



Clinical trial results:

Belatacept Evaluation of Nephroprotection and Efficacy as First-line Immunosuppression Trial (BENEFIT)

Summary

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| EudraCT number | 2004-003635-31 |
| Trial protocol | AT BE GB CZ IT DE ES SE HU PT |
| Global end of trial date | 18 November 2015 |

Results information

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Result version number | v1 (current) |
| This version publication date | 18 June 2016 |
| First version publication date | 18 June 2016 |

Trial information

Trial identification

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| Sponsor protocol code | IM103-008 |
|-----------------------|-----------|

Additional study identifiers

| | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| ISRCTN number | - |
| ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number) | NCT00256750 |
| WHO universal trial number (UTN) | - |

Notes:

Sponsors

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Sponsor organisation name | Bristol-Myers Squibb |
| Sponsor organisation address | Chaussee de la Hulpe 185, Brussels, Belgium, 1170 |
| Public contact | Bristol-Myers Squibb Study Director, Bristol-Myers Squibb, clinical.trials@bms.com |
| Scientific contact | Bristol-Myers Squibb Study Director, Bristol-Myers Squibb, clinical.trials@bms.com |

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

| | |
|--|----|
| Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP) | No |
| Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |
| Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |

Notes:

Results analysis stage

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Analysis stage | Final |
| Date of interim/final analysis | 18 November 2015 |
| Is this the analysis of the primary completion data? | No |
| Global end of trial reached? | Yes |
| Global end of trial date | 18 November 2015 |
| Was the trial ended prematurely? | No |

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The main objective of the trial was to evaluate the effect of belatacept to provide protection from organ rejection following kidney transplantation while avoiding some of the toxic effects of standard immunosuppressive medications such as kidney damage. Effects on kidney function and subject survival as well as drug safety were also studied.

Protection of trial subjects:

The study was in compliance with the ethical principles derived from the Declaration of Helsinki and in compliance with all International Conference on Harmonization Good Clinical Practice Guidelines. All the local regulatory requirements pertinent to safety of trial subjects were followed.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| Actual start date of recruitment | 13 January 2006 |
| Long term follow-up planned | Yes |
| Long term follow-up rationale | Safety |
| Long term follow-up duration | 24 Months |
| Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement? | Yes |

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Argentina: 51 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Austria: 8 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Australia: 28 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Belgium: 11 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Brazil: 60 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Canada: 35 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Czech Republic: 6 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | France: 90 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Germany: 4 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Hungary: 2 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | India: 98 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Israel: 3 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Italy: 16 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Mexico: 99 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Poland: 6 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | South Africa: 6 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Spain: 19 |

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Sweden: 5 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Switzerland: 3 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Turkey: 2 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | United States: 186 |
| Worldwide total number of subjects | 738 |
| EEA total number of subjects | 167 |

Notes:

| Subjects enrolled per age group | |
|---|-----|
| In utero | 0 |
| Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk | 0 |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 0 |
| Children (2-11 years) | 0 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 1 |
| Adults (18-64 years) | 694 |
| From 65 to 84 years | 43 |
| 85 years and over | 0 |

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details:

The study was conducted at 34 centers in 21 countries.

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

738 subjects enrolled, 686 subjects randomized. Reasons for non-randomization include 5 subjects withdrew consent, 1 subject lost to follow-up, 34 subjects no longer met study criteria, and 12 subjects for other non-listed reasons. 20 not transplanted; 10, 4, 6 in the CsA, Belatacept LI, Belatacept MI, respectively.

Period 1

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Period 1 title | Transplanted Pre-Treatment |
| Is this the baseline period? | Yes |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Single blind |
| Roles blinded | Subject |

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | Yes |
| Arm title | Cyclosporine |

Arm description:

Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral

1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m)

After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT)

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Arm type | Active comparator |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Cyclosporine |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received cyclosporine 150-300 ng/mL and 100-250 ng/mL at Month 1 and after Month 1, respectively.

| | |
|------------------|---------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept LI |
|------------------|---------------|

Arm description:

Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT)

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| | |
|------------------|---------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept MI |
|------------------|---------------|

Arm description:

Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every

4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT)

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| Number of subjects in period 1^[1] | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Started | 221 | 226 | 219 |
| Completed | 215 | 226 | 219 |
| Not completed | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Adverse event, serious fatal | 1 | - | - |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 3 | - | - |
| Not specified | 2 | - | - |

Notes:

[1] - The number of subjects reported to be in the baseline period are not the same as the worldwide number enrolled in the trial. It is expected that these numbers will be the same.

Justification: The number of subjects reported in the baseline period are different from the worldwide number enrolled in the trial, as out of 738 subjects enrolled only 666 were transplanted, rest 52 subjects were not randomised and 20 were not transplanted.

Period 2

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Period 2 title | Post-Transplant Treated (12 months) |
| Is this the baseline period? | No |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Single blind |
| Roles blinded | Subject |

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | Yes |
| Arm title | Cyclosporine |

Arm description:

Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral

1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m)

After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT)

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Arm type | Active comparator |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Cyclosporine |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received cyclosporine 150-300 ng/mL and 100-250 ng/mL at Month 1 and after Month 1, respectively.

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept LI |
| Arm description: Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept MI |
| Arm description: Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| Number of subjects in period 2 | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Started | 215 | 226 | 219 |
| Completed | 174 | 183 | 173 |
| Not completed | 41 | 43 | 46 |
| Adverse event, serious fatal | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | - | 3 | 5 |
| Adverse event, non-fatal | 20 | 12 | 8 |
| Not specified | 5 | 4 | 2 |
| Lost to follow-up | 1 | - | - |
| Protocol deviation | 2 | - | - |
| Lack of efficacy | 10 | 22 | 27 |

Period 3

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Period 3 title | Post-Transplant Treated (24 months) |
| Is this the baseline period? | No |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Single blind |
| Roles blinded | Subject |

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | Yes |
|------------------------------|-----|

| | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Arm title | Cyclosporine |
|------------------|--------------|

Arm description:

Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral

1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m)

After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT)

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Arm type | Active comparator |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Cyclosporine |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received cyclosporine 150-300 ng/mL and 100-250 ng/mL at Month 1 and after Month 1, respectively.

| | |
|------------------|---------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept LI |
|------------------|---------------|

Arm description:

Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT)

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| | |
|------------------|---------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept MI |
|------------------|---------------|

Arm description:

Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT)

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| Number of subjects in period 3 | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Started | 174 | 183 | 173 |
| Completed | 153 | 176 | 164 |
| Not completed | 21 | 7 | 9 |
| Adverse event, serious fatal | 3 | - | - |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 5 | 1 | - |
| Adverse event, non-fatal | 7 | 3 | 6 |
| Not specified | 2 | - | 1 |
| Lack of efficacy | 4 | 3 | 2 |

Period 4

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Period 4 title | Post-Transplant Treated (36 months) |
| Is this the baseline period? | No |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Single blind |
| Roles blinded | Subject |

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | Yes |
| Arm title | Cyclosporine |

Arm description:

Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral

1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m)

After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT)

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Arm type | Active comparator |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Cyclosporine |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received cyclosporine 150-300 ng/mL and 100-250 ng/mL at Month 1 and after Month 1, respectively.

| | |
|------------------|---------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept LI |
|------------------|---------------|

Arm description:

Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT)

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept MI |
| Arm description: Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| Number of subjects in period 4 | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI |
|--|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Started | 153 | 176 | 164 |
| Completed | 143 | 170 | 158 |
| Not completed | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| Adverse event, serious fatal | - | 2 | 1 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 1 | - | 1 |
| Adverse event, non-fatal | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| Not specified | - | 1 | 1 |
| Subject no longer meets study criteria | - | - | 1 |
| Lack of efficacy | 4 | 1 | - |
| Protocol deviation | - | 1 | - |

Period 5

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Period 5 title | Long Term Extension (LTE; 84 months) |
| Is this the baseline period? | No |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Single blind |
| Roles blinded | Subject |

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | Yes |
|------------------------------|-----|

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Arm title | Cyclosporine |
| Arm description: Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral 1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m) After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT) | |
| Arm type | Active comparator |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Cyclosporine |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received cyclosporine 150-300 ng/mL and 100-250 ng/mL at Month 1 and after Month 1, respectively.

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept LI |
| Arm description: Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Arm title | Belatacept MI |
| Arm description: Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Belatacept |
| Investigational medicinal product code | BMS-224818 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Subjects received belatacept 10 mg/kg intravenously and a maintenance dose of 5 mg/kg.

| Number of subjects in period 5^[2] | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Started | 136 | 166 | 155 |
| Completed | 89 | 136 | 127 |
| Not completed | 47 | 30 | 28 |
| Adverse event, serious fatal | 9 | 4 | 4 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 5 | 4 | 1 |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|----|----|----|
| Adverse event, non-fatal | 13 | 11 | 14 |
| Not specified | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| Administrative Reason By Sponsor | 1 | 1 | - |
| Pregnancy | - | 1 | 2 |
| Poor/Non-compliance | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| Lost to follow-up | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| Lack of efficacy | 6 | 3 | - |

Notes:

[2] - The number of subjects starting the period is not consistent with the number completing the preceding period. It is expected the number of subjects starting the subsequent period will be the same as the number completing the preceding period.

Justification: The number of subjects starting the period was not consistent with the number completing the preceding period as some subjects discontinued and not opted to participate in long term period due to various reasons.

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Reporting group title | Cyclosporine |
| Reporting group description: | |
| Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral | |
| 1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m) | |
| After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept LI |
| Reporting group description: | |
| Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept MI |
| Reporting group description: | |
| Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |

| Reporting group values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Number of subjects | 221 | 226 | 219 |
| Age, Customized | | | |
| Units: subjects | | | |
| Between 18 and 45 years: | 110 | 124 | 111 |
| Between 46 and 65 years: | 101 | 93 | 93 |
| > 65 years: | 10 | 9 | 15 |
| Age Continuous | | | |
| Units: years | | | |
| arithmetic mean | 43.5 | 42.6 | 43.6 |
| standard deviation | ± 14.3 | ± 13.4 | ± 14.6 |
| Gender, Male/Female | | | |
| Units: subjects | | | |
| Female | 56 | 80 | 68 |
| Male | 165 | 146 | 151 |
| Previous Number of Transplant | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| 0x | 208 | 218 | 210 |
| 1x | 9 | 5 | 5 |
| 2x | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Missing | 4 | 3 | 3 |

| Reporting group values | Total | | |
|--------------------------|-------|--|--|
| Number of subjects | 666 | | |
| Age, Customized | | | |
| Units: subjects | | | |
| Between 18 and 45 years: | 345 | | |
| Between 46 and 65 years: | 287 | | |
| > 65 years: | 34 | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----|--|--|
| Age Continuous Units: years arithmetic mean standard deviation | - | | |
| Gender, Male/Female Units: subjects | | | |
| Female | 204 | | |
| Male | 462 | | |
| Previous Number of Transplant Units: Subjects | | | |
| 0x | 636 | | |
| 1x | 19 | | |
| 2x | 1 | | |
| Missing | 10 | | |

End points

End points reporting groups

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Reporting group title | Cyclosporine |
| Reporting group description: Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral 1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m) After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept LI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept MI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Cyclosporine |
| Reporting group description: Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral 1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m) After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept LI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept MI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Cyclosporine |
| Reporting group description: Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral 1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m) After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept LI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept MI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Cyclosporine |
| Reporting group description: Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral 1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m) After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT) | |

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Reporting group title | Belatacept LI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept MI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Cyclosporine |
| Reporting group description: Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral 1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m) After 1st month target: 100-250 nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept LI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |
| Reporting group title | Belatacept MI |
| Reporting group description: Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT) | |

Primary: Percent of Subjects Surviving with a Functioning Graft by Month 12

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects Surviving with a Functioning Graft by Month 12 |
| End point description: Graft loss was defined as either functional loss or physical loss (nephrectomy). Functional loss was defined as a sustained level of serum creatinine (SCr) ≥ 6.0 milligrams per deciliter (mg/dL) or 530 micromolar per liter ($\mu\text{mol/L}$) as determined by the central laboratory for ≥ 4 weeks or ≥ 56 consecutive days of dialysis or impairment of renal function to such a degree that the subject underwent retransplant. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population. | |
| End point type | Primary |
| End point timeframe: Day 1 to Month 12 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 92.8 (89.3 to 96.2) | 96.5 (94.1 to 98.9) | 95.4 (92.7 to 98.2) | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|--|
| Statistical analysis title | Subject and graft survival at Month 12 |
| Statistical analysis description: | |
| A non-inferiority margin of 10% for the co-primary endpoint of subject and graft survival was used. Determination of a margin for non-inferiority based on 'preservation of benefit' is not feasible, given the low rate of subject death and/or graft loss in the first year post-transplantation, and the absence of published, adequately sized, parallel-group trials with which to assess the effect of CsA on subject death and/or graft loss in the setting of MMF/steroids/basiliximab. | |
| Comparison groups | Cyclosporine v Belatacept MI |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 440 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | non-inferiority |
| Parameter estimate | Difference in percentage |
| Point estimate | 2.7 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | Other: 97.3 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -2.5 |
| upper limit | 8.1 |

| | |
|---|--|
| Statistical analysis title | Subject and graft survival at Month 12 |
| Statistical analysis description: | |
| A non-inferiority margin of 10% for the co-primary endpoint of subject and graft survival was used. Determination of a margin for non-inferiority based on 'preservation of benefit' is not feasible, given the low rate of subject death and/or graft loss in the first year post-transplantation, and the absence of published, adequately sized, parallel-group trials with which to assess the effect of CsA on subject death and/or graft loss in the setting of MMF/steroids/basiliximab. | |
| Comparison groups | Cyclosporine v Belatacept LI |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 447 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | non-inferiority |
| Parameter estimate | Difference in percentage |
| Point estimate | 3.7 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | Other: 97.3 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -1.1 |
| upper limit | 9 |

Primary: Percent of Subjects with a Composite of Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR) Less Than 60 mL/Min/1.73 m² at Month 12 or with a Decrease in mGFR Greater Than or Equal to 10 mL/min/1.73m² From Month 3 to Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with a Composite of Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR) Less Than 60 mL/Min/1.73 m ² at Month 12 or with a Decrease in mGFR Greater Than or Equal to 10 mL/min/1.73m ² From Month 3 to Month 12 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Measured glomerular filtration rate (mGFR) is the direct measurement of renal function and was assessed by measurement of the clearance of a true glomerular filtration marker (non-radiolabeled iothalamate) using a validated procedure. A GFR of 60 mL/min/1.73 m² was used as the approximate equal of the threshold values of serum creatinine (SCr) of 1.5 mg/dL. A change in GFR of at least 10 mL/min/1.73 m² was used as the approximate change in SCr of at least 0.3 mg/dL. The change

component of the composite renal endpoint was assessed from Month 3 to Month 12, since post-transplant renal function is largely stable by Month 3. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| End point type | Primary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Month 12; Month 3 to Month 12 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 213 | 214 | 209 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 77.9 (72.4 to 83.5) | 54.2 (47.5 to 60.9) | 55 (48.3 to 61.8) | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|--|
| Statistical analysis title | Difference between belatacept & CsA renal function |
| Comparison groups | Cyclosporine v Belatacept LI |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 427 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0 ^[1] |
| Method | Chi-squared corrected |
| Parameter estimate | Difference in percentage |
| Point estimate | -23.7 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | Other: 97.3 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -33.3 |
| upper limit | -13.7 |

Notes:

[1] - A continuity-corrected Chi-square test at significance level 0.027 was performed for the difference between the belatacept regimen and cyclosporine

| | |
|---|--|
| Statistical analysis title | Difference between belatacept & CsA renal function |
| Comparison groups | Cyclosporine v Belatacept MI |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 422 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0 ^[2] |
| Method | Chi-squared corrected |
| Parameter estimate | Difference in percentage |
| Point estimate | -22.9 |

| | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Confidence interval | |
| level | Other: 97.3 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -32.6 |
| upper limit | -12.9 |

Notes:

[2] - A continuity-corrected Chi-square test at significance level 0.027 was performed for the difference between the belatacept regimen and cyclosporine

Primary: Percent of Subjects Experiencing Acute Rejection (AR) Post-transplant by Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects Experiencing Acute Rejection (AR) Post-transplant by Month 12 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Acute rejection was defined as a clinico-pathological event requiring clinical evidence and biopsy confirmation. Clinical evidence was defined if either a or b was satisfied: a: an unexplained rise of serum creatinine $\geq 25\%$ from baseline creatinine; b: an unexplained decreased urine output; or fever and graft tenderness; or a serum creatinine that remains elevated within 14 days post-transplantation and clinical suspicion of acute rejection exists. Allograft biopsies were evaluated by a blinded central independent pathologist using Banff 97 working classification of kidney transplant pathology: an international standardized histopathological classification. AR was defined by a renal biopsy demonstrating a Banff 97 classification of Grade IA or greater, with higher scores indicating more severe rejection. Only the episode with the highest Banff grade for each subject was counted. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| End point type | Primary |
|----------------|---------|

End point timeframe:

Day 1 to Month 12

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 7.2 (3.8 to 10.7) | 17.3 (12.3 to 22.2) | 21.9 (16.4 to 27.4) | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Statistical analysis title | Acute Rejection (AR) Post-transplant by Month 12 |
|----------------------------|--|

Statistical analysis description:

A 20% margin for non-inferiority was used and provides 99% power to ascertain that the upper bound of the 97.3% 2-sided confidence intervals for the absolute difference between each belatacept regimen and cyclosporine, assuming the true acute rejection rate by 12 months is 15% for all three regimens

| | |
|---|------------------------------|
| Comparison groups | Cyclosporine v Belatacept LI |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 447 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | non-inferiority |
| Parameter estimate | Difference in percentage |
| Point estimate | 10 |

| | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Confidence interval | |
| level | Other: 97.3 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 3.3 |
| upper limit | 17.1 |

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Statistical analysis title | Acute Rejection (AR) Post-transplant by Month 12 |
|-----------------------------------|--|

Statistical analysis description:

A 20% margin for non-inferiority was used and provides 99% power to ascertain that the upper bound of the 97.3% 2-sided confidence intervals for the absolute difference between each belatacept regimen and cyclosporine, assuming the true acute rejection rate by 12 months is 15% for all three regimens. The 20% non-inferiority margin was not met in the belatacept MI group.

| | |
|---|------------------------------|
| Comparison groups | Belatacept MI v Cyclosporine |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 440 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | non-inferiority |
| Parameter estimate | Difference in percentage |
| Point estimate | 14.7 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | Other: 97.3 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 7.5 |
| upper limit | 22.2 |

Secondary: Mean Value of the Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Mean Value of the Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR) |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Measured glomerular filtration rate (mGFR) is the direct measurement of renal function and was assessed by measurement of the clearance of a true glomerular filtration marker (non-radiolabeled iothalamate) using a validated procedure. Missing mGRF assessments were imputed to assess renal function. The overall imputation strategy involved a primary imputation method (linear extrapolation and quartile method) followed by 2 secondary imputation methods (regression method and graded quartile method) to assess the robustness of conclusions obtained from the application of the primary imputation method. All imputation methods entailed replacing a missing value with a value drawn from a plausible distribution incorporating theoretical and observed aspects of the data. GFR was measured as mL/min/1.73 m². The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Months 3, 12, 24 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 201 | 215 | 209 | |
| Units: mL/min/1.73m ² | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | | | | |
| Month 3 (n=201, 215, 209) | 51.9 (± 21.09) | 61.7 (± 25.43) | 59.9 (± 28.47) | |
| Month 12 (n=199, 206, 200) | 50.4 (± 18.71) | 63.4 (± 27.66) | 65 (± 30.02) | |
| Month 24 (n=185, 199, 192) | 50.5 (± 20.52) | 67.9 (± 29.9) | 65 (± 27.21) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects with Prevalence of Chronic Allograft Nephropathy (CAN) at Month 12

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with Prevalence of Chronic Allograft Nephropathy (CAN) at Month 12 |
| End point description: | |
| Prevalence of CAN = if subject met any of the following conditions: a: CAN observed in a biopsy either prior to 12 months (including baseline biopsy) or first post 12 months biopsy; b: subject had graft loss during the first year post transplant; c: no biopsy was available post 12 months and CAN not observed in biopsies prior to 12 months, but the measured GFR from Month 3 to Month 12 decreased at least 10 mL/min/1.73m ² ; d: no biopsy available either prior to or post 12 months, and the measured GFR (incorporated missing data imputation) from Month 3 to Month 12 decreased at least 10 mL/min/1.73m ² . CAN = All allograft biopsies evaluated for presence and severity of CAN by a blinded central independent pathologist using Banff 97 working classification of kidney transplant pathology. Onset of CAN determined by the biopsy date when it was observed. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Month 12 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 219 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 32.4 (26.2 to 38.6) | 23.9 (18.3 to 29.5) | 18.3 (13.1 to 23.4) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of Subjects With Serious Adverse Events, Death, Discontinuation Due to Adverse Events by Month 84

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Number of Subjects With Serious Adverse Events, Death, Discontinuation Due to Adverse Events by Month 84 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Adverse event (AE) defined: any new unfavorable symptom, sign, or disease or worsening of a preexisting condition that may not have a causal relationship with treatment. Serious adverse event (SAE) defined: a medical event that at any dose results in death, persistent or significant disability/incapacity, or drug dependency/abuse; is life-threatening, an important medical event, or a congenital anomaly/birth defect; or requires or prolongs hospitalization. All randomised and transplanted subjects from the original intent-to-treat (ITT) population who continued on assigned therapy into the long-term extension phase (ITT-LTE).

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Randomisation to Month 84

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 136 | 166 | 155 | |
| Units: subjects | | | | |
| number (not applicable) | | | | |
| Deaths | 9 | 7 | 7 | |
| SAEs | 107 | 113 | 117 | |
| Discontinued due to SAEs | 5 | 8 | 6 | |
| Discontinued due to AEs | 12 | 11 | 14 | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of Subjects with Adverse Events of Special Interest by Month 84

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Number of Subjects with Adverse Events of Special Interest by Month 84 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Prospectively identified events of special interest which were a subset of all AEs, and were either SAEs or non-serious AEs, included the following categories: Serious Infections and Infestations, Thrombotic/embolic events, and Malignancy. AE=any new unfavorable symptom, sign, or disease or worsening of a preexisting condition that may not have a causal relationship with treatment. SAE=a medical event that at any dose results in death, persistent or significant disability/incapacity, or drug dependency/ abuse; is life-threatening, an important medical event, or a congenital anomaly/birth defect; or requires or prolongs hospitalization. Time frame is from randomisation to the event date, or to the last dose date+56, or to Month 84 (Day 2548), whichever is the earliest. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects from the original intent-to-treat (ITT) population who continued on assigned therapy into the long-term extension phase (ITT-LTE).

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Randomisation to Month 84

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 136 | 166 | 155 | |
| Units: subjects | | | | |
| number (not applicable) | | | | |
| Malignancies | 22 | 16 | 20 | |
| Cytomegalovirus (CMV) Infections | 19 | 24 | 20 | |
| BK Polyoma Virus Infections | 6 | 10 | 15 | |
| Herpes Virus Infections | 29 | 37 | 37 | |
| Fungal Infections | 42 | 47 | 55 | |
| Tuberculosis Infections | 2 | 1 | 5 | |
| Central Nervous System (CNS) Infections | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Pulmonary edema or Chronic Heart Failure | 12 | 4 | 5 | |
| Auto-immune Events | 8 | 8 | 6 | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Blood Pressure at Month 84

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| End point title | Mean Blood Pressure at Month 84 |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|

End point description:

Blood pressure was measured in millimeters of mercury (mmHg). Blood pressure was measured soon after the subject arrived and sat quietly at rest for 10 minutes. 3 consecutive seated blood pressure readings were made at least 1 minute apart. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects from the original intent-to-treat (ITT) population who continued on assigned therapy into the long-term extension phase (ITT-LTE). Here, 'Number of subjects Analysed' signifies subjects evaluable for this outcome measure.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Month 84

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 82 | 125 | 112 | |
| Units: mmHg | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | | | | |
| Diastolic Blood Pressure | 78.6 (± 11.03) | 75.8 (± 10.56) | 75.1 (± 10.15) | |
| Systolic Blood Pressure | 129 (± 15.83) | 126.7 (± 18.17) | 126 (± 17.56) | |

Statistical analyses

Secondary: Number of Subjects Meeting Marked Laboratory Abnormality Criteria Post-transplant by Month 36

| | |
|--|---|
| End point title | Number of Subjects Meeting Marked Laboratory Abnormality Criteria Post-transplant by Month 36 |
| End point description: | |
| Upper limit of normal (ULN). Units per Liter (U/L). Cells per microliter (c/μL). Grams per deciliter (g/dL). Milligrams per deciliter (mg/dL). Cells per Liter (c/L). Milliequivalents/Liter (mEq/L). Hemoglobin (low): <8.0 g/dL; Platelet count: <50*10 ⁹ c/L; Leukocytes: <2*10 ³ c/μL; Alkaline phosphatase (ALP): >5.0*ULN U/L; Alanine aminotransferase (ALT): >5.0*ULN U/L; Aspartate aminotransferase (AST): >5.0*ULN U/L; Bilirubin Total: >3.0*ULN mg/dL; Creatinine: >3.0*ULN mg/dL; Calcium Total: low if <7.0 mg/dL or high if >12.5 mg/dL; Bicarbonate: <11.0 mEq/L; Potassium serum: low if <3.0 mEq/L or high if >6.0 mEq/L; Magnesium serum: low is <0.8 mEq/L or high if >2.46 mEq/L; Sodium serum: low if <130.0 mEq/L or high if >155.0 mEq/L; Phosphorus inorganic: <2.0 mg/dL; Albumin: <2 g/dL; Uric acid: >10 mg/dL; Protein urine: >=3+. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects from the original intent-to-treat (ITT) population. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Month 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: subjects | | | | |
| number (not applicable) | | | | |
| Hemoglobin, low (n=213, 226, 219) | 26 | 25 | 27 | |
| Platelet count, low (n=213, 226, 218) | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| Leukocytes, low (n=213, 226, 219) | 10 | 5 | 5 | |
| Alkaline phosphatase, high (n=214, 226, 219) | 1 | 4 | 0 | |
| Alanine aminotransferase, high (n=214, 226, 219) | 6 | 6 | 4 | |
| Aspartate aminotransferase, high (n=214, 226, 219) | 2 | 3 | 3 | |
| Bilirubin total, high (n=214, 226, 219) | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| Calcium total, low (n=214, 226, 219) | 7 | 8 | 4 | |
| Calcium total, high (n=214, 226, 219) | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| Bicarbonate, low (n=214, 226, 219) | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| Bicarbonate, high (n=214, 226, 219) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Potassium serum, low (n=213, 223, 219) | 4 | 13 | 12 | |
| Potassium serum, high (n=213, 223, 219) | 13 | 9 | 4 | |
| Magnesium serum, low (n=214, 225, 219) | 1 | 2 | 1 | |
| Magnesium serum, high (n=214, 225, 219) | 9 | 12 | 14 | |
| Sodium serum, low (n=214, 226, 219) | 21 | 8 | 9 | |
| Sodium serum, high (n=214, 226, 219) | 0 | 1 | 0 | |
| Phosphorus inorganic, low (n=213, 224, 219) | 75 | 100 | 112 | |
| Albumin, low (n=214, 226, 219) | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Uric acid, high (n=214, 226, 219) | 42 | 7 | 11 | |

| | | | | |
|--|----|----|----|--|
| Protein in urine, high (n=213, 224, 217) | 33 | 30 | 36 | |
| Creatinine, high (n=213, 223, 219) | 48 | 50 | 52 | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects With Development of Anti-Donor HLA Positive Antibodies by Month 84

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects With Development of Anti-Donor HLA Positive Antibodies by Month 84 |
| End point description: | |
| Only subjects who had non-missing test result for Class I or Class II anti-donor HLA antibodies were included in analysis and only subjects who had at least one non-NA test result or finding were counted. This was a cumulative summary (excluding baseline) and once a subject was positive, that subject remained positive for the later time point. Acute rejection (AR) defined: a clinico-pathological event requiring clinical evidence and biopsy confirmation. Clinical evidence defined: an unexplained rise of serum creatinine \geq 25% from baseline creatinine; or an unexplained decreased urine output; or fever and graft tenderness; or a serum creatinine that remains elevated within 14 days post-transplantation and clinical suspicion of acute rejection exists. AR defined as allograft biopsies of Banff 97 classification Grade IA or greater (higher scores indicate more severe rejection). Evaluated by blinded central independent pathologist. The analysis was performed in ITT population. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Randomisation to Month 84 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 215 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 11.6 (7.34 to 15.91) | 3.1 (0.84 to 5.36) | 1.4 (0.28 to 3.95) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Change of the Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR) from Month 3 to Month 12 and from Month 3 to Month 24

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Mean Change of the Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR) from Month 3 to Month 12 and from Month 3 to Month 24 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Measured glomerular filtration rate (mGFR) is the direct measurement of renal function and was assessed by measurement of the clearance of a true glomerular filtration marker (non-radiolabeled iothalamate) using a validated procedure. Missing mGFR assessments were imputed to assess renal function. The overall imputation strategy involved a primary imputation method (linear extrapolation and quartile method) followed by 2 secondary imputation methods (regression method and graded

quartile method) to assess the robustness of conclusions obtained from the application of the primary imputation method. All imputation methods entailed replacing a missing value with a value drawn from a plausible distribution incorporating theoretical and observed aspects of the data. GFR was measured as mL/min/1.73 m². The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|--|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Month 3 to Month 12; Month 3 to Month 24 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 195 | 206 | 200 | |
| Units: mL/min/1.73m ² | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | | | | |
| Baseline (Month 3) to Month 12 (n=195, 206, 200) | -1.7 (± 21.58) | 1.2 (± 30.43) | 4.4 (± 31.1) | |
| Baseline (Month 3) to Month 24 (n=184, 199, 192) | -2 (± 25.23) | 5.3 (± 33.03) | 4.2 (± 30.96) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects With a Decrease in Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR) Greater Than or Equal to 10mL/min/1.73m² from Month 3 to Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects With a Decrease in Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR) Greater Than or Equal to 10mL/min/1.73m ² from Month 3 to Month 12 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Measured glomerular filtration rate (mGFR) is the direct measurement of renal function and was assessed by measurement of the clearance of a true glomerular filtration marker (non-radiolabeled iothalamate) using a validated procedure. A change in GFR of at least 10 mL/min/1.73 m² was used as the approximate change in serum creatinine (SCr) of at least 0.3 mg/dL. The change component of the composite renal endpoint was assessed from Month 3 to Month 12, since post-transplant renal function is largely stable by Month 3. Month 3 = baseline. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Month 3 to Month 12 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 213 | 214 | 209 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 28.2 (22.1 to 34.2) | 23.4 (17.7 to 29) | 23 (17.3 to 28.7) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects with a Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR) Less Than 60 mL/min/1.73 m² at Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with a Measured Glomerular Filtration Rate (mGFR) Less Than 60 mL/min/1.73 m ² at Month 12 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Measured glomerular filtration rate (mGFR) is the direct measurement of renal function and was assessed by measurement of the clearance of a true glomerular filtration marker (non-radiolabeled iothalamate) using a validated procedure. A GFR of 60 mL/min/1.73 m² was used as the approximate equal of the threshold values of serum creatinine (SCr) of 1.5 milligrams per deciliter (mg/dL). The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Month 12

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 213 | 214 | 209 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 67.6 (61.3 to 73.9) | 43 (36.4 to 49.6) | 43.5 (36.8 to 50.3) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Value of the Calculated Glomerular Filtration Rate (cGFR) with Imputation

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Mean Value of the Calculated Glomerular Filtration Rate (cGFR) with Imputation |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Calculated glomerular filtration rate (cGFR) was used to assess renal function (as measured by the estimated creatinine clearance) using the following modification of diet in renal disease (MDRD) formula: MDRD: $GFR = 170 \times [SCr/0.95]^{(-0.999)} \times [Age]^{(-0.176)} \times [0.762 \text{ if subject is female}] \times [1.180 \text{ if subject is black}] \times [BUN]^{(-0.170)} \times [Alb]^{(+0.318)}$; Age in years; Alb = Albumin in g/dL; SCr = Serum creatinine in mg/dL; BUN = Blood urea nitrogen in mg/dL; cGFR = mL/min/1.73m². The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Months 6, 12, 24, 36

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 199 | 201 | 201 | |
| Units: mL/min/1.73 m ² | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | | | | |
| Month 6 (n=189, 185, 170) | 48.8 (± 19.22) | 62.6 (± 20.41) | 62.4 (± 20.94) | |
| Month 12 (n=199, 200, 201) | 50.1 (± 21.06) | 65.4 (± 22.94) | 65.2 (± 23.51) | |
| Month 24 (n=182, 201, 191) | 47.9 (± 23) | 65.4 (± 25.22) | 65.5 (± 24.87) | |
| Month 36 (n=171, 190, 186) | 44.4 (± 23.58) | 65.8 (± 27) | 65.2 (± 26.31) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Change in Calculated Glomerular Filtration Rate (cGFR) from Month 6 to Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Mean Change in Calculated Glomerular Filtration Rate (cGFR) from Month 6 to Month 12 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Calculated glomerular filtration rate (cGFR) was used to assess renal function (as measured by the estimated creatinine clearance) using the following modification of diet in renal disease (MDRD) formula: MDRD: $GFR = 170 \times [SCr/0.95]^{(-0.999)} \times [Age]^{(-0.176)} \times [0.762 \text{ if subject is female}] \times [1.180 \text{ if subject is black}] \times [BUN]^{(-0.170)} \times [Alb]^{(+0.318)}$; Age in years; Alb = Albumin in g/dL; SCr = Serum creatinine in mg/dL; BUN = Blood urea nitrogen in mg/dL; cGFR = mL/min/1.73m². The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Month 6 to Month 12

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 166 | 169 | 160 | |
| Units: mL/Min/1.73 m ² | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 2.3 (± 10.09) | 4.7 (± 11.52) | 5.1 (± 11.37) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects with Incidence of New Onset Diabetes Mellitus by Month 36

| | |
|--|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with Incidence of New Onset Diabetes Mellitus by Month 36 |
| End point description: The incidence of new onset diabetes mellitus defined as subjects who developed diabetes mellitus after randomization and transplantation. Subjects that did not have diabetes prior to randomization were determined to have new onset diabetes mellitus if (i) the subject received an anti-diabetic medication for a duration of at least 30 days or (ii) at least two fasting plasma glucose (FPG) tests indicate that FPG is ≥ 126 mg/dL (7.0 mmol/L). New onset diabetes mellitus (NODM) = post-transplant diabetes mellitus (PTDM). The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: Week 4 post-transplantation to Month 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 162 | 168 | 156 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | | | | |
| Month 12 | 9.9 (5.3 to 14.5) | 4.2 (1.1 to 7.2) | 7.1 (3 to 11.1) | |
| Month 24 | 10.5 (5.8 to 15.2) | 5.4 (2 to 8.8) | 8.3 (4 to 12.7) | |
| Month 36 | 11.1 (6.3 to 16) | 6.5 (2.8 to 10.3) | 10.3 (5.5 to 15) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects Using At Least One Anti-Hypertensive Medication to Control Hypertension at Month 36

| | |
|---|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects Using At Least One Anti-Hypertensive Medication to Control Hypertension at Month 36 |
| End point description: The analysis was based on all subjects who had been followed up at least 1092 days after transplantation. Hypertension was defined in according to the Seventh Report of the Joint National Committee on the Prevention, Detection, Evaluation, and Treatment of High Blood Pressure for subjects with chronic kidney disease. This definition was based upon SBP ≥ 130 mm Hg or DBP ≥ 80 mmHg. In addition, all subjects who had a SBP < 130 mmHg and a DBP < 80 mmHg who received an antihypertensive medication(s) for the indication of hypertension or with a medical history of hypertension were included in this definition. Systolic blood pressure = SBP; Diastolic blood pressure = DBP. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: Month 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 182 | 199 | 192 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 92.9 (89.12 to 96.6) | 81.9 (76.56 to 87.36) | 83.9 (78.65 to 89.06) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects with Incidence of Hypertension Post-Transplantation at Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with Incidence of Hypertension Post-Transplantation at Month 12 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

The incidence of hypertension was defined as the proportion of subjects who developed hypertension after randomization and transplantation. Specifically, the incidence of hypertension was assessed only after the Week 4 visit. This period allowed for adequate stabilization and resolution of transient changes. If subjects received antihypertensive medication for the indication of hypertension at this (or later) time point, they were considered to have developed hypertension. Hypertension was defined according to the Seventh Report of the Joint National Committee on the Prevention, Detection, Evaluation, and Treatment of High Blood Pressure for subjects with chronic kidney disease. This definition was based upon SBP ≥ 130 mm Hg or DBP ≥ 80 mm Hg. Systolic blood pressure = SBP; Diastolic blood pressure = DBP. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Month 12

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 4 | 13 | 7 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 75 (19.4 to 99.4) | 53.8 (26.7 to 80.9) | 57.1 (18.4 to 90.1) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects With Prevalence of Hypertension Post-Transplantation at Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects With Prevalence of Hypertension Post-Transplantation at Month 12 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The prevalence of hypertension was defined as the proportion of subjects at any given time who meet the definition of hypertension. Hypertension defined according to the Seventh Report of the Joint

National Committee on the Prevention, Detection, Evaluation, and Treatment of High Blood Pressure for subjects with chronic kidney disease. This definition is based upon SBP ≥ 130 mmHg or DBP ≥ 80 mmHg. Systolic blood pressure = SBP; Diastolic blood pressure = DBP. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Month 12 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 91 (87.17 to 94.73) | 89.8 (85.88 to 93.76) | 88.6 (84.37 to 92.8) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Systolic Blood Pressure and Diastolic Blood Pressure

| | |
|--|---|
| End point title | Mean Systolic Blood Pressure and Diastolic Blood Pressure |
| End point description: | |
| Blood pressure was measured in millimeters of mercury (mmHg). Blood pressure was measured soon after the subject arrived and sat quietly at rest for 10 minutes. 3 consecutive seated blood pressure readings were made at least 1 minute apart. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Months 12, 24, 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 188 | 193 | 191 | |
| Units: mmHg | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | | | | |
| Systolic; Month 12 (n=188, 193, 191) | 138.7 (\pm 19.98) | 131.4 (\pm 16.54) | 132.7 (\pm 16.21) | |
| Diastolic; Month 12 (n=188, 193, 191) | 81.9 (\pm 11.1) | 78.7 (\pm 10.91) | 79.3 (\pm 11.54) | |
| Systolic; Month 24 (n=160, 185, 174) | 135.4 (\pm 19.71) | 130.5 (\pm 17.35) | 129.8 (\pm 16.84) | |
| Diastolic; Month 24 (n=160, 185, 174) | 80.3 (\pm 10.2) | 78.3 (\pm 10.51) | 77.8 (\pm 10.31) | |
| Systolic; Month 36 (n=145, 180, 166) | 133.5 (\pm 17.93) | 127.7 (\pm 16.48) | 126 (\pm 16.14) | |
| Diastolic; Month 36 (n=145, 180, 166) | 79.5 (\pm 9.16) | 76.6 (\pm 9.75) | 76.1 (\pm 11.2) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects at Baseline with Controlled Hypertension Post Transplantation by Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects at Baseline with Controlled Hypertension Post Transplantation by Month 12 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Controlled hypertension was defined as a SBP < 130 mm Hg and a DBP < 80 mm Hg while receiving an antihypertensive medication for the indication of hypertension or receiving an antihypertensive medication for another indication with a medical history of hypertension. Subjects with a SBP < 130 mm Hg and a DBP < 80 mm Hg who were prescribed an antihypertensive medication(s) for an indication(s) other than hypertension (eg, beta blockers for migraine prophylaxis) with no medical history of hypertension were not considered to have either hypertension or controlled hypertension. Systolic blood pressure = SBP; Diastolic blood pressure = DBP. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Day 1 to Month 12

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 182 | 182 | 183 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 21.4 (15.5 to 27.4) | 28.6 (22 to 35.1) | 24.6 (18.4 to 30.8) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects with Prevalence of Controlled Hypertension at Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with Prevalence of Controlled Hypertension at Month 12 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The prevalence of controlled hypertension was defined as the proportion of subjects at any given time who met the definition of controlled hypertension. Controlled hypertension was defined as a SBP < 130 mm Hg and a DBP < 80 mm Hg while receiving an antihypertensive medication for the indication of hypertension or receiving an antihypertensive medication for another indication with a medical history of hypertension. Subjects with a SBP < 130 mm Hg and a DBP < 80 mm Hg who were prescribed an antihypertensive medication(s) for an indication(s) other than hypertension (eg, beta blockers for migraine prophylaxis) with no medical history of hypertension were not considered to have either hypertension or controlled hypertension. Systolic blood pressure = SBP; Diastolic blood pressure = DBP.

The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Month 12 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 186 | 193 | 190 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (confidence interval 95%) | 21 (15.12 to 26.82) | 28 (21.65 to 34.31) | 24.7 (18.6 to 30.87) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Non-dyslipidemic Subjects With Incidence of Dyslipidemia Post-Transplantation by Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percent of Non-dyslipidemic Subjects With Incidence of Dyslipidemia Post-Transplantation by Month 12 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Incidence of dyslipidemia was defined as the proportion of subjects who developed dyslipidemia after randomization and transplantation. Dyslipidemia was defined in accordance with recent guidelines from the National Kidney Foundation Kidney Disease Outcomes Quality Initiative (NKF-K/DOQI). Dyslipidemia = hypertriglyceridemia (TGs \geq 500 milligrams/deciliter (mg/dL) [5.65 mmol/L]), hypercholesterolemia (LDL \geq 100 mg/dL [2.59 mmol/L]), or elevated non-HDL (non-HDL \geq 130 mg/dL [3.36 mmol/L]) in the presence of high TGs (TGs \geq 200 mg/dL [2.26 mmol/L]). The TG = triglyceride; LDL = low density lipoprotein; HDL = high density lipoprotein; millimole/Liter (mmol/L). For 95% CI within each group, normal approximation is used if $N \geq 5$. Otherwise exact method is used. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Randomisation to Month 12 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 75 | 94 | 79 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 80 (70.9 to 89.1) | 63.8 (54.1 to 73.5) | 70.9 (60.9 to 80.9) | |

Statistical analyses

Secondary: Percent of Subjects With Prevalence of Dyslipidemia at Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects With Prevalence of Dyslipidemia at Month 12 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

The prevalence of dyslipidemia was defined as the proportion of subjects at any given time who met the definition of dyslipidemia. Dyslipidemia defined in accordance with recent guidelines from the National Kidney Foundation Kidney Disease Outcomes Quality Initiative (NKF-K/DOQI). Dyslipidemia defined as hypertriglyceridemia (TGs \geq 500 milligrams/deciliter (mg/dL) [5.65 mmol/L]), hypercholesterolemia (LDL \geq 100 mg/dL [2.59 mmol/L]), or elevated non-HDL (non-HDL \geq 130 mg/dL [3.36 mmol/L]) in the presence of high TGs (TGs \geq 200 mg/dL [2.26 mmol/L]). TG = triglyceride; LDL = low density lipoprotein; HDL = high density lipoprotein; millimole/Liter (mmol/L). For 95% CI within each group, normal approximation is used if $N \geq 5$. Otherwise exact method is used. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Month 12

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 52.9 (46.4 to 59.5) | 44.7 (38.2 to 51.2) | 46.1 (39.5 to 52.7) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects With Controlled Dyslipidemia at Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects With Controlled Dyslipidemia at Month 12 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Prevalence of controlled dyslipidemia = the percentage of subjects at any given time who met the stated definition of dyslipidemia. Dyslipidemia as per National Kidney Foundation Kidney Disease Outcomes Quality Initiative (NKF-K/DOQI) was defined as hypertriglyceridemia (TGs \geq 500 milligrams/deciliter (mg/dL) [5.65 mmol/L]), hypercholesterolemia (LDL \geq 100 mg/dL [2.59 mmol/L]), or elevated non-HDL (non-HDL \geq 130 mg/dL [3.36 mmol/L]) in the presence of high TGs (TGs \geq 200 mg/dL [2.26 mmol/L]). Controlled dyslipidemia defined as subjects who received successful pharmacologic treatment for 1 of the above stated dyslipidemias, and their lipid values fell below the thresholds described. TG = triglyceride; LDL = low density lipoprotein; HDL = high density lipoprotein; millimole/Liter (mmol/L). For 95% CI within each group, normal approximation is used if $N \geq 5$. Otherwise exact method is used. Analysis was performed in intent-to-treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Month 12

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 18.1 (13 to 23.2) | 15.5 (10.8 to 20.2) | 15.5 (10.7 to 20.3) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of Subjects With Antihyperlipidemic Medication by Intensity Level

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Number of Subjects With Antihyperlipidemic Medication by Intensity Level |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

An intensity level was associated with dose level of statin based anti-hyperlipidemic agent. Any other agent (i.e., non-statin therapy) used as an antihyperlipidemic were considered Level I treatment intensity. Multiple daily doses were averaged to compute daily dose during that period. Level I = 20 mg fluvastatin (flu), 10 mg lovastatin (lova), 10 mg pravastatin (prav), 5-10 mg simvastatin (sim); Level II = 10 mg atorvastatin (atorv), 40 mg flu, 20 mg lova, 20 mg prav, 5 mg rosuvastatin (rosu), 20 mg sim, 10/10 vytorin; Level III = 20 mg atorv, 80 mg flu, 40 mg lova, 40 mg prav, 10 mg rosu, 40 mg sim, 10/20 vytorin; Level IV = 40 mg atorv, 80 mg lova, 80 mg prav, 20 mg rosu, 80 mg sim, 10/40 vytorin; Level V = 80 mg atorv, 40 mg rosu, 10/80 vytorin. Concomitant use of a statin and an agent of another class elevated the intensity level of the statin therapy by 1 level; therefore, an intensity level of greater than V was possible. Analysis was performed in ITT population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Month 36

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 103 | 92 | 92 | |
| Units: subjects | | | | |
| number (not applicable) | | | | |
| Intensity Level I | 17 | 15 | 17 | |
| Intensity Level II | 46 | 27 | 39 | |
| Intensity Level III | 27 | 32 | 23 | |
| Intensity Level IV | 8 | 16 | 9 | |
| Intensity Level V | 4 | 1 | 4 | |
| Intensity Level VI | 1 | 1 | 0 | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects Using At Least One Anti-Hyperlipidemic Medication

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects Using At Least One Anti-Hyperlipidemic Medication |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

This analysis is based on all subjects who were followed up at least 1092 days after transplantation. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population. Completer analysis is based on all subjects who have been followed up at least 1092 days after transplantation.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Month 36

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 182 | 199 | 192 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 56.6 (49.4 to 63.8) | 46.2 (39.3 to 53.2) | 47.9 (40.9 to 55) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Value of Lipid Parameters

| | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| End point title | Mean Value of Lipid Parameters |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|

End point description:

Lipid parameters included total cholesterol, high density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol, low density lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol, non-HDL cholesterol, and triglycerides (TGs). The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Months 12, 24, 36

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 189 | 195 | 192 | |
| Units: mg/dL | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | | | | |
| non-HDL Cholesterol; Month 12 (n=189, 195, 192) | 144.1 (± 47.31) | 131.5 (± 38.18) | 131.7 (± 36.76) | |
| Total Cholesterol; Month 12 (n=189, 195, 192) | 191.5 (± 49.29) | 182.4 (± 39.78) | 181.3 (± 39.92) | |
| HDL Cholesterol; Month 12 (n=189, 195, 192) | 47.4 (± 13.33) | 50.8 (± 15.98) | 49.7 (± 15.69) | |
| LDL Cholesterol; Month 12 (n=187, 186, 183) | 107.3 (± 39.6) | 102.1 (± 33.4) | 100.8 (± 29.48) | |

| | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Triglyceride; Month 12 (n=187, 186, 183) | 184.6 (± 106.42) | 149.4 (± 87.25) | 155 (± 85.08) | |
| non-HDL Cholesterol; Month 24 (n=166, 190, 181) | 145.1 (± 39.52) | 126.7 (± 38.48) | 127 (± 36.76) | |
| Total Cholesterol; Month 24 (n=166, 190, 181) | 193.5 (± 40.23) | 175.3 (± 42.38) | 175.4 (± 40.03) | |
| HDL ; Month 24 (n=166, 190, 181) | 48.4 (± 13.74) | 48.6 (± 15.28) | 48.5 (± 14.92) | |
| LDL Cholesterol; Month 24 (n=164, 186, 168) | 109.1 (± 35.92) | 98.6 (± 33.71) | 96.5 (± 30.52) | |
| Triglyceride; Month 24 (n=164, 186, 168) | 179.5 (± 97.51) | 143.4 (± 88.97) | 151.2 (± 95.88) | |
| non-HDL Cholesterol; Month 36 (n=154, 184, 176) | 142.2 (± 43.19) | 122.4 (± 40.12) | 122.1 (± 38.78) | |
| Total Cholesterol; Month 36 (n=154, 184, 176) | 190.7 (± 45.28) | 171.3 (± 45.78) | 170.7 (± 43.26) | |
| HDL Cholesterol; Month 36 (n=154, 184, 176) | 48.5 (± 14.27) | 48.9 (± 15.37) | 48.6 (± 16.86) | |
| LDL Cholesterol; Month 36 (n=142, 170, 161) | 107.6 (± 37.66) | 96.7 (± 36.53) | 92.5 (± 33.78) | |
| Triglyceride; Month 36 (n=142, 170, 161) | 179.1 (± 97.07) | 132.7 (± 68.69) | 144 (± 81.48) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects with Prevalence of Acute Rejection (AR) by Month 36

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with Prevalence of Acute Rejection (AR) by Month 36 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Prevalence of AR = subjects with the stated definition of AR at any given time. AR=clinico-pathological event requiring clinical evidence and renal biopsy confirmation demonstrating a Banff 97 classification of Grade IA or greater, with higher scores indicating more severe rejection. Only the episode with the highest Banff grade for each subject was counted. Clinical evidence=if either a or b was satisfied: a: an unexplained rise of serum creatinine $\geq 25\%$ from baseline creatinine; b: an unexplained decreased urine output; or fever and graft tenderness; or a serum creatinine that remains elevated within 14 days post-transplantation and clinical suspicion of acute rejection exists. Allograft biopsies were evaluated by a blinded central independent pathologist using Banff 97 working classification of kidney transplant pathology. Banff 97 diagnostic category for renal allograft biopsies is an international standardized histopathological classification. ITT Population was analysed.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Randomization to Month 36

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | | | | |
| Month 6 (n=221, 226, 219) | 5.4 (2.4 to 8.4) | 16.8 (11.9 to 21.7) | 21.9 (16.4 to 27.4) | |

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Month 24 (n=221, 226, 219) | 9 (5.3 to 12.8) | 17.3 (12.3 to 22.2) | 24.2 (18.5 to 29.9) | |
| Month 36 (n=221, 226, 219) | 9.5 (5.6 to 13.4) | 17.3 (12.3 to 22.2) | 24.2 (18.5 to 29.9) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of Subjects with Acute Rejection (AR) Post-transplant in Terms of Severity using Banff Grades by Month 36

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Number of Subjects with Acute Rejection (AR) Post-transplant in Terms of Severity using Banff Grades by Month 36 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Acute rejection was defined as a clinico-pathological event requiring clinical evidence and renal biopsy confirmation demonstrating a Banff 97 classification of Grade IA or greater, with higher scores indicating more severe rejection. Clinical evidence defined: if either a or b was satisfied: a) an unexplained rise of serum creatinine $\geq 25\%$ from baseline creatinine; b) an unexplained decreased urine output; or fever and graft tenderness; or a serum creatinine that remains elevated within 14 days post-transplantation and clinical suspicion of acute rejection exists. Allograft biopsies were evaluated by a blinded central independent pathologist using Banff 97 working classification of kidney transplant pathology. Banff 97 diagnostic category for renal allograft biopsies is an international standardized histopathological classification. Only the episode with the highest Banff grade for each subject was counted. Analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Randomisation to Month 36

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: subjects | | | | |
| number (not applicable) | | | | |
| Mild Acute (IA); Month 6 | 1 | 4 | 7 | |
| Mild Acute (IB); Month 6 | 5 | 9 | 3 | |
| Moderate Acute (IIA); Month 6 | 5 | 14 | 16 | |
| Moderate Acute (IIB); Month 6 | 1 | 10 | 20 | |
| Severe Acute (III); Month 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 | |
| Mild Acute (IA); Month 12 | 3 | 4 | 7 | |
| Mild Acute (IB); Month 12 | 5 | 8 | 3 | |
| Moderate Acute (IIA); Month 12 | 6 | 16 | 17 | |
| Moderate Acute (IIB); Month 12 | 2 | 10 | 20 | |
| Severe Acute (III); Month 12 | 0 | 1 | 2 | |
| Mild Acute (IA); Month 24 | 4 | 4 | 7 | |
| Mild Acute (IB); Month 24 | 7 | 8 | 3 | |
| Moderate Acute (IIA); Month 24 | 6 | 16 | 18 | |
| Moderate Acute (IIB); Month 24 | 3 | 10 | 22 | |
| Severe Acute (III); Month 24 | 0 | 1 | 3 | |
| Mild Acute (IA); Month 36 | 5 | 4 | 7 | |
| Mild Acute (IB); Month 36 | 7 | 8 | 3 | |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----|----|--|
| Moderate Acute (IIA); Month 36 | 6 | 16 | 18 | |
| Moderate Acute (IIB); Month 36 | 3 | 10 | 22 | |
| Severe Acute (III); Month 36 | 0 | 1 | 3 | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects Using Polyclonal Antilymphocyte Preparations for Impaired Renal Function and Anticipated Delayed Graft Function by Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects Using Polyclonal Antilymphocyte Preparations for Impaired Renal Function and Anticipated Delayed Graft Function by Month 12 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Subject were considered to have delayed graft function (DGF), if treated with dialysis within the first week (Day 1 - 8) after transplantation. Use of polyclonal antilymphocyte preparations (LDT) was permitted only for subjects randomised to cyclosporine (CsA) who experienced impaired renal allograft function and anticipated DGF following transplantation and were not permitted in belatacept-treated subjects, except for the treatment of acute rejection. Subjects treated with LDT began CsA at the discretion of the investigator by Day 7. LDT could also have been used in subjects who met ≥ 1 of the following criteria, observed in the presence of a transplant artery and vein and no evidence of hydronephrosis by sonogram: Urine output < 250 mL/12 hours, no significant improvement (< 1 milligram per deciliter (mg/dL)) in serum creatinine from baseline value over the first 24 - 72 hours post-transplant, or dialysis treatment. Analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Randomisation to Month 12

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 3.6 (1.2 to 6.1) | 0.4 (0 to 2.4) | 0.5 (0 to 2.5) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects Using Lymphocyte Depleting Therapy (LDT) for the Initial Treatment of Acute Rejection (AR) by Month 36

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects Using Lymphocyte Depleting Therapy (LDT) for the Initial Treatment of Acute Rejection (AR) by Month 36 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

LDT (thymoglobulin or antithymocyte gamma globulin [ATGAM]) was permitted only for subjects randomized to cyclosporine (CsA) who experienced impaired renal allograft function and anticipated delayed graft function post transplantation. Acute rejection (AR) defined as clinico-pathological event requiring clinical evidence (an unexplained rise of serum creatinine $\geq 25\%$ from baseline or an

unexplained decreased urine output; or fever and graft tenderness; or a serum creatinine that remained elevated within 14 days post-transplantation and clinical suspicion of acute rejection existed) and biopsy confirmation. AR defined by renal biopsy demonstrating a Banff 97 classification of Grade IA or greater, higher scores indicating more severe rejection. Banff 97 category is an international standardized histopathological classification. Only the episode with the highest Banff grade for each subject was counted. Analysis was per performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects.

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Randomisation to Month 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (not applicable) | | | | |
| Month 6 | 0.5 | 4.4 | 5.9 | |
| Month 12 | 0.9 | 4.4 | 5.9 | |
| Month 24 | 1.4 | 4.4 | 5.9 | |
| Month 36 | 1.8 | 4.4 | 5.9 | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects with Corticosteroid resistant Acute Rejection (AR) by Month 36

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with Corticosteroid resistant Acute Rejection (AR) by Month 36 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Steroid-resistant acute rejection (AR) defined as use of lymphocyte-depletion therapy following treatment with corticosteroids. AR defined as clinico-pathological event requiring clinical evidence and renal biopsy confirmation demonstrating a Banff 97 classification of Grade IA or greater, with higher scores indicating more severe rejection. Clinical evidence defined as an unexplained rise of serum creatinine $\geq 25\%$ from baseline creatinine; or an unexplained decreased urine output; or fever and graft tenderness; or a serum creatinine that remained elevated within 14 days post-transplantation and clinical suspicion of acute rejection existed. Allograft biopsies were evaluated by a blinded central independent pathologist using Banff 97 international standardized histopathological working classification of kidney transplant pathology. Only the episode with the highest Banff grade for each subject was counted. Analysis was per performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects.

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Randomisation to Month 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (not applicable) | | | | |
| Month 6 | 0 | 4 | 5.9 | |
| Month 12 | 0 | 5.3 | 6.4 | |
| Month 24 | 0.5 | 5.3 | 6.4 | |
| Month 36 | 0.5 | 5.3 | 6.8 | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of Subjects Who Recovered Completely from an Episode of Acute Rejection (AR) by Month 12

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Number of Subjects Who Recovered Completely from an Episode of Acute Rejection (AR) by Month 12 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Acute rejection (AR)= clinico-pathological event requiring clinical evidence and renal biopsy confirmation demonstrating a Banff 97 classification of Grade IA or greater. Clinical evidence = unexplained rise of serum creatinine $\geq 25\%$ from baseline; or unexplained decreased urine output; or fever and graft tenderness; or a serum creatinine that remains elevated within 14 days post-transplantation and clinical suspicion of acute rejection exists. Complete recovery following AR defined as serum creatinine [SCr] levels returned to baseline. Recovery calculated using 2 algorithms: Algorithm 1 = last laboratory measurement prior to onset of AR (baseline and first laboratory measurement after 84 days since onset of AR = resolution); Algorithm 2 = lowest lab measurement on or after transplantation and prior to onset day of AR (baseline and lowest laboratory measurement after onset on first AR up to Month 12 = resolution). Analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Randomisation to Month 12

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 16 | 39 | 48 | |
| Units: subjects | | | | |
| number (not applicable) | | | | |
| Algorithm 1 | 13 | 29 | 39 | |
| Algorithm 2 | 13 | 34 | 43 | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects with Subclinical Rejection at Month 12

| | |
|---|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with Subclinical Rejection at Month 12 |
| End point description: | |
| Subclinical rejection defined as histological findings by the central pathologist consistent with acute rejection, but lacking its clinical correlate. Acute rejection defined as a clinico-pathological event requiring clinical evidence and renal biopsy confirmation demonstrating a Banff 97 classification of Grade IA or greater, with higher scores indicating more severe rejection. Only the episode with the highest Banff grade for each subject was counted. Clinical evidence defined as an unexplained rise of serum creatinine $\geq 25\%$ from baseline; or an unexplained decreased urine output; or fever and graft tenderness; or a serum creatinine that remained elevated within 14 days post-transplantation and clinical suspicion of acute rejection existed. Allograft biopsies were evaluated by a blinded central independent pathologist using Banff 97 working classification of kidney transplant pathology. Analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Month 12 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 155 | 170 | 164 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 5.2 (1.7 to 8.6) | 4.7 (1.5 to 7.9) | 4.3 (1.2 to 7.4) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of Subjects Treated for Acute Rejection (AR) Regardless of Histological Findings by Month 36

| | |
|---|---|
| End point title | Number of Subjects Treated for Acute Rejection (AR) Regardless of Histological Findings by Month 36 |
| End point description: | |
| Allograft rejection includes any episode of rejection: clinically suspected rejection, treated rejection, any central biopsy-proven acute rejection (BPAR), and acute rejection (AR: a subset of BPAR) defined as central biopsy-proven rejection that was either clinically suspected by protocol-defined reasons or by other reasons and was treated. AR defined as clinico-pathological event requiring clinical evidence (either an unexplained rise of serum creatinine $\geq 25\%$ from baseline or an unexplained decreased urine output; or fever and graft tenderness; or a serum creatinine that remained elevated within 14 days post-transplantation and clinical suspicion of AR) and renal biopsy confirmation biopsy demonstrating a Banff 97 classification of kidney transplant pathology classification of Grade IA or greater, with higher scores indicating more severe rejection. Only the highest Banff grade for each subject was counted. Analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Randomisation to Month 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: subjects | | | | |
| number (not applicable) | | | | |
| Month 6 | 43 | 68 | 70 | |
| Month 12 | 56 | 72 | 75 | |
| Month 24 | 63 | 74 | 81 | |
| Month 36 | 69 | 76 | 82 | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Value of Physical and Mental Components using SF-36 Questionnaire

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Mean Value of Physical and Mental Components using SF-36 Questionnaire |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The SF-36 was a Subject-Reported Quality of Life (QoL) Short Form (SF) questionnaire. The scale in the mental component (MCS) part of the instrument ranged from 1 to 6 with 1=all of the time and 6= none of the time. The scale for physical component (PCS) ranged from 1 to 3 with 1=Yes, limited a lot and 3=No, not limited at all. The scale for the extent that physical health or emotional problems interfered with normal activities ranged from 1 to 5 with 1=not at all and 5= extremely. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Months 6, 12, 24, 36

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 203 | 218 | 201 | |
| Units: units on a scale | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | | | | |
| Mental Component Score; Month 6 (n=191, 205, 189) | 49.4 (± 11.08) | 49.9 (± 10.55) | 51.1 (± 10.53) | |
| Physical Component Score; Month 6 (n=191,205,189) | 47.3 (± 8.91) | 48.9 (± 8.59) | 49.2 (± 7.58) | |
| Mental Component Score; Month 12 (n=198,210,194) | 49.5 (± 10.78) | 50.3 (± 10.08) | 49.9 (± 10.54) | |
| Physical Component Score; Month 12 (n=198,210,194) | 47.5 (± 9.34) | 49.6 (± 8.18) | 50.3 (± 8.21) | |
| Mental Component Score; Month 24 (n=200,214,198) | 48.3 (± 11.14) | 49.6 (± 10.77) | 48.8 (± 11.03) | |
| Physical Component Score; Month 24 (n=200,214,198) | 47.3 (± 9.5) | 49 (± 8.77) | 49.9 (± 8.03) | |
| Mental Component Score; Month 36 (n=203,218,201) | 46.9 (± 11.6) | 48.7 (± 11.26) | 48.3 (± 11.5) | |
| Physical Component Score; Month 36 (n=203,218,201) | 47.1 (± 9.47) | 49.2 (± 9.15) | 48.7 (± 8.9) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Value of the Eight Domain Scores of Quality of Life Using SF-36 Questionnaire

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | Mean Value of the Eight Domain Scores of Quality of Life Using SF-36 Questionnaire |
| End point description: | |
| Subject-Reported questionnaire (8 Domains): Bodily Pain (1=none to 6=very severe;Pain interfered with normal work 1=not at all to 6=extremely),General Health (1=excellent/better than 1 year ago to 5=poor /much worse than 1 year ago), Mental Health (involving emotions 1=all of the time and 6= none of the time;emotional problems interfered with normal activities 1=not at all and 5= extremely.), Physical Functioning (1 to 3 with 1=Yes,limited a lot and 3=No,not limited at all;physical health interfered with normal activities 1=not at all and 5= extremely. Role Emotional (emotional problems interfered 1=all time to 5=none of time),Role Physical (physical problems interfered 1=all time to 5=none of time),Social Functioning (interference in social activities 1=not at all to 5=extremely),Vitality: I get sick easier;I'm healthy as anyone;health excellent;expect health to worsen:1=definitely true,2=mostly true, don't know=3,mostly false=4,definitely false=5. Analysis = ITT population. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Months 6, 12, 24, 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 205 | 219 | 206 | |
| Units: units on a scale | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | | | | |
| Bodily Pain, Month 6 (n=193, 207, 193) | 50.6 (± 10.96) | 52.5 (± 10.1) | 52.7 (± 10.04) | |
| General Health, Month 6 (n=193, 207, 194) | 47.9 (± 10.08) | 48.2 (± 9.67) | 49 (± 8.66) | |
| Mental Health, Month 6 (n=192, 206, 194) | 50.1 (± 11.08) | 50.3 (± 10.33) | 51.3 (± 10.78) | |
| Physical Functioning, Month 6 (n=193, 207, 194) | 47.4 (± 9.13) | 48.3 (± 9.01) | 48 (± 8.81) | |
| Role Emotional, Month 6 (n=192, 206, 191) | 44.6 (± 12.31) | 46 (± 11.19) | 46.8 (± 10.55) | |
| Role-Physical, Month 6 (n=192, 207, 192) | 43.2 (± 11.08) | 45.2 (± 10.34) | 46.7 (± 9.06) | |
| Social Functioning, Month 6 (n=193, 207, 194) | 47.5 (± 10.68) | 47.8 (± 10.41) | 47.9 (± 10.65) | |
| Vitality, Month 6 (n=192, 206, 194) | 54 (± 10.27) | 55.5 (± 9.75) | 56.2 (± 9.29) | |
| Bodily Pain, Month 12 (n=200, 213, 199) | 50.8 (± 10.79) | 52.7 (± 9.67) | 53.7 (± 9.6) | |
| General Health, Month 12 (n=200, 214, 199) | 46.9 (± 9.98) | 48.8 (± 9.57) | 49.2 (± 8.85) | |
| Mental Health, Month 12 (n=200, 213, 199) | 49.8 (± 10.99) | 50.7 (± 10.64) | 50.3 (± 10.29) | |

| | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Physical Functioning, Month 12 (n=200, 214, 198) | 47.2 (± 9.77) | 49 (± 8.88) | 48.1 (± 9.84) |
| Role Emotional, Month 12 (n=198, 213, 196) | 45.8 (± 11.36) | 46.8 (± 10.82) | 45.9 (± 11.27) |
| Role-Physical, Month 12 (n=199, 213, 196) | 45 (± 10.78) | 47.1 (± 10) | 47.5 (± 9.9) |
| Social Functioning, Month 12 (n=200, 213, 199) | 47.6 (± 10.26) | 48.4 (± 9.61) | 49.1 (± 9.8) |
| Vitality, Month 12 (n=200, 213, 199) | 53.3 (± 10.01) | 55.7 (± 9.81) | 56 (± 9.34) |
| Bodily Pain, Month 24 (n=203, 219, 205) | 51 (± 10.82) | 51.4 (± 10.51) | 52.5 (± 10.47) |
| General Health, Month 24 (n=203, 219, 205) | 46.2 (± 10.07) | 48.4 (± 9.61) | 48.7 (± 9.45) |
| Mental Health, Month 24 (n=201, 215, 199) | 48.5 (± 11.13) | 49.7 (± 10.89) | 49.3 (± 10.85) |
| Physical Functioning, Month 24 (n=203, 219, 205) | 46.5 (± 10.69) | 48.7 (± 9.76) | 48 (± 10.24) |
| Role Emotional, Month 24 (n=202, 218, 205) | 44.8 (± 12.54) | 46.4 (± 10.89) | 46 (± 10.88) |
| Role-Physical, Month 24 (n=203, 219, 204) | 44.1 (± 11.61) | 46.6 (± 10.39) | 48 (± 9.33) |
| Social Functioning, Month 24 (n=203, 219, 205) | 47.3 (± 10.64) | 48.6 (± 10.28) | 47.7 (± 10.23) |
| Vitality, Month 24 (n=201, 215, 200) | 52.5 (± 10.58) | 54.5 (± 10.3) | 54.2 (± 10.3) |
| Bodily Pain, Month 36 (n=204, 219, 205) | 50 (± 11.4) | 52.3 (± 10.4) | 51 (± 11.05) |
| General Health, Month 36 (n=205, 219, 206) | 45.5 (± 10.12) | 47.7 (± 10.45) | 47.5 (± 9.93) |
| Mental Health, Month 36 (n=203, 219, 204) | 47.4 (± 11.64) | 48.9 (± 11.52) | 48.7 (± 11.43) |
| Physical Functioning, Month 36 (n=204, 218, 206) | 46.8 (± 9.92) | 48.1 (± 10.22) | 47.8 (± 10.12) |
| Role Emotional, Month 36 (n=204, 219, 205) | 43.5 (± 12.18) | 46 (± 11.85) | 45.3 (± 11.67) |
| Role-Physical, Month 36 (n=204, 219, 205) | 43.6 (± 10.73) | 46.3 (± 11.03) | 46.2 (± 10.03) |
| Social Functioning, Month 36 (n=204, 219, 206) | 46.6 (± 10.68) | 48.1 (± 10.28) | 47.1 (± 10.66) |
| Vitality, Month 36 (n=203, 219, 204) | 51.4 (± 10.48) | 53.6 (± 11.38) | 53.4 (± 10.46) |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Relative to an Identified Distribution (ridit) Value of Symptom Occurrence and Symptom Distress using Modified Transplant Symptom Occurrence and Symptom Distress Scale (MTSOSDS-59R)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Mean Relative to an Identified Distribution (ridit) Value of Symptom Occurrence and Symptom Distress using Modified Transplant Symptom Occurrence and Symptom Distress Scale (MTSOSDS-59R) |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Modified Transplant Symptom Occurrence and Symptom Distress Scale (MTSOSD-59R) was used to assess occurrence (never, occasionally, regularly, almost always, always) and distress (0=no distress to 4=terrible distress) of symptoms associated with immunosuppressive therapies. Ridit (relative to an identified distribution) analysis (Fleiss JL. Statistical methods for rates and proportions. New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1991) was used. Ridit scores were calculated at baseline and at 6, 12, 24, and 36 months for overall symptom occurrence score and overall symptom distress. Ridit score reflects the

probability that a score observed for an individual randomly selected from a group would be higher (worse symptom) than a score observed for a randomly selected individual from the reference group. Reference group was constituted by the frequency distribution of responses of all subjects on all items at baseline. Redit of the reference group is by definition, 0.5. Analysis = ITT population.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Months 6, 12, 24, 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 186 | 197 | 187 | |
| Units: Redit score | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard error) | | | | |
| Symptom Distress, Month 6 (n=157, 164, 155) | 0.4643 (± 0.00452) | 0.4407 (± 0.00404) | 0.4451 (± 0.00422) | |
| Symptom Occurrence, Month 6 (n=166, 176, 165) | 0.4721 (± 0.00463) | 0.4495 (± 0.00425) | 0.4459 (± 0.00432) | |
| Symptom Distress, Month 12 (n=169, 185, 169) | 0.4751 (± 0.00453) | 0.451 (± 0.00397) | 0.4546 (± 0.00421) | |
| Symptom Occurrence, Month 12 (n=173, 188, 173) | 0.4776 (± 0.00458) | 0.4519 (± 0.00411) | 0.4525 (± 0.0043) | |
| Symptom Distress, Month 24 (n=182, 195, 179) | 0.4798 (± 0.00443) | 0.4584 (± 0.00397) | 0.4646 (± 0.00424) | |
| Symptom Occurrence, Month 24 (n=184, 197, 184) | 0.4804 (± 0.00446) | 0.4574 (± 0.00406) | 0.4593 (± 0.00423) | |
| Symptom Distress, Month 36 (n=184, 196, 183) | 0.5 (± 0.00456) | 0.4746 (± 0.00408) | 0.4892 (± 0.00442) | |
| Symptom Occurrence, Month 36 (n=186, 197, 187) | 0.5 (± 0.00459) | 0.4732 (± 0.00421) | 0.4846 (± 0.00441) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Changes in the Value of Physical and Mental Components Using SF-36 from Baseline Up To Months 6, 12, 24, and 36

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Mean Changes in the Value of Physical and Mental Components Using SF-36 from Baseline Up To Months 6, 12, 24, and 36 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The SF-36 was a Subject-Reported Quality of Life (QoL) Short Form (SF) questionnaire. The scale in the mental component (MCS) part of the instrument ranged from 1 to 6 with 1=all of the time and 6= none of the time. The scale for physical component (PCS) ranged from 1 to 3 with 1=Yes, limited a lot and 3=No, not limited at all. The scale for the extent that physical health or emotional problems interfered with normal activities ranged from 1 to 5 with 1=not at all and 5= extremely. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Months 6, 12, 24, and 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 192 | 203 | 193 | |
| Units: units on a scale | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | | | | |
| Mental Component Score; Month 6 (n=187, 197, 184) | 5.4 (± 0.714) | 6.2 (± 0.695) | 7.3 (± 0.72) | |
| Physical Component Score; Month 6 (n=187, 197, 184) | 5 (± 0.58) | 6.2 (± 0.566) | 6.7 (± 0.585) | |
| Mental Component Score; Month 12 (n=192, 200, 189) | 5.4 (± 0.687) | 6.8 (± 0.673) | 6.2 (± 0.693) | |
| Physical Component Score; Month 12 (n=192,200,189) | 5.5 (± 0.589) | 7.1 (± 0.577) | 7.8 (± 0.594) | |
| Mental Component Score; Month 24 (n=191,202,193) | 4.4 (± 0.732) | 5.7 (± 0.712) | 5.1 (± 0.728) | |
| Physical Component Score; Month 24 (n=191,202,193) | 5.1 (± 0.601) | 6.5 (± 0.584) | 7.3 (± 0.597) | |
| Mental Component Score; Month 36 (n=190,203,191) | 2.6 (± 0.756) | 5.1 (± 0.732) | 4.5 (± 0.754) | |
| Physical Component Score; Month 36 (n=190,203,191) | 4.9 (± 0.633) | 6.5 (± 0.612) | 6.1 (± 0.631) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Change in the Value of the Eight Domain Scores Using SF-36 from Baseline Up To Months 6, 12, 24, and 36

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | Mean Change in the Value of the Eight Domain Scores Using SF-36 from Baseline Up To Months 6, 12, 24, and 36 |
| End point description: | |
| Subject-Reported questionnaire (8 Domains): Bodily Pain (1=none to 6=very severe;Pain interfered with normal work 1=not at all to 6=extremely),General Health (1=excellent/better than 1 year ago to 5=poor /much worse than 1 year ago), Mental Health (involving emotions 1=all of the time and 6= none of the time;emotional problems interfered with normal activities 1=not at all and 5= extremely.), Physical Functioning (1 to 3 with 1=Yes,limited a lot and 3=No,not limited at all;physical health interfered with normal activities 1=not at all and 5= extremely. Role Emotional (emotional problems interfered 1=all time to 5=none of time),Role Physical (physical problems interfered 1=all time to 5=none of time),Social Functioning (interference in social activities 1=not at all to 5=extremely),Vitality: I get sick easier;I'm healthy as anyone;health excellent;expect health to worsen:1=definitely true,2=mostly true, don't know=3,mostly false=4,definitely false=5. Analysis = ITT population. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Months 6, 12, 24, and 36 | |

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 194 | 207 | 197 | |
| Units: units on a scale | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard error) | | | | |
| Bodily Pain, Month 6 (n=189,201,189) | 2.9 (± 0.712) | 4.5 (± 0.691) | 4.6 (± 0.712) | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| General Health, Month 6 (n=189,201,190) | 6.7 (± 0.631) | 7.1 (± 0.612) | 7.3 (± 0.63) |
| Mental Health, Month 6 (n=188,198,190) | 4.7 (± 0.716) | 5.2 (± 0.698) | 6.1 (± 0.712) |
| Physical Functioning, Month 6 (n=189,201,190) | 4.7 (± 0.61) | 5.3 (± 0.592) | 5.6 (± 0.61) |
| Role Emotional, Month 6 (n=188,200,186) | 4.7 (± 0.767) | 5.8 (± 0.744) | 6.9 (± 0.772) |
| Role-Physical, Month 6 (n=188,201,187) | 6.4 (± 0.718) | 8.4 (± 0.694) | 9.6 (± 0.72) |
| Social Functioning, Month 6 (n=189,201,190) | 6 (± 0.724) | 6.8 (± 0.702) | 6.9 (± 0.722) |
| Vitality, Month 6 (n=188,198,190) | 7.5 (± 0.668) | 9 (± 0.651) | 9.9 (± 0.665) |
| Bodily Pain, Month 12 (n=194,205,195) | 3.1 (± 0.665) | 4.8 (± 0.647) | 5.5 (± 0.664) |
| General Health, Month 12 (n=194,206,195) | 6 (± 0.638) | 7.7 (± 0.619) | 7.6 (± 0.636) |
| Mental Health, Month 12 (n=194,203,195) | 4.4 (± 0.685) | 6 (± 0.67) | 5 (± 0.684) |
| Physical Functioning, Month 12 (n=194,206,194) | 4.7 (± 0.64) | 6.2 (± 0.621) | 5.8 (± 0.641) |
| Role Emotional, Month 12 (n=192,205,191) | 5.7 (± 0.765) | 6.6 (± 0.741) | 5.9 (± 0.768) |
| Role-Physical, Month 12 (n=193,205,191) | 8.3 (± 0.716) | 10.3 (± 0.695) | 10.4 (± 0.72) |
| Social Functioning, Month 12 (n=194,205,195) | 6.4 (± 0.669) | 7.7 (± 0.65) | 8 (± 0.667) |
| Vitality, Month 12 (n=194,203,195) | 7 (± 0.651) | 9.2 (± 0.636) | 9.7 (± 0.649) |
| Bodily Pain, Month 24 (n=192,207,197) | 3.2 (± 0.722) | 3.3 (± 0.696) | 4.1 (± 0.713) |
| General Health, Month 24 (n=193,207,197) | 5.1 (± 0.641) | 7.2 (± 0.619) | 6.8 (± 0.635) |
| Mental Health, Month 24 (n=193,203,195) | 3.2 (± 0.71) | 4.6 (± 0.692) | 4 (± 0.706) |
| Physical Functioning, Month 24 (n=193,207,197) | 4.1 (± 0.685) | 5.7 (± 0.662) | 5.5 (± 0.679) |
| Role Emotional, Month 24 (n=192,206,196) | 4.7 (± 0.793) | 6 (± 0.766) | 5.9 (± 0.785) |
| Role-Physical, Month 24 (n=193,207,195) | 7.4 (± 0.74) | 9.4 (± 0.715) | 10.7 (± 0.737) |
| Social Functioning, Month 24 (n=193, 207,197) | 5.9 (± 0.722) | 7.4 (± 0.697) | 6.3 (± 0.715) |
| Vitality, Month 24 (n=193,203,196) | 6.2 (± 0.7) | 7.9 (± 0.682) | 8 (± 0.695) |
| Bodily Pain, Month 36 (n=191,207,196) | 2.3 (± 0.739) | 4.2 (± 0.71) | 3 (± 0.73) |
| General Health, Month 36 (n=193,207,197) | 4.1 (± 0.681) | 6.6 (± 0.657) | 5.8 (± 0.674) |
| Mental Health, Month 36 (n=191,204,195) | 1.8 (± 0.754) | 4.1 (± 0.729) | 3.4 (± 0.746) |
| Physical Functioning, Month 36 (n=192,206,197) | 4.4 (± 0.692) | 5.3 (± 0.668) | 5.1 (± 0.684) |
| Role Emotional, Month 36 (n=192,207,195) | 3.3 (± 0.83) | 5.6 (± 0.8) | 5 (± 0.824) |
| Role-Physical, Month 36 (n=192,207,195) | 6.8 (± 0.754) | 9.2 (± 0.727) | 8.9 (± 0.749) |
| Social Functioning, Month 36 (n=192,207,197) | 5.1 (± 0.736) | 7 (± 0.708) | 5.6 (± 0.726) |
| Vitality, Month 36 (n=191,204,195) | 4.9 (± 0.721) | 7.3 (± 0.698) | 7.3 (± 0.714) |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects Surviving With a Functioning Graft

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects Surviving With a Functioning Graft |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Graft loss was defined as either functional loss or physical loss (nephrectomy). Functional loss was defined as a sustained level of serum creatinine (SCr) ≥ 6.0 milligrams per deciliter (mg/dL) or 530 micromoles per liter ($\mu\text{mol/L}$) as determined by the central laboratory for ≥ 4 weeks or ≥ 56 consecutive days of dialysis or impairment of renal function to such a degree that the subject underwent retransplant. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Months 24, 36

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | | | | |
| Month 24 | 90.5 (86.6 to 94.4) | 94.7 (91.8 to 97.6) | 94.1 (90.9 to 97.2) | |
| Month 36 | 88.7 (84.5 to 92.9) | 92 (88.5 to 95.6) | 92.2 (88.7 to 95.8) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent of Subjects with Composite Endpoint or Death, Graft Loss or Acute Rejection by Month 36

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent of Subjects with Composite Endpoint or Death, Graft Loss or Acute Rejection by Month 36 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Graft loss was defined as either functional loss or physical loss (nephrectomy). Functional loss was defined as a sustained level of serum creatinine (SCr) ≥ 6.0 milligrams per deciliter (mg/dL) or 530 micromoles per liter ($\mu\text{mol/L}$) as determined by the central laboratory for ≥ 4 weeks or ≥ 56 consecutive days of dialysis or impairment of renal function to such a degree that the subject underwent retransplant. Acute rejection was defined as central biopsy proven rejection that was either (1) clinically suspected by protocol defined reasons or (2) clinically suspected by other reasons and treated. Death and graft loss were not imputed. The analysis was performed in all randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Randomisation to Month 36

| End point values | Cyclosporine | Belatacept LI | Belatacept MI | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 221 | 226 | 219 | |
| Units: percentage of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | | | | |
| Month 12 | 13.6 (9.1 to 18.1) | 19.5 (14.3 to 24.6) | 25.1 (19.4 to 30.9) | |
| Month 24 | 18.1 (13 to 23.2) | 19.9 (14.7 to 25.1) | 27.9 (21.9 to 33.8) | |
| Month 36 | 19.9 (14.6 to 25.2) | 20.8 (15.5 to 26.1) | 28.3 (22.3 to 34.3) | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

Randomisation to study completion (approximately 10 years)

Adverse event reporting additional description:

Study start: March 2005; Study Completion: April 2015.

All randomised and transplanted subjects, intent to treat (ITT) population

| | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Assessment type | Systematic |
|-----------------|------------|

Dictionary used

| | |
|-----------------|--------|
| Dictionary name | MedDRA |
|-----------------|--------|

| | |
|--------------------|------|
| Dictionary version | 18.1 |
|--------------------|------|

Reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| Reporting group title | Cyclosporine |
|-----------------------|--------------|

Reporting group description:

Cyclosporine (CsA): tablet, oral

1st month target: 150-300 nanogram/meter (ng/m) After 1st month target: 100-250

nanogram/milliliter (ng/mL), daily, 36 months (short term = ST), 100-250 ng/mL, daily, 24 months (long term = LT)

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Reporting group title | Belatacept - MI |
|-----------------------|-----------------|

Reporting group description:

Belatacept MI (more intensive): solution, IV, 10mg/kg: Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,12, 16, 20, and 24, then 5 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg) every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT)

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Reporting group title | Belatacept - LI |
|-----------------------|-----------------|

Reporting group description:

Belatacept LI (less intensive): solution, intravenous (IV), 10 milligrams/kilogram (mg/kg): Days 1 and 5, Weeks 2, 4, 8 and 12, then 5 mg/kg every (q) 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 36 months (ST), 5 mg/kg every 4 weeks, q 4 weeks, 24 months (LT)

| Serious adverse events | Cyclosporine | Belatacept - MI | Belatacept - LI |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Total subjects affected by serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 167 / 215 (77.67%) | 164 / 219 (74.89%) | 160 / 226 (70.80%) |
| number of deaths (all causes) | 26 | 19 | 15 |
| number of deaths resulting from adverse events | | | |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps) | | | |
| Colon cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lip squamous cell carcinoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Metastatic uterine cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Metastases to lung | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Prostate cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 3 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal oncocytoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Thyroid cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Anogenital warts | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Brain neoplasm | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Iris neoplasm | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lung neoplasm malignant | | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Pancreatic neoplasm | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| Sarcoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Throat cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Adenoma benign | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Basosquamous carcinoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Basal cell carcinoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 215 (5.58%) | 8 / 219 (3.65%) | 9 / 226 (3.98%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 19 / 27 | 15 / 21 | 9 / 16 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Malignant melanoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Metastatic malignant melanoma | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Breast cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatic adenoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lung cancer metastatic | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Post transplant lymphoproliferative disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 1 / 2 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Skin cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Uterine leiomyoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Acanthoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Benign breast neoplasm | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bladder adenocarcinoma stage unspecified | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Chronic myeloid leukaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Invasive ductal breast carcinoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Squamous cell carcinoma of lung | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Squamous cell carcinoma of skin | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 9 / 219 (4.11%) | 8 / 226 (3.54%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 19 / 22 | 15 / 21 | 6 / 8 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Thymic cancer metastatic | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Metastatic squamous cell carcinoma | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Non-small cell lung cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Oesophageal carcinoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| Squamous cell carcinoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| B-cell lymphoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cervix carcinoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Haemangioma of liver | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Malignant pleural effusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Keratoacanthoma | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Papillary thyroid cancer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Parathyroid tumour benign | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bladder papilloma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bowen's disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 4 / 4 | 5 / 5 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lymphoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal cell carcinoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal neoplasm | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Femoral artery occlusion | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Haematoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypertension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 4 | 0 / 3 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Infarction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Arterial stenosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lymphocele | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 8 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Peripheral vascular disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Arterial thrombosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Embolism venous | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pelvic venous thrombosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Peripheral ischaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Peripheral artery dissection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Peripheral artery stenosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Thrombosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vascular compression | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Deep vein thrombosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypertensive emergency | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ischaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Phlebitis superficial | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Shock haemorrhagic | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Capillary leak syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypertensive crisis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Orthostatic hypotension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Peripheral artery thrombosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Peripheral arterial occlusive disease | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Thrombophlebitis superficial | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Arterial occlusive disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypotension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 4 | 1 / 5 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Thrombophlebitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Aortic stenosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Extremity necrosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Hyperthermia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumatosis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ulcer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Accidental death | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Hernia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Oedema peripheral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Sudden death | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 2 / 2 |
| Incarcerated hernia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Malaise | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pyrexia | | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 16 / 215 (7.44%) | 13 / 219 (5.94%) | 17 / 226 (7.52%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 6 / 22 | 4 / 14 | 5 / 19 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Chest discomfort | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Asthenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Chest pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 215 (2.79%) | 6 / 219 (2.74%) | 3 / 226 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 9 | 0 / 6 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| General physical health deterioration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Inflammation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Multi-organ failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Peripheral swelling | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Influenza like illness | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ischaemic ulcer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Systemic inflammatory response syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| Transplant rejection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Drug hypersensitivity | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal transplant failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Chronic allograft nephropathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 4 | 0 / 4 | 2 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Reproductive system and breast disorders | | | |
| Acquired hydrocele | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Prostatitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 3 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vaginal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Menorrhagia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Breast calcifications | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Priapism | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Uterine polyp | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Metrorrhagia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Benign prostatic hyperplasia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Endometriosis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| Pneumonia aspiration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumonitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumothorax | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Asthma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Laryngeal oedema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Respiratory arrest | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Sleep apnoea syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Acute respiratory distress syndrome | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bronchitis chronic | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypoxia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Interstitial lung disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lung disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 3 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pulmonary embolism | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Dyspnoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 4 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Pulmonary hypertension | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Pulmonary oedema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Respiratory failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Respiratory distress | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Acute pulmonary oedema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Atelectasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pleural effusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pulmonary congestion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Acute respiratory failure | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bullous lung disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| Mania | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Suicidal ideation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Acute psychosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Delirium | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Mental status changes | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Completed suicide | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hallucination | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Mental disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Anxiety | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypomania | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Alcoholism | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Panic attack | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Investigations | | | |
| Blood glucose fluctuation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Liver function test abnormal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pyelonephritis acute | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 6 / 219 (2.74%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 4 | 0 / 7 | 1 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Blood creatine increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 10 / 18 | 0 / 5 | 4 / 14 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Blood culture positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cytomegalovirus test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Polyomavirus test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Platelet count decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 3 / 3 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| C-reactive protein increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatic enzyme increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 10 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumocystis test positive | | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 10 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Ultrasound kidney abnormal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Weight decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 1 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Blood glucose decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Coagulation test abnormal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Blood creatinine increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 16 / 215 (7.44%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 10 / 226 (4.42%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 10 / 18 | 0 / 5 | 4 / 14 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Staphylococcus test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| Arteriovenous fistula thrombosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 3 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Delayed graft function | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 3 / 226 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 9 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Limb injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Multiple fractures | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Postoperative wound complication | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal lymphocele | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Soft tissue injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Rib fracture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Transplant dysfunction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 215 (3.26%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 5 / 226 (2.21%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 4 / 7 | 1 / 3 | 2 / 5 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Transplant failure | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ureteric anastomosis complication | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Upper limb fracture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Face injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Fall | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Graft complication | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hip fracture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Overdose | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 7 / 226 (3.10%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 4 | 4 / 7 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Post procedural haematuria | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Road traffic accident | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Wound | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Arteriovenous fistula aneurysm | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Chest injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Clavicle fracture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Patella fracture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ankle fracture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 3 / 226 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Complications of transplanted kidney | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Transfusion reaction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Wound dehiscence | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 3 / 226 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 1 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Craniocerebral injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tendon rupture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 3 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Wound evisceration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Complications of transplant surgery | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Excoriation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Infusion related reaction | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Laceration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Post procedural haematoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Post procedural inflammation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Seroma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary anastomotic leak | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vascular graft complication | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Arteriovenous fistula occlusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Post procedural haemorrhage | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Stenosis of vesicourethral anastomosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Carbon monoxide poisoning | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Graft loss | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 2 | 1 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Humerus fracture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lower limb fracture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Post procedural complication | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Postoperative ileus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Procedural hypotension | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Subdural haematoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tibia fracture | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Toxicity to various agents | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 9 / 9 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Congenital, familial and genetic disorders | | | |
| Congenital cystic kidney disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Polycystic liver disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Patent ductus arteriosus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| Acute coronary syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Angina pectoris | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Atrial fibrillation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 1 / 8 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cardiogenic shock | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Mitral valve disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bradycardia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Cardiac failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Left ventricular dysfunction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tachycardia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ventricular fibrillation | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Angina unstable | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Aortic valve disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cardiac arrest | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 9 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 6 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 2 |
| Myocardial ischaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Myocardial infarction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 215 (2.33%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 6 | 0 / 4 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Coronary artery disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pericardial effusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pulseless electrical activity | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Atrial flutter | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Acute myocardial infarction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 6 / 219 (2.74%) | 5 / 226 (2.21%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 7 | 0 / 6 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cardiac failure congestive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 7 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ischaemic cardiomyopathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Arrhythmia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Supraventricular tachycardia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| Headache | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Spinal cord compression | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypoaesthesia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Loss of consciousness | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Presyncope | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Haemorrhage intracranial | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Generalised tonic-clonic seizure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Sciatica | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Amnesia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Intracranial pressure increased | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Central nervous system lesion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Carotid artery stenosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cerebrovascular accident | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 1 / 5 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Migraine | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pineal gland cyst | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Syncope | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Action tremor | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hemiparesis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Myasthenic syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Seizure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cerebral haematoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cervicobrachial syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Mononeuropathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Transient ischaemic attack | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| Agranulocytosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Leukopenia | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 4 | 2 / 4 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pancytopenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Haemolytic uraemic syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Anaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 215 (3.26%) | 7 / 219 (3.20%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 9 | 2 / 7 | 2 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bicytopenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Febrile neutropenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Neutropenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 3 / 226 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 5 | 2 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Splenic cyst | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Aplasia pure red cell | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Coagulopathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lymphadenopathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Thrombocytopenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 4 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ear and labyrinth disorders | | | |
| Vertigo | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Deafness | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Motion sickness | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Middle ear effusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Eye disorders | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Retinal vein occlusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Papilloedema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vision blurred | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vitreous haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Ascites | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Diabetic gastroparesis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastrooesophageal reflux disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastritis erosive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hernial eventration | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Inguinal hernia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Melaena | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Nausea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tongue ulceration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vomiting | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 1 / 3 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Enteritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastrointestinal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 5 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Umbilical hernia | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Colitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Constipation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Food poisoning | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ileus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 3 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Intestinal obstruction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 3 / 226 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pancreatolithiasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Volvulus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Abdominal hernia | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Abdominal pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 9 | 1 / 3 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Abdominal pain lower | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Diarrhoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 9 / 219 (4.11%) | 12 / 226 (5.31%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 10 | 2 / 12 | 1 / 12 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Incarcerated inguinal hernia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Intestinal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastrointestinal disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 4 / 48 | 10 / 58 | 2 / 33 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Intestinal perforation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Large intestine polyp | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Large intestine perforation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Retroperitoneal haematoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastric ulcer perforation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hiatus hernia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ileus paralytic | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Irritable bowel syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pancreatitis acute | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 5 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pancreatitis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Rectal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Thrombosis mesenteric vessel | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Abdominal compartment syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Colitis ischaemic | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Intra-abdominal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Mesenteric arterial occlusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Small intestinal obstruction | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Toothache | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| Biliary colic | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cholelithiasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 215 (2.33%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 5 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatitis alcoholic | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bile duct obstruction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cholecystitis acute | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatic function abnormal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatosplenomegaly | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cholangitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cholecystitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gallbladder disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bile duct stenosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bile duct stone | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatic cirrhosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| Skin ulcer | | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 3 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ingrowing nail | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pruritus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Rash generalised | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Subcutaneous emphysema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Actinic keratosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Erythema multiforme | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| Acute kidney injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 215 (6.05%) | 6 / 219 (2.74%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 5 / 20 | 0 / 6 | 2 / 8 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal artery thrombosis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ureteric obstruction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Chronic kidney disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Glomerulonephritis acute | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Haematuria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal impairment | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 215 (2.79%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 7 / 226 (3.10%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 6 / 6 | 1 / 5 | 1 / 8 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal tubular disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tubulointerstitial nephritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Azotaemia | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Calculus urinary | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Obstructive uropathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal cyst | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal haematoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ureteric stenosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 215 (2.33%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 7 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vesicoureteric reflux | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Nephritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal mass | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal artery stenosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal tubular necrosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 4 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary incontinence | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Acute prerenal failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Glomerulonephritis membranous | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hydronephrosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 5 | 0 / 5 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal vein thrombosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal cyst ruptured | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary bladder polyp | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary retention | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ureteric haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Proteinuria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 4 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal tubular atrophy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary fistula | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary tract obstruction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Anuria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bladder neck sclerosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Nephrolithiasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Nephropathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary bladder haemorrhage | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ureteral necrosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Endocrine disorders | | | |
| Hyperparathyroidism | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 215 (2.33%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 5 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hyperparathyroidism tertiary | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| Groin pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Osteonecrosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Osteoarthritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Musculoskeletal chest pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Bursitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Diastasis recti abdominis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Neuropathic arthropathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Acinetobacter infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| Abdominal sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Arteriovenous graft site infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bacteraemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Encephalitis meningococcal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Furuncle | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatitis E | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Histoplasmosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lower respiratory tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 1 / 3 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Periodontitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Postoperative wound infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Subcutaneous abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tuberculosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 3 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Tuberculosis of intrathoracic lymph nodes | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tuberculosis gastrointestinal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary tract infection enterococcal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Varicella zoster virus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vulval abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Arthritis bacterial | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bone tuberculosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cellulitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 7 | 2 / 5 | 3 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Campylobacter gastroenteritis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Erysipelas | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastroenteritis viral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 4 | 1 / 1 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Fungal skin infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastroenteritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 215 (3.26%) | 9 / 219 (4.11%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 7 | 2 / 9 | 0 / 5 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| H1N1 influenza | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Meningitis cryptococcal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Oesophageal candidiasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pulmonary tuberculosis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 0 / 3 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Streptococcal urinary tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Staphylococcal sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tubo-ovarian abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Abdominal abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Arteriovenous fistula site infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Atypical pneumonia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Blastomycosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cytomegalovirus gastrointestinal infection | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Folliculitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Localised infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lymph node tuberculosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Oral herpes | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Osteomyelitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 1 / 2 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Ovarian abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pharyngotonsillitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pseudomonas infection | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Psoas abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 9 / 219 (4.11%) | 6 / 226 (2.65%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 8 | 3 / 11 | 2 / 7 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| West Nile viral infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Abdominal wall abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bronchitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 3 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Diabetic foot infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Endocarditis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Herpes zoster | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Labyrinthitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Malaria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Peritonitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumonia influenzal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Polyomavirus-associated nephropathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 3 / 226 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 1 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Septic shock | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 3 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 |
| Sinusitis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 4 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Staphylococcal bacteraemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Soft tissue infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Upper respiratory tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 215 (2.33%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 6 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Appendicitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cholecystitis infective | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cytomegalovirus colitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Parvovirus infection | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pharyngitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumocystis jirovecii pneumonia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 1 / 2 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Respiratory tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 3 / 226 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 3 | 2 / 2 | 2 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tooth abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Varicella | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Anal abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bacterial infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Candida infection | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Clostridium difficile colitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cryptococcosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Cytomegalovirus hepatitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Diverticulitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Escherichia urinary tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gangrene | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatic cyst infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Groin abscess | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Influenza | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Necrotising fasciitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Peritonitis bacterial | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumonia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 17 / 215 (7.91%) | 9 / 219 (4.11%) | 14 / 226 (6.19%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 10 / 22 | 9 / 12 | 8 / 17 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 5 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Strongyloidiasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 32 / 215 (14.88%) | 21 / 219 (9.59%) | 26 / 226 (11.50%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 15 / 41 | 11 / 26 | 5 / 29 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urinary tract infection bacterial | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 10 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bronchiolitis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bursitis infective | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cytomegalovirus viraemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastrointestinal viral infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Oral candidiasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Parasitic encephalitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumonia bacterial | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Pyelonephritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 8 / 219 (3.65%) | 9 / 226 (3.98%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 6 / 11 | 6 / 14 | 2 / 11 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pyelonephritis viral | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Staphylococcal infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Streptococcal sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Wound sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| BK virus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bacterial diarrhoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bacterial pyelonephritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bronchopulmonary aspergillosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Clostridium difficile infection | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Chest wall abscess | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cytomegalovirus duodenitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cytomegalovirus gastroenteritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cytomegalovirus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 16 / 219 (7.31%) | 13 / 226 (5.75%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 6 / 12 | 12 / 21 | 10 / 14 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Cytomegalovirus enteritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Device related infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Epididymitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Escherichia infection | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastroenteritis norovirus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Infected skin ulcer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Orchitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumonia cytomegaloviral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Pertussis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumonia legionella | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Sepsis syndrome | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Sialoadenitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Tuberculous pleurisy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Viral infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Urosepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 3 / 219 (1.37%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 4 | 1 / 5 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Wound infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 1 / 4 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Hyperkalaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypocalcaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 215 (0.93%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypoglycaemia | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypokalaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hyponatraemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 215 (2.33%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 5 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Malnutrition | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Metabolic acidosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Type 2 diabetes mellitus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Acidosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hyperglycaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Failure to thrive | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypomagnesaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Dehydration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 215 (2.79%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 6 | 1 / 5 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Fluid overload | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Diabetes mellitus inadequate control | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gout | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypovolaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 1 / 219 (0.46%) | 2 / 226 (0.88%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Diabetes mellitus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 4 / 5 | 0 / 2 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| Diabetic ketoacidosis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 3 / 226 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Electrolyte imbalance | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 215 (0.00%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 1 / 226 (0.44%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypercalcaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 215 (0.47%) | 0 / 219 (0.00%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

| Non-serious adverse events | Cyclosporine | Belatacept - MI | Belatacept - LI |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 213 / 215 (99.07%) | 216 / 219 (98.63%) | 222 / 226 (98.23%) |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps) | | | |
| Skin papilloma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 215 (6.98%) | 14 / 219 (6.39%) | 9 / 226 (3.98%) |
| occurrences (all) | 32 | 23 | 19 |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Haematoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 16 / 215 (7.44%) | 12 / 219 (5.48%) | 9 / 226 (3.98%) |
| occurrences (all) | 29 | 20 | 22 |
| Hypertension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 82 / 215 (38.14%) | 70 / 219 (31.96%) | 87 / 226 (38.50%) |
| occurrences (all) | 186 | 174 | 197 |
| Hypotension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 31 / 215 (14.42%) | 45 / 219 (20.55%) | 36 / 226 (15.93%) |
| occurrences (all) | 51 | 72 | 57 |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Oedema | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 25 / 215 (11.63%) | 13 / 219 (5.94%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 53 | 23 | 22 |
| Chills | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 10 / 215 (4.65%) | 9 / 219 (4.11%) | 15 / 226 (6.64%) |
| occurrences (all) | 12 | 13 | 18 |
| Oedema peripheral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 87 / 215 (40.47%) | 64 / 219 (29.22%) | 70 / 226 (30.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 283 | 171 | 197 |
| Pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 215 (6.51%) | 20 / 219 (9.13%) | 14 / 226 (6.19%) |
| occurrences (all) | 24 | 35 | 21 |
| Pyrexia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 56 / 215 (26.05%) | 61 / 219 (27.85%) | 68 / 226 (30.09%) |
| occurrences (all) | 92 | 153 | 113 |
| Asthenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 215 (9.77%) | 16 / 219 (7.31%) | 27 / 226 (11.95%) |
| occurrences (all) | 38 | 24 | 39 |
| Chest pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 215 (9.77%) | 22 / 219 (10.05%) | 17 / 226 (7.52%) |
| occurrences (all) | 40 | 39 | 32 |
| Fatigue | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 32 / 215 (14.88%) | 22 / 219 (10.05%) | 27 / 226 (11.95%) |
| occurrences (all) | 63 | 50 | 65 |
| Peripheral swelling | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 12 / 219 (5.48%) | 8 / 226 (3.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 31 | 16 |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| Chronic allograft nephropathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 215 (9.77%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences (all) | 23 | 8 | 4 |
| Reproductive system and breast disorders | | | |
| Erectile dysfunction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 215 (6.51%) | 10 / 219 (4.57%) | 8 / 226 (3.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 26 | 12 | 21 |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |

| | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Productive cough subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 9 / 215 (4.19%) 17 | 10 / 219 (4.57%) 20 | 15 / 226 (6.64%) 35 |
| Cough subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 57 / 215 (26.51%) 174 | 69 / 219 (31.51%) 226 | 81 / 226 (35.84%) 213 |
| Dyspnoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 36 / 215 (16.74%) 63 | 16 / 219 (7.31%) 37 | 18 / 226 (7.96%) 32 |
| Rhinorrhoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 10 / 215 (4.65%) 26 | 11 / 219 (5.02%) 25 | 13 / 226 (5.75%) 30 |
| Oropharyngeal pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 14 / 215 (6.51%) 26 | 19 / 219 (8.68%) 33 | 28 / 226 (12.39%) 45 |
| Nasal congestion subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 215 (1.86%) 7 | 12 / 219 (5.48%) 22 | 11 / 226 (4.87%) 24 |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| Depression subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 18 / 215 (8.37%) 23 | 26 / 219 (11.87%) 38 | 17 / 226 (7.52%) 26 |
| Insomnia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 38 / 215 (17.67%) 73 | 42 / 219 (19.18%) 112 | 39 / 226 (17.26%) 71 |
| Anxiety subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 27 / 215 (12.56%) 38 | 27 / 219 (12.33%) 45 | 26 / 226 (11.50%) 53 |
| Investigations | | | |
| Weight increased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 24 / 215 (11.16%) 41 | 27 / 219 (12.33%) 51 | 24 / 226 (10.62%) 43 |
| C-reactive protein increased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 11 / 215 (5.12%) 23 | 12 / 219 (5.48%) 52 | 10 / 226 (4.42%) 25 |
| Weight decreased | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 27 / 219 (12.33%) | 22 / 226 (9.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | 62 | 43 |
| Blood creatinine increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 53 / 215 (24.65%) | 26 / 219 (11.87%) | 25 / 226 (11.06%) |
| occurrences (all) | 129 | 60 | 53 |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| Delayed graft function | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 28 / 215 (13.02%) | 22 / 219 (10.05%) | 26 / 226 (11.50%) |
| occurrences (all) | 49 | 43 | 47 |
| Transplant dysfunction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 215 (5.58%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 7 / 226 (3.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 22 | 7 | 10 |
| Contusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 11 / 219 (5.02%) | 8 / 226 (3.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 14 | 35 | 21 |
| Fall | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 16 / 215 (7.44%) | 10 / 219 (4.57%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 25 | 19 | 18 |
| Incision site pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 38 / 215 (17.67%) | 33 / 219 (15.07%) | 30 / 226 (13.27%) |
| occurrences (all) | 71 | 68 | 57 |
| Complications of transplanted kidney | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 215 (6.05%) | 7 / 219 (3.20%) | 10 / 226 (4.42%) |
| occurrences (all) | 19 | 11 | 19 |
| Complications of transplant surgery | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 11 / 219 (5.02%) | 7 / 226 (3.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 12 | 17 | 12 |
| Procedural pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 40 / 215 (18.60%) | 41 / 219 (18.72%) | 40 / 226 (17.70%) |
| occurrences (all) | 85 | 79 | 91 |
| Ligament sprain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 215 (3.26%) | 12 / 219 (5.48%) | 4 / 226 (1.77%) |
| occurrences (all) | 12 | 20 | 7 |
| Toxicity to various agents | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 27 / 215 (12.56%) 37 | 2 / 219 (0.91%) 2 | 3 / 226 (1.33%) 4 |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| Bradycardia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 215 (6.05%) | 8 / 219 (3.65%) | 9 / 226 (3.98%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 10 | 14 |
| Tachycardia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 23 / 215 (10.70%) | 19 / 219 (8.68%) | 12 / 226 (5.31%) |
| occurrences (all) | 43 | 31 | 18 |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| Headache | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 46 / 215 (21.40%) | 65 / 219 (29.68%) | 75 / 226 (33.19%) |
| occurrences (all) | 114 | 151 | 177 |
| Dizziness | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 32 / 215 (14.88%) | 24 / 219 (10.96%) | 25 / 226 (11.06%) |
| occurrences (all) | 74 | 40 | 57 |
| Hypoaesthesia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 215 (3.26%) | 12 / 219 (5.48%) | 19 / 226 (8.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 22 | 31 |
| Paraesthesia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 19 / 215 (8.84%) | 7 / 219 (3.20%) | 18 / 226 (7.96%) |
| occurrences (all) | 33 | 12 | 35 |
| Tremor | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 43 / 215 (20.00%) | 19 / 219 (8.68%) | 19 / 226 (8.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 103 | 28 | 37 |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| Leukopenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 37 / 215 (17.21%) | 40 / 219 (18.26%) | 48 / 226 (21.24%) |
| occurrences (all) | 84 | 100 | 101 |
| Polycythaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 215 (5.12%) | 14 / 219 (6.39%) | 17 / 226 (7.52%) |
| occurrences (all) | 16 | 38 | 46 |
| Anaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 86 / 215 (40.00%) | 85 / 219 (38.81%) | 92 / 226 (40.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 217 | 181 | 253 |
| Leukocytosis | | | |

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 10 / 219 (4.57%) | 16 / 226 (7.08%) |
| occurrences (all) | 15 | 21 | 32 |
| Neutropenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 10 / 215 (4.65%) | 9 / 219 (4.11%) | 14 / 226 (6.19%) |
| occurrences (all) | 20 | 16 | 26 |
| Thrombocytopenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 20 / 215 (9.30%) | 16 / 219 (7.31%) | 9 / 226 (3.98%) |
| occurrences (all) | 33 | 25 | 20 |
| Ear and labyrinth disorders | | | |
| Tinnitus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 215 (3.26%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 12 / 226 (5.31%) |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | 7 | 17 |
| Ear pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 5 / 219 (2.28%) | 13 / 226 (5.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 9 | 27 |
| Eye disorders | | | |
| Cataract | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 215 (5.12%) | 10 / 219 (4.57%) | 7 / 226 (3.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 23 | 13 | 12 |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Gastroesophageal reflux disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 215 (6.05%) | 11 / 219 (5.02%) | 19 / 226 (8.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 18 | 18 | 45 |
| Nausea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 70 / 215 (32.56%) | 59 / 219 (26.94%) | 62 / 226 (27.43%) |
| occurrences (all) | 187 | 128 | 150 |
| Vomiting | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 46 / 215 (21.40%) | 45 / 219 (20.55%) | 55 / 226 (24.34%) |
| occurrences (all) | 96 | 93 | 102 |
| Flatulence | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 215 (5.12%) | 9 / 219 (4.11%) | 16 / 226 (7.08%) |
| occurrences (all) | 14 | 14 | 26 |
| Gingival hyperplasia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 18 / 215 (8.37%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 31 | 4 | 0 |
| Abdominal discomfort | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 215 (5.12%) | 8 / 219 (3.65%) | 7 / 226 (3.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 19 | 14 | 15 |
| Abdominal pain upper | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 24 / 215 (11.16%) | 19 / 219 (8.68%) | 22 / 226 (9.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 37 | 49 | 36 |
| Constipation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 68 / 215 (31.63%) | 65 / 219 (29.68%) | 83 / 226 (36.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 147 | 137 | 162 |
| Dyspepsia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 26 / 215 (12.09%) | 20 / 219 (9.13%) | 35 / 226 (15.49%) |
| occurrences (all) | 41 | 32 | 63 |
| Abdominal pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 40 / 215 (18.60%) | 47 / 219 (21.46%) | 48 / 226 (21.24%) |
| occurrences (all) | 88 | 100 | 89 |
| Abdominal pain lower | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 215 (2.79%) | 13 / 219 (5.94%) | 13 / 226 (5.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 17 | 27 | 17 |
| Diarrhoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 92 / 215 (42.79%) | 118 / 219 (53.88%) | 115 / 226 (50.88%) |
| occurrences (all) | 228 | 374 | 384 |
| Haemorrhoids | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 215 (6.98%) | 14 / 219 (6.39%) | 19 / 226 (8.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 22 | 88 |
| Mouth ulceration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 215 (1.40%) | 11 / 219 (5.02%) | 7 / 226 (3.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 33 | 18 |
| Abdominal distension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 17 / 215 (7.91%) | 16 / 219 (7.31%) | 15 / 226 (6.64%) |
| occurrences (all) | 27 | 26 | 29 |
| Aphthous ulcer | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 215 (2.33%) | 13 / 219 (5.94%) | 16 / 226 (7.08%) |
| occurrences (all) | 15 | 35 | 44 |
| Gastritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 215 (5.58%) | 11 / 219 (5.02%) | 14 / 226 (6.19%) |
| occurrences (all) | 23 | 18 | 26 |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Skin lesion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 215 (6.98%) | 24 / 219 (10.96%) | 22 / 226 (9.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 31 | 57 | 45 |
| Acne | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 31 / 215 (14.42%) | 23 / 219 (10.50%) | 22 / 226 (9.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 65 | 45 | 57 |
| Alopecia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 16 / 219 (7.31%) | 19 / 226 (8.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 29 | 45 |
| Night sweats | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 215 (2.79%) | 12 / 219 (5.48%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 18 | 17 |
| Pruritus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 17 / 215 (7.91%) | 15 / 219 (6.85%) | 17 / 226 (7.52%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 30 | 21 |
| Hypertrichosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 215 (5.12%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 0 / 226 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 17 | 5 | 0 |
| Hyperhidrosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 215 (2.79%) | 9 / 219 (4.11%) | 12 / 226 (5.31%) |
| occurrences (all) | 8 | 11 | 18 |
| Rash | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 215 (6.98%) | 20 / 219 (9.13%) | 22 / 226 (9.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 32 | 34 | 38 |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| Dysuria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 34 / 215 (15.81%) | 34 / 219 (15.53%) | 26 / 226 (11.50%) |
| occurrences (all) | 57 | 59 | 42 |
| Haematuria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 41 / 215 (19.07%) | 33 / 219 (15.07%) | 39 / 226 (17.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 101 | 69 | 66 |
| Leukocyturia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 6 / 219 (2.74%) | 13 / 226 (5.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 25 | 26 |
| Renal impairment | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 215 (6.51%) | 7 / 219 (3.20%) | 10 / 226 (4.42%) |
| occurrences (all) | 22 | 12 | 20 |
| Renal tubular necrosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 19 / 215 (8.84%) | 20 / 219 (9.13%) | 17 / 226 (7.52%) |
| occurrences (all) | 29 | 27 | 32 |
| Proteinuria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 30 / 215 (13.95%) | 30 / 219 (13.70%) | 41 / 226 (18.14%) |
| occurrences (all) | 57 | 98 | 95 |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| Pain in extremity | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 33 / 215 (15.35%) | 36 / 219 (16.44%) | 40 / 226 (17.70%) |
| occurrences (all) | 96 | 106 | 79 |
| Osteoarthritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 215 (3.26%) | 14 / 219 (6.39%) | 9 / 226 (3.98%) |
| occurrences (all) | 9 | 23 | 17 |
| Osteoporosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 215 (2.79%) | 8 / 219 (3.65%) | 15 / 226 (6.64%) |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 44 | 18 |
| Arthralgia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 37 / 215 (17.21%) | 51 / 219 (23.29%) | 54 / 226 (23.89%) |
| occurrences (all) | 99 | 130 | 116 |
| Myalgia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 17 / 215 (7.91%) | 19 / 219 (8.68%) | 27 / 226 (11.95%) |
| occurrences (all) | 29 | 27 | 55 |
| Osteopenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 215 (6.05%) | 12 / 219 (5.48%) | 14 / 226 (6.19%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 13 | 18 |
| Musculoskeletal pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 215 (5.58%) | 17 / 219 (7.76%) | 17 / 226 (7.52%) |
| occurrences (all) | 27 | 30 | 30 |
| Back pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 38 / 215 (17.67%) | 47 / 219 (21.46%) | 44 / 226 (19.47%) |
| occurrences (all) | 63 | 99 | 75 |
| Muscular weakness | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 215 (6.51%) | 4 / 219 (1.83%) | 8 / 226 (3.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 6 | 10 |
| Muscle spasms | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 17 / 215 (7.91%) | 16 / 219 (7.31%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 36 | 27 | 23 |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Fungal skin infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 10 / 219 (4.57%) | 16 / 226 (7.08%) |
| occurrences (all) | 20 | 23 | 29 |
| Gastroenteritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 20 / 215 (9.30%) | 25 / 219 (11.42%) | 19 / 226 (8.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 24 | 39 | 34 |
| Conjunctivitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 12 / 219 (5.48%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 17 | 22 | 18 |
| Oral herpes | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 215 (5.58%) | 16 / 219 (7.31%) | 22 / 226 (9.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 22 | 40 | 51 |
| Onychomycosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 10 / 215 (4.65%) | 15 / 219 (6.85%) | 16 / 226 (7.08%) |
| occurrences (all) | 33 | 29 | 36 |
| Bronchitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 215 (9.77%) | 22 / 219 (10.05%) | 29 / 226 (12.83%) |
| occurrences (all) | 47 | 51 | 69 |
| Herpes zoster | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 19 / 215 (8.84%) | 20 / 219 (9.13%) | 14 / 226 (6.19%) |
| occurrences (all) | 34 | 40 | 26 |
| Sinusitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 18 / 215 (8.37%) | 17 / 219 (7.76%) | 24 / 226 (10.62%) |
| occurrences (all) | 37 | 30 | 56 |
| Tinea versicolour | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 215 (6.98%) | 6 / 219 (2.74%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 24 | 12 | 26 |
| Upper respiratory tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 52 / 215 (24.19%) | 60 / 219 (27.40%) | 56 / 226 (24.78%) |
| occurrences (all) | 144 | 184 | 163 |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Pharyngitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 18 / 215 (8.37%) | 17 / 219 (7.76%) | 22 / 226 (9.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 43 | 53 | 52 |
| Candida infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 215 (1.86%) | 11 / 219 (5.02%) | 8 / 226 (3.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 8 | 19 | 16 |
| Influenza | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 27 / 215 (12.56%) | 37 / 219 (16.89%) | 40 / 226 (17.70%) |
| occurrences (all) | 99 | 104 | 113 |
| Nasopharyngitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 49 / 215 (22.79%) | 49 / 219 (22.37%) | 39 / 226 (17.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 149 | 117 | 130 |
| Urinary tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 77 / 215 (35.81%) | 71 / 219 (32.42%) | 91 / 226 (40.27%) |
| occurrences (all) | 271 | 432 | 378 |
| Pneumonia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 11 / 219 (5.02%) | 14 / 226 (6.19%) |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | 21 | 20 |
| Oral candidiasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 215 (6.51%) | 19 / 219 (8.68%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 27 | 57 | 23 |
| BK virus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 215 (5.12%) | 13 / 219 (5.94%) | 9 / 226 (3.98%) |
| occurrences (all) | 15 | 22 | 14 |
| Cytomegalovirus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 19 / 215 (8.84%) | 10 / 219 (4.57%) | 13 / 226 (5.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 38 | 32 | 38 |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Hyperkalaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 44 / 215 (20.47%) | 18 / 219 (8.22%) | 41 / 226 (18.14%) |
| occurrences (all) | 102 | 31 | 64 |
| Hypertriglyceridaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 215 (5.12%) | 15 / 219 (6.85%) | 6 / 226 (2.65%) |
| occurrences (all) | 18 | 67 | 9 |
| Hypoglycaemia | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 18 / 215 (8.37%) | 13 / 219 (5.94%) | 15 / 226 (6.64%) |
| occurrences (all) | 39 | 19 | 26 |
| Hypocalcaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 25 / 215 (11.63%) | 17 / 219 (7.76%) | 27 / 226 (11.95%) |
| occurrences (all) | 59 | 35 | 45 |
| Hypokalaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 28 / 215 (13.02%) | 48 / 219 (21.92%) | 49 / 226 (21.68%) |
| occurrences (all) | 73 | 108 | 107 |
| Hyponatraemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 215 (5.58%) | 6 / 219 (2.74%) | 7 / 226 (3.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 26 | 8 | 12 |
| Metabolic acidosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 19 / 215 (8.84%) | 13 / 219 (5.94%) | 8 / 226 (3.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 28 | 17 | 13 |
| Vitamin D deficiency | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 215 (4.19%) | 17 / 219 (7.76%) | 21 / 226 (9.29%) |
| occurrences (all) | 16 | 27 | 30 |
| Hyperglycaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 42 / 215 (19.53%) | 42 / 219 (19.18%) | 38 / 226 (16.81%) |
| occurrences (all) | 78 | 65 | 72 |
| Hypercholesterolaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 26 / 215 (12.09%) | 34 / 219 (15.53%) | 31 / 226 (13.72%) |
| occurrences (all) | 53 | 90 | 62 |
| Hypomagnesaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 24 / 215 (11.16%) | 18 / 219 (8.22%) | 17 / 226 (7.52%) |
| occurrences (all) | 53 | 29 | 32 |
| Dehydration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 215 (6.98%) | 6 / 219 (2.74%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 20 | 8 | 18 |
| Hypophosphataemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 33 / 215 (15.35%) | 36 / 219 (16.44%) | 51 / 226 (22.57%) |
| occurrences (all) | 75 | 80 | 103 |
| Decreased appetite | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 215 (6.05%) | 13 / 219 (5.94%) | 23 / 226 (10.18%) |
| occurrences (all) | 26 | 25 | 46 |
| Dyslipidaemia | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 70 / 215 (32.56%) | 62 / 219 (28.31%) | 59 / 226 (26.11%) |
| occurrences (all) | 276 | 173 | 186 |
| Gout | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 215 (5.12%) | 2 / 219 (0.91%) | 10 / 226 (4.42%) |
| occurrences (all) | 19 | 4 | 25 |
| Diabetes mellitus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 215 (6.98%) | 23 / 219 (10.50%) | 19 / 226 (8.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 30 | 72 | 28 |
| Hypercalcaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 215 (6.05%) | 16 / 219 (7.31%) | 16 / 226 (7.08%) |
| occurrences (all) | 29 | 34 | 53 |
| Iron deficiency | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 215 (3.72%) | 11 / 219 (5.02%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 17 | 27 | 32 |
| Hyperlipidaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 20 / 215 (9.30%) | 19 / 219 (8.68%) | 19 / 226 (8.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 27 | 35 | 27 |
| Hyperuricaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 36 / 215 (16.74%) | 8 / 219 (3.65%) | 11 / 226 (4.87%) |
| occurrences (all) | 87 | 15 | 22 |

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

| Date | Amendment |
|------------------|---|
| 08 March 2007 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Changed statistical methodology,• Changed pharmacokinetic sampling regimen,• Changed exclusion criterion for tuberculosis infection,• Clarified Cytomegalovirus prophylaxis regimen,• Added ATG-Fresenius-S to list of permitted polyclonal anti lymphocyte preparations,• Extended the baseline mammogram window,• Clarified performance of baseline biopsy,• Clarified hepatitis B and C and HIV exclusion criterion.• Changed administration of basiliximab. |
| 21 December 2007 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Addition of the 250 mg/vial of Belatacept to the list of investigational products,• Addition of long-term extension phase, extending the study two years,• Additional information on contraception use for women of child bearing potential with regard to mycophenolate mofetil (MMF). |
| 18 October 2010 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Continuance of long-term extension,• Addition of immunogenicity assessments after discontinuation,• Discontinuation of Quality of Life Short Form-36 (SF-36) after year 5, month 60. |

Notes:

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

None reported