Trial Information Form

Title of Trial

Full title of the trial	Randomised Controlled Trial of 6-Mercaptopurine Versus Placebo to Prevent Recurrence of Crohn's Disease Following Surgical Resection
	(TOPPIC)

Trial Identifiers

EudraCT number c	2006-005800-15		Sponsor protocol cod	e	MRC G060329	
		Other Trial	l Identifiers			
Other identifier name	ISRCTN number	NCT number	WHO trial number	Universal reference		
				(UTRN)		
Other identifier	ISRCTN89489788					

Sponsor

Organisation name	ACCORD (University of Edinburgh & NHS Lothian)		
Street address	47 Little France Crescent	Town/city	Edinburgh
Post code	EH16 4TJ	Country	United Kingdom

Contact Points – Scientific Contact Point

Functional name of contact point	Professor Jack Satsangi	Name of organisation	University of Edinburgh
Telephone number	0131 651 1807		

Email address	J.Satsangi@ed.ac.uk

Contact Points – Public Contact Point (2)

Functional name of contact point	Dr Holly Ennis	Name of organisation	University of Edinburgh
Telephone number	0131 537 3845		
Email address	holly.ennis@ed.ac.uk		

Paediatric Regulatory Details

Is trial part of a Paediatric Investigation Plan?	[Circle one] Yes /	No				
EMA Paediatric Investigation Plans	N/A					
Does article 45 REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	[Circle one] Yes /]	No	Does article 46 REGU 1901/2006 apply to the	JLATION (EC) No is trial?	[Circle one] Yes /]	No

Result Analysis Stage

Primary completion data reached?	[Circle one] <mark>Yes</mark> / No	Primary completion date	30/05/2015
Analysis stage	[Circle one] Interim / Final	Date of interim/final analysis	15/06/2015
Global end of trial reached?	[Circle one] <mark>Yes</mark> / No	Date of global end of trial	30/09/2015

General Information About Trial

Main objective of the trial	To assess whether Mercaptopurine can prevent or delay post-operative recurrence of Crohn's disease.
Actual date of start of recruitment to the	01/05/2008

protocol (in any country)			
Long term follow up planned		Follow up planning rationale	
	[Circle one] Yes / <mark>No</mark>		
Long term follow up duration	Value: Unit: [Select one] MO	nths / Years	

Independent Data-Monitoring Committee (DMC) involvement	[Circle one] <mark>Yes</mark> / No
Protection of subjects ③	This multicentre clinical trial was carried out with the approval of the national research ethics committee (ref: 07/MRE00/74), in accordance with the Declaration of Helsinki (2000), under a Clinical Trial Authorization (01384/0206/001-0002) from the Medicine and Healthcare Products Regulatory Authority (MHRA, United Kingdom), and the written informed consent of all participants.

Background therapy ④	N/A. All eligible patients were required to be free of medication for Crohn's disease and to have been off antibiotics for the two weeks prior to
	randomization.
Evidence for comparator(s)	N/A.

Actual Number of Subjects Included in the Trial

Actual number of subjects included in each country concerned

Country	UK					
Number of subjects	240					

For multinational trials

Actual number of subjects included in the EEA	N/A
Actual number of subjects included worldwide	N/A

Age group breakdown for the whole trial

Age of subjects	Number of subjects
In utero	0
Preterm newborn – gestational age <37 wk	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days – 23 months)	0
Children (2-11 years)	0
Adolescents (12-17 years)	3
From 18 and 64 years	232
From 65 years to 84 years	5
85 years and over	0

 \mathbf{c} The EudraCT number cannot be amended

(2) The public contact and scientific contact points may be the same as each other.

③ A description of the actual measures taken to protect subjects.

(4) Details such as the dosage and frequency plus any other relevant information should be captured here.

Subject Disposition Form

Recruitment details ①	Between May 2008 and June 2012 (a period of 49 months), patients with a histologically confirmed diagnosis of Crohn's disease undergoing ileocolonic or small bowel resection were recruited from 29 hospitals across the UK. Patients were 16 years or older in Scotland and 18 years or older in England and Wales. Patients were excluded if they had a known intolerance or hypersensitivity to thiopurines, were known to require further surgery; underwent strictureplasty alone; presence of stoma; active or untreated malignancy or absent thiopurine s-methyltransferase (TPMT) activity. Prior to randomisation any post-operative infections were fully treated and existing treatments for Crohn's disease were stopped prior to randomisation.
Screening details (2)	A total of 329 patients were screened for recruitment of whom 89 were excluded as ineligible or who declined to participate, leaving 240 patients to undergo randomisation.

Pre-Assignment Period Title: Pre-Assignment Period

	Number of subjects
STARTED	A total of 329 patients were screened for recruitment of whom 89 were excluded leavinng 240 patients to undergo randomization.
Milestone Title ③	
Milestone Title ③	
COMPLETED	The primary analysis included all randomized patients on an intention-to- treat analysis regardless of compliance with allocated treatment and post- randomization events.
Reason not completed	136 did not complete the full three year treatment period.
Adverse event, not serious	80
Adverse event, serious fatal	1
Adverse event, serious non-fatal	0
Consent withdrawn by subject	0
Physician decision	0

Pregnancy		0
Protocol violation		0
Other reason (4)	Abnormal blood test result	18
Other reason (4)	Early withdrawal	21
Other reason (4)	Lost to follow-up	16

(1) Key information relevant to the recruitment process for the overall study, such as dates of the recruitment period and types of location (e.g. medical clinic), to provide context.

(2) Screening details are required if the results will not contain a pre-assignment period.

③ Add as many Milestone Title. A descriptive title for each row is required.

(4) Add as many other reason not completed rows as needed. A descriptive title for each row is required.

Period 1 Title: Titl

Title: Title Name: _____ Baseline Period: [Circle one] Yes / No

Blinding	[Circle one] Double blind / Single blind / N/A	Roles blinded 2	[Circle any] Subject / Investigator / Monitor / Data analyst / Carer / Assessor		
Blinding implementation details	Treatment was blinded to both the research team	n and the subject, as well as to the central trials t	eam. Study drugs were prepared by pharmacy		
	staff independent of the study investigators or of	linical team responsible for the patients care. All	patients underwent regular safety blood		
	monitoring every week for the initial 6 weeks and thereafter at 6 weekly intervals as long as the patient remained on study drug. Blood samples				
	allocation. Pre-specified dose reduction or cessation then occurred in the event of abnormal monitoring parameters. In the event of patient				
	intolerance (profound nausea or persistent flu-	intolerance (profound nausea or persistent flu-like symptoms) protocol driven dose reduction was also undertaken. If abnormal parameters			
	improved after a temporary stop, treatment was started again at a lower level. All of the decisions were made by experienced clinicians who were blinded to the treatment allocation. To protect blinding a programme of sham dose reductions was planned for patients on placebo. On the advice of the Data Monitoring Committee these were not undertaken, however the investigators were not informed of this decision, hence				
	protecting the study blind.	Ū.			
Allocation method	[Circle one] Randomised – control	led / Non-randomised - control	led / N/A		

Arm title ③	Active	Placebo		TOTAL
Arm description ④	6MP	Placebo		
	Number of Subjects	Number of Subjects	Number of Subjects	Number of Subjects
STARTED	128	112		240
Milestone title 5				
Milestone title 5				
COMPLETED	62	42		104 (Trial medication taken for 3 years)
Reason not completed 6				
Adverse event, not serious	39	41		80
Adverse event, serious fatal	0	1		1
Adverse event, serious non-fatal	0	0		0

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Subject Disposition Arm Form 1

Arm title	Active
Arm description (2)	Mercaptopurine 50mg tablets
Arm type	[Circle one] Experimental / Active comparator / Placebo comparator / No IMP / Other (specify):

Products used ③

IMP name	Mercaptopurine
IMP code	ATC Code: L01BB02
	CAS Code: 50-44-2
Other names (separated by commas)	6-Mercaptopurine
Route of administration ④	[Select any number of terms from the human domain of the EUTCT list]
	Oral
Pharmaceutical form (5)	[Select any number of terms from the human domain of the EUTCT list]
_	Tablets
Dosage and administration details (6)	6-Mercaptopurine (Mercaptopurine) tablets containing 50mg of the active substance 6-Mercaptopurine prepared by Glaxo Wellcome GmbH
	(batch 1) & Co or Aspen Pharma Trading Limited (batch 2) and packaged by Catalent (later Aptuit).

Arm title	Placebo
Arm description (2)	Matching placebo tablets containing Lactose, Microcrystalline cellulose, Povidone, Croscarmellose Sodium, Quinoline yellow, Orange yellow,
	Magnesium stearate
Arm type	[Circle one] Experimental / Active comparator / Placebo comparator / No IMP / Other (specify):
	Other (specify)

$\textbf{Products used}\ \texttt{\textbf{3}}$

IMP name	Placebo
IMP code	N/A
Other names (separated by commas)	N/A

Route of administration (4)	[Select any number of terms from the human domain of the EUTCT list]
	Oral
Pharmaceutical form 5	[Select any number of terms from the human domain of the EUTCT list]
	Tablets
Dosage and administration details (6)	Matching placebo 50mg tablets containing Lactose, Microcrystalline cellulose, Povidone, Croscarmellose Sodium, Quinoline yellow, Orange
	yellow, Magnesium stearate. Prepared by Glaxo Wellcome GmbH (batch 1) & Co or Aspen Pharma Trading Limited (batch 2) and packaged by
	Catalent (later Aptuit).

(1) This form is used to create the Arms used as reference information in the Subject disposition details (see previous)

- (2) Arm Description describes details about the arms evaluated.
- ③ Details of the products used. There may be multiple products created.
- (4) A product may have any number of Routes of Administration
- (5) A product may have any number of Pharmaceutical Forms
- (6) Provide any or all of the following details: the dosage and frequency of administration.

Subject Analysis Sets Form

Subject analysis set ①

Subject analysis set title	Intention-to-treat
Subject analysis set type	[Circle one] Intent to treat / Per protocol / Full analysis set / Safety population / Sub-group analysis set
Subject analysis set description (2)	All patients randomised to the group to which they were allocated.
Number of subjects (3)	240

(1) Complete a subject analysis set table for additional groups of subjects you wish to report on.

(2) Subject analysis set description that defines the population type.

③ Provide the number of subjects that constitute this subject analysis set.

Baseline Characteristics Form - Age

EMA

Reporting group title	Active		Placebo				TO	ΓAL
Reporting group description (1)	6MP		Placebo					
Overall number of baseline subjects	128		112				24	40
Age Categorical (2)	Number of	of Subjects	Number of	of Subjects	Number o	of Subjects	Number o	f Subjects
Unit of measure Subjects	-							
In utero	0		0				()
Preterm newborn – gestational age <37 wk	0		0				()
Newborns (0-27 days)	0		0				()
Infants and toddlers (28 days – 23 months)	0		0		+		0	
Children (2-11 years)	0		0				()
Adolescents (12-17 years)	1		2				3	
From 18 to 64 years	126		106				232	
From 65 to 84 years	1		4					5
Over 85 years	0		0				()
Age, continuous	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type		
	[Circle one]	[Circle one]	[Circle one]	[Circle one]	[Circle one]	[Circle one] Standard		
	mean,	deviation,	mean,	deviation,	mean,	deviation,		
	geometric	interquartile	geometric	interquartile	geometric	interquartile		
	mean,	range,	mean,	range,	mean,	range,		
	least squares	range,	least squares	range,	least squares	range,		
	mean,	sample	mean,	sample	mean, sample			

		log mean,	min/max	log mean,	min/max	log mean,	min/max	
		median		median		median		
Unit of measure	Years	Mean = 39.2	SD = 12.8	Mean = 38.2	SD = 13.1			
		years		years				

(1) Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.

(2) The age categories above are the default categories that match the protocol details in the clinical trial application. However, any age categorisation can be used.

Baseline Characteristics Form – Gender

EMA

Reporting group title		Active	Placebo		TOTAL		
Reporting group descript	tion 1	6MP	Placebo				
Overall number of baseline subjects		128	112		240		
Gender, male, female 2		Number of Subjects	Number of Subjects	Number of Subjects	Number of Subjects		
Unit of measure Su	ubjects						
Female		79	67		146		
Male		49	45		94		

(1) Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.

(2) At least one Gender baseline measure (female, male or Customised) is required

Baseline Characteristics Form – Study Specific Measure

Study specific characteristic title	Baseline characteristics
Baseline measure description	Key baseline measurements – contributing to pre-specified subgroup analyses

Reporting group title		Active		Placebo				ТОТА	L (4)
Reporting group description ①		6MP		Placebo	Placebo				
Overall number of ba	seline subjects	128		112				[Derived	: total]
Unit of measure	Number of subjects	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type		
		[Circle one] arithmetic mean,	[Circle one] ② Standard deviation,	[Circle one] arithmetic mean,	[Circle one] ② Standard deviation,	[Circle one] arithmetic mean,	[Circle one] ② Standard deviation,		
		geometric mean, interquartile range,		geometric mean,	c interquartile geometric mean, range,		etric interquartile range,		
		least squares mean,	range,	least squares mean,	range,	least squares mean,	range,		
		log mean,	sample min/max	log mean,	sample min/max	log mean,	sample min/max		
		median		median		median			~
		Number o	of Subjects	Number of	Number of Subjects		of Subjects	Number of	Subjects
Category title ③	Previous treatment with 6MP	Yes No Missir	14 114 ng 0	Yes No Missii	Yes 5 No 106 Missing 1			Yes No Missing	19 220 ; 1
Category title ③	Previous treatment with Azathioprine	Yes 80 No 48 Missing 0		Yes No Missin	47 64 ng 1			Yes No Missing	127 112 ; 1
Category title ③	Previous treatment with Infliximab	Yes No Missir	21 104 ng 3	Yes No Missin	Yes 15 No 96 Missing 1			Yes No Missing	36 200 5 4

Category title ③

EMA

Category title ③	Previous surgery	Yes 46	Yes 28	Yes 74
		No 82	No 83	No 165
		Missing 0	Missing 1	Missing 1
Category title ③	Smoking status	Yes 29	Yes 26	Yes 55
_		No 99	No 86	No 185
Category title ③	Duration of disease	≤1 year 37	≤ 1 year 41	\leq 1 year 78
		> 1 year 91	> 1 year 69	> 1 year 160
		Unknown 0	Unknown 2	Unknown 2
Category title ③	Age at diagnosis	\leq 40 years 103	\leq 40 years 87	\leq 40 years 190
	_	> 40 years 25	> 40 years 23	> 40 years 48
		Unknown 0	Unknown 2	Unknown 2

(1) Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.

(2) A single number should be entered for all dispersion types in this table.

(3) Add as many Categories as needed if the data can be categorised.

(4) The total group is only relevant to categorical data.

Baseline Characteristics Form – Study Specific Measure

Study specific characteristic title	CDAI score
Baseline measure description	Crohn's Disease Activity Index score

Reporting group title		Active		Placebo				TOTA	AL (4)
Reporting group description (1)		6MP	6MP		Placebo				
Overall number of baseline subjects		128		112				24	40
Unit of measure	Score (no units)	Measure type	Dispersion	Measure type	Dispersion	Measure type	Dispersion		
			type		type		type		
		[Circle one]	[Circle one]	[Circle one]	[Circle one]	[Circle one]	[Circle one]		
		arithmetic	2	arithmetic	2	arithmetic	2		
		<mark>mean,</mark>	Standard	<mark>mean,</mark>	Standard	mean,	Standard		
			deviation,		deviation,		deviation,		
		geometric		geometric		geometric			
		mean,	interquartile	mean,	interquartile	mean,	interquartile		
			range,		range,		range,		
		least squares		least squares		least squares			
		mean,	range,	mean,	range,	mean,	range,		
		log mean,	sample	log mean,	sample	log mean,	sample		
			min/max		min/max		min/max		
		median		median		median			
		Number of Subjects		Number o	Number of Subjects		Number of Subjects		of Subjects
Category title (3)		Mean = 13	30, SD = 86	Mean = 12	21, SD = 72			Mean = 12	25, SD = 80

(1) Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.

(2) A single number should be entered for all dispersion types in this table.

③ Add as many Categories as needed if the data can be categorised.

(4) The total group is only relevant to categorical data.

EMA

Baseline Characteristics Form – Study Specific Measure

Study specific characteristic title	Weight (kg)
Baseline measure description	Characteristics at randomisation/Visit 2

Reporting group title		Active		Placebo				TOTA	AL (4)
Reporting group description 1		6MP		Placebo					
Overall number of baseline subjects		128		112				24	40
Unit of measure	kg	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type	Measure type	Dispersion type		
		[Circle one] arithmetic mean,	[Circle one] ② Standard deviation	[Circle one] arithmetic mean,	[Circle one] ② Standard deviation	[Circle one] arithmetic mean,	[Circle one] ② Standard deviation		
		geometric mean,	interquartile range,	geometric mean,	interquartile range,	geometric mean,	interquartile range,		
		least squares mean,	range,	least squares mean,	range,	least squares mean,	range,		
		log mean,	sample min/max	log mean,	sample min/max	log mean,	sample min/max		
		Mumber of Number	of Subjects	Number of Subjects		Number of Subjects		Number o	of Subjects
Category title ③		Mean = 70	.7, SD = 14.4	Mean = 7	Mean = 70.7, SD = 13.7			Mean = 70.7	7, SD = 14.0

(1) Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.

(2) A single number should be entered for all dispersion types in this table.

③ Add as many Categories as needed if the data can be categorised.

(4) The total group is only relevant to categorical data.

End Points Form

End point type	[Circle one] Primary / Secondary / Other pre-specified / Post-hoc
End point title	Primary outcome - postoperative clinical recurrence of Crohn's disease
End point description (max 999 characters)	Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) >150 with an increase from baseline of 100 points, together with the need for anti-inflammatory rescue therapy or primary surgical intervention.
End point timeframe (max 255 characters)	Up to the end of the trial (3 years)
Arms / subjects analysis sets	ITT population

Reporting group title		Active			Placebo				
Reporting group desc	ription 1	6MP			Placebo				
Overall number of ba	seline subjects	128	Comment	2	112	Comment	2	Commen	t 2
		Meas	ure type	Dispersion/ Precision type	Measure type		Dispersior Precision ty	n/ Measure type pe	Dispersion/ Precision type
		[Circle of Number,	ne]	[<i>Circle one</i>] (3) Not applicable,	[Circle or <mark>Number,</mark>	ie]	[Circle one] (3] Not applicable,) [Circle one] Number,	[<i>Circle one</i>] (3) Not applicable,
		Arithmeti	ic mean	Standard deviation,	Arithmetic mean		Standard deviat	ion, Arithmetic mean	Standard deviation,
		Least squares mean,		Interquartile range,	Least squares mean,		Interquartile rar	nge, Least squares mean,	Interquartile range,
Unit of measure	Number of patients	Geometri	c mean,	Range,	Geometric mean,		Range,	Geometric mean,	Range,
	postoperative	Log mean	1,	Sample min/max,	Log mean	l ,	Sample min/ma	x, Log mean,	Sample min/max,
	of Crohn's disease	e median Sta		Standard error,	median		Standard error,	median	Standard error,
	(primary outcome)			Confidence interval (%)			Confidence interval (%)		Confidence interval (%)
Category title (5)	Reached primary endpoint?	Yes No	16 112	(4)NA	Yes No	26 86	(4)NA		4
Category title (5)				4			4		4

EMA

Graphical Representation

Upload images containing the graphical representation relevant to the End point.

- (1) Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.
- (2) A comment explaining why the number of subjects for the variable differs to the number of subjects in the selected arm.
- (3) "Not applicable" Dispersion/Precision type should not be used only when Measure type is not "number".

(4) Numeric lower and upper values should be entered when precision type is a "confidence interval". A single number should be entered for all other Dispersion/Precision types.

(5) Add as many categories as needed if the end point can be categorised.

Below is the definition of the statistical analysis details for this variable

Statistical Analysis of End Point ①

Statistical analysis title	Statistical analysis of the primary outcome	Analysis type	[Circle one] NOI	n-inferiority / Equivalence /				
			Superiority	Other				
		Comment						
Statistical analysis description	Cox's proportional hazards model							
Comparison group	Omnibus analysis: [Circle one] all reporting	groups / all	Selection of repor	ting groups: 2				
	subject analysis sets							
Number of subjects	240							
Analysis specification	internet fiel / next here							
Analysis specification	[Circle one] pre-specified / post-noc							
	Statistical hypoth	esis test						
P-value	[Cicle one] = $< \leq > \geq (3)$	C 0.072	comment ④	Adjusted for randomisation stratification				
		ue: <u>0.075</u>		adjusted for previous treatment with 6MP or				
				Azathioprine.				
Method [required if P-value provided]	[Circle one] ANCOVA / ANOVA / Chi-squa	red / Chi squared o	corrected / Cochra	n-Mantel-Haenszel / Fisher Exact /				
[rodanoa n 1 (anac brothaca]	Regression Linear / Logistic / Sign Test / t	Test 1 sided / t Te	xed Models Analy	ysis / <mark>Regression, Cox</mark> /				
	Other method name: (specify)		est 2-sided / whee	Sxon (Wann-winney)				
	Parameter Esti	mate						
Point ostimato	0.535							
1 ont estimate	0.555							
Confidence interval	Level 95% / 90% / Sides	[Circle one] L	ower limit 0.27	Upper limit 1.96				
	Other:%	1 / 2						
Parameter type	[Circle one] Cox Proportional Hazard / Hazar	<mark>d Ratio(HR)</mark> / Haz	zard Ratio Log, M	ean Difference (final values) / Mean				
	Difference (net) / Median Difference (final	values) / Median I	Difference (net) /	Odds Ratio(OR) / Odds Ratio log /				
	Risk Difference (RD) / Risk Ratio (RR) / Risk Ratio log / Slope							

	Other effect estimate: (specify)			
Variability estimate	[Circle one] Standard Deviation / Standard Error of the Mean	Dispersion value	0.349	

(1) Add any number of statistical analyses for each end point as required.

(2) Select the reporting groups from those included in the end point that are relevant to this statistical analysis if an omnibus analysis is not being performed.

③ Prefix the P-value with a comparison operator.

(4) This field contains additional information about the P-value such as whether it is adjusted for multiple comparisons and a priori threshold for statistical significance.

Category title (5)		4	4	4

Graphical Representation

Upload images containing the graphical representation relevant to the End point.

- (1) Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.
- (2) A comment explaining why the number of subjects for the variable differs to the number of subjects in the selected arm.
- (3) "Not applicable" Dispersion/Precision type should not be used only when Measure type is not "number".
- (4) Numeric lower and upper values should be entered when precision type is a "confidence interval". A single number should be entered for all other Dispersion/Precision types.

(5) Add as many categories as needed if the end point can be categorised.

Below is the definition of the statistical analysis details for this variable

Statistical Analysis of End Point ①

Statistical analysis title	Statistical analysis of the secondary outco	ome	Analysis type	[Circle one]	Non-inferio	<mark>ority</mark> / Equiv	alence /
			C	Superior	rity / Other		
			Comment				
Statistical analysis description	Cox's proportional hazards model			·			
Comparison group	Omnibus analysis: [Circle one] all re	porting gro	ups / all	Selection of	reporting group	s:	2
	subject analysis sets		•				
Number of subjects	240						
Analysis specification	[Circle one] pre-specified / pos	t-hoc					
	Statisti	ical hypothesis to	st				
P-value	[Cicle one] $= < \leq > \geq ($	3) Value: _(-	<u>).243</u>	Comment ④	Adjusted a variables adjusted f Azathiopr	for randomisation s (centre and smokin or previous treatme ine.	tratification g status), also nt with 6MP or
Method [required if P-value provided]	[<i>Circle one</i>] ANCOVA / ANOVA / Kruskal-Wallis / Logrank / Mante Regression, Linear / Logistic / Sig Other method name: (specify)	Chi-squared / l-Haenszel / N gn Test / t-Test	Chi squared IcNemar / M 1-sided / t-T	corrected / C ixed Models 'est 2-sided / '	ochran-Mantel Analysis / <mark>Reg</mark> Wilcoxon (Ma	-Haenszel / Fisł ression, Cox / nn-Whitney /	ner Exact /
	Para	ameter Estimate					
Point estimate	0.737						
Confidence interval	Level 95% / 90% / Other:%	Sides [Circl 1 /	e one] I 2	Lower limit	0.44	Upper limit	1.23
Parameter type	[Circle one] Cox Proportional Hazar Difference (net) / Median Differen Risk Difference (RD) / Risk Ratio	rd / <mark>Hazard Ra</mark> nce (final value (RR) / Risk F	tio(HR) / Ha es) / Median atio log / Slo	zard Ratio Lo Difference (n ope	og, Mean Diffe het) / Odds Rati	erence (final val io(OR) / Odds F	ues) / Mean Ratio log /

	Other effect estimate: (specify)							
Variability estimate	[Circle one] Standard Deviation /	Dispersion value	0.262					
	Standard Error of the Mean							

1 Add any number of statistical analyses for each end point as required.

(2) Select the reporting groups from those included in the end point that are relevant to this statistical analysis if an omnibus analysis is not being performed.

③ Prefix the P-value with a comparison operator.

(4) This field contains additional information about the P-value such as whether it is adjusted for multiple comparisons and a priori threshold for statistical significance

End Points Form

End point type	[Circle one] Primary / Secondary / Other pre-specified / Post-hoc
End point title	Subgroup analyses – Smoking status Primary outcome - postoperative clinical recurrence of Crohn's disease
End point description (max 999 characters)	Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) >150 with an increase from baseline of 100 points, together with the need for anti-inflammatory rescue therapy or primary surgical intervention. Subgroup analysis of smoking status.
End point timeframe (max 255 characters)	Up to the end of the trial (3 years)
Arms / subjects analysis sets	ITT population

Reporting group title		Active			Placebo						
Reporting group desc	cription 1	6MP			Placebo						
Overall number of ba	seline subjects	128	Comment	2	112	Comment	2			Comment	2
		Measure type		Dispersion/ Precision type	Measure type		Dispersion/ Precision type		Measu	ire type	Dispersion/ Precision type
		[Circle of Number,	ne]	[Circle one] ③ Not applicable,	[Circle one] Number,		[Circ Not a	cle one] ③ applicable,	[Circle one] Number,		[<i>Circle one</i>] ③ Not applicable,
		Arithmeti	ic mean	Standard deviation,	Arithmetic mean		Stan	dard deviation,	deviation, Arithmetic mean		Standard deviation,
		Least squ	ares mean,	Interquartile range,	Least squares mean,		Interquartile range,		Least squa	ares mean,	Interquartile range,
Unit of measure	Number of patients	Geometri	ic mean,	Range,	Geometric mean,		Range, Geometr		Geometric	e mean,	Range,
	experiencing postoperative	Log mean	n,	Sample min/max,	Log mean	1,	Sam	nple min/max, Log mean,		,	Sample min/max,
clinical recurrence of Crohn's disease (primary outcome)		median		Standard error,	median		Standard error,		median		Standard error,
				Confidence interval (%)			Confidence interval (%)				Confidence interval (%)
Category title (5)	Smokers	Yes	3	(4)NA	Yes	12	(4)N	Α			4

		No	26		No	14		
Category title (5)	Non-smokers	Yes	13	4	Yes	14	4	4
		No	86		No	72		

Graphical Representation

Upload images containing the graphical representation relevant to the End point.

- (1) Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.
- (2) A comment explaining why the number of subjects for the variable differs to the number of subjects in the selected arm.
- (3) "Not applicable" Dispersion/Precision type should not be used only when Measure type is not "number".
- (4) Numeric lower and upper values should be entered when precision type is a "confidence interval". A single number should be entered for all other Dispersion/Precision types.

(5) Add as many categories as needed if the end point can be categorised.

Below is the definition of the statistical analysis details for this variable

Statistical Analysis of End Point ①

Statistical analysis title	Subgroup analysis of the primary outcome – Smokir status	ng Analysis ty	e [Circle one] NO	n-inferiority / Equivalence /
		Commont	Superiority	/ Other
		Comment		
Statistical analysis description	Cox's proportional hazards model			
Comparison group	Omnibus analysis: [Circle one] all reporting	<mark>, groups</mark> / all	Selection of repo	rting groups: 2
	subject analysis sets			
Number of subjects	240			
Analysis specification	[Circle one] pre-specified / post-hoc			
	Statistical hypoth	hesis test		
P-value	[Cicle one] = $< \le > \ge 3$ Val	lue: 0.018	Comment ④	Unadjusted results presented only for all subgroup analyses.
	_			
				This is the subgroup p-value, testing for an interaction between treatment and smoking
				status.
Method	[Circle one] ANCOVA / ANOVA / Chi-squa	ared / Chi square	d corrected / Cochr	an-Mantel-Haenszel / Fisher Exact /
[required if r-value provided]	Kruskal-Wallis / Logrank / Mantel-Haensz	el / McNemar / I	Mixed Models Anal	ysis / Regression, Cox /
	Regression, Linear / Logistic / Sign Test / t	t-Test 1-sided / t-	Test 2-sided / Wilc	oxon (Mann-Whitney /
	Other method name: (specify)			
	Parameter Est	limate		
Point estimate	Smokers: 0127 Non-smokers: 0.898			
Confidence interval	Level 95% / 90% / Other:%			

	Other effect estimate: (specify)			
Variability estimate	[Circle one] Standard Deviation / Standard Error of the Mean	Dispersion value	NA	

(1) Add any number of statistical analyses for each end point as required.

(2) Select the reporting groups from those included in the end point that are relevant to this statistical analysis if an omnibus analysis is not being performed.

③ Prefix the P-value with a comparison operator.

(4) This field contains additional information about the P-value such as whether it is adjusted for multiple comparisons and a priori threshold for statistical significance.

End Points Form

End point type	[Circle one] Primary / Secondary / Other pre-specified / Post-hoc
End point title	Subgroup analyses – Smoking status Secondary outcome - postoperative clinical recurrence of Crohn's disease
End point description (max 999 characters)	Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) >150 with an increase from baseline of 100 points OR the need for anti-inflammatory rescue therapy OR primary surgical intervention Subgroup analysis of smoking status.
End point timeframe (max 255 characters)	Up to the end of the trial (3 years)
Arms / subjects analysis sets	ITT population

Reporting group title		Active			Placebo					
Reporting group desc	cription (1)	6MP			Placebo					
Overall number of ba	seline subjects	128	Comment	2	112Comment (2)		2		Comment (2
		Measure type		Dispersion/ Precision type	Measure type		Dispersion/ Precision type	Measure type		Dispersion/ Precision type
		[Circle of Number,	ne]	[Circle one] ③ Not applicable,	[Circle or <mark>Number,</mark>	1e]	[Circle one] ③ Not applicable,	[Circle on Number,	ne]	[<i>Circle one</i>] ③ Not applicable,
		Arithmetic mean		Standard deviation,	Arithmeti	c mean	Standard deviation,	Arithmetic mean		Standard deviation,
		Least squares mean,		Interquartile range,	Least squares mean,		Interquartile range,	Least squa	ares mean,	Interquartile range,
Unit of measure	Number of patients	Geometric mean,		Range,	Geometric mean,		Range,	Geometric mean,		Range,
	experiencing postoperative	Log mean	n,	Sample min/max,	Log mean	l,	Sample min/max,	Log mean	,	Sample min/max,
	of Crohn's disease	median		Standard error,	median		Standard error,	median		Standard error,
	(primary outcome)			Confidence interval (%)			Confidence interval (%)			Confidence interval (%)
Category title (5)	Smokers	Yes 6		(4)NA	Yes 13					4

		No	23		No	13		
Category title (5)	Non-smokers	Yes	28	4	Yes	27	4	4
		No	71	-	No	59	-	-

Graphical Representation

Upload images containing the graphical representation relevant to the End point.

- (1) Reporting group description contains details about the group of subjects receiving treatment.
- (2) A comment explaining why the number of subjects for the variable differs to the number of subjects in the selected arm.
- (3) "Not applicable" Dispersion/Precision type should not be used only when Measure type is not "number".
- (4) Numeric lower and upper values should be entered when precision type is a "confidence interval". A single number should be entered for all other Dispersion/Precision types.

(5) Add as many categories as needed if the end point can be categorised.

Below is the definition of the statistical analysis details for this variable

Statistical Analysis of End Point ①

Statistical analysis title	Subgroup analysis of the secondary outcome – Smoking status	Analysis type	[Circle one] NO	n-inferiority / Equi	ivalence /								
			Superiority	/ Other									
		Comment											
Statistical analysis description	Cox's proportional hazards model												
Comparison group	Omnibus analysis: [Circle one] all reporting gro	ups / all	Selection of repo	rting groups:	2								
	subject analysis sets	•											
Number of subjects	240	240											
Analysis specification	[Circle one] pre-specified / post-hoc	[Circle one] pre-specified / post-hoc											
	Statistical hypothesis t	est											
P-value	$[Cicle one] = < \le > \ge ③ Value:$	<u>0.033</u> C	omment ④	Unadjusted results present subgroup analyses. This is the subgroup p-valu interaction between treatm status.	ed only for all ue, testing for an ent and smoking								
Method [required if P-value provided]	[Circle one] ANCOVA / ANOVA / Chi-squared / Kruskal-Wallis / Logrank / Mantel-Haenszel / M Regression, Linear / Logistic / Sign Test / t-Tes Other method name: (specify)	Chi squared c IcNemar / Mi t 1-sided / t-Te	corrected / Cochra xed Models Anal est 2-sided / Wilc	an-Mantel-Haenszel / F ysis / <mark>Regression, Cox</mark> / oxon (Mann-Whitney /	isher Exact /								
	Parameter Estimate												
Point estimate	Smokers: 0127 Non-smokers: 0.898												
Confidence interval	Level 95% / 90% / Sides [Circ] Other: % %	le one] La / <mark>2</mark> lin	mit Smokers	s 0.10 Upper limit okers 0.58	Smokers 0.72 Non-smokers 1.70								
Parameter type	[Circle one] Cox Proportional Hazard / Hazard Ra	<mark>atio(HR)</mark> / Haz	ard Ratio Log, M	Iean Difference (final v	alues) / Mean								

	Difference (net) / Median Difference (fina Risk Difference (RD) / Risk Ratio (RR) / Other effect estimate: (specify)	al values) / Median Risk Ratio log / Slo	Difference (net) / Odds Ratio(OR) / Odds Ratio log /									
Variability estimate	[Circle one] Standard Deviation /	Dispersion value	NA									
	Standard Error of the Mean											

(1) Add any number of statistical analyses for each end point as required.

(2) Select the reporting groups from those included in the end point that are relevant to this statistical analysis if an omnibus analysis is not being performed.

③ Prefix the P-value with a comparison operator.

(4) This field contains additional information about the P-value such as whether it is adjusted for multiple comparisons and a priori threshold for statistical significance.

Adverse Events Form

Time frame for adverse event reporting (max 255 characters)	All adverse events (AEs were followed	All adverse events (AEs) that occurred after signing consent for the trial must be reported within the case report form (CRF) and all reported AEs were followed up before the end of the trial.										
Adverse event reporting additional description (max 350 characters)	As above.											
Dictionary used (1)	Dictionary name	[Circle one] MedDRA / SNOMED CT / Other: (specify) AEs coded by trial management team	Dictionary version	N/A								
Method	[Circle one] Syste	matic / <mark>Non-systematic</mark>	Frequency threshold for reporting non- serious adverse events (2)	% No set thresholds and all AEs reported								

Serious Adverse Events

Reporting group tit	le				Active			Placebo				Total					
Reporting group de	scrip	tion 3			6MP			Placebo				All patients	All patients				
Number of subjects	expo	sed			128			112				240					
Number of subjects events	affe	cted by s	erious	adverse	51			49				100					
Number of subjects	affe	cted by r	ion-ad	verse events	121			105				226					
Number of deaths (a	all ca	uses)			0			1				1					
Number of deaths r	esult	ing from	advei	rse events	0			0				0					
							Serious A	dverse Events									
System organ	E	Addi	Di	Number of	Number of	Event term	Event term	Number of	Number of	Event	Event	Number of	Numbe	Event term	Event term		
class	v	tiona	cti	subjects	subjects	occurrence	occurrence –	subjects	subjects	term	term	subjects	r of	occurrence	occurrence		
	e	1	on	affected	exposed	-all	causally	affected	exposed	occurrenc	occurren	affected	subject	-all	- causally		

	n t e r m	desc ripti on	ar y				related to the treatment			e – all	ce – causally related to the treatment		s expose d		related to the treatment
Cardiac disorders				3	4	3	0	2	4	2	0	5	4	5	0
Congenital, familial and genetic disorders				0	4	0	0	1	4	1	1	1	4	1	1
Eye disorders				0	4	0	0	1	4	1	1	1	4	1	1
Gastrointestinal disorders				23	4	26	2	29	4	33	4	52	4	59	6
General disorders and administration site conditions				1		1	0	1		1	0	2		2	0

_

class							
General	Death	Coronary heart disease	0	N/A	1	N/A	
disorder	(5)						
s and	0						
adminis							
tration							
site							
conditio							
ns							
	(5)						
	-						
	(5)						
	0						

Non-Serious Adverse Events

Reporting group t	group title Active					Placebo				Total					
Reporting group of	lesc	ription			6MP			Placebo				All patients			
Number of subject events	ts af	ffected by	non-adve	erse	121			105				226			
Non-Se								rious Adverse Events							
System organ class	E v e n t e r m	Additi onal descri ption	Dictio nary	Numbe of subjec affecte	er Number of ts subjects d exposed	Event term occurre nce – all	Event term occurrenc e – causally related to the treatment	Number of subjectsNumber ofEvent termEvent termaffectedsubjectsoccurre exposedoccurrenc e - causally related to the treatment				Number of subjects affected	Numb er of subjec ts expose d	Event term occurrence – all	Event term occurrence – causally related to the treatment
Uncoded				1	4	1	0	1	4	1	0	2	4	2	0
GI Symptoms - Other				34	4	53	10	28	4	40	6	62	4	93	16
Infections				81	<u>4</u> 171 82			68	4	184	81	149	4	355	163
Pain				18	4	30	3	17	4	19	1	35	4	49	4

Other		85	212	30	62	153	21	147	365	51
Cancers		2	3	0	1	1	0	3	4	0
Deranged LFTs		4	4	2	5	5	4	9	9	6
Pancreatitis		1	1	1	1	1	0	2	2	1
GI Symptoms - nausea/vomiting		45	78	41	30	41	16	75	119	57
GI Symptoms - abdominal pain		66	132	35	67	141	21	133	273	56
GI Symptoms - Constipation/diarr hoea		37	54	14	37	56	4	74	110	18
Joint pain/arthralgia		40	72	11	36	65	14	76	137	25
Worsening Crohn's		24	41	1	29	37	4	53	78	5
Rash		24	35	13	14	17	7	38	52	20
Headache		26	61	18	20	38	12	46	99	30

(1) The table defaults provide a short-cut for entering the dictionary used for recording all Adverse events in a study. If entered, the table default values respectively apply to any Adverse Event with a blank Dictionary name.

(2) The frequency of non-serious adverse events that, when exceeded within any arm or comparison group, are reported in the results database for all arms or comparison groups. The number must be less than or equal to the allowed maximum expressed as a percentage. For example, a threshold of 5 per cent indicates that all non-serious adverse events with a frequency greater than 5 per cent within at least one arm or comparison group are reported.

(3) Reporting group description contains details about subjects in this group.

(4) Number of subjects exposed for a single Adverse event in a reporting group is only required when the value differs from the Total number of subjects at exposed in the reporting group.

(5) The event terms used for reporting fatalities must also appear in the serious adverse events table.

More Information

Amendment date	Description
16/12/2007	Substantial Amendment 1: Amendment to protocol concerning use of 6MP in pregnancy/subjects of childbearing age, switch to matching placebo (rather than
	over-encapsulation) supplied by GSK and amendment to safety blood procedures.
18/11/2008	Substantial Amendment 3: Use of all Scottish district hospitals for referrals, repeat safety bloods not required at V2, clarifications to protocol: V2 <7 days of
	V1; point 3 of inclusion criteria added.
15/06/2009	Substantial Amendment 5: Reduce number of colonoscopies and clarification in PIL/Consent the types of sample and how they are handled and stored.
07/07/2008	Substantial Amendment 6: Decision to stop study drug if subjects prescribed Allopurinol.
15/12/2009	Substantial Amendment 7: Amendment to safety assessments in protocol, prohibited medications added as appendix.
03/03/2010	Substantial Amendment 8: Isolated elevation of GGT do not represent exclusion to recruitment or withdrawal.
28/09/2010	Substantial Amendment 12: Extension to study, clarifications to protocol including amendment to exclusion criteria, retention of original signed consent
	forms in site files, updated policy on pharmacovigilance and protocol deviations.
10/02/2011	Substantial Amendment 13: Clarifications to the protocol
15/03/2012	Substantial Amendment 17: Protocol modified to add a secondary outcome, amend exclusion criteria error, MA holder and SmPC change, amendments to
	appendices 3,4,6,7.
03/10/2013	Substantial Amendment 20: Protocol modified: change of MA holder name and address, SmPc update of drug brand name, trial manager and trial statistician
	change, clarification of Appendix 8 on prohibited medications.
07/05/2015	Substantial Amendment 21: Protocol modified: health economics analysis plan revised, revisions to planned analysis section to bring in line with Statistical
	Analysis Plan, minor change to MA Holder and SmPC, removal of blank Annexes.

Global Substantial Protocol Amendments (1)

Global Interruptions and Restarts 2

Interruption date	Description	Restart Date
N/A	N/A	N/A

Limitations and Caveats 3

Limitations and caveats that apply to the results

N/A

(1) Provide details of the substantial amendments to the protocol that affected the trial globally. There may not have been any global substantial protocol amendments, so their presence is optional. However if a global substantial protocol amendment is created, then both the date and the description are necessary. There is sufficient provision to support the presence of any number of global substantial protocol amendments to the trial.

(2) Provide details of the interruptions that affected the trial globally. There may not have been any global interruptions, so their presence is optional. If a global amendment is created it must have an interruption date and a description. The restart date is provided only if the trial was restarted globally after the interruption. There is sufficient provision to support the presence of any number of global interruptions and restarts to the trial.

(3) Based on the conduct of the trial provide any limitations or caveats to the results of the trial.