



Clinical trial results:

An Open Label, Multicenter, Dose Escalation Study to Evaluate the Safety, Tolerability, Efficacy, Pharmacokinetics, and Pharmacodynamics of SBC-102 in Children with Growth Failure Due to Lysosomal Acid Lipase Deficiency

Summary

| | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| EudraCT number | 2011-000032-28 |
| Trial protocol | GB FR DE IT IE |
| Global end of trial date | 03 January 2018 |

Results information

| | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Result version number | v2 (current) |
| This version publication date | 15 February 2019 |
| First version publication date | 20 July 2016 |
| Version creation reason | <ul style="list-style-type: none">New data added to full data set Results data updated with the data from the final clinical study report. |

Trial information

Trial identification

| | |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Sponsor protocol code | LAL-CL03 |
|-----------------------|----------|

Additional study identifiers

| | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| ISRCTN number | - |
| ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number) | NCT01371825 |
| WHO universal trial number (UTN) | - |

Notes:

Sponsors

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sponsor organisation name | Alexion Pharmaceuticals Inc. |
| Sponsor organisation address | 100 College Street, New Haven, CT, United States, 06510 |
| Public contact | European Clinical Trial Information, Alexion Europe SAS, +33 147100606, clinicaltrials.eu@alexion.com |
| Scientific contact | European Clinical Trial Information, Alexion Europe SAS, +33 147100606, clinicaltrials.eu@alexion.com |

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

| | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP) | Yes |
| EMA paediatric investigation plan number(s) | EMA-001331-PIP01-12 |
| Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |
| Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | Yes |

Notes:

Results analysis stage

| | |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Analysis stage | Final |
| Date of interim/final analysis | 03 January 2018 |
| Is this the analysis of the primary completion data? | Yes |
| Primary completion date | 03 January 2018 |
| Global end of trial reached? | Yes |
| Global end of trial date | 03 January 2018 |
| Was the trial ended prematurely? | No |

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The primary objective of the study is to evaluate the effect of sebelipase alfa (SBC-102) therapy on survival at 12 months of age in children with growth failure due to lysosomal acid lipase (LAL) Deficiency.

Protection of trial subjects:

This study was conducted in accordance with International Conference on Harmonisation (ICH) Good Clinical Practice, and the principles of the Declaration of Helsinki, in addition to following the laws and regulations of the country or countries in which a study is conducted.

The participant's parent or legal guardian had the right to withdraw from the study at any time for any reason. The investigator and Sponsor also had the right to withdraw participants from the study at any time. Specific reasons for discontinuation included but were not restricted to the following:

- intercurrent illness
- adverse events
- protocol deviation or non-compliance
- termination of the study by the sponsor

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

| | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Actual start date of recruitment | 04 May 2011 |
| Long term follow-up planned | Yes |
| Long term follow-up rationale | Safety, Efficacy |
| Long term follow-up duration | 4 Years |
| Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement? | Yes |

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Turkey: 1 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Egypt: 1 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | United States: 1 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | United Kingdom: 2 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | France: 3 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Ireland: 1 |
| Worldwide total number of subjects | 9 |
| EEA total number of subjects | 6 |

Notes:

| Subjects enrolled per age group | |
|-------------------------------------------|---|
| In utero | 0 |
| Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk | 0 |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 9 |
| Children (2-11 years) | 0 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 0 |
| Adults (18-64 years) | 0 |
| From 65 to 84 years | 0 |
| 85 years and over | 0 |

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details:

A total of 9 Principal Investigators at 9 centers participated in this study in the United Kingdom, United States, France, Turkey, Ireland, and Egypt.

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

To assess eligibility, participants were screened for a period of up to 3 weeks prior to enrollment. 11 total participants were screened, and 2 participants died during screening. The other 9 participants, all of whom were ≤ 8 months of age on the date of enrollment, met all eligibility criteria and were enrolled, treated, and analysed.

Period 1

| | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Period 1 title | Open-label Sebelipase Alfa (overall period) |
| Is this the baseline period? | Yes |
| Allocation method | Not applicable |
| Blinding used | Not blinded |

Arms

| | |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Arm title | Open-Label Sebelipase Alfa |
| Arm description: - | |
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Sebelipase alfa |
| Investigational medicinal product code | SBC-102 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Concentrate for solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

All participants received intravenous (IV) infusions of sebelipase alfa during the open-label treatment period. Participants received a starting dose of 0.35 milligrams (mg)/kilogram (kg) once weekly (qw) and, after demonstrating acceptable safety and tolerability after at least 2 infusions at this dose, began receiving the per-protocol dose of 1 mg/kg qw. Thereafter, participants were to continue receiving a dose of 1 mg/kg qw for the duration of the treatment period. However, in the event of disease progression (based on protocol-defined criteria) at any time during treatment with 1 mg/kg qw, an individual participant could receive a dose increase to 3 mg/kg qw and, if necessary, a subsequent dose increase to 5 mg/kg qw (after review and approval by a Safety Committee [SC]). Participants receiving long-term treatment on a stable qw dose could be switched to an every other week (qow) dosing schedule at the same total dose (mg/kg) per infusion.

| Number of subjects in period 1 | Open-Label Sebelipase Alfa |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Started | 9 |
| Received at Least 1 Dose of Study Drug | 9 |
| Completed | 5 |
| Not completed | 4 |
| Death | 4 |

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Reporting group title | Open-label Sebelipase Alfa |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|

Reporting group description: -

| Reporting group values | Open-label Sebelipase Alfa | Total | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|--|
| Number of subjects | 9 | 9 | |
| Age categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 9 | 9 | |
| Age continuous | | | |
| The mean age (and range) at first dose of sebelipase alfa is presented. | | | |
| Units: months | | | |
| arithmetic mean | 3.41 | | |
| full range (min-max) | 1.1 to 5.8 | - | |
| Gender categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 4 | 4 | |
| Male | 5 | 5 | |
| Race | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| White | 4 | 4 | |
| Asian | 1 | 1 | |
| Black | 1 | 1 | |
| Unknown or not reported | 3 | 3 | |
| Ethnicity | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Hispanic or Latino | 0 | 0 | |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 6 | 6 | |
| Unknown or not reported | 3 | 3 | |

Subject analysis sets

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Subject analysis set title | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|

| | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Subject analysis set type | Intention-to-treat |
|---------------------------|--------------------|

Subject analysis set description:

Evaluable participants in the PES, which included participants who received any amount of sebelipase alfa and who were ≤ 8 months of age on the date of their first infusion of sebelipase alfa. All 9 participants were evaluable.

| Reporting group values | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) | | |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Number of subjects | 9 | | |
| Age categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 9 | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Age continuous | | | |
| The mean age (and range) at first dose of sebelipase alfa is presented. | | | |
| Units: months | | | |
| arithmetic mean | 3.41 | | |
| full range (min-max) | 1.1 to 5.8 | | |
| Gender categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 4 | | |
| Male | 5 | | |
| Race | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| White | 4 | | |
| Asian | 1 | | |
| Black | 1 | | |
| Unknown or not reported | 3 | | |
| Ethnicity | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Hispanic or Latino | 0 | | |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 6 | | |
| Unknown or not reported | 3 | | |

End points

End points reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Reporting group title | Open-Label Sebelipase Alfa |
| Reporting group description: | - |
| Subject analysis set title | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) |
| Subject analysis set type | Intention-to-treat |
| Subject analysis set description: | Evaluable participants in the PES, which included participants who received any amount of sebelipase alfa and who were ≤ 8 months of age on the date of their first infusion of sebelipase alfa. All 9 participants were evaluable. |

Primary: Percentage Of Participants In The PES Surviving To 12 Months Of Age

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| End point title | Percentage Of Participants In The PES Surviving To 12 Months Of Age ^[1] |
| End point description: | The primary efficacy endpoint was the percentage of participants (%) in the PES who survived to at least 12 months of age. |
| End point type | Primary |
| End point timeframe: | Month 12 |

Notes:

[1] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: Single-arm estimate. The proportion of participants surviving to 12 months of age was calculated, along with an exact 95% confidence interval, based on the Clopper-Pearson method. Kaplan-Meier survival curves were also generated from birth to 12 months of age and from first infusion of sebelipase alfa to 12 months of age, and Kaplan-Meier methodology was used to estimate median age at death (as data permitted) and median survival past the first infusion of sebelipase alfa.

| End point values | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Subject analysis set | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 9 | | | |
| Units: % of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 67 (29.9 to 92.5) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage Of Participants Surviving Beyond 12 Months Of Age

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| End point title | Percentage Of Participants Surviving Beyond 12 Months Of Age |
| End point description: | The percentage of participants in the PES who survived to at least 18 months of age. |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | From Baseline to Month 18, Month 24, Month 36, Month 48, and Month 60. |

| End point values | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Subject analysis set | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 9 | | | |
| Units: % of subjects | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | | | | |
| Survival Through 18 Months of Age | 56 (21.2 to 86.3) | | | |
| Survival Through 24 Months of Age | 56 (21.2 to 86.3) | | | |
| Survival Through 36 Months of Age | 56 (21.2 to 86.3) | | | |
| Survival Through 48 Months of Age | 56 (21.2 to 86.3) | | | |
| Survival Through 60 Months of Age | 43 (9.9 to 81.6) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Median Age At Death

| | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| End point title | Median Age At Death |
| End point description: | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| From Baseline to Week 260 | |

| End point values | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Subject analysis set | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 4 | | | |
| Units: age at death in months | | | | |
| median (full range (min-max)) | 3.63 (2.8 to 15.0) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Change From Baseline To Months 12, 24, 36, 48, and 60 In Weight For Age (WFA) Percentiles

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| End point title | Change From Baseline To Months 12, 24, 36, 48, and 60 In Weight For Age (WFA) Percentiles |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

End point description:

Baseline is defined as the last measurement prior to the first infusion of sebelipase alfa.

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|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Month 12, Month 24, Month 36, Month 48, and Month 60

| End point values | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Subject analysis set | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 9 | | | |
| Units: WFA Percentile | | | | |
| median (full range (min-max)) | | | | |
| Month 12 (n=4) | 7.469 (5.35 to 13.77) | | | |
| Month 24 (n=5) | 21.787 (0.91 to 30.37) | | | |
| Month 36 (n=5) | 14.037 (-0.35 to 89.00) | | | |
| Month 48 (n=5) | 15.770 (4.06 to 86.50) | | | |
| Month 60 (n=5) | 19.869 (7.36 to 71.39) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number Of Participants With Stunting, Wasting, Or Underweight

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| End point title | Number Of Participants With Stunting, Wasting, Or Underweight |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|

End point description:

The number of participants who met criteria for the following dichotomous indicators of under nutrition were reported. These indicators included the following:

- Stunting was defined as at least 2 standard deviations below the median for length-for-age/height-for-age;
- Wasting was defined as wasting at least 2 standard deviations below the median for weight-for-length/weight-for-height; and
- Underweight was defined as at least 2 standard deviations below the median for WFA.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Month 12, Month 24, Month 36, Month 48, and Month 60.

| End point values | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Subject analysis set | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 9 | | | |
| Units: number of participants | | | | |
| Stunting at Baseline (N=8) | 4 | | | |
| Stunting at Month 12 (N=4) | 1 | | | |
| Stunting at Month 24 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Stunting at Month 36 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Stunting at Month 48 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Stunting at Month 60 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Wasting at Baseline (N=8) | 2 | | | |
| Wasting at Month 12 (N=4) | 0 | | | |
| Wasting at Month 24 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Wasting at Month 36 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Wasting at Month 48 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Wasting at Month 60 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Underweight at Baseline (N=9) | 2 | | | |
| Underweight at Month 12 (N=4) | 0 | | | |
| Underweight at Month 24 (N=5) | 1 | | | |
| Underweight at Month 36 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Underweight at Month 48 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| Underweight at Month 60 (N=5) | 0 | | | |
| No Stunting/Wasting/Underweight at Baseline (N=9) | 4 | | | |
| No Stunting/Wasting/Underweight at Month 12 (N=4) | 3 | | | |
| No Stunting/Wasting/Underweight at Month 24 (N=5) | 4 | | | |
| No Stunting/Wasting/Underweight at Month 36 (N=5) | 5 | | | |
| No Stunting/Wasting/Underweight at Month 48 (N=5) | 5 | | | |
| No Stunting/Wasting/Underweight at Month 60 (N=5) | 5 | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Change From Baseline To Months 12, 24, 36, 48, and 60 In Serum Transaminases (ALT And AST)

| | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| End point title | Change From Baseline To Months 12, 24, 36, 48, and 60 In Serum Transaminases (ALT And AST) |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

End point description:

Change from Baseline to Months 12, 24, 36, 48, and 60 for alanine aminotransferase (ALT) and aspartate aminotransferase (AST).

| | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline, Month 12, Month 24, Month 36, Month 48, and Month 60 | |

| End point values | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Subject analysis set | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 9 | | | |
| Units: Median (units/Liter [U/L]) | | | | |
| median (full range (min-max)) | | | | |
| ALT, Month 12 (N=4) | -13.50 (-121.00 to 12.00) | | | |
| ALT, Month 24 (N=5) | -5.00 (-111.00 to 228.00) | | | |
| ALT, Month 36 (N=5) | -4.00 (-100.00 to 107.00) | | | |
| ALT, Month 48 (N=4) | -27.50 (-129.00 to -2.00) | | | |
| ALT, Month 60 (N=4) | -27.00 (-122.00 to 2.00) | | | |
| AST, Month 12 (N=4) | -43.50 (-62.00 to -29.00) | | | |
| AST, Month 24 (N=5) | -30.00 (-49.00 to 67.00) | | | |
| AST, Month 36 (N=4) | -33.00 (-49.00 to 86.00) | | | |
| AST, Month 48 (N=5) | -51.00 (-67.00 to -31.00) | | | |
| AST, Month 60 (N=4) | -40.00 (-84.00 to -17.00) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Change From Baseline To Months 12, 24, 36, 48, and 60 In Serum Ferritin

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|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| End point title | Change From Baseline To Months 12, 24, 36, 48, and 60 In Serum Ferritin |
| End point description: | |
| The median change in serum ferritin from Baseline to Months 12, 24, 36, 48, and 60 is presented. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline, Month 12, Month 24, Month 36, Month 48, and Month 60 | |

| End point values | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Subject analysis set | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 9 | | | |
| Units: micrograms/Liter (µg/L) | | | | |
| median (full range (min-max)) | | | | |
| Month 12 (N=3) | -294.40 (-562.2 to -271.0) | | | |
| Month 24 (N=3) | -239.00 (-298.0 to -235.0) | | | |
| Month 36 (N=4) | -262.95 (-566.6 to -166.0) | | | |
| Month 48 (N=3) | -268.00 (-278.0 to -179.0) | | | |
| Month 60 (N=3) | -213.00 (-543.9 to -155.0) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number Of Participants Achieving And Maintaining Transfusion-free Hemoglobin Normalization (TFHN)

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| End point title | Number Of Participants Achieving And Maintaining Transfusion-free Hemoglobin Normalization (TFHN) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

End point description:

The number of participants achieving and maintaining TFHN are presented.

For TFHN to be achieved, the participant must a) have had 2 post-baseline measurements of hemoglobin at least 4 weeks apart that were both above the age-adjusted lower limit of normal; b) have had no known additional measurements of hemoglobin that were below the age-adjusted lower limit of normal during the (minimum) 4-week period; and c) have had no transfusions during the (minimum) 4-week period, and also no transfusions for 2 weeks prior to the first hemoglobin measurement in the (minimum) 4-week period.

For TFHN to be maintained, the participant must have been transfusion-free beginning at Week 6 and had all hemoglobin assessments above the lower limit of normal beginning in Week 8 and lasting at least 13 weeks.

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|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Month 60

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| End point values | Primary Efficacy Analysis Set (PES) | | | |
| Subject group type | Subject analysis set | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 9 | | | |
| Units: number of participants | | | | |
| Achieved TFHN | 6 | | | |
| Maintained TFHN | 2 | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

Week 260

| | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Assessment type | Systematic |
|-----------------|------------|

Dictionary used

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|-----------------|--------|
| Dictionary name | MedDRA |
|-----------------|--------|

| | |
|--------------------|------|
| Dictionary version | 20.1 |
|--------------------|------|

Reporting groups

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|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Reporting group title | Open-Label sebelipase alfa |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|

Reporting group description: -

| Serious adverse events | Open-Label sebelipase alfa | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Total subjects affected by serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 9 (100.00%) | | |
| number of deaths (all causes) | 4 | | |
| number of deaths resulting from adverse events | | | |
| Investigations | | | |
| Weight decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Pallor | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Poor venous access | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| Cardiac arrest | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Tachycardia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| Lymphadenopathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Chills | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Hyperthermia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Pyrexia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 3 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Sudden cardiac death | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Diarrhoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Peritoneal haemorrhage | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| Malabsorption | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Vomiting | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| Hepatic failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Bacterial pyelonephritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Catheter site infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 4 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Device related infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Device related sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Respiratory tract infection | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Roseola | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Bacteraemia | Additional description: Staphylococcal bacteraemia | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Staphylococcal toxemia | Additional description: staphylococcal sepsis | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Upper respiratory tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Infection | Additional description: Viral infection | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Adenovirus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Amoebic dysentery | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Croup infectious | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Gastroenteritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Rotavirus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Dehydration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Failure to thrive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Food intolerance | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Acidosis | Additional description: metabolic acidosis | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

| Non-serious adverse events | Open-Label sebelipase alfa | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 9 (100.00%) | | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Hypotension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Hypertension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Pallor | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Pyrexia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 9 (55.56%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 69 | | |
| Chills | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Hyperthermia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Catheter site rash | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Disease progression | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Infusion Site Extravasation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Feeling abnormal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Gait disturbance | | | |

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Granuloma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Infusion site oedema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Irritability | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Oedema peripheral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Asthenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Catheter site pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Catheter site swelling | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Swelling | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Reproductive system and breast disorders | | | |
| Penile blister | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed ^[1] | 1 / 5 (20.00%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Genital rash | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| Cough | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 9 (55.56%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 33 | | |
| Rhinorrhoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 14 | | |
| Pharyngeal erythema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Respiratory failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Sneezing | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Tonsillar disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Use of accessory respiratory muscles | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Wheezing | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Respiratory distress | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Productive cough | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Tachypnoea | | | |

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Tonsillar hypertrophy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Oropharyngeal pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| Agitation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Irritability | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Emotional disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Product issues | | | |
| Device dislocation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Device malfunction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Investigations | | | |
| Staphylococcus test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Blood immunoglobulin A abnormal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Blood immunoglobulin G abnormal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Blood lactate dehydrogenase increased | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Blood potassium decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Blood urea increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Body temperature increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Lymphocyte count abnormal | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Lymphocyte count increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Monocyte count increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Neutrophil count increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Norovirus test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Oxygen saturation decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Platelet count increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Respiratory syncytial virus test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Serum ferritin increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Transaminases increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Urine albumin/creatinine ratio increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Urine output decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Vitamin D decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Adenovirus test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Blood immunoglobulin G decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Blood albumin decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Clostridium test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Parasite stool test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Pseudomonas test positive | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Respirovirus test positive | | | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Vitamin E decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Protein total decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| Contusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Endotracheal intubation complication | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Limb injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Mouth injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Post procedural discharge | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Postoperative ileus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Fall | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Head injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Laceration | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>Stoma site inflammation</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>Tooth injury</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> | <p>1 / 9 (11.11%)</p> <p>1</p> <p>1 / 9 (11.11%)</p> <p>1</p> <p>1 / 9 (11.11%)</p> <p>1</p> | | |
| <p>Congenital, familial and genetic disorders</p> <p>Hydrocele</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> | <p>2 / 9 (22.22%)</p> <p>2</p> | | |
| <p>Cardiac disorders</p> <p>Tachycardia</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>Bradycardia</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>Cardiovascular disorder</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> | <p>2 / 9 (22.22%)</p> <p>5</p> <p>2 / 9 (22.22%)</p> <p>2</p> <p>1 / 9 (11.11%)</p> <p>1</p> | | |
| <p>Nervous system disorders</p> <p>Hypotonia</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>Headache</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> | <p>1 / 9 (11.11%)</p> <p>1</p> <p>1 / 9 (11.11%)</p> <p>1</p> | | |
| <p>Blood and lymphatic system disorders</p> <p>Anaemia</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>Thrombocytopenia</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> | <p>4 / 9 (44.44%)</p> <p>6</p> <p>1 / 9 (11.11%)</p> <p>1</p> | | |

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Lymphadenopathy subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 9 (11.11%) 1 | | |
| Lymphopenia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 9 (11.11%) 1 | | |
| Iron deficiency anaemia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 9 (22.22%) 3 | | |
| Ear and labyrinth disorders Ear pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 9 (22.22%) 4 | | |
| Middle ear inflammation subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 9 (11.11%) 1 | | |
| Eye disorders Conjunctivitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 9 (11.11%) 2 | | |
| Pupillary disorder subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 9 (11.11%) 1 | | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders Vomiting subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 6 / 9 (66.67%) 53 | | |
| Diarrhoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 6 / 9 (66.67%) 55 | | |
| Abdominal distension subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 9 (11.11%) 5 | | |
| Nausea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 9 (11.11%) 2 | | |
| Teething | | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | | |
| Ascites | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Faeces discoloured | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Gastrooesophageal reflux disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Haematochezia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Post-tussive vomiting | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Retching | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Tongue discolouration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Umbilical hernia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Abdominal discomfort | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Abdominal pain upper | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Abdominal pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | | |
| Constipation | | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Dental caries | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Enteritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Flatulence | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Gastritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| Cholelithiasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Hyperbilirubinaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| Dermatitis diaper | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 9 (44.44%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | | |
| Urticaria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | | |
| Rash | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | | |
| Eczema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Pruritus generalised | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Umbilical erythema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Petechiae | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Pruritus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Rash macular | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Skin discolouration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Skin irritation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Xanthoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Erythema | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| Dysuria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Endocrine disorders | | | |
| Adrenal insufficiency | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Myalgia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Rhinitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 9 (55.56%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 36 | | |
| Catheter site infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Device related infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | | |
| Nasopharyngitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 9 (55.56%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 14 | | |
| Ear infection viral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Bronchiolitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Gastroenteritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 9 (44.44%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | | |
| Pharyngitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | | |
| Varicella | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Bacterial infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Bronchitis | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Candida nappy rash | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Escherichia urinary tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Eyelid infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Fungal infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Metapneumovirus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Oral candidiasis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Oral fungal infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Oral herpes | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Otitis media | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Post procedural infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Rash pustular | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Staphylococcal skin infection | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Upper respiratory tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Viral infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | | |
| Angular cheilitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Croup infectious | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Gastroenteritis viral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Infectious mononucleosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Influenza | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Scarlet fever | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Stoma site candida | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Tonsillitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Conjunctivitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Fungal skin infection | | | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Hand-foot-and-mouth disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Urinary tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Ear infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | | |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Decreased appetite | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | | |
| Dehydration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Hypercalcaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Hyperglycaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Hypernatraemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Hypocalcaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Hypophosphataemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Hypoproteinaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Iron deficiency | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Metabolic acidosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Vitamin D deficiency | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 9 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | | |
| Hypovolaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Vitamin A deficiency | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 9 (11.11%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | | |
| Vitamin E deficiency | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Vitamin K deficiency | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 9 (22.22%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | | |

Notes:

[1] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: This adverse event only affects male participants.

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

| Date | Amendment |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 09 February 2011 | This amendment included the following major changes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The system for grading adverse event (AE) severity was changed from Division of Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome to NCI CTCAE based on a regulatory request.• Addition of rules for stopping dosing in an individual participant or all study participants. |
| 20 May 2011 | All changes in country-specific Protocol Amendment 2 were incorporated in this global amendment, with one clarification (see first bullet below). This amendment included the following major changes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Further clarified the first criterion in the definition of growth failure.• Amended the definition of extreme prematurity from < 32 weeks gestational age at birth to < 36 weeks gestational age at birth.• Added birth weight to the list of demographic information to be collected.• Allowed the dose (mg) of sebelipase alfa to be determined based on a participant's last available weight measurement if weight could not be obtained on the day of the infusion due to the participant's condition.• Allowed for a screening period of < 7 days, to minimise the delay in treatment initiation, which could be important for severe cases.• Allowed for replacement of participants who had received fewer than 4 infusions of sebelipase alfa. |
| 20 September 2011 | This global amendment included the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clarifications to safety reporting guidelines made to comply with local regulations.• Nonclinical and clinical information for sebelipase alfa was also updated. |
| 05 April 2012 | This amendment merged study LAL-CL03 with its extension study, LAL-CL05, under a single protocol. Study LAL-CL03 was originally designed as a safety trial with a limited 4-month treatment period. After additional nonclinical chronic toxicology data and extended clinical experience in adults became available, the Sponsor opened LAL-CL05 as an extension study, to permit participants who had been receiving treatment in LAL-CL03 (or under an expanded access program) to continue receiving sebelipase alfa without interruption, and to evaluate the long-term safety and efficacy of sebelipase alfa in these participants, including an analysis of survival. In addition, all changes in country-specific Protocol Amendment 4 and Protocol Amendment 5 were incorporated in this global amendment. |
| 23 October 2012 | This amendment included the following major changes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added the option of a qow dosing schedule for participants who were on treatment for at least 96 weeks and had been on a stable dose for at least 24 weeks.• Modified the definition of suboptimal response to distinguish between early (first 3 months of treatment) and late (beyond 3 months of treatment) suboptimal response -- and added criteria for late suboptimal response.• Added anti-drug antibody (ADA) and tryptase testing in participants who experienced a moderate or severe infusion associated reaction (IAR).• Clarified that continuation of hospitalisation for trial purposes in participants who were already hospitalised at the start of the study due to severity of disease, would not be considered a serious adverse event (SAE). |

| | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 05 February 2013 | This amendment was written to allow enrollment of a participant who had not yet met the criteria for growth failure if (a) the investigator has substantial clinical concerns based on evidence of the rapid disease progression requiring urgent medical intervention and (b) the participant had an older (biological) sibling who had a documented rapidly progressive course of LAL Deficiency with growth failure before 6 months of age. This exception was included as a footnote to the growth failure inclusion criterion, and further specified the process the Investigator was to follow to obtain approval for enrollment of such a participant. |
| 19 March 2013 | This amendment included the following major change: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modified the language introduced in Amendment 8. Specifically, the footnote to the growth failure inclusion criterion was revised to remove the requirement that the participant have an older (biological) sibling who had a documented rapidly progressive course of LAL Deficiency with growth failure before 6 months of age. |
| 24 January 2014 | This amendment included the following major changes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extended the treatment period for each participant up to maximum of 4 years. • Refined the definition of suboptimal response, and specified that the evaluation of the suboptimal response was done in consultation with the SC. • Added an optional dose increase to 5 mg/kg qw for any participant who had a continued suboptimal response at 3 mg/kg (after at least 4 infusions) in association with the presence of neutralising antibodies. • Added annual magnetic resonance imaging, monthly weights after Week 24, and an optional liver biopsy. |
| 21 November 2014 | This amendment included the following changes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extended dosing period to up to 5 years. • Removed the terminology "suboptimal response" and replaced with criteria for dose escalation. • Added the collection of serum lipid, serum liver, hematology, chemistry, ferritin, and high-sensitivity C-reactive protein labs prior to any dose change and serum lipid and serum liver 4, 8, and 12 weeks following any dose change. • Removed the terminology "total and functional area scores" relating to the Denver II. • Modified safety end points characterizing ADAs to remove reference to immunoglobulin G, seroconversion, and tolerization. • Removed infusion duration time, infusion rate table, and added in the final concentration of the infusion. • Antidrug antibody collection time points were updated from every 24 weeks following Week 24 to every 12 weeks following Week 24. • Revised the text on infusion associated reaction (IAR) management. • Revised the stopping rules to remove stopping rule for an individual participant for grade 1 and 2 IARs, for grade 4 AEs. • Removed specific stopping rule to pause dosing in all participants in the case of 3 or more participants with similar SAEs and in 3 or more participants with recurrent, unmanageable severe or higher IARs. |
| 05 January 2016 | This amendment included the following minor changes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated to the Sponsor information and SAE Reporting information (updated where to report SAEs, such as phone numbers) |

Notes:

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

None reported