, 6.926)
		Week 6 (FU)	5/13 (38%)	8/17 (47%)	0.56	(0.122, 2.573)
	Camical 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	5/17 (29%)	7/19 (37%)	0.80	(0.204, 3.146)
		Week 2	11/17 (65%)	8/20 (40%)	2.75	(0.724, 10.406)
		Week 3	11/17 (65%)	7/19 (37%)	3.21	(0.877, 11.755)
		Week 4	6/16 (38%)	7/16 (44%)	1.13	(0.293, 4.373)
		Week 5 (FU)	7/16 (44%)	7/18 (39%)	1.26	(0.339, 4.711)
		Week 6 (FU)	5/14 (36%)	8/17 (47%)	0.55	(0.132, 2.297)
	Camical 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	5/21 (24%)	7/19 (37%)	0.67	(0.176, 2.556)
		Week 2	7/22 (32%)	8/20 (40%)	0.70	(0.197, 2.498)
		Week 3	8/22 (36%)	7/19 (37%)	1.05	(0.297, 3.673)
		Week 4	9/22 (41%)	7/16 (44%)	1.25	(0.350, 4.493)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/22 (41%)	7/18 (39%)	1.01	(0.285, 3.581)
		Week 6 (FU)	8/21 (38%)	8/17 (47%)	0.66	(0.179, 2.408)
Parameter	Comparison (Treatment vs. Placebo)	Week	% Responders Treatment	% Responders Placebo	Odds Ratio	95% CI for Odds Ratio
Overall severity	Camical 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	3/11 (27%)	5/19 (26%)	1.17	(0.240, 5.704)
		Week 2	7/14 (50%)	6/20 (30%)	1.60	(0.374, 6.838)
		Week 3	10/15 (67%)	5/19 (26%)	3.92	(0.977, 15.686)
		Week 4	11/16 (69%)	5/16 (31%)	4.88	(1.203, 19.828)
		Week 5 (FU)	8/15 (53%)	8/18 (44%)	0.97	(0.246, 3.795)

	Camicinal 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 6 (FU)	7/13 (54%)	9/17 (53%)	0.85	(0.198, 3.599)
		Week 1	3/17 (18%)	5/19 (26%)	0.57	(0.118, 2.712)
		Week 2	9/17 (53%)	6/20 (30%)	2.37	(0.636, 8.829)
		Week 3	8/17 (47%)	5/19 (26%)	2.12	(0.551, 8.183)
		Week 4	9/16 (56%)	5/16 (31%)	3.41	(0.823, 14.095)
		Week 5 (FU)	9/16 (56%)	8/18 (44%)	1.21	(0.320, 4.557)
		Week 6 (FU)	5/14 (36%)	9/17 (53%)	0.52	(0.130, 2.060)
	GSK962040 125 mg vs Camicinal	Week 1	6/21 (29%)	5/19 (26%)	1.17	(0.314, 4.340)
		Week 2	11/22 (50%)	6/20 (30%)	2.10	(0.606, 7.251)
		Week 3	9/22 (41%)	5/19 (26%)	1.63	(0.461, 5.762)
		Week 4	9/22 (41%)	5/16 (31%)	1.57	(0.438, 5.640)
		Week 5 (FU)	8/22 (36%)	8/18 (44%)	0.56	(0.153, 2.018)
		Week 6 (FU)	7/21 (33%)	9/17 (53%)	0.38	(0.101, 1.440)

Summary of Statistical Analysis of Dose Response for 100% Gastric Emptying Time Measured via Wireless Motility Capsule: Linear Model

Disease Type	Treatment (n)				Slope	Intercept Est.	Slope Est.	95% CI of Point Estimate	Between Subject SD
	Placebo	Camicinal							
		10 mg	50 mg	125 mg					
Type 1 Diabetes	11	9	9	12	Day 1	730.04	-4.745	(-6.628, -2.863)	281.08
					Day 28		-4.921	(-6.802, -3.039)	
Type 2 Diabetes	8	8	9	10	Day 1	453.77	-2.164	(-4.212, -0.116)	
					Day 28		-0.635	(-2.701, 1.431)	

Summary of Statistical Analysis of Dose Response for 100% Gastric Emptying Time Measured via Wireless Motility Capsule: Pairwise Comparison

Comparison (Test vs. Ref.)	Test N	LSM Test	Ref. N	LSM Ref.	Point Est.	95% CI for True Diff.	Between Subject SD
GSK962040 10 mg vs Placebo Day 1	15	374.37	17	632.34	-258.0	(-493.41, -22.53)	221.55
GSK962040 50 mg vs Placebo Day 1	17	332.88			-299.5	(-531.11, -67.80)	
GSK962040 125 mg vs Placebo Day 1	22	209.83			-422.5	(-639.08, -205.95)	
GSK962040 10 mg vs Placebo Day 28	14	622.89	16	478.11	144.78	(-99.91, 389.47)	

GSK962040 50 mg vs Placebo Day 28	15	434.63			-43.48	(-288.19, 201.23)	
GSK962040 125 mg vs Placebo Day 28	22	249.51			-228.6	(-451.57, -5.64)	
Day 28 vs Day 1 Placebo	16	478.11	17	632.34	-154.2	(-339.20, 30.74)	221.55
Day 28 vs Day 1 GSK962040 10 mg	14	622.89	15	374.37	248.52	(62.05, 435.00)	
Day 28 vs Day 1 GSK962040 50 mg	15	434.63	17	332.88	101.75	(-80.33, 283.83)	
Day 28 vs Day 1 GSK962040 125 mg	22	249.51	22	209.83	39.68	(-108.03, 187.39)	

LSM = Least Squares Means

Small bowel transit, colonic transit, and total bowel transit times were summarized descriptively without formal statistical comparison between treatments (data not shown) however no meaningful differences were noted.

Summary Statistics and Statistical Analysis (Pairwise Comparison) of Daily Mean Bowel Movement Parameters by Treatment and Visit

Consistency of stool 24 hrs

Comparison (Test vs. Ref)	Week	n test	LSM Test	n ref	LSM Ref.	Point Est.	95% CI for True Diff.	Between Subject SD
GSK962040 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	7	3.17	9	3.04	0.13	(-0.45, 0.70)	0.571
	Week 2	11	2.78	13	2.99	-0.21	(-0.72, 0.31)	
	Week 3	12	2.83	14	2.94	-0.11	(-0.61, 0.40)	
	Week 4	13	2.93	12	2.93	-0.00	(-0.51, 0.51)	
GSK962040 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	11	2.82	9	3.04	-0.22	(-0.76, 0.31)	
	Week 2	13	3.01	13	2.99	0.02	(-0.48, 0.52)	
	Week 3	12	2.90	14	2.94	-0.04	(-0.54, 0.46)	
	Week 4	12	2.87	12	2.93	-0.06	(-0.57, 0.45)	
GSK962040 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	13	3.77	9	3.04	0.72	(0.20, 1.24)	
	Week 2	17	3.29	13	2.99	0.30	(-0.18, 0.78)	
	Week 3	16	3.22	14	2.94	0.28	(-0.19, 0.76)	
	Week 4	14	3.43	12	2.93	0.49	(-0.00, 0.98)	

Note: Stool consistency 1 = Very hard, 2 = Hard, 3 = Formed, 4 = Loose, 5 = Watery

Number of times passed stools in 24 hrs

Comparison (Test vs. Ref)	Week	n test	LSM Test	n ref	LSM Ref.	Point Est.	95% CI for True Diff.	Between Subject SD
GSK962040 10 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	11	1.32	19	1.31	0.01	(-0.61, 0.62)	0.768
	Week 2	14	1.53	19	1.44	0.08	(-0.52, 0.68)	

		Week 3	15	1.44	18	1.44	0.00	(-0.60, 0.60)		
		Week 4	16	1.51	16	1.36	0.15	(-0.45, 0.75)		
	GSK962040 50 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	17	1.50	19	1.31	0.19	(-0.40, 0.77)		
		Week 2	17	1.55	19	1.44	0.10	(-0.48, 0.69)		
		Week 3	17	1.77	18	1.44	0.33	(-0.26, 0.92)		
		Week 4	17	1.68	16	1.36	0.32	(-0.28, 0.91)		
	GSK962040 125 mg vs Placebo	Week 1	21	1.35	19	1.31	0.04	(-0.51, 0.59)		
		Week 2	22	1.45	19	1.44	0.00	(-0.55, 0.56)		
		Week 3	22	1.38	18	1.44	-0.06	(-0.61, 0.50)		
		Week 4	21	1.35	16	1.36	-0.01	(-0.58, 0.55)		

Time to first bowel movement (hrs)

Time to first bowel movement was summarized descriptively without formal statistical comparison between treatments (data not shown) however no meaningful differences were noted.

Treatment	N	Visit	n	Mean	SD	Median	Min.	Max.	Lower 95% CI	Upper 95% CI
Placebo	21	After first dose	16	28.94	25.044	26.63	0.8	76.5	15.60	42.29
Camicinal 10 mg	18	After first dose	12	53.98	67.901	18.37	0.3	191.2	10.83	97.12
Camicinal 50 mg	18	After first dose	15	17.52	19.286	10.00	1.8	72.1	6.84	28.20
Camicinal 125 mg	22	After first dose	12	15.73	15.648	7.98	0.5	56.5	5.79	25.68

Note: 17 subjects who entered their time of first instance of bowel movement before taking first dose were excluded from the summary statistics of time to first bowel movement.

Safety results: AEs were collected from the start of Investigational Product and until the follow-up contact. SAEs were collected from the start of study procedures and until the follow-up contact.

The most common AEs (all treatment groups combined) were headache (20%) and GI symptoms (diarrhea (14%), nausea (14%), vomiting (8%)). In general, these were similar across treatment groups. The majority were assessed by the investigator as related to study medication.

Lab data was unremarkable overall including no significant LFT changes. ECGs and vital signs were similar across treatment groups.

There were no withdrawals due to AEs.

Summary of Adverse Events in >=2 Subjects

All Adverse Events	Placebo (N=21)	Camicinal			Total (N=79)
		10 mg (N=18)	50 mg (N=18)	125 mg (N=22)	
	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)
Any AE	13 (62)	14 (78)	13 (72)	18 (82)	58 (73)
Headache	4 (19)	2 (11)	4 (22)	6 (27)	16 (20)
Diarrhea	1 (5)	4 (22)	3 (17)	3 (14)	11 (14)
Nausea	1 (5)	4 (22)	2 (11)	4 (18)	11 (14)

Vomiting	2 (10)	2 (11)	2 (11)	0	6 (8)
Fatigue	2 (10)	0	1 (6)	2 (9)	5 (6)
Gastroesophageal reflux disease	1 (5)	1 (6)	2 (11)	1 (5)	5 (6)
Abdominal distension	1 (5)	3 (17)	0	0	4 (5)
Abdominal pain upper	1 (5)	1 (6)	1 (6)	1 (5)	4 (5)
Constipation	1 (5)	0	2 (11)	1 (5)	4 (5)
Dizziness	0	0	1 (6)	3 (14)	4 (5)
Increased appetite	0	0	2 (11)	2 (9)	4 (5)
Edema peripheral	0	1 (6)	2 (11)	0	3 (4)
Migraine	0	1 (6)	1 (6)	1 (5)	3 (4)
Urinary tract infection	0	1 (6)	2 (11)	0	3 (4)
Abdominal pain	0	1 (5)	0	1 (5)	2 (3)
Asthma	2 (10)	0	0	0	2 (3)
Cough	1 (5)	0	0	1 (5)	2 (3)
Disturbance in attention	0	0	2 (11)	0	2 (3)
Feeling of body temperature change	1 (5)	0	1 (6)	0	2 (3)
Flatulence	0	2 (11)	0	0	2 (3)
Hypoglycemia	0	1 (6)	0	1 (5)	2 (3)
Local swelling	1 (5)	0	0	1 (5)	2 (3)
Muscle spasms	1 (5)	0	1 (6)	0	2 (3)
Upper respiratory tract infection	0	2 (11)	0	0	2 (3)

Serious Adverse Events

Three SAEs were reported. One subject, on placebo, experienced a SAE of pneumothorax following central line placement; this subject subsequently withdrew consent. One subject, on camical (50 mg), experienced a reoccurrence of breast cancer reported after the subject had completed the 28-day study medication treatment period. Neither SAE was assessed by the investigator as related to study medication. One subject reported an SAE of vomiting during the period between consent and randomization. This event was assessed by the investigator as possibly related to study participation because the subject was asked to stop the use of concomitant prokinetic drugs and it could not be excluded that the GI symptoms may have been exacerbated by the change in standard of care. The subject was excluded from study participation. No fatalities were reported during the study.

Conclusion:

Gastric emptying

Gastric emptying t1/2 (as determined by the Oral Breath Test):

- Linear dose-response modelling (study was statistically powered for this primary analysis): increasing response with increasing dose demonstrated at day 1 (95% CI for slope did not contain 0) but not day 28
- Pairwise comparisons: decreased t1/2 at day 1 with 125 mg only compared to placebo (95% CI did not contain 0); no differences for any dose at day 28

100% gastric emptying time (as assessed by the wireless motility capsule):

- Linear dose-response modelling: increasing response with increasing dose demonstrated at day 1 (95% CI for slope did not contain 0; type 1 and type 2 diabetics) and day 28 (type 1 but not type 2 diabetics)
- Pairwise comparisons: decreased t1/2 for all doses compared to placebo (95% CI did not contain 0) at day 1; same effect observed for 125 mg only at day 28

Pharmacokinetics

- Camicalin mean single dose exposures on Day 1 were similar to those observed in earlier studies enrolling healthy volunteers and Type 1 diabetic subjects with gastroparesis. Mean steady-state exposures evaluated at Day 28 were comparable to 14-day exposures observed in healthy volunteers; exposures exhibited low to moderate interindividual variability.

Symptoms

- GCSI Symptoms Response: Higher odds (>2, with 95% CIs generally containing 1) of a positive treatment response vs placebo observed for 10 mg and 50 mg doses (but not 125mg) for the majority of symptoms at weeks 2-4 but not weeks 5-6 during follow up.

Bowel effects

- No difference observed between any dose vs placebo on bowel movement consistency or frequency for the majority of visits.

Safety

- The most common adverse events noted in the study were headache and GI symptoms and were similar across treatment groups. There were no withdrawals due to AEs. Three serious adverse events were reported. Two were assessed by the investigator as unrelated to study medication. The third was reported prior to dosing with study medication and was assessed as possibly related to study participation. No fatalities were reported during the study.