



## Clinical trial results:

### Early vs. delayed EVERolimus in de novo HEART transplant recipients: optimization of the safety/efficacy profile (EVERHEART Study)

#### Summary

EudraCT number	2009-011008-43
Trial protocol	IT
Global end of trial date	31 December 2013

#### Results information

Result version number	v1 (current)
This version publication date	13 July 2016
First version publication date	02 August 2015

#### Trial information

##### Trial identification

Sponsor protocol code	CRAD001AIT16
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##### Additional study identifiers

ISRCTN number	-
ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number)	NCT01017029
WHO universal trial number (UTN)	-

Notes:

#### Sponsors

Sponsor organisation name	Novartis Pharmaceuticals
Sponsor organisation address	CH-4002, Basel, Switzerland,
Public contact	Clinical Disclosure Office, Novartis Pharma AG, 41 613241111,
Scientific contact	Clinical Disclosure Office, Novartis Pharma AG, 41 613241111,

Notes:

#### Paediatric regulatory details

Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)	No
Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No
Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No

Notes:

## Results analysis stage

Analysis stage	Final
Date of interim/final analysis	31 December 2013
Is this the analysis of the primary completion data?	No
Global end of trial reached?	Yes
Global end of trial date	31 December 2013
Was the trial ended prematurely?	No

Notes:

## General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The primary objective of the study was to compare the 6-month cumulative incidence of the safety composite endpoint of wound healing delay related to initial transplant surgery, pleural/pericardial effusions and occurrence of acute renal insufficiency, defined as an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR)  $\leq 30$  mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>, between the delayed everolimus arm and the immediate everolimus arm.

Protection of trial subjects:

The study was in compliance with the ethical principles derived from the Declaration of Helsinki and the International Conference on Harmonization (ICH) Good Clinical Practice (GCP) guidelines. All the local regulatory requirements pertinent to safety of trial subjects were also followed during the conduct of the trial.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

Actual start date of recruitment	20 September 2009
Long term follow-up planned	No
Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement?	Yes

Notes:

## Population of trial subjects

### Subjects enrolled per country

Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Italy: 181
Worldwide total number of subjects	181
EEA total number of subjects	181

Notes:

### Subjects enrolled per age group

In utero	0
Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	0
Children (2-11 years)	0
Adolescents (12-17 years)	0
Adults (18-64 years)	167

From 65 to 84 years	14
85 years and over	0

## Subject disposition

### Recruitment

Recruitment details: -

### Pre-assignment

Screening details:

Eligible patients were randomized 1:1 ratio.

### Period 1

Period 1 title	Overall Study (overall period)
Is this the baseline period?	Yes
Allocation method	Randomised - controlled
Blinding used	Not blinded

### Arms

Are arms mutually exclusive?	Yes
<b>Arm title</b>	Immediate introduction of everolimus

Arm description:

Everolimus within 144 hours (5 days) after graft reperfusion + cyclosporine microemulsion + steroids

Arm type	Active comparator
Investigational medicinal product name	Everolimus
Investigational medicinal product code	RAD001
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Tablet
Routes of administration	Oral use

Dosage and administration details:

Everolimus within 144 hours (5 days) after graft reperfusion + cyclosporine microemulsion + steroids

<b>Arm title</b>	Delayed introduction of everolimus
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Arm description:

Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) within 144 hours (5 days) after graft reperfusion + cyclosporine microemulsion + steroids. After 4 to 6 weeks since transplant, everolimus in place of MMF and dose of cyclosporine reduced.

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF)
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Tablet
Routes of administration	Oral use

Dosage and administration details:

) within 144 hours (5 days) after graft reperfusion + cyclosporine microemulsion + steroids. After 4 to 6 weeks since transplant, everolimus in place of MMF and dose of cyclosporine reduced.

Investigational medicinal product name	Everolimus
Investigational medicinal product code	RAD001
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Tablet
Routes of administration	Oral use

Dosage and administration details:

Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) within 144 hours (5 days) after graft reperfusion + cyclosporine microemulsion + steroids. After 4 to 6 weeks since transplant, everolimus in place of MMF and dose of cyclosporine reduced.

<b>Number of subjects in period 1</b>	Immediate introduction of everolimus	Delayed introduction of everolimus
Started	89	92
Completed	85	90
Not completed	4	2
Adverse event, serious fatal	3	1
Administrative problem	-	1
Lost to follow-up	1	-

## Baseline characteristics

### Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Immediate introduction of everolimus
Reporting group description: Everolimus within 144 hours (5 days) after graft reperfusion + cyclosporine microemulsion + steroids	
Reporting group title	Delayed introduction of everolimus
Reporting group description: Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) within 144 hours (5 days) after graft reperfusion + cyclosporine microemulsion + steroids. After 4 to 6 weeks since transplant, everolimus in place of MMF and dose of cyclosporine reduced.	

Reporting group values	Immediate introduction of everolimus	Delayed introduction of everolimus	Total
Number of subjects	89	92	181
Age categorical Units: Subjects			
In utero	0	0	0
Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks)	0	0	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0	0	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	0	0	0
Children (2-11 years)	0	0	0
Adolescents (12-17 years)	0	0	0
Adults (18-64 years)	82	85	167
From 65-84 years	7	7	14
85 years and over	0	0	0
Age Continuous   Units: years			
arithmetic mean	52.69	52.95	
standard deviation	± 10.15	± 10.19	-
Gender, Male/Female Units: participants			
Female	16	21	37
Male	73	71	144
Race/Ethnicity, Customized Units: Subjects			
Caucasian	88	88	176
Black	0	1	1
Other	1	3	4
Study Specific Characteristic   Units: kilograms			
arithmetic mean	74.38	71.18	
standard deviation	± 12.5	± 12.75	-
Study Specific Characteristic   Units: centimeters			
arithmetic mean	170.8	170.1	
standard deviation	± 7.69	± 8.03	-
Study Specific Characteristic			

Units: kg/m <sup>2</sup> *			
arithmetic mean	25.44	24.48	
standard deviation	± 3.65	± 3.33	-

## End points

### End points reporting groups

Reporting group title	Immediate introduction of everolimus
Reporting group description:	Everolimus within 144 hours (5 days) after graft reperfusion + cyclosporine microemulsion + steroids
Reporting group title	Delayed introduction of everolimus
Reporting group description:	Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) within 144 hours (5 days) after graft reperfusion + cyclosporine microemulsion + steroids. After 4 to 6 weeks since transplant, everolimus in place of MMF and dose of cyclosporine reduced.

### Primary: Participants with at least one occurrence of safety composite endpoint after 6 months by treatment group

End point title	Participants with at least one occurrence of safety composite endpoint after 6 months by treatment group
End point description:	Comparison of 6-month cumulative incidence of safety composite endpoint (wound healing delay) related to initial transplant surgery, pleural/pericardial effusions and occurrence of acute renal insufficiency, defined as estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) $\leq 30$ mL/min/1.73 m <sup>2</sup> , between delayed everolimus arm and immediate everolimus arm
End point type	Primary
End point timeframe:	6 months

End point values	Immediate introduction of everolimus	Delayed introduction of everolimus		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	89	92		
Units: participants				
number (confidence interval)	40 (34.6 to 55.3)	30 (23 to 42.2)		

### Statistical analyses

Statistical analysis title	Safety endpoint by treatment group
Comparison groups	Immediate introduction of everolimus v Delayed introduction of everolimus
Number of subjects included in analysis	181
Analysis specification	Pre-specified
Analysis type	
P-value	= 0.1043
Method	Regression, Cox
Parameter estimate	Hazard ratio (HR)
Point estimate	1.482

Confidence interval	
level	95 %
sides	2-sided
lower limit	0.922
upper limit	2.383

**Secondary: Participants with at least one occurrence of each safety composite endpoint event after 6 months by treatment group**

End point title | Participants with at least one occurrence of each safety composite endpoint event after 6 months by treatment group

End point description:

End point type | Secondary

End point timeframe:

6 months

End point values	Immediate introduction of everolimus	Delayed introduction of everolimus		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	89	92		
Units: participants				
number (confidence interval)				
Wound healing complication	10 (4.7 to 17.8)	8 (2.9 to 14.5)		
Pleural effusion	1 (0 to 3.3)	1 (0 to 3.2)		
Pericardial effusion	30 (23.9 to 43.5)	18 (11.5 to 27.7)		
eGFR ≤ 30 mL/min/1.73 m2	7 (2.3 to 13.5)	8 (2.9 to 14.5)		

**Statistical analyses**

No statistical analyses for this end point

**Secondary: Hazard Cox's model analysis of pericardial/pleural effusions**

End point title | Hazard Cox's model analysis of pericardial/pleural effusions

End point description:

Pericardial effusions: any pericardial effusion defined as at least moderate (i.e. measuring at least 2.0 cm in diastole, in the point of largest distance between the pericardial leaflets), with or without signs of hemodynamic compromise, or leading to drainage or to prolonged hospitalization. Pleural effusions: need for surgical drainage tubes for longer than 7 days after surgery and subsequent pleural effusions leading to drainage. CI = confidence interval, HR = hazard ratio, MDRD = Modification of Diet in Renal Disease

End point type | Secondary

End point timeframe:

6 months

<b>End point values</b>	Immediate introduction of everolimus	Delayed introduction of everolimus		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	89	87		
Units: participants	30	18		

### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Absolute and percent frequencies of patients with LDL $\geq$ 100 mg/mL at 1, 3 and 6 months, by treatment group

End point title	Absolute and percent frequencies of patients with LDL $\geq$ 100 mg/mL at 1, 3 and 6 months, by treatment group			
End point description:	LDL = low density lipoprotein			
End point type	Secondary			
End point timeframe:	6 months			

<b>End point values</b>	Immediate introduction of everolimus	Delayed introduction of everolimus		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	89	92		
Units: participants				
number (confidence interval)				
Month 1	41 (35.7 to 56.4)	38 (31.6 to 51.9)		
Month 3	37 (32.6 to 53.5)	37 (30.2 to 50.2)		
Month 6	34 (28.1 to 48.3)	36 (29.2 to 49.1)		

### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Participants with CMV infection and CMV syndrome/disease after 6 months by treatment group

End point title	Participants with CMV infection and CMV syndrome/disease after 6 months by treatment group			
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End point description:

CMV infection is defined as pp65 antigenemia or DNAemia

End point type Secondary

End point timeframe:

6 months

<b>End point values</b>	Immediate introduction of everolimus	Delayed introduction of everolimus		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	89	92		
Units: participants				
number (confidence interval)				
CMV infections	46 (41.3 to 62.1)	63 (59 to 78)		
CMV syndrome/disease	3 (0 to 7.1)	6 (1.5 to 11.6)		

### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Participants with at least one occurrence of composite treatment failure events

End point title Participants with at least one occurrence of composite treatment failure events

End point description:

Comparison of 6-months cumulative incidence of composite treatment failure events (BPAR  $\geq$  2R, rejection with hemodynamic compromise, graft loss, or death) between delayed everolimus arm and immediate everolimus arm

End point type Secondary

End point timeframe:

6 months

<b>End point values</b>	Immediate introduction of everolimus	Delayed introduction of everolimus		
Subject group type	Reporting group	Reporting group		
Number of subjects analysed	89	92		
Units: participants				
number (confidence interval)	33 (27 to 47.1)	26 (19.1 to 37.5)		

### Statistical analyses

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No statistical analyses for this end point

## Adverse events

### Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

Adverse events are collected from First Patient First Visit (FPFV) until Last Patient Last Visit (LPLV). All adverse events reported in this record are from date of First Patient First Treatment until Last Patient Last Visit

Adverse event reporting additional description:

Consistent with EudraCT disclosure specifications, Novartis has reported under the Serious adverse events field "number of deaths resulting from adverse events" all those deaths, resulting from serious adverse events that are deemed to be causally related to treatment by the investigator

Assessment type	Systematic
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### Dictionary used

Dictionary name	MedDRA
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Dictionary version	17.0
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### Reporting groups

Reporting group title	EVE Delayed
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Reporting group description:

EVE Delayed

Reporting group title	EVE Immediate
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Reporting group description:

EVE Immediate

<b>Serious adverse events</b>	EVE Delayed	EVE Immediate	
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	31 / 92 (33.70%)	35 / 89 (39.33%)	
number of deaths (all causes)	1	3	
number of deaths resulting from adverse events	1	1	
Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps)			
Adenocarcinoma			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
Vascular disorders			
Deep vein thrombosis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	2 / 89 (2.25%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Femoral arterial stenosis			

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Femoral artery aneurysm</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Hypertension</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Hypotension</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Surgical and medical procedures</b>			
<b>Cardiac pacemaker insertion</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>General disorders and administration site conditions</b>			
<b>Concomitant disease progression</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 92 (2.17%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Death</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
<b>Drug interaction</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Hyperpyrexia			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Oedema peripheral			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	2 / 89 (2.25%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	2 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pyrexia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Sudden death			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Immune system disorders			
Transplant rejection			
subjects affected / exposed	3 / 92 (3.26%)	7 / 89 (7.87%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 5	0 / 9	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
Reproductive system and breast disorders			
Epididymitis			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders			
Bronchopneumonia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Dyspnoea			

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Mediastinitis</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	2 / 89 (2.25%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Pleural effusion</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	2 / 89 (2.25%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Pneumonia</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	4 / 89 (4.49%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	1 / 4	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
<b>Pulmonary embolism</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Pulmonary microemboli</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Respiratory distress</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Respiratory failure</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Investigations</b>			
Escherichia test positive			

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
White blood cell count increased			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications			
Incision site complication			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Lumbar vertebral fracture			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Wound complication			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	3 / 89 (3.37%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	5 / 8	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Cardiac disorders			
Arrhythmia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Atrial fibrillation			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Atrial flutter			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Bradycardia			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Cardiac failure congestive			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
Cardiac tamponade			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pericardial effusion			
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 92 (4.35%)	12 / 89 (13.48%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 12	12 / 24	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Sick sinus syndrome			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Supraventricular tachycardia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Ventricular tachycardia			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Nervous system disorders			
Cerebrovascular accident			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Convulsion			

subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Headache</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Syncope</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Blood and lymphatic system disorders</b>			
<b>Leukopenia</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Neutropenia</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Thrombocytopenia</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Gastrointestinal disorders</b>			
<b>Ascites</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Diarrhoea</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Dyspepsia</b>			

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Gastroenteritis</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 92 (2.17%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Intestinal obstruction</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Vomiting</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Hepatobiliary disorders</b>			
Cholecystitis and cholelithiasis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Hyperbilirubinaemia</b>			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Renal and urinary disorders</b>			
Renal failure			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	2 / 89 (2.25%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Renal failure acute			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	3 / 89 (3.37%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	2 / 3	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
<b>Musculoskeletal and connective tissue</b>			

disorders			
Back pain			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Infections and infestations			
Cytomegalovirus infection			
subjects affected / exposed	6 / 92 (6.52%)	4 / 89 (4.49%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 7	0 / 6	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Cytomegalovirus syndrome			
subjects affected / exposed	3 / 92 (3.26%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 3	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Endocarditis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Herpes zoster			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Infection			
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 92 (2.17%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Pyelonephritis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	1 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Septic shock			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Urinary tract infection			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Urinary tract infections			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	2 / 89 (2.25%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	2 / 2	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Metabolism and nutrition disorders			
Hyperglycaemia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Hypertriglyceridaemia			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	1 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Hypoalbuminaemia			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 92 (0.00%)	1 / 89 (1.12%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 1	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	
Metabolic syndrome			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 92 (1.09%)	0 / 89 (0.00%)	
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1	0 / 0	
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0	0 / 0	

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

<b>Non-serious adverse events</b>	EVE Delayed	EVE Immediate	
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	62 / 92 (67.39%)	71 / 89 (79.78%)	
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications			
Wound complication			

subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	8 / 92 (8.70%) 11	8 / 89 (8.99%) 12	
Vascular disorders Hypertension subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	11 / 92 (11.96%) 12	10 / 89 (11.24%) 12	
Cardiac disorders Atrial fibrillation subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)  Pericardial effusion subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	3 / 92 (3.26%) 3  32 / 92 (34.78%) 115	5 / 89 (5.62%) 5  40 / 89 (44.94%) 160	
Blood and lymphatic system disorders Anaemia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)  Leukopenia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	9 / 92 (9.78%) 9  7 / 92 (7.61%) 7	9 / 89 (10.11%) 12  16 / 89 (17.98%) 21	
General disorders and administration site conditions Oedema peripheral subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)  Pyrexia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	3 / 92 (3.26%) 5  6 / 92 (6.52%) 7	5 / 89 (5.62%) 5  2 / 89 (2.25%) 5	
Immune system disorders Transplant rejection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	23 / 92 (25.00%) 42	28 / 89 (31.46%) 57	
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders Pleural effusion subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	25 / 92 (27.17%) 47	18 / 89 (20.22%) 35	
Renal and urinary disorders			

Renal failure subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	5 / 92 (5.43%) 5	0 / 89 (0.00%) 0	
Infections and infestations Cytomegalovirus infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	6 / 92 (6.52%) 6	2 / 89 (2.25%) 2	
Infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	5 / 92 (5.43%) 7	2 / 89 (2.25%) 4	
Urinary tract infections subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	3 / 92 (3.26%) 3	6 / 89 (6.74%) 8	
Metabolism and nutrition disorders Hypercholesterolaemia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	6 / 92 (6.52%) 6	4 / 89 (4.49%) 4	
Hypertriglyceridaemia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	10 / 92 (10.87%) 10	4 / 89 (4.49%) 4	

## More information

### Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

Date	Amendment
17 January 2010	The randomization time-frame was increased from 96 hours to 144 hours after graft reperfusion in order to improve safety in eligible patients with sub-optimal postoperative renal function. The following statement was added: After a screening evaluation to be performed within the day of transplant surgery (Day 0), eligible patients were considered for randomization between 24 and 144 hours after transplant (Day 1 to 5).
17 January 2010	Changes to inclusion and exclusion criteria One inclusion criterion was revised from Male or female cardiac recipients 18 to 65 years of age undergoing primary heart transplantation to Male or female cardiac recipients of at least 18 years of age undergoing primary heart transplantation.
17 January 2010	The following exclusion criterion was removed from the protocol: - Patients unable to take oral medication.
17 January 2010	The following exclusion criteria were revised from: Presence of Donor/Recipient serological mismatch for Hepatitis B or C Donor older than 60 years and/or with known donor heart disease at the time of transplantation to Presence of Donor/Recipient serological mismatch for Hepatitis C Donor with known donor heart disease at the time of transplantation.
27 April 2011	The "Concomitant medications" section was updated as follows to include additional detail regarding induction therapy based on Phase 3 study results.
27 April 2011	Induction therapy with anti-lymphocyte antibodies or anti-CD25 antibodies are allowed as per center clinical practice.
02 August 2012	The "Interim analysis" section was updated as follows to include details regarding a second interim analysis.

Notes:

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### Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

### Limitations and caveats

None reported