



## Clinical trial results:

An open, multicentre, post-marketing surveillance (PMS) study to assess the safety and reactogenicity of GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals' DTPa-IPV/Hib vaccine administered at 3 and 4 months of age and DTPa-HBV-IPV/Hib vaccine (INFANRIX HEXA™) administered at 5 months of age, as primary vaccination course, followed by administration of GSK Biologicals' DTPa-IPV/Hib vaccine at 18 months of age in healthy infants who received hepatitis B vaccine at birth and at one month of age.

### Summary

EudraCT number	2012-002439-26
Trial protocol	Outside EU/EEA
Global end of trial date	01 February 2007

### Results information

Result version number	v1
This version publication date	18 April 2016
First version publication date	31 May 2015

### Trial information

#### Trial identification

Sponsor protocol code	217744/100
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#### Additional study identifiers

ISRCTN number	-
ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number)	NCT00325143
WHO universal trial number (UTN)	-

Notes:

### Sponsors

Sponsor organisation name	GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals
Sponsor organisation address	Rue de l'Institut 89, Rixensart, Belgium, B-1330
Public contact	Clinical Disclosure Advisor, GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals, 44 2089904466, GSKClinicalSupportHD@gsk.com
Scientific contact	Clinical Disclosure Advisor, GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals, 44 2089904466, GSKClinicalSupportHD@gsk.com

Notes:

### Paediatric regulatory details

Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)	No
Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No
Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	Yes

Notes:

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**Results analysis stage**

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Analysis stage	Final
Date of interim/final analysis	10 June 2008
Is this the analysis of the primary completion data?	Yes
Primary completion date	01 February 2007
Global end of trial reached?	Yes
Global end of trial date	01 February 2007
Was the trial ended prematurely?	No

Notes:

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**General information about the trial**

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Main objective of the trial:

To assess the safety of the DTPa-HBV-IPV/Hib vaccine and the DTPa-IPV/Hib vaccine.

Protection of trial subjects:

All subjects were supervised for 30 min after vaccination/product administration with appropriate medical treatment readily available. Vaccines/products were administered by qualified and trained personnel. Vaccines/products were administered only to eligible subjects that had no contraindications to any components of the vaccines/products. Subjects were followed-up for 30 days after the last vaccination/product administration.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

Actual start date of recruitment	08 December 2003
Long term follow-up planned	Yes
Long term follow-up rationale	Safety
Long term follow-up duration	4 Years
Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement?	No

Notes:

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**Population of trial subjects**

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**Subjects enrolled per country**

Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Singapore: 702
Worldwide total number of subjects	702
EEA total number of subjects	0

Notes:

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**Subjects enrolled per age group**

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In utero	0
Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	702
Children (2-11 years)	0
Adolescents (12-17 years)	0
Adults (18-64 years)	0
From 65 to 84 years	0

85 years and over	0
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## Subject disposition

### Recruitment

Recruitment details: -

### Pre-assignment

Screening details:

During the screening the following steps occurred: check for inclusion/exclusion criteria, contraindications/precautions, medical history of the subjects and signing informed consent forms.

### Period 1

Period 1 title	Overall Study (overall period)
Is this the baseline period?	Yes
Allocation method	Not applicable
Blinding used	Not blinded

### Arms

Arm title	Infanrix hexa Group
Arm description: -	
Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Infanrix™ Hexa
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Injection
Routes of administration	Intramuscular use

Dosage and administration details:

Single dose intramuscular injection in the right anterolateral thigh at 5 months of age.

Investigational medicinal product name	Infanrix™ IPV/Hib
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	
Pharmaceutical forms	Injection
Routes of administration	Intramuscular use

Dosage and administration details:

Single dose intramuscular injection in the right anterolateral thigh at 3, 4 and 18 months of age.

<b>Number of subjects in period 1</b>	Infanrix hexa Group
Started	702
Completed	676
Not completed	26
Consent withdrawn by subject	8
Lost to follow-up (incomplete vaccination course)	4
Lost to follow-up (complete vaccination course)	13
Migrated/moved from study area	1



## Baseline characteristics

### Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Infanrix hexa Group
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Reporting group description: -

Reporting group values	Infanrix hexa Group	Total	
Number of subjects	702	702	
Age categorical			
Units: Subjects			
In utero		0	
Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks)		0	
Newborns (0-27 days)		0	
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)		0	
Children (2-11 years)		0	
Adolescents (12-17 years)		0	
Adults (18-64 years)		0	
From 65-84 years		0	
85 years and over		0	
Age continuous			
Units: weeks			
arithmetic mean	13.5		
standard deviation	± 0.99	-	
Gender categorical			
Units: Subjects			
Female	349	349	
Male	353	353	

## End points

### End points reporting groups

Reporting group title	Infanrix hexa Group
Reporting group description: -	

### Primary: Number of subjects reporting any solicited local and general symptoms.

End point title	Number of subjects reporting any solicited local and general symptoms. <sup>[1]</sup>
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End point description:

End point type	Primary
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End point timeframe:

During the 4-day (Day 0-3) post-vaccination period

Notes:

[1] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: The analysis was performed on the Total vaccinated cohort, only on subjects with their symptom sheets completed.

End point values	Infanrix hexa Group			
Subject group type	Reporting group			
Number of subjects analysed	697			
Units: Subjects				
Any Pain, (N=697) D1	130			
Any Redness, (N=697) D1	120			
Any Swelling, (N=697) D1	89			
Any Pain, (N=695) D2	134			
Any Redness, (N=695) D2	137			
Any Swelling, (N=695) D2	100			
Any Pain, (N=661) D3	97			
Any Redness, (N=661) D3	126			
Any Swelling, (N=661) D3	100			
Any Pain, (N=565) Booster	166			
Any Redness, (N=565) Booster	148			
Any Swelling, (N=565) Booster	115			
Any Pain, (N=697) Overall	301			
Any Redness, (N=697) Overall	273			
Any Swelling, (N=697) Overall	215			
Any Drowsiness, (N=697) D1	165			
Any Fever (Axillary), (N=697) D1	139			
Any Irritability, (N=697) D1	229			
Any Loss of appetite, (N=697) D1	173			
Any Drowsiness, (N=695) D2	140			
Any Fever (Axillary), (N=695) D2	124			
Any Irritability, (N=695) D2	192			
Any Loss of appetite, (N=695) D2	155			
Any Drowsiness, (N=661) D3	106			
Any Fever (Axillary), (N=661) D3	100			

Any Irritability, (N=661) D3	161			
Any Loss of appetite, (N=661) D3	106			
Any Drowsiness, (N=565) Booster	89			
Any Fever (Axillary), (N=565) Booster	152			
Any Irritability, (N=565) Booster	163			
Any Loss of appetite, (N=565) Booster	118			
Any Drowsiness, (N=697) Overall	290			
Any Fever (Axillary), (N=697) Overall	330			
Any Irritability, (N=697) Overall	381			
Any Loss of appetite, (N=697) Overall	324			

## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Number of subjects reporting any unsolicited adverse events (AEs)

End point title	Number of subjects reporting any unsolicited adverse events (AEs)
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End point description:

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

During the 31-day (Day 0-30) period after vaccination.

End point values	Infanrix hexa Group			
Subject group type	Reporting group			
Number of subjects analysed	702			
Units: Subjects				
Any AE(s)	321			

## Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Number of subjects reporting any large swelling reactions

End point title	Number of subjects reporting any large swelling reactions
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End point description:

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

After the booster dose



<b>End point values</b>	Infanrix hexa Group			
Subject group type	Reporting group			
Number of subjects analysed	702			
Units: Subjects				
Any large swelling reactions	0			

### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

### Secondary: Number of subjects reporting any serious adverse events (SAEs)

End point title	Number of subjects reporting any serious adverse events (SAEs)
End point description:	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
During the entire study period	

<b>End point values</b>	Infanrix hexa Group			
Subject group type	Reporting group			
Number of subjects analysed	702			
Units: Subjects				
Any SAE(s)	108			

### Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

## Adverse events

### Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

The occurrence of reported AEs (all/related) was not available and is encoded as equal to the number of subjects affected.

Assessment type	Non-systematic
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### Dictionary used

Dictionary name	MedDRA
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Dictionary version	11.0
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### Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Infanrix hexa Group
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Reporting group description: -

Serious adverse events	Infanrix hexa Group		
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	108 / 702 (15.38%)		
number of deaths (all causes)	0		
number of deaths resulting from adverse events	0		
Injury, poisoning and procedural complications			
Head injury			
subjects affected / exposed	5 / 702 (0.71%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 5		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Foreign body trauma			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Humerus fracture			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Thermal burn			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Nervous system disorders			

Febrile convulsion			
subjects affected / exposed	13 / 702 (1.85%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 13		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Convulsion			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Status epilepticus			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
General disorders and administration site conditions			
Pyrexia			
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 702 (0.28%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Blood and lymphatic system disorders			
Anaemia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Gastrointestinal disorders			
Colitis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Inguinal hernia			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Inguinal hernia, obstructive			

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders			
Asthma			
subjects affected / exposed	5 / 702 (0.71%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 5		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Asthmatic crisis			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders			
Dermatitis atopic			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Urticaria papular			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Renal and urinary disorders			
Stag horn calculus			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Infections and infestations			
Bronchiolitis			
subjects affected / exposed	30 / 702 (4.27%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 30		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Gastroenteritis			

subjects affected / exposed	11 / 702 (1.57%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 11			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Upper respiratory tract infection				
subjects affected / exposed	11 / 702 (1.57%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 11			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Gastritis viral				
subjects affected / exposed	7 / 702 (1.00%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 7			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Urinary tract infection				
subjects affected / exposed	5 / 702 (0.71%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 5			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Escherichia urinary tract infection				
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 702 (0.57%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 4			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Gastroenteritis viral				
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 702 (0.57%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 4			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Respiratory syncytial virus bronchiolitis				
subjects affected / exposed	4 / 702 (0.57%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 4			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Cellulitis				
subjects affected / exposed	3 / 702 (0.43%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 3			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Hand-foot-and-mouth disease				

subjects affected / exposed	3 / 702 (0.43%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 3			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Pneumonia				
subjects affected / exposed	3 / 702 (0.43%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 3			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Abscess				
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 702 (0.28%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Bronchitis				
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 702 (0.28%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Bronchopneumonia				
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 702 (0.28%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Kawasaki's disease				
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 702 (0.28%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Lower respiratory tract infection				
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 702 (0.28%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Pharyngitis				
subjects affected / exposed	2 / 702 (0.28%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Viral infection				

subjects affected / exposed	2 / 702 (0.28%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 2			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Abscess neck				
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Exanthema subitum				
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Herpangina				
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Influenza				
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Otitis media				
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Periorbital cellulitis				
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Pulmonary tuberculosis				
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)			
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1			
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0			
Viral pharyngitis				

subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Viral skin infection			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Viral upper respiratory tract infection			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		
Metabolism and nutrition disorders			
Decreased appetite			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 702 (0.14%)		
occurrences causally related to treatment / all	0 / 1		
deaths causally related to treatment / all	0 / 0		

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

<b>Non-serious adverse events</b>	Infanrix hexa Group		
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	381 / 702 (54.27%)		
General disorders and administration site conditions			
Pain			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			
subjects affected / exposed <sup>[1]</sup>	301 / 697 (43.19%)		
occurrences (all)	301		
Redness			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			
subjects affected / exposed <sup>[2]</sup>	273 / 697 (39.17%)		
occurrences (all)	273		
Swelling			
alternative assessment type: Systematic			



subjects affected / exposed <sup>[3]</sup> occurrences (all)  Drowsiness alternative assessment type: Systematic subjects affected / exposed <sup>[4]</sup> occurrences (all)	215 / 697 (30.85%)  215   290 / 697 (41.61%)  290		
Fever (Axillary) (°C) alternative assessment type: Systematic subjects affected / exposed <sup>[5]</sup> occurrences (all)	330 / 697 (47.35%)  330		
Irritability alternative assessment type: Systematic subjects affected / exposed <sup>[6]</sup> occurrences (all)	381 / 697 (54.66%)  381		
Loss of appetite alternative assessment type: Systematic subjects affected / exposed <sup>[7]</sup> occurrences (all)	324 / 697 (46.48%)  324		
Pyrexia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	46 / 702 (6.55%)  46		
Gastrointestinal disorders Diarrhoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	40 / 702 (5.70%)  40		
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders Rash subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	40 / 702 (5.70%)  40		
Infections and infestations Upper respiratory tract infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	125 / 702 (17.81%)  125		

Notes:

[1] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Solicited local and general symptoms were only tabulated for subjects with the symptom

sheet completed.

[2] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Solicited local and general symptoms were only tabulated for subjects with the symptom sheet completed.

[3] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Solicited local and general symptoms were only tabulated for subjects with the symptom sheet completed.

[4] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Solicited local and general symptoms were only tabulated for subjects with the symptom sheet completed.

[5] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Solicited local and general symptoms were only tabulated for subjects with the symptom sheet completed.

[6] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Solicited local and general symptoms were only tabulated for subjects with the symptom sheet completed.

[7] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Solicited local and general symptoms were only tabulated for subjects with the symptom sheet completed.

## More information

### Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

Date	Amendment
18 September 2003	<p>Protocol Amendment 1</p> <p>The following changes were done following input given by the ethics review committee and the study team.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The title was changed to include the study of the safety and reactogenicity of DTPa-IPV/Hib vaccine to keep it in line with the protocol objectives.</li><li>• The study was changed from a multi-centre study to a single centre study. Hence only one principal investigator was retained at one study centre.</li><li>• The target enrolment was changed to 500 subjects to be recruited at a single centre.</li><li>• Treatment allocation was modified to reflect that subjects would retain the subject numbers allocated to them in the Rota-028 study.</li><li>• Addition of an inclusion criteria that states that only subjects enrolled in the Rota-028 study will be included in this study.</li><li>• Additional statement to reflect that the causality of SAEs which is not known to occur in routine vaccinations with the DTPa-IPV/Hib vaccines should be assigned to the investigational rotavirus vaccine to ensure that the safety data of the rotavirus vaccine is adequately captured.</li><li>• Change of the estimated sample size section to reflect the change in the target enrolment of subjects.</li><li>• Additional statement to reflect that Safety data (SAEs) from the DTPa-HBV-IPV-100 study and the Rota-028 study will be reconciled into two databases.</li><li>• Additional statement to reflect that the safety data will be collected and analysed regardless of administration of the rotavirus vaccine to ensure that the blinding of the Rota-028 study will not be compromised.</li><li>• Modification of the text in the analysis of safety section to make the description more clear.</li><li>• Specification of the two different Hib vaccines required for reconstitution with the DTPa-HBV-IPV and the DTPa-IPV vaccines.</li><li>• Change in the number of doses of the vaccines to be supplied by GSK Biologicals to reflect the change in the sample size.</li></ul>
08 July 2004	<p>Protocol Amendment 2</p> <p>The study was changed from a single center study to a multicenter study.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Faith Fung was replaced by Amy Tay as a study monitor in the study.</li><li>- The target enrolment was changed to 700 subjects to be recruited at three study centers.</li><li>- The interval between study visits was made indicative and subjects outside this interval would not be excluded from analysis.</li><li>- The interval between Visit 4 and Visit 5 was defined.</li><li>- Diary cards distributed at Visit 4 were to be returned by mail.</li><li>- The number of doses of the vaccines to be supplied by GSK Biologicals was changed to reflect the change in the sample size.</li></ul>

Notes:

### Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

### Limitations and caveats

None reported