



Clinical trial results:

NEOADJUVANTE RADIOTHERAPIE MIT CETUXIMAB BEI PATIENT/INNEN MIT FORTGESCHRITTENEN TUMOREN DER KOPF- HALSREGION

Summary

| | |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| EudraCT number | 2011-002195-16 |
| Trial protocol | AT |
| Global end of trial date | 19 May 2015 |

Results information

| | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Result version number | v1 (current) |
| This version publication date | 13 December 2021 |
| First version publication date | 13 December 2021 |

Trial information

Trial identification

| | |
|-----------------------|--------|
| Sponsor protocol code | Neorex |
|-----------------------|--------|

Additional study identifiers

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| ISRCTN number | - |
| ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number) | - |
| WHO universal trial number (UTN) | - |

Notes:

Sponsors

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Sponsor organisation name | Medical University of Vienna |
| Sponsor organisation address | Währingergürtel 18-20, Vienna, Austria, 1090 |
| Public contact | Matthias Zimmermann, Medical University of Vienna Department of Oral, Maxillary and Facial Surgery, 0043 14040042520, matthias.zimmermann@meduniwien.ac.at |
| Scientific contact | Matthias Zimmermann, Medical University of Vienna Department of Oral, Maxillary and Facial Surgery, 0043 4040042520, matthias.zimmermann@meduniwien.ac.at |

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

| | |
|--|----|
| Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP) | No |
| Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |
| Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |

Notes:

Results analysis stage

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Analysis stage | Final |
| Date of interim/final analysis | 19 May 2015 |
| Is this the analysis of the primary completion data? | No |
| Global end of trial reached? | Yes |
| Global end of trial date | 19 May 2015 |
| Was the trial ended prematurely? | No |

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

Bestimmung des histopathologischen Regressionsgrades nach präoperativer kombinierter Radiotherapie mit Cetuximab

Protection of trial subjects:

Schwerwiegende unerwünschte Ereignisse müssen dem Sponsor innerhalb von 24 Stunden telefonisch bzw. per Fax auf dem dafür vorgesehenen Formular für schwerwiegende unerwünschte Ereignisse gemeldet werden.

Beurteilt der Sponsor auf der Basis der Einschätzung des jeweiligen Prüfarztes den Zusammenhang des Serious Adverse Event (SAE) mit Cetuximab als möglich oder wahrscheinlich, meldet er dieses als Verdachtsfall einer schwerwiegenden unerwünschten Arzneimittelwirkung innerhalb von 15 Tagen an das Bundesministerium für Gesundheit und Frauen. Ferner informiert der Sponsor die zuständige Ethikkommission über alle schwerwiegenden und unerwarteten Ereignisse, die im Rahmen der Studie auftreten. Die Beobachtungsperiode für unerwünschte Ereignisse beginnt mit der ersten Gabe von Cetuximab und endet mit der Visite zum Abschluss der Therapie. In der Follow-Up Phase besteht eine Meldepflicht für unerwünschte Ereignisse nur bei vermutetem Kausalzusammenhang mit der Studientherapie.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Actual start date of recruitment | 01 July 2011 |
| Long term follow-up planned | No |
| Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement? | No |

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Austria: 39 |
| Worldwide total number of subjects | 39 |
| EEA total number of subjects | 39 |

Notes:

Subjects enrolled per age group

| | |
|---|---|
| In utero | 0 |
| Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk | 0 |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 0 |

| | |
|---------------------------|----|
| Children (2-11 years) | 0 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 0 |
| Adults (18-64 years) | 39 |
| From 65 to 84 years | 0 |
| 85 years and over | 0 |

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details: -

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

prätherapeutische Diagnoseschritte:

- klinische Untersuchung (Inspektion, Palpation)
- Fotodokumentation
- Labor
- Lebensqualität (
- Biopsie (+ Biomarker)
- ev. Panendoskopie
- Staging CT / MRT, C/P, Sonographie, PET-CT
- Tumortätowierung

Pre-assignment period milestones

| | |
|------------------------------|----|
| Number of subjects started | 39 |
| Number of subjects completed | 39 |

Period 1

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Period 1 title | Behandlungsphase (overall period) |
| Is this the baseline period? | Yes |
| Allocation method | Not applicable |
| Blinding used | Not blinded |

Blinding implementation details:

offenes Studiendesign

Arms

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| Arm title | Neoadjuvant Cetuximab |
|-----------|-----------------------|

Arm description:

Loading Dose Cetuximab (400mg/m²)
6-8 Sitzungen (250mg/m²)
Konkomitant Radiatio
Tumorresektion in 15. Therapiewoche
Follow Up für 5 Jahre alle 3 Monate

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Cetuximab (Erbix) |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Injection/infusion |
| Routes of administration | Infusion |

Dosage and administration details:

Loading Dose Cetuximab (400mg/m²)
6-8 Sitzungen (250mg/m²)

| Number of subjects in period 1 | Neoadjuvant Cetuximab |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Started | 39 |
| Completed | 33 |
| Not completed | 6 |
| Protocol deviation | 6 |

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Reporting group title | Behandlungsphase |
|-----------------------|------------------|

Reporting group description: -

| Reporting group values | Behandlungsphase | Total | |
|---|------------------|-------|--|
| Number of subjects | 39 | 39 | |
| Age categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| In utero | 0 | 0 | |
| Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks) | 0 | 0 | |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 | 0 | |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 0 | 0 | |
| Children (2-11 years) | 0 | 0 | |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 0 | 0 | |
| Adults (18-64 years) | 37 | 37 | |
| From 65-84 years | 2 | 2 | |
| 85 years and over | 0 | 0 | |
| Gender categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 12 | 12 | |
| Male | 27 | 27 | |

End points

End points reporting groups

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Reporting group title | Neoadjuvant Cetuximab |
| Reporting group description: Loading Dose Cetuximab (400mg/m ²) 6-8 Sitzungen (250mg/m ²) Konkomitant Radiatio Tumorresektion in 15. Therapiewoche Follow Up für 5 Jahre alle 3 Monate | |
| Subject analysis set title | Overall trial |
| Subject analysis set type | Per protocol |
| Subject analysis set description: Loading Dose Cetuximab (400mg/m ²) 6-8 Sitzungen (250mg/m ²) Konkomitant Radiatio Tumorresektion in 15. Therapiewoche Follow Up für 5 Jahre alle 3 Monate | |

Primary: Histopathologic Regression Rate

| | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| End point title | Histopathologic Regression Rate |
| End point description: Anhand des radiologischen Befundes und der klinischen Untersuchung wird das Ansprechen (Komplette Remission versus kein Ansprechen) evaluiert. Die radiologische Beurteilung des Tumoransprechens erfolgt wahlweise anhand des CT oder MRI Befundes, in jedem Fall anhand desselben bildgebenden Verfahrens, das auch für den Ausgangsbefund verwendet wurde. Nach Aufarbeitung und histologischer Auswertung der Tumorresektate wird eine histopathologische Unterteilung der Regressionsgrade entsprechend folgender Unterteilung (Klassifikation nach Braun et al, 1989) vorgenommen: Regressionsgrad 1: Responder – keine vitalen Tumorzellen fassbar Regressionsgrad 2: Partial Responder – minimale Tumorzellnester (< 5%) vorhanden Regressionsgrad 3: Non-responder – 5-50% vitale Tumorzellen vorhanden Regressionsgrad 4: Non-Responder – mehr als 50% vitale Tumorzellen vorhanden | |
| End point type | Primary |
| End point timeframe: Surgery date with histopathologic evaluation | |

| End point values | Neoadjuvant Cetuximab | Overall trial | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Subject analysis set | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 39 | 39 | | |
| Units: Regression rate | | | | |
| Regressionsgrad 1 | 5 | 5 | | |
| Regressionsgrad 2 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Regressionsgrad 3 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Regressionsgrad 4 | 9 | 9 | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Primary |
| Statistical analysis description: | |
| Loading Dose Cetuximab (400mg/m2) | |
| 6-8 Sitzungen (250mg/m2) | |
| Konkomitant Radiatio | |
| Tumorresektion in 15. Therapiewoche | |
| Follow Up für 5 Jahre alle 3 Monate | |
| Comparison groups | Neoadjuvant Cetuximab v Overall trial |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 78 |
| Analysis specification | Post-hoc |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.5 |
| Method | Deskriptive Statistik |

Adverse events

Adverse events information^[1]

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

19.05.2015

| | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Assessment type | Systematic |
|-----------------|------------|

Dictionary used

| | |
|-----------------|--------|
| Dictionary name | MedDRA |
|-----------------|--------|

| | |
|--------------------|------|
| Dictionary version | 18.0 |
|--------------------|------|

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 2.7 %

Notes:

[1] - There are no non-serious adverse events recorded for these results. It is expected that there will be at least one non-serious adverse event reported.

Justification: There are no serious adverse events recorded for the results.

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? No

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

None reported