



Clinical trial results:

A Multicenter, Multinational, Extension Study to Evaluate the Long-Term Efficacy and Safety of BMN 190 in Patients with CLN2 Disease

Summary

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| EudraCT number | 2014-003480-37 |
| Trial protocol | GB DE IT |
| Global end of trial date | 10 December 2020 |

Results information

| | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Result version number | v1 (current) |
| This version publication date | 03 November 2021 |
| First version publication date | 03 November 2021 |

Trial information

Trial identification

| | |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Sponsor protocol code | 190-202 |
|-----------------------|---------|

Additional study identifiers

| | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| ISRCTN number | - |
| ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number) | NCT02485899 |
| WHO universal trial number (UTN) | - |

Notes:

Sponsors

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Sponsor organisation name | BioMarin Pharmaceutical Inc. |
| Sponsor organisation address | 105 Digital Drive, Novato, CA, United States, 94949 |
| Public contact | Clinical Trials Information, BioMarin Pharmaceutical Inc., clinicaltrials@bmrn.com |
| Scientific contact | Clinical Trials Information, BioMarin Pharmaceutical Inc., clinicaltrials@bmrn.com |

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

| | |
|--|-----|
| Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP) | No |
| Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |
| Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | Yes |

Notes:

Results analysis stage

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Analysis stage | Final |
| Date of interim/final analysis | 10 December 2020 |
| Is this the analysis of the primary completion data? | No |
| Global end of trial reached? | Yes |
| Global end of trial date | 10 December 2020 |
| Was the trial ended prematurely? | No |

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The primary objectives of this study include the following:

- to evaluate the long-term safety of BMN 190 administration at 300 mg qow in patients with CLN2
- to assess change in motor and language subscales of the CLN2 disease rating scale in patients with CLN2 receiving BMN 190 at 300 mg qow

Protection of trial subjects:

This clinical study was designed, conducted, recorded, and reported in compliance with the principles of Good Clinical Practice (GCP) guidelines. These guidelines are stated in U.S. federal regulations as well as Guidance for Good Clinical Practice, International Conference on Harmonization of Technical Requirements for Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Actual start date of recruitment | 02 February 2015 |
| Long term follow-up planned | No |
| Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement? | Yes |

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | United States: 3 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Germany: 12 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Italy: 6 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | United Kingdom: 3 |
| Worldwide total number of subjects | 24 |
| EEA total number of subjects | 18 |

Notes:

Subjects enrolled per age group

| | |
|---|----|
| In utero | 0 |
| Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk | 0 |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 0 |
| Children (2-11 years) | 24 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 0 |

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Adults (18-64 years) | 0 |
| From 65 to 84 years | 0 |
| 85 years and over | 0 |

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details:

The study was conducted at 5 clinic sites in Germany, Italy, United Kingdom and United States for 190-201 study. The only subject from one of the sites from United Kingdom withdrew after 1 dose of BMN 190 in 190-201 and therefore this site was not activated in 190-202.

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

Total 24 subjects were enrolled in 190-201 study, of these 23 subjects completed 190-201 & enrolled in 190-202 study. 1 subject terminated from 190 201 after a single infusion of study drug & is not included in ITT population for 190 202. The subject terminated at the parents' request due to subject's unwillingness to continue with study procedures

Period 1

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Period 1 title | Overall period (BMN190-201/202) (overall period) |
| Is this the baseline period? | Yes |
| Allocation method | Not applicable |
| Blinding used | Not blinded |

Arms

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| Arm title | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) |
|------------------|--------------------------|

Arm description:

All study subjects administered BMN 190 300 mg by continuous Intracerebroventricular (ICV) infusion at a rate of 2.5 mL/hour for approximately 4 hours) every 14 days preferably in the morning after a fast of at least 2hrs.

| | |
|--|---|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | BMN 190 |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | recombinant human tripeptidyl peptidase 1, cerliponase alfa |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intracerebroventricular use |

Dosage and administration details:

All study subjects administered BMN 190 300 mg by continuous Intracerebroventricular (ICV) infusion at 2.5 mL/hr for approximately 4hrs every 14 days in the morning after a fast of at least 2hrs.

| Number of subjects in period 1 | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Started | 24 |
| Completed | 17 |
| Not completed | 7 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 1 |
| Withdrawal by Parent/ Guardian | 4 |
| Protocol-Specified Withdrawal Criterion Met | 2 |

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Reporting group title | Overall period (BMN190-201/202) |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|

Reporting group description:

Subjects received a BMN 190 300 mg every 14 days for up to Week 239.

| Reporting group values | Overall period (BMN190-201/202) | Total | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------|--|
| Number of subjects | 24 | 24 | |
| Age categorical | | | |
| The demographic characteristics of the 24 subjects (enrolled population) are summarized for 190-201/202 study. | | | |
| Age at Enrollment (yrs) in Study 201 | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Children (2-11 years) | 24 | 24 | |
| Age continuous | | | |
| The demographic characteristics of the 24 subjects (enrolled population) are summarized for 190-201/202 study. | | | |
| Age at Enrollment (yrs) in Study 201. | | | |
| Units: years | | | |
| arithmetic mean | 4.9 | | |
| standard deviation | ± 1.28 | - | |
| Gender categorical | | | |
| The demographic characteristics of the 24 subjects (enrolled population) are summarized for 190-201/202 study. | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 15 | 15 | |
| Male | 9 | 9 | |
| Race | | | |
| The demographic characteristics of the 24 subjects (enrolled population) are summarized for 190-201/202 study. | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Asian | 1 | 1 | |
| White | 23 | 23 | |
| Ethnicity | | | |
| The demographic characteristics of the 24 subjects (enrolled population) are summarized for 190-201/202 study. | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Hispanic Or Latino | 1 | 1 | |
| Not Hispanic Or Latino | 23 | 23 | |

End points

End points reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Reporting group title | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|

Reporting group description:

All study subjects administered BMN 190 300 mg by continuous Intracerebroventricular (ICV) infusion at a rate of 2.5 mL/hour for approximately 4 hours) every 14 days preferably in the morning after a fast of at least 2hrs.

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Subject analysis set title | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|

| | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Subject analysis set type | Intention-to-treat |
|---------------------------|--------------------|

Subject analysis set description:

The intent-to-treat (ITT) population: Study 190-202 final efficacy results include pooled data from the complete dataset from Study 190-201 and Study 190-202 for all subjects who received >1 dose (N=23).

Primary: Time to unreversed motor-language (ML) 2-point decline or score of 0.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Time to unreversed motor-language (ML) 2-point decline or score of 0. ^[1] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

ITT population

Time to unreversed ML 2-point decline or score of 0 was analyzed using the Kaplan-Meier method and the Cox proportional hazards model.

The Cox model compared treated (ITT) and 42 natural history (NH) patients adjusting for baseline ML score, age, genotype (common alleles), and sex. This analysis demonstrated a significant reduction on loss of function: hazard ratio=0.14 (p<0.0001).

Motor and Language are each 0-3 point subscales in which 3 represents best function and 0 represents loss of function. Thus, the 0-6 point ML score was used as the primary mode of evaluation of loss of function.

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| End point type | Primary |
|----------------|---------|

End point timeframe:

Up to Week 289.

Notes:

[1] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: Statistical analysis was conducted against a population from a natural history study 190-901 Evaluable Population. Due to system limitations, the comparator population cannot be displayed in this format.

| End point values | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Subject analysis set | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 23 | | | |
| Units: Probability of decline | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 49 (No. at risk=20) | 0.13 (0.04 to 0.35) | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 97 (No. at risk=18) | 0.22 (0.10 to 0.45) | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 145 (No. at risk=18) | 0.22 (0.10 to 0.45) | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 193 (No. at risk=16) | 0.26 (0.13 to 0.50) | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 241 (No. at risk=13) | 0.40 (0.23 to 0.63) | | | |

| | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Probability of decline: Week 289 (No. at risk=09) | 0.54 (0.35 to 0.75) | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Primary: Time to First Unreversed motor-language (ML) Score of Zero.

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Time to First Unreversed motor-language (ML) Score of Zero. ^[2] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

ITT population

Time to unreversed ML score of 0 was analyzed using the Kaplan-Meier method and the Cox proportional hazards model.

The Cox model compared treated (ITT) and 42 natural history (NH) patients adjusting for baseline ML score, age, genotype (common alleles), and sex. This analysis demonstrated a significant reduction on loss of function: hazard ratio=0.01 (p<0.0001).

Motor and Language are each 0-3 point subscales in which 3 represents best function and 0 represents loss of function. Thus, the 0-6 point ML score was used as the primary mode of evaluation of loss of function.

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| End point type | Primary |
|----------------|---------|

End point timeframe:

Up to Week 289

Notes:

[2] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: Statistical analysis was conducted against a population from a natural history study 190-901 Evaluable Population. Due to system limitations, the comparator population cannot be displayed in this format.

| End point values | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 23 | | | |
| Units: Probability of decline | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 49 (No. at risk=23) | 0.00 (0.00 to 0.00) | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 97 (No. at risk=23) | 0.00 (0.00 to 0.00) | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 145 (No. at risk=23) | 0.00 (0.00 to 0.00) | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 193 (No. at risk=21) | 0.05 (0.01 to 0.28) | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 241 (No. at risk=21) | 0.05 (0.01 to 0.28) | | | |
| Probability of decline: Week 289 (No. at risk=16) | 0.15 (0.05 to 0.39) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage change from Baseline to Last Observation: Whole Brain volume

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percentage change from Baseline to Last Observation: Whole Brain volume |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Intent-to-treat (ITT) population

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Last observation

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| End point values | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 23 | | | |
| Units: Percentage | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | -4.7 (\pm 10.54) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage Change from Baseline to last observation: Volume of cerebrospinal fluid

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage Change from Baseline to last observation: Volume of cerebrospinal fluid |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Intent-to-treat (ITT) population

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Last observation

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| End point values | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 23 | | | |
| Units: Percentage | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 8.5 (\pm 21.94) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage Change from Baseline to last observation: Volume of total cortical gray matter

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percentage Change from Baseline to last observation: Volume of total cortical gray matter |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Intent-to-treat (ITT) population

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Last observation

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| End point values | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 23 | | | |
| Units: Percentage | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | -14.7 (± 10.25) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage Change from Baseline to last observation: Total white matter volume

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage Change from Baseline to last observation: Total white matter volume |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Intent-to-treat (ITT) population

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Last observation

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| End point values | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 23 | | | |
| Units: Percentage | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | -2.4 (± 12.07) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Change from Baseline to last observation Whole brain apparent diffusion coefficient

| | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| End point title | Change from Baseline to last observation Whole brain apparent diffusion coefficient | | | |
| End point description: | Intent-to-treat (ITT) population | | | |
| End point type | Secondary | | | |
| End point timeframe: | Baseline to Last observation | | | |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| End point values | BMN 190-201/202 (300 mg) | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 23 | | | |
| Units: mm ² /s | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 0.00 (± 0.030) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

Up-to Safety Follow-Up (6 months after last dose).

Adverse event reporting additional description:

Subjects who experience more than 1 AE within a given MedDRA system organ class or preferred term were counted once within that system organ class or preferred term.

| | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Assessment type | Systematic |
|-----------------|------------|

Dictionary used

| | |
|-----------------|--------|
| Dictionary name | MedDRA |
|-----------------|--------|

| | |
|--------------------|------|
| Dictionary version | 20.0 |
|--------------------|------|

Reporting groups

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|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Reporting group title | BMN 190-201/202 |
|-----------------------|-----------------|

Reporting group description:

Safety population : Twenty-four (24) subjects were enrolled in Study 190-201 and comprise the safety population for 190-201/202.

| Serious adverse events | BMN 190-201/202 | | |
|--|------------------|--|--|
| Total subjects affected by serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 24 (87.50%) | | |
| number of deaths (all causes) | 0 | | |
| number of deaths resulting from adverse events | 0 | | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Pyrexia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| Hypersensitivity | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 24 (29.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 9 / 9 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Reproductive system and breast disorders | | | |
| Vaginal discharge | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal | | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|--|--|
| disorders | | | |
| Acute respiratory failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Adenoidal hypertrophy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Choking | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Respiratory failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Sleep apnoea syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Tonsillar hypertrophy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Product issues | | | |
| Device end of service | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 24 (54.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 13 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Device leakage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Device malfunction subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 24 (4.17%) 0 / 1 0 / 0 | | |
| Investigations CSF culture positive subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 24 (4.17%) 0 / 2 0 / 0 | | |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications Device deployment issue subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 0 / 2 0 / 0 | | |
| Infusion related reaction subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 24 (4.17%) 2 / 2 0 / 0 | | |
| Lower limb fracture subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 24 (4.17%) 0 / 1 0 / 0 | | |
| Post procedural haemorrhage subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 24 (4.17%) 0 / 1 0 / 0 | | |
| Subdural haematoma subjects affected / exposed occurrences causally related to treatment / all deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 24 (4.17%) 0 / 1 0 / 0 | | |
| Nervous system disorders Pleocytosis | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 3 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Epilepsy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Generalised tonic-clonic seizure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Haemorrhage intracranial | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Hemiparesis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Lethargy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Motor dysfunction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Seizure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Status epilepticus | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Eye disorders | | | |
| Blindness | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Dysphagia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 24 (16.67%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 4 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Dental caries | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| Osteonecrosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Upper respiratory tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 24 (20.83%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 5 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Gastroenteritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 24 (16.67%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 4 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Pharyngitis bacterial | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Adenoviral upper respiratory infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Pyelonephritis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Bronchitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Clostridium difficile colitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Corona virus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Influenza | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Mycoplasma infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Otitis media | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Pharyngitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Pharyngotonsillitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Pneumonia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 4 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Propionibacterium infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Respiratory tract infection viral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Rhinovirus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Skin infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Urinary tract infection | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Viral pharyngitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Device related infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 24 (29.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 11 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Acidosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 24 (4.17%) | | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | | |

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

| Non-serious adverse events | BMN 190-201/202 | | |
|--|-------------------|--|--|
| Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 24 / 24 (100.00%) | | |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps) | | | |
| Skin papilloma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Hypotension | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Haematoma | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Surgical and medical procedures | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| Tooth extraction subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 3 | | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Pyrexia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 20 / 24 (83.33%) 219 | | |
| Gait disturbance subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 12 / 24 (50.00%) 15 | | |
| Abasia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 3 | | |
| Complication associated with device subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 3 | | |
| Developmental delay subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 3 | | |
| Pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 4 | | |
| Feeling jittery subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 5 | | |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| Hypersensitivity subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 10 / 24 (41.67%) 16 | | |
| Seasonal allergy subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 4 | | |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| Cough subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 11 / 24 (45.83%) 23 | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------------|--|--|
| Epistaxis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 24 (16.67%) 5 | | |
| Rhinorrhoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 4 | | |
| Tonsillar hypertrophy subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Choking subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Psychiatric disorders Sleep disorder subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 9 / 24 (37.50%) 14 | | |
| Insomnia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 5 / 24 (20.83%) 5 | | |
| Irritability subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 5 / 24 (20.83%) 6 | | |
| Agitation subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 24 (16.67%) 5 | | |
| Abnormal behaviour subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 24 (16.67%) 4 | | |
| Product issues Device end of service subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 13 / 24 (54.17%) 13 | | |
| Device leakage subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 24 (16.67%) 10 | | |
| Needle issue | | | |

| | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| <p>subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> <p>Device malfunction subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> <p>Device issue subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> | <p>9 / 24 (37.50%) 11</p> <p>4 / 24 (16.67%) 9</p> <p>2 / 24 (8.33%) 2</p> | | |
| <p>Investigations</p> <p>Body temperature increased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> <p>CSF red blood cell count positive subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> <p>Oxygen saturation decreased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> <p>CSF test abnormal subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> | <p>4 / 24 (16.67%) 5</p> <p>3 / 24 (12.50%) 3</p> <p>3 / 24 (12.50%) 11</p> <p>2 / 24 (8.33%) 2</p> | | |
| <p>Injury, poisoning and procedural complications</p> <p>Fall subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> <p>Contusion subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> <p>Head injury subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> <p>Procedural pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)</p> <p>Device deployment issue</p> | <p>8 / 24 (33.33%) 36</p> <p>8 / 24 (33.33%) 11</p> <p>3 / 24 (12.50%) 8</p> <p>3 / 24 (12.50%) 3</p> | | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Device difficult to use subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 7 | | |
| Laceration subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 6 | | |
| Limb injury subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 3 | | |
| Lower limb fracture subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Procedural vomiting subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Stoma site reaction subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 3 | | |
| Cardiac disorders Bradycardia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 4 | | |
| Nervous system disorders Generalised tonic-clonic seizure subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 16 / 24 (66.67%) 250 | | |
| Seizure subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 14 / 24 (58.33%) 201 | | |
| Epilepsy subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 13 / 24 (54.17%) 180 | | |
| Tremor | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 24 (45.83%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | | |
| Extensor plantar response | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 24 (37.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | | |
| Myoclonus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 10 / 24 (41.67%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 24 | | |
| Petit mal epilepsy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 24 (33.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 22 | | |
| Partial seizures | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 24 (29.17%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 15 | | |
| Pleocytosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 24 (25.00%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | | |
| Speech disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 24 (25.00%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | | |
| Language disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 24 (20.83%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | | |
| Dyskinesia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 24 (16.67%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | | |
| Athetosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 24 (16.67%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | | |
| Headache | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 24 (16.67%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | | |
| Ataxia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Atonic seizures | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | | |
| Myoclonic epilepsy | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | | |
| Muscle spasticity | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Movement disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Seizure cluster | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | | |
| Clonus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Chorea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Balance disorder | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Drop attacks | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Hypotonia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Status epilepticus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Somnolence | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | | |
| Dystonia | | | |

| | | | |
|--|------------------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 3 | | |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders Thrombocytopenia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 5 / 24 (20.83%) 7 | | |
| Anaemia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 3 | | |
| Eye disorders Visual impairment subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 11 / 24 (45.83%) 16 | | |
| Blindness subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 24 (16.67%) 4 | | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders Constipation subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 13 / 24 (54.17%) 22 | | |
| Vomiting subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 19 / 24 (79.17%) 78 | | |
| Dysphagia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 13 / 24 (54.17%) 26 | | |
| Dental caries subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 5 / 24 (20.83%) 6 | | |
| Abdominal pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 6 / 24 (25.00%) 10 | | |
| Diarrhoea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 9 / 24 (37.50%) 19 | | |
| Salivary hypersecretion | | | |

| | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 4 | | |
| Gastrointestinal disorder subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Toothache subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 4 | | |
| Teething subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 3 | | |
| Oesophagitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Nausea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Gastrooesophageal reflux disease subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 3 | | |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| Dermatitis contact subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 5 / 24 (20.83%) 6 | | |
| Rash subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 9 | | |
| Urticaria subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Dermatitis diaper subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 10 | | |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------------|--|--|
| Pain in extremity subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Muscle spasms subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 3 | | |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Upper respiratory tract infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 21 / 24 (87.50%) 73 | | |
| Gastroenteritis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 9 / 24 (37.50%) 15 | | |
| Device related infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 9 / 24 (37.50%) 14 | | |
| Viral upper respiratory tract infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 19 / 24 (79.17%) 46 | | |
| Rhinitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 13 / 24 (54.17%) 22 | | |
| Conjunctivitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 6 / 24 (25.00%) 7 | | |
| Viral infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 9 / 24 (37.50%) 16 | | |
| Pharyngitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 7 / 24 (29.17%) 14 | | |
| Respiratory tract infection subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 6 / 24 (25.00%) 9 | | |
| Influenza | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 24 (20.83%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | | |
| Otitis media | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 24 (16.67%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | | |
| Rhinovirus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 24 (16.67%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 8 | | |
| Bronchitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | | |
| Lower respiratory tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | | |
| Urinary tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 24 (12.50%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 8 | | |
| Corona virus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Cystitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Oral herpes | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | | |
| Gastroenteritis viral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | | |
| Epstein-Barr virus infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | | |
| Pharyngitis bacterial | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 24 (8.33%) | | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | | |
| Pneumonia | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 5 | | |
| Tonsillitis bacterial subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Respiratory tract infection viral subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Varicella subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Pyelonephritis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 24 (8.33%) 2 | | |
| Tonsillitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 5 / 24 (20.83%) 12 | | |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Dehydration subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 5 | | |
| Decreased appetite subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 4 | | |
| Vitamin D deficiency subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 24 (12.50%) 4 | | |

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

| Date | Amendment |
|------------------|---|
| 26 February 2016 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device definition was added and device malfunction reporting requirements were more clearly defined. • The Ratings Assessment Guidelines were replaced with the document specific to the BMN 190 program. • Added that the 6-month Safety Follow-Up Visit is to be waived for subjects who receive study drug in another BioMarin-sponsored study or registry within the 6-month period to reduce subject burden. AE and SAE reporting instructions were updated for subjects who receive study drug in another BioMarin-sponsored study or registry. • Clarity was added around the timing of device removal for the sake of patient safety, in order to ensure that the device is removed in a timely manner following the end of study drug administration. • The visit window for the MRI was increased to ± 4 weeks to aid with the feasibility of the assessment. • CSF anti-drug immunogenicity testing was removed from the Safety Follow-Up visit because the ICV device and associated infusion system are to be removed from the patient by the time of the visit. • Per Regulatory Agency feedback, modified the inclusion criterion for contraception use to specify that if sexually active and not practicing true abstinence, defined as no sexual activity, males and females of reproductive age were to use a highly effective method of contraception while participating in the study. • The Device Safety Follow-Up Visit was added. |
| 17 March 2017 | <p>Clarified:Vital signs(SBP,DBP,Heart rate(HR),Respiration rate & temperature)measured within 30(+/-5)min before infusion start/restart, every 30(+/-5)min during infusion, 0.5hrs(+/-5 min), 1hr(+/-5 min) & 4hrs(+/-15 min)after infusion end, every 4hrs(+/-15 min)for next 16hrs To collect accurate BP measurements,BP measured in upper arm using appropriate sized BP cuff. If BP abnormal, manual BP was obtained by trained healthcare professional Subjects with present/past bradycardia, conduction disorders/structural heart disease, ECG(12 lead(HR,Rhythm,Intervals,Axis,Conduction defects & anatomic abnormalities)performed within 30 min before start of infusion(+/-5 min), at 2hrs(+/-15 min)during infusion, within 15(+/-5)min after infusion end, & 12hrs(+/-3hrs)after infusion end for each study drug infusion Clarified standard ECG performed at first infusion & every 24wks within 15(+/-5)min after infusion end Added cardiovascular & ECG AEs as AEs of special interest required reporting to BioMarin Pharmacovigilance, irrespective of severity, seriousness/causality within 24hrs of study site awareness Revised wording requiring fasting for minimum of 2hrs before each BMN190 infusion to state fasting could be considered until subject's reaction to study drug was determined. There were no efficacy/safety considerations required fasting Clarified:If needle dislodged during infusion, it could not be reinserted, as sterility would have been compromised Clarified:Medical device was defined as infusion pump & all contact parts(reservoir & catheter, needles, infusion line with filter, extension sets, & syringes) intended to be used for BMN190 Clarified:language for pregnancy reporting & monitoring Clarified requirement for IV access line during study drug infusion to allow omitting placement in event there had not been significant infusion-related AEs during prior 3 infusions Clarified:In event ICV device was replaced, next infusion to occur atleast 14days, no more than 28days</p> |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| 05 May 2017 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For at least one infusion of BMN 190 (and preferably the next infusion), continuous ECG monitoring (3- or 5-lead) was performed for all subjects. The ECG was to begin 15 (\pm 5) minutes prior to infusion start, continue through infusion of BMN 190, and end after infusion of flushing solution. If a 12-lead ECG was required during this time, continuous monitoring was to be interrupted in order to obtain the 12-lead ECG. • Revised 12-lead ECG assessment was to occur 30 (\pm 5) minutes after infusion end for all subjects to provide adequate time for the infusion of flushing solution and completion of telemetry prior to the 12-lead ECG assessment. • Added requirement that all removed or replaced implantable ICV devices must be returned to BioMarin in order to evaluate the material integrity of the reservoir, and any other devices (as defined in the protocol) were also to be returned. |
| 17 December 2018 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updates were made to the immunogenicity assessment section to include serum NAb sample collection. This change was made in response to a Regulatory Agency request to evaluate the presence of neutralizing antibodies to BMN 190 in serum. No changes were made to the frequency or schedule of assessments. • Added clarification that for subjects who do not participate in an extension study or registry after the last dose of study drug, the 4-week device safety follow-up visit and 6-month safety follow-up visit was to capture information regarding ongoing events at the time of the last dose or new events related to study drug. • Re-classified EEG from the list of safety assessment to efficacy assessments as this test provides information regarding changes in electrical activity in the brain while on study drug, but does not provide safety information used to determine whether dose modification or interruption is warranted. • Added that central laboratories (or a central reviewer) were used to evaluate EEG scans in order to standardize review and data presentation, and limit site-associated variability. • Added CLN2 disease rating scale assessment to the 4-week device safety follow-up visit and 6-month safety follow-up visit in order to ascertain whether there were any functional changes associated with any reported AEs. • Added ophthalmology/VA assessment every 12 weeks and OCT every 24 weeks in order to provide additional data to supplement the vision domain of the CLN2 rating scale. • Removed EQ-5D-5L Questionnaire in order to decrease study burden and the determination that the other Quality of Life questionnaires administered may be more relevant to this patient population. |

Notes:

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

None reported