



Clinical trial results:

A Randomised Phase II study investigating pazopanib vs weekly paclitaxel in relapsed or progressive Transitional Cell Carcinoma (TCC) of the urothelium.

Summary

| | |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| EudraCT number | 2011-001841-34 |
| Trial protocol | GB |
| Global end of trial date | 06 July 2016 |

Results information

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Result version number | v1 (current) |
| This version publication date | 22 June 2018 |
| First version publication date | 22 June 2018 |

Trial information

Trial identification

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| Sponsor protocol code | PLUTO2011 |
|-----------------------|-----------|

Additional study identifiers

| | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|
| ISRCTN number | ISRCTN73030316 |
| ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number) | - |
| WHO universal trial number (UTN) | - |

Notes:

Sponsors

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sponsor organisation name | NHS Greater Glasgow & Clyde |
| Sponsor organisation address | Gartnavel Royal Hospital, Glasgow, United Kingdom, |
| Public contact | Research & Development, NHS Greater Glasgow & Clyde, +44 01412111789, R&DIMP@ggc.scot.nhs.uk |
| Scientific contact | Research & Development, NHS Greater Glasgow & Clyde, +44 01412111789, R&DIMP@ggc.scot.nhs.uk |
| Sponsor organisation name | University of Glasgow |
| Sponsor organisation address | University Avenue, Glasgow, United Kingdom, G12 8QQ |
| Public contact | Ms Judith Dixon-Hughes, CRUK CTU Glasgow, 044 01413017540, judith.dixon@glasgow.ac.uk |
| Scientific contact | Professor Rob Jones, NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde, r.jones@beatson.gla.ac.uk |

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

| | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP) | No |
| Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |
| Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |

Notes:

Results analysis stage

| | |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Analysis stage | Final |
| Date of interim/final analysis | 19 September 2016 |
| Is this the analysis of the primary completion data? | Yes |
| Primary completion date | 06 July 2016 |
| Global end of trial reached? | Yes |
| Global end of trial date | 06 July 2016 |
| Was the trial ended prematurely? | Yes |

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The primary objective of the study is to investigate whether pazopanib increases the overall survival time for patients with relapsed or progressive disease; in comparison to the current standard treatment, paclitaxel.

Protection of trial subjects:

As part of the study patients required to attend for additional clinic visits and investigations which would be above those considered to be standard care. The visit schedule and the number and type of investigations were fully explained to patients verbally and in writing via the patient information sheet to ensure patients were fully aware what was entailed in participating in the trial prior to them consenting to the study.

The patient information sheet also fully explained the design of the study and that half of patients would receive paclitaxel and half would receive pazopanib.

The side effects of both treatments were explained in patient information sheet, as were the expected side effects for them. All patients were closely monitored throughout the course of the study for adverse events and were advised to report adverse events to their study team as they arose.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator:

Although 2nd line chemotherapy is common practice in the UK and elsewhere, there is still no universally-accepted randomised controlled trial data to support the use of second-line chemotherapy rather than best supportive care alone and no international consensus on the optimal regimen. A survey of UK bladder cancer oncologists in 2009 showed that a wide variety of regimens were used in the 2nd line setting, none of which have supportive phase III data. Therefore, in order to better understand the likely benefits of pazopanib, a direct comparison of pazopanib and 'standard of care' is the ideal study to determine if pazopanib is worthy of further investigation in this setting. One suitable regimen is weekly paclitaxel for up to 24 weeks. Unlike pazopanib, which can safely be given until disease progression or intolerance, paclitaxel may be associated with cumulative neurotoxicity, and so the total duration of therapy is limited in this study.

| | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Actual start date of recruitment | 01 December 2011 |
| Long term follow-up planned | No |
| Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement? | Yes |

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | United Kingdom: 131 |
| Worldwide total number of subjects | 131 |
| EEA total number of subjects | 131 |

Notes:

| Subjects enrolled per age group | |
|-------------------------------------------|----|
| In utero | 0 |
| Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk | 0 |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 0 |
| Children (2-11 years) | 0 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 0 |
| Adults (18-64 years) | 42 |
| From 65 to 84 years | 87 |
| 85 years and over | 2 |

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details:

The study was opened to recruitment in August 2010 and closed to recruitment in October 2014. This study was opened to recruitment in the UK only and recruited 131 patients.

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

Consent for the study could be taken up to 8 weeks prior to date of randomisation. All other screening evaluations were performed within 28 days of study entry

Period 1

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Period 1 title | Overall trial (overall period) |
| Is this the baseline period? | Yes |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Not blinded |

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | Yes |
| Arm title | Arm A - Paclitaxel |

Arm description:

Patients will receive paclitaxel for up to 24 weeks. Infusions of paclitaxel 80mg/m² will be administered on days 1, 8 and 25 of a 28 day cycle.

| | |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Arm type | Active comparator |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Paclitaxel |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

80 mg/m² day 1, 8, 15 of 28 day cycle for a maximum of 24 weeks

| | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Arm title | Arm B - Pazopanib |
|------------------|-------------------|

Arm description:

Patients will receive pazopanib 800mg PO once daily until progression

| | |
|----------------------------------------|--------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Pazopanib |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

800mg po daily until progression

| Number of subjects in period 1 | Arm A - Paclitaxel | Arm B - Pazopanib |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Started | 65 | 66 |
| Completed | 62 | 63 |
| Not completed | 3 | 3 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 3 | 2 |
| Lost to follow-up | - | 1 |

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

| | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Reporting group title | Arm A - Paclitaxel |
| Reporting group description: | |
| Patients will receive paclitaxel for up to 24 weeks. Infusions of paclitaxel 80mg/m2 will be administered on days 1, 8 and 25 of a 28 day cycle. | |
| Reporting group title | Arm B - Pazopanib |
| Reporting group description: | |
| Patients will receive pazopanib 800mg PO once daily until progression | |

| Reporting group values | Arm A - Paclitaxel | Arm B - Pazopanib | Total |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------|
| Number of subjects | 65 | 66 | 131 |
| Age categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| In utero | | | 0 |
| Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks) | | | 0 |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | | | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | | | 0 |
| Children (2-11 years) | | | 0 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | | | 0 |
| Adults (18-64 years) | | | 0 |
| From 65-84 years | | | 0 |
| 85 years and over | | | 0 |
| Age continuous | | | |
| Age (years) | | | |
| Units: years | | | |
| median | 70 | 69 | |
| inter-quartile range (Q1-Q3) | 63 to 77 | 61 to 75 | - |
| Gender categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 16 | 22 | 38 |
| Male | 49 | 44 | 93 |
| Response to previous treatment | | | |
| Response to previous treatment (time to progression: ≤ 6 months v > 6 months) | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| <= 6 months | 49 | 48 | 97 |
| >6 months | 16 | 18 | 34 |
| Presence of visceral and/or bone metastasis | | | |
| Presence of visceral and/or bone metastasis (yes/ no) | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Yes | 49 | 48 | 97 |
| No | 16 | 18 | 34 |
| Patient ECOG performance status | | | |
| Patient ECOG performance status (0, 1, 2) | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| ECOG 0 | 25 | 26 | 51 |

| | | | |
|--------|----|----|----|
| ECOG 1 | 34 | 35 | 69 |
| ECOG 2 | 6 | 5 | 11 |

Subject analysis sets

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Subject analysis set title | ITT |
| Subject analysis set type | Intention-to-treat |

Subject analysis set description:

The intention-to-treat (ITT) population includes all patients randomised onto the study.

| Reporting group values | ITT | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Number of subjects | 131 | | |
| Age categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| In utero | | | |
| Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks) | | | |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | | | |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | | | |
| Children (2-11 years) | | | |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | | | |
| Adults (18-64 years) | | | |
| From 65-84 years | | | |
| 85 years and over | | | |
| Age continuous | | | |
| Age (years) | | | |
| Units: years | | | |
| median | 69 | | |
| inter-quartile range (Q1-Q3) | 62 to 77 | | |
| Gender categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 38 | | |
| Male | 93 | | |
| Response to previous treatment | | | |
| Response to previous treatment (time to progression: ≤ 6 months v > 6 months) | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| ≤ 6 months | 97 | | |
| >6 months | 34 | | |
| Presence of visceral and/or bone metastasis | | | |
| Presence of visceral and/or bone metastasis (yes/ no) | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Yes | 97 | | |
| No | 34 | | |
| Patient ECOG performance status | | | |
| Patient ECOG performance status (0, 1, 2) | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| ECOG 0 | 51 | | |
| ECOG 1 | 69 | | |
| ECOG 2 | 11 | | |

End points

End points reporting groups

| | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Reporting group title | Arm A - Paclitaxel |
| Reporting group description: Patients will receive paclitaxel for up to 24 weeks. Infusions of paclitaxel 80mg/m ² will be administered on days 1, 8 and 25 of a 28 day cycle. | |
| Reporting group title | Arm B - Pazopanib |
| Reporting group description: Patients will receive pazopanib 800mg PO once daily until progression | |
| Subject analysis set title | ITT |
| Subject analysis set type | Intention-to-treat |
| Subject analysis set description: The intention-to-treat (ITT) population includes all patients randomised onto the study. | |

Primary: Primary end point - Overall survival

| | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| End point title | Primary end point - Overall survival |
| End point description: | |
| End point type | Primary |
| End point timeframe: Overall survival is defined as the time from the date of randomisation to the date of death from any cause. Patients who do not die will be censored at the date they were last known to be alive. | |

| End point values | Arm A - Paclitaxel | Arm B - Pazopanib | ITT | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Subject analysis set | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 65 | 66 | 131 | |
| Units: Months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 80%) | 8 (6.9 to 9.7) | 4.7 (4.2 to 6.4) | 6.7 (5.4 to 7.3) | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Cox regression model |
| Statistical analysis description: The primary overall survival comparison was made using the estimated hazard ratio and p-values from a Cox regression model incorporating terms for the minimisation stratification factors and study arm. | |
| Comparison groups | Arm A - Paclitaxel v Arm B - Pazopanib |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 131 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.89 ^[1] |
| Method | Regression, Cox |
| Parameter estimate | Hazard ratio (HR) |
| Point estimate | 1.28 |

| Confidence interval | |
|---------------------|-------------|
| level | Other: 80 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.99 |
| upper limit | 1.67 |

Notes:

[1] - 1-sided

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

Adverse events were recorded from start of treatment and throughout the study period and for at least 30 days after discontinuation of study medication. All adverse events were followed until resolution.

| | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Assessment type | Systematic |
|-----------------|------------|

Dictionary used

| | |
|-----------------|-------|
| Dictionary name | CTCAE |
|-----------------|-------|

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Dictionary version | 4 |
|--------------------|---|

Reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Reporting group title | Arm A - Paclitaxel |
|-----------------------|--------------------|

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Reporting group description: - | |
|--------------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Reporting group title | Arm B - Pazopanib |
|-----------------------|-------------------|

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Reporting group description: - | |
|--------------------------------|--|

| Serious adverse events | Arm A - Paclitaxel | Arm B - Pazopanib | |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| Total subjects affected by serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 33 / 64 (51.56%) | 42 / 65 (64.62%) | |
| number of deaths (all causes) | 56 | 59 | |
| number of deaths resulting from adverse events | | | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Hypertension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Thromboembolic event | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Surgical and medical procedures | | | |
| Surgical and medical procedures - Other, specify | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Chills | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Death NOS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| Oedema limbs | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Fatigue | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 3 / 65 (4.62%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 3 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Fever | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 64 (7.81%) | 4 / 65 (6.15%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 6 | 2 / 4 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Gait disturbance | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Malaise | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 4 / 65 (6.15%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 5 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Reproductive system and breast disorders | | | |
| Testicular disorder | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Testicular pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Vaginal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Vaginal obstruction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| Cough | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 64 (3.13%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Dyspnoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 64 (9.38%) | 5 / 65 (7.69%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 7 | 1 / 7 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Hoarseness | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Pleural effusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 64 (4.69%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 4 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Pneumonitis | | | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Pneumothorax | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders - Other, specify | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| Confusion | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Investigations | | | |
| Alanine aminotransferase increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 6 / 65 (9.23%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 6 / 6 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Alkaline phosphatase increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Blood bilirubin increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 3 / 65 (4.62%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 3 / 3 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Creatinine increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 3 / 65 (4.62%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 3 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Neutrophil count decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 64 (3.13%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Urine output decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| Atrial flutter | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| Cognitive disturbance | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Depressed level of consciousness | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Dizziness | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Headache | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Lethargy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Peripheral sensory neuropathy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Stroke | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| Transient ischaemic attack | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Tremor | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| Anaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 64 (3.13%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Febrile neutropenia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Abdominal pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 6 / 65 (9.23%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 2 / 7 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Ascites | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 64 (3.13%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Colonic obstruction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Colonic perforation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| Constipation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 3 / 65 (4.62%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 3 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Diarrhoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 4 / 65 (6.15%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 3 / 4 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Mucositis oral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Nausea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 64 (3.13%) | 5 / 65 (7.69%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 3 | 4 / 5 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Rectal fistula | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Rectal pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Vomiting | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 64 (4.69%) | 5 / 65 (7.69%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 4 | 2 / 6 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| Photosensitivity | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Rash maculo-papular | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| Acute kidney injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 64 (3.13%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 1 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| Chronic kidney disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Haematuria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 64 (4.69%) | 3 / 65 (4.62%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 1 / 3 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Proteinuria | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Renam and urinary disorders - Other, specify | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 4 / 65 (6.15%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 4 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Urinary fistula | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Urinary incontinence | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Urinary retention | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Urinary tract obstruction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 64 (3.13%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| Back pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Bone pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Chest wall pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Muscle weakness left-sided | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Muscle weakness upper limb subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Neck pain subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Bladder infection subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Bronchial infection subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Infections and infestations - Other, specify | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 64 (7.81%) | 4 / 65 (6.15%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 5 / 8 | 0 / 5 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| Lung infection subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 64 (7.81%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 5 | 1 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| Skin infection subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Urinary tract infection subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 64 (9.38%) | 4 / 65 (6.15%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 6 | 0 / 4 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Anorexia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 64 (3.13%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 2 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Dehydration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 64 (3.13%) | 4 / 65 (6.15%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 4 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Hypercalcaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Hyperkalaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 2 / 65 (3.08%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Hypoglycaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 64 (0.00%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Hypomagnesaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Hyponatraemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 64 (1.56%) | 1 / 65 (1.54%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

| Non-serious adverse events | Arm A - Paclitaxel | Arm B - Pazopanib | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 57 / 64 (89.06%) | 62 / 65 (95.38%) | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Hypertension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 64 (7.81%) | 16 / 65 (24.62%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 15 | 38 | |
| Hypotension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 64 (6.25%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 0 | |
| Thromboembolic event | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 64 (6.25%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 0 | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Oedema limbs | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 64 (12.50%) | 5 / 65 (7.69%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 18 | 10 | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions - Other, specify | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 64 (18.75%) | 9 / 65 (13.85%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 37 | 18 | |
| Pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 64 (32.81%) | 20 / 65 (30.77%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 59 | 56 | |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| Allergic reaction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 64 (7.81%) | 0 / 65 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 0 | |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| Cough | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 64 (21.88%) | 5 / 65 (7.69%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 29 | 12 | |
| Dyspnoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 64 (21.88%) | 10 / 65 (15.38%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 27 | 30 | |
| Epistaxis | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 5 / 64 (7.81%) 6 | 0 / 65 (0.00%) 0 | |
| Hoarseness subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 64 (0.00%) 0 | 4 / 65 (6.15%) 23 | |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders - Other, specify subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 9 / 64 (14.06%) 11 | 0 / 65 (0.00%) 0 | |
| Voice alteration subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 64 (0.00%) 0 | 6 / 65 (9.23%) 17 | |
| Psychiatric disorders Insomnia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 5 / 64 (7.81%) 11 | 4 / 65 (6.15%) 12 | |
| Investigations Weight loss subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 64 (0.00%) 0 | 4 / 65 (6.15%) 7 | |
| Nervous system disorders Dizziness subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 64 (0.00%) 0 | 5 / 65 (7.69%) 12 | |
| Dysgeusia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 64 (6.25%) 9 | 9 / 65 (13.85%) 26 | |
| Headache subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 64 (0.00%) 0 | 4 / 65 (6.15%) 10 | |
| Peripheral motor neuropathy subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 13 / 64 (20.31%) 24 | 0 / 65 (0.00%) 0 | |
| Peripheral sensory neuropathy subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 28 / 64 (43.75%) 122 | 4 / 65 (6.15%) 6 | |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Anaemia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 64 (6.25%) 7 | 0 / 65 (0.00%) 0 | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Abdominal pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 12 / 64 (18.75%) 20 | 8 / 65 (12.31%) 14 | |
| Constipation subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 16 / 64 (25.00%) 43 | 14 / 65 (21.54%) 36 | |
| Diarrhoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 18 / 64 (28.13%) 39 | 32 / 65 (49.23%) 76 | |
| Dry mouth subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 64 (6.25%) 5 | 0 / 65 (0.00%) 0 | |
| Dyspepsia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 6 / 64 (9.38%) 11 | 5 / 65 (7.69%) 10 | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders - Other, specify subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 6 / 64 (9.38%) 18 | 0 / 65 (0.00%) 0 | |
| Mucositis oral subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 14 / 64 (21.88%) 26 | 11 / 65 (16.92%) 24 | |
| Nausea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 30 / 64 (46.88%) 70 | 31 / 65 (47.69%) 81 | |
| Vomiting subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 17 / 64 (26.56%) 20 | 20 / 65 (30.77%) 39 | |
| Fatigue subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 48 / 64 (75.00%) 190 | 49 / 65 (75.38%) 184 | |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |

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|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Alopecia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 28 / 64 (43.75%) 95 | 0 / 65 (0.00%) 0 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Palmar-plantar erythrodysaesthesia syndrome subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 64 (0.00%) 0 | 8 / 65 (12.31%) 18 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders - Other, specify subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 13 / 64 (20.31%) 30 | 6 / 65 (9.23%) 27 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Renal and urinary disorders Haematuria subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Renal and urinary disorders - Other, specify subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Urinary frequency subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 6 / 64 (9.38%) 10 | 6 / 65 (9.23%) 9 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | 6 / 64 (9.38%) 14 | 9 / 65 (13.85%) 14 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | 4 / 64 (6.25%) 5 | 0 / 65 (0.00%) 0 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders Back pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorder - Other, specify subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Myalgia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 8 / 64 (12.50%) 16 | 9 / 65 (13.85%) 19 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | 5 / 64 (7.81%) 5 | 0 / 65 (0.00%) 0 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | 11 / 64 (17.19%) 23 | 5 / 65 (7.69%) 7 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Infections and infestations Infections and infestations - Other, specify subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Urinary tract infection | 8 / 64 (12.50%) 9 | 6 / 65 (9.23%) 18 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 9 / 64 (14.06%) 13 | 7 / 65 (10.77%) 11 | |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders Anorexia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 15 / 64 (23.44%) 22 | 23 / 65 (35.38%) 63 | |

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

| Date | Amendment |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 09 January 2012 | Amendment to ethics after notice of non acceptance from MHRA - This made it clear that after 2 weeks of no treatment that patient should be withdrawn from study treatment, it also amended the QTc prolongation management section |
| 25 April 2013 | This amendment allowed for a single additional liver function test for pazopanib patients. This reflected revised safety advice issued by the manufacturer. The eligibility criteria and dose modification criteria regarding liver function abnormalities have also been amended in line with this new advice. The eligibility criteria was also broadened to include patients with ECOG performance status 2. Also a negative urinalysis dipstick test has also been added as sufficient evidence of the absence of proteinuria. |
| 04 August 2014 | A restriction on the concomitant use of strong CYP3A4 inhibitors for patients receiving pazopanib was added in line with emerging data supplied by the manufacturer |
| 22 October 2014 | This amendment was to advise of a temporary halt to the trial on the advice of the IDMC |

Notes:

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

None reported