



Clinical trial results:

Phase 3 Study of Ibrutinib in Combination with Venetoclax in Subjects with Mantle Cell Lymphoma

Summary

| | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| EudraCT number | 2017-000129-12 |
| Trial protocol | GB CZ DE BE HU ES NL GR IT |
| Global end of trial date | 27 June 2024 |

Results information

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Result version number | v1 (current) |
| This version publication date | 27 June 2025 |
| First version publication date | 27 June 2025 |

Trial information

Trial identification

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| Sponsor protocol code | PCYC-1143-CA |
|-----------------------|--------------|

Additional study identifiers

| | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| ISRCTN number | - |
| ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number) | NCT03112174 |
| WHO universal trial number (UTN) | - |

Notes:

Sponsors

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Sponsor organisation name | AbbVie Deutschland GmbH & Co. KG |
| Sponsor organisation address | AbbVie House, Vanwall Business Park, Vanwall Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire, United Kingdom, SL6 4UB |
| Public contact | Global Medical Services, AbbVie, 001 8006339110, abbvieclinicaltrials@abbvie.com |
| Scientific contact | Global Medical Services, AbbVie, 001 8006339110, abbvieclinicaltrials@abbvie.com |

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

| | |
|--|----|
| Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP) | No |
| Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |
| Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |

Notes:

Results analysis stage

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Analysis stage | Final |
| Date of interim/final analysis | 27 June 2024 |
| Is this the analysis of the primary completion data? | No |

| | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Global end of trial reached? | Yes |
| Global end of trial date | 27 June 2024 |
| Was the trial ended prematurely? | No |

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

Safety Run-in: To evaluate the occurrence of TLS and DLTs with the concurrent administration of ibrutinib and venetoclax.

Randomization Phase: To evaluate whether the combination of ibrutinib and venetoclax will result in prolongation of PFS compared to ibrutinib and placebo in subjects with relapsed or refractory MCL.

Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm: To evaluate the complete response (CR) rate with the combination of ibrutinib and venetoclax in subjects with treatment-naïve MCL.

Protection of trial subjects:

Subject and/or legal guardian read and understood the information provided about the study and gave written permission.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Actual start date of recruitment | 19 June 2017 |
| Long term follow-up planned | No |
| Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement? | Yes |

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Australia: 17 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Belgium: 7 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Canada: 18 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Czechia: 38 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | France: 25 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Germany: 5 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Greece: 7 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Hungary: 16 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Italy: 34 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Netherlands: 8 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Poland: 47 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Korea, Republic of: 7 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Spain: 18 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Türkiye: 7 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Ukraine: 15 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | United Kingdom: 16 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | United States: 81 |

| | |
|------------------------------------|-----|
| Worldwide total number of subjects | 366 |
| EEA total number of subjects | 205 |

Notes:

| Subjects enrolled per age group | |
|---|-----|
| In utero | 0 |
| Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk | 0 |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 0 |
| Children (2-11 years) | 0 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 0 |
| Adults (18-64 years) | 108 |
| From 65 to 84 years | 253 |
| 85 years and over | 5 |

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details: -

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

Screening procedures were performed up to 28 days before the first dose of ibrutinib and venetoclax/placebo, unless otherwise specified, and may have been performed over more than 1 visit.

Period 1

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Period 1 title | Overall Study (overall period) |
| Is this the baseline period? | Yes |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Double blind |
| Roles blinded | Investigator, Monitor, Subject |

Blinding implementation details:

For the Randomization Phase, subjects, investigators, and the Sponsor's study team members remained blinded to treatment assignment.

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | Yes |
| Arm title | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline |

Arm description:

Participants with an increased risk of tumor lysis syndrome (TLS) enrolled into the open-label Safety Run-in Period received concurrent ibrutinib at 560 mg once daily and venetoclax starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg once daily over a 5-week period.

| | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Ibrutinib |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Film-coated tablet, Capsule |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

Administered orally once daily

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Venetoclax |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Film-coated tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

Administered orally once daily

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Arm title | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline |
|------------------|---|

Arm description:

Participants with an low risk of TLS enrolled into the open-label Safety Run-in Period received concurrent ibrutinib at 560 mg once daily and venetoclax starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg once daily over a 5-week period.

| | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Ibrutinib |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Capsule, Film-coated tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

| | |
|---|---|
| Dosage and administration details: | |
| Administered orally once daily | |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Venetoclax |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Film-coated tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |
| Dosage and administration details: | |
| Administered orally once daily | |
| Arm title | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax |
| Arm description: | |
| Participants were randomized to ibrutinib 560 mg and venetoclax (starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg) for approximately 104 weeks, followed by ibrutinib monotherapy until disease progression (PD), unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of consent. Venetoclax was discontinued after 104 weeks of treatment, regardless of response assessment. | |
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Ibrutinib |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Capsule, Film-coated tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |
| Dosage and administration details: | |
| Administered orally once daily | |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Venetoclax |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Film-coated tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |
| Dosage and administration details: | |
| Administered orally once daily | |
| Arm title | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
| Arm description: | |
| Participants were randomized to ibrutinib 560 mg and placebo for approximately 104 weeks, followed by ibrutinib monotherapy until PD, unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of consent. Placebo was discontinued after 104 weeks of treatment, regardless of response assessment. | |
| Arm type | Placebo |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Ibrutinib |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Capsule, Film-coated tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |
| Dosage and administration details: | |
| Administered orally once daily | |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Placebo |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Film-coated tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |
| Dosage and administration details: | |
| Administered orally once daily | |
| Arm title | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm |

Arm description:

Participants were treated with ibrutinib 560 mg and venetoclax (starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg).

| | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Ibrutinib |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Capsule, Film-coated tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

Administered orally once daily

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Venetoclax |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Film-coated tablet |
| Routes of administration | Oral use |

Dosage and administration details:

Administered orally once daily

| Number of subjects in period 1 | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax |
|---|---|--|---|
| | | | |
| Started | 15 | 6 | 134 |
| On Study Treatment at Study Closure (SC) | 0 ^[1] | 2 | 31 ^[2] |
| Off Treatment + On Study Follow Up at SC | 2 | 0 ^[3] | 22 ^[4] |
| Already Off Study at Study Closure | 13 | 4 | 81 |
| Completed | 2 | 2 | 53 |
| Not completed | 13 | 4 | 81 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 3 | - | 11 |
| Death | 8 | 3 | 67 |
| Other, not specified | 1 | - | 1 |
| Lost to follow-up | 1 | 1 | 2 |

| Number of subjects in period 1 | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| | | |
| Started | 133 | 78 |
| On Study Treatment at Study Closure (SC) | 21 ^[5] | 26 ^[6] |
| Off Treatment + On Study Follow Up at SC | 25 ^[7] | 25 ^[8] |
| Already Off Study at Study Closure | 87 | 27 ^[9] |
| Completed | 46 | 51 |
| Not completed | 87 | 27 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 9 | 7 |
| Death | 73 | 18 |
| Other, not specified | 2 | - |

| | | |
|-------------------|---|---|
| Lost to follow-up | 3 | 2 |
|-------------------|---|---|

Notes:

[1] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: Milestone data are correct as presented.

[2] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: Milestone data are correct as presented.

[3] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: Milestone data are correct as presented.

[4] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: Milestone data are correct as presented.

[5] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: Milestone data are correct as presented.

[6] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: Milestone data are correct as presented.

[7] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: Milestone data are correct as presented.

[8] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: Milestone data are correct as presented.

[9] - The number of subjects at this milestone seems inconsistent with the number of subjects in the arm. It is expected that the number of subjects will be greater than, or equal to the number that completed, minus those who left.

Justification: Milestone data are correct as presented.

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

| | |
|---|---|
| Reporting group title | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline |
| Reporting group description: Participants with an increased risk of tumor lysis syndrome (TLS) enrolled into the open-label Safety Run-in Period received concurrent ibrutinib at 560 mg once daily and venetoclax starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg once daily over a 5-week period. | |
| Reporting group title | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline |
| Reporting group description: Participants with an low risk of TLS enrolled into the open-label Safety Run-in Period received concurrent ibrutinib at 560 mg once daily and venetoclax starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg once daily over a 5-week period. | |
| Reporting group title | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinb + Venetoclax |
| Reporting group description: Participants were randomized to ibrutinib 560 mg and venetoclax (starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg) for approximately 104 weeks, followed by ibrutinib monotherapy until disease progression (PD), unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of consent. Venetoclax was discontinued after 104 weeks of treatment, regardless of response assessment. | |
| Reporting group title | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
| Reporting group description: Participants were randomized to ibrutinib 560 mg and placebo for approximately 104 weeks, followed by ibrutinib monotherapy until PD, unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of consent. Placebo was discontinued after 104 weeks of treatment, regardless of response assessment. | |
| Reporting group title | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm |
| Reporting group description: Participants were treated with ibrutinib 560 mg and venetoclax (starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg). | |

| Reporting group values | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinb + Venetoclax |
|---|---|---|--|
| Number of subjects | 15 | 6 | 134 |
| Age categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| <=18 years | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Between 18 and 65 years | 2 | 5 | 41 |
| >=65 years | 13 | 1 | 93 |
| Gender categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 6 | 2 | 31 |
| Male | 9 | 4 | 103 |
| Ethnicity | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Hispanic or Latino | 1 | 0 | 8 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 11 | 5 | 112 |
| Unknown or Not Reported | 3 | 1 | 14 |
| Race | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | | | |
|---------------------------|----|---|-----|
| Black or African American | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| White | 12 | 6 | 116 |
| More than one race | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unknown or Not Reported | 3 | 0 | 15 |

| Reporting group values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm | Total |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Number of subjects | 133 | 78 | 366 |
| Age categorical Units: Subjects | | | |
| <=18 years | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Between 18 and 65 years | 47 | 13 | 108 |
| >=65 years | 86 | 65 | 258 |
| Gender categorical Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 25 | 25 | 89 |
| Male | 108 | 53 | 277 |
| Ethnicity Units: Subjects | | | |
| Hispanic or Latino | 7 | 1 | 17 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 110 | 72 | 310 |
| Unknown or Not Reported | 16 | 5 | 39 |
| Race Units: Subjects | | | |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian | 3 | 6 | 11 |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Black or African American | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| White | 115 | 68 | 317 |
| More than one race | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unknown or Not Reported | 14 | 3 | 35 |

End points

End points reporting groups

| | |
|---|---|
| Reporting group title | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline |
| Reporting group description: Participants with an increased risk of tumor lysis syndrome (TLS) enrolled into the open-label Safety Run-in Period received concurrent ibrutinib at 560 mg once daily and venetoclax starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg once daily over a 5-week period. | |
| Reporting group title | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline |
| Reporting group description: Participants with an low risk of TLS enrolled into the open-label Safety Run-in Period received concurrent ibrutinib at 560 mg once daily and venetoclax starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg once daily over a 5-week period. | |
| Reporting group title | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax |
| Reporting group description: Participants were randomized to ibrutinib 560 mg and venetoclax (starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg) for approximately 104 weeks, followed by ibrutinib monotherapy until disease progression (PD), unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of consent. Venetoclax was discontinued after 104 weeks of treatment, regardless of response assessment. | |
| Reporting group title | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
| Reporting group description: Participants were randomized to ibrutinib 560 mg and placebo for approximately 104 weeks, followed by ibrutinib monotherapy until PD, unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of consent. Placebo was discontinued after 104 weeks of treatment, regardless of response assessment. | |
| Reporting group title | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm |
| Reporting group description: Participants were treated with ibrutinib 560 mg and venetoclax (starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg). | |

Primary: Number of Participants With Tumor Lysis Syndrome (TLS) Events (Safety Run-in)

| | |
|--|---|
| End point title | Number of Participants With Tumor Lysis Syndrome (TLS) Events (Safety Run-in) ^{[1][2]} |
| End point description: TLS events are defined as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clinical TLS: any event that meets Howard criteria (N Engl J Med 2011;364:1844-1854) with the following exceptions:• For the purpose of TLS assessment during the Safety Run-in Period, only those increases in serum creatinine > 1.0 mg/dL from pre-treatment baseline will be considered clinical TLS.• In subjects with renal dysfunction at baseline (CrCl < 60 mL/min), clinical TLS is defined as the presence of laboratory TLS plus either seizures, cardiac dysrhythmia, or death.• Laboratory TLS: any event that meets Howard criteria (N Engl J Med 2011;364:1844-1854) for laboratory TLS, that does not resolve within 72 hours despite protocol required management. | |
| All treated safety run-in participants | |
| End point type | Primary |
| End point timeframe: After at least 3 months of treatment, with an overall median treatment duration of 20.0 months | |
| Notes: [1] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point. Justification: Descriptive statistics per protocol are presented in the data table. [2] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period. Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Safety Run-in arm only. | |

| End point values | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 15 | 6 | | |
| Units: participants | 1 | 0 | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Primary: Number of Participants With Dose Limiting Toxicities (DLT) (Safety Run-in)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Number of Participants With Dose Limiting Toxicities (DLT) (Safety Run-in) ^{[3][4]} |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

DLT: any Grade (Gr) 3 or higher non-TLS adverse event (AE) at least possibly related to study drug occurring during the DLT assessment period with the following clarifications:

Non-Hematologic DLTs: Gr ≥ 3 nausea, vomiting or diarrhea uncontrolled despite maximum medical supportive care and persisting > 5 days; Gr 3 fatigue persisting > 7 days; Gr 3 infection is not a DLT, however an infection with life-threatening consequences or requiring urgent intervention (Gr 4) was considered a DLT; Treatment delay of any study drug > 7 days for toxicity.

Hematologic DLTs: Gr 3 neutropenia is not a DLT, however, Gr 4 neutropenia (ANC $< 500/\text{mm}^3$) lasting for > 7 days is a DLT; Gr 3 or 4 neutropenia complicated by fever $\geq 38.5^\circ\text{C}$ or infection; Gr 4 thrombocytopenia ($< 25,000/\text{mm}^3$) that persists for > 7 days; Gr 3 or 4 thrombocytopenia associated with Gr 2 or greater bleeding; Gr 3 anemia is not a DLT, however, Gr 4 anemia is a DLT; Treatment delay of any study drug > 7 days for hematologic toxicity.

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| End point type | Primary |
|----------------|---------|

End point timeframe:

After at least 3 months of treatment, with an overall median treatment duration of 20.0 months

Notes:

[3] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: Descriptive statistics per protocol are presented in the data table.

[4] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Safety Run-in only.

| End point values | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 15 | 6 | | |
| Units: participants | | | | |
| Any TEAE/Any Grade | 3 | 0 | | |
| Any TEAE/ Grade 3+4 | 3 | 0 | | |
| Any TEAE/Grade 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Atrial fibrillation/Any Grade | 1 | 0 | | |
| Atrial fibrillation/Grade 3+4 | 1 | 0 | | |
| Atrial fibrillation/Grade 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Infection/Any Grade | 1 | 0 | | |
| Infection/Grade 3+4 | 1 | 0 | | |
| Infection/Grade 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Neutropenia/Any Grade | 1 | 0 | | |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Neutropenia/Grade 3+4 | 1 | 0 | | |
| Neutropenia/Grade 5 | 0 | 0 | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Primary: Number of Participants With Treatment Emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs) (Safety Run-in)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Number of Participants With Treatment Emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs) (Safety Run-in) ^{[5][6]} |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

AE: any untoward medical occurrence in a participant that does not necessarily have a causal relationship with treatment. The investigator assesses the relationship of each event to the use of study. Serious adverse event (SAE): an event that results in death, is life-threatening, requires or prolongs hospitalization, results in a congenital anomaly, persistent or significant disability/incapacity or is an important medical event that, based on medical judgment, may jeopardize the participant and may require medical or surgical intervention to prevent any of the outcomes listed above. Treatment-emergent adverse events/treatment-emergent serious adverse events (TEAEs/TESAEs): any event that began or worsened in severity on or after the first dose of study drug (SD). Event severity is graded as mild (1), moderate (2), severe (3), life threatening (4), death (5).

All treated safety run-in participants

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| End point type | Primary |
|----------------|---------|

End point timeframe:

From first dose of study drug until the end of treatment + 30 days, with an overall median treatment duration of 20.0 months

Notes:

[5] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: Descriptive statistics per protocol are presented in the data table.

[6] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Safety Run-in only.

| End point values | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 15 | 6 | | |
| Units: participants | | | | |
| Any TEAE | 15 | 6 | | |
| Any TEAE, Grade 3 | 15 | 5 | | |
| Any Venetoclax (V) Related TEAE | 14 | 6 | | |
| Any V Related TEAE Grade ≥ 3 | 13 | 4 | | |
| Any Ibrutinib (I) Related TEAE | 13 | 5 | | |
| Any I Related TEAE Grade ≥ 3 | 12 | 4 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Discontinuation of SD (I or V) | 6 | 2 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Discontinuation of SD (I only) | 1 | 0 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Discontinuation of SD (V only) | 1 | 0 | | |

| | | | | |
|--|----|---|--|--|
| TEAE Leading to Discontinuation of SD (Both I + V) | 4 | 2 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Reduction of SD (I or V) | 7 | 4 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Reduction of SD (I only) | 1 | 3 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Reduction of SD (V only) | 3 | 0 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Reduction of SD (Both I + V) | 3 | 1 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Hold of SD (I or V) | 14 | 4 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Hold of SD (I Only) | 1 | 1 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Hold of SD (V Only) | 0 | 0 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Hold of SD (Both I + V) | 13 | 3 | | |
| Any TESAE | 14 | 3 | | |
| Any TESAE, Grade ≥ 3 | 14 | 2 | | |
| Any TESAE, V Related | 9 | 1 | | |
| Any TESAE, I Related | 10 | 1 | | |
| Any TESAE, V or I Related | 10 | 1 | | |
| Fatal TEAE | 1 | 0 | | |
| Major Hemorrhage | 2 | 0 | | |
| Major Hemorrhage, Grade ≥ 3 | 2 | 0 | | |
| Major Hemorrhage, TESAE | 2 | 0 | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Primary: Progression-free Survival (PFS) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Progression-free Survival (PFS) (Randomization Phase) ^[7] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

PFS is defined as the time from the date of randomization to the date of disease progression using the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma (Cheson 2014), or death from any cause, whichever occurs first.

All randomized participants

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| End point type | Primary |
|----------------|---------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 61.34 months

Notes:

[7] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.
Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 134 | 133 | | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 95%) | 31.9 (22.8 to 54.5) | 22.1 (16.5 to 29.5) | | |

Statistical analyses

| Statistical analysis title | Statistical Analysis 1 |
|---|--|
| Comparison groups | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax v Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 267 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.0024 ^[8] |
| Method | Logrank |
| Parameter estimate | Hazard ratio (HR) |
| Point estimate | 0.629 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.465 |
| upper limit | 0.85 |

Notes:

[8] - P value is from stratified log-rank test.

Primary: Complete Response (CR) Rate (Treatment-Naïve Arm)

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| End point title | Complete Response (CR) Rate (Treatment-Naïve Arm) ^{[9][10]} |
| End point description: | CR rate is defined as the percentage of participants with a CR according to the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma (Cheson 2014). |
| End point type | Primary |
| End point timeframe: | For an overall median time on study of 40.51 months |

Notes:

[9] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: Statistical analysis per protocol is presented in the data table.

[10] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Treatment Naïve Arm only.

| End point values | Treatment-naive Open-label Arm | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 78 | | | |
| Units: percentage of participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 69.2 (57.8 to 79.2) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Overall Response Rate (ORR) (Safety Run-in)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Overall Response Rate (ORR) (Safety Run-in) ^[11] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

ORR is defined as the percentage of participants with CR or PR per investigator assessment according to the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma (Cheson 2014).

All enrolled safety run-in participants

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 74.78 months

Notes:

[11] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Safety Run-in only.

| End point values | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 15 | 6 | | |
| Units: percentage of participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 80.0 (51.9 to 95.7) | 83.3 (35.9 to 99.6) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Duration of Response (DOR) (Safety Run-in)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Duration of Response (DOR) (Safety Run-in) ^[12] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

DOR is defined for participants who achieve an overall response as the time from the first occurrence of response (CR or PR according to the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma [Cheson 2014]) to disease progression or death, whichever occurs first.

All enrolled safety run-in participants achieving response (partial response or better)

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 74.78 months

Notes:

[12] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Safety Run-in only.

| End point values | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 12 ^[13] | 5 ^[14] | | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 95%) | 44.1 (12.5 to 999999) | 999999 (26.5 to 999999) | | |

Notes:

[13] - 999999=Not estimable due to the small number of events.

[14] - 999999=Not estimable due to the small number of events.

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Progression-free Survival (PFS) (Safety Run-in)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Progression-free Survival (PFS) (Safety Run-in) ^[15] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

PFS is defined as the time from the date of the first dose of study treatment to the date of disease progression using the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma (Cheson 2014), or death from any cause, whichever occurs first.

All enrolled safety run-in participants

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 74.78 months

Notes:

[15] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Safety Run-in arm only.

| End point values | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 15 ^[16] | 6 ^[17] | | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 95%) | 46.9 (13.0 to 999999) | 35.0 (1.2 to 999999) | | |

Notes:

[16] - 999999=Not estimable due to the small number of events.

[17] - 999999=Not estimable due to the small number of events.

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Overall Survival (OS) (Safety Run-in)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Overall Survival (OS) (Safety Run-in) ^[18] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

OS is defined as the time from the date of the first dose of study treatment to death from any cause.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 74.78 months

Notes:

[18] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Safety Run-in only.

| End point values | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 15 ^[19] | 6 ^[20] | | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 95%) | 52.3 (14.1 to 999999) | 999999 (1.5 to 999999) | | |

Notes:

[19] - 999999=not estimable due to the small number of events

[20] - 999999=not estimable due to the small number of events

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Complete Response (CR) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Complete Response (CR) (Randomization Phase) ^[21] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Complete response rate (CR) based on the best overall response per investigator assessment according to the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma (Cheson 2014).

All randomized participants

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 61.34 months

Notes:

[21] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 134 | 133 | | |
| Units: percentage of participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 53.7 (44.9 to 62.4) | 32.3 (24.5 to 41.0) | | |

Statistical analyses

| Statistical analysis title | Statistical Analysis 1 |
|---|--|
| Comparison groups | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax v Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 267 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority ^[22] |
| P-value | = 0.0004 ^[23] |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Rate Ratio |
| Point estimate | 1.658 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 1.24 |
| upper limit | 2.218 |

Notes:

[22] - For rate ratio, numerator is Ibrutinib + Venetoclax arm and denominator is Ibrutinib + Placebo arm.

[23] - Estimate and p-value for rate ratio are based on Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel (CMH) test adjusted for two randomization stratification factors: number of prior lines of therapy (1-2 vs ≥3) and TLS category (low risk vs increased risk) at randomization.

Secondary: Overall Response Rate (ORR) (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Overall Response Rate (ORR) (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm) ^[24] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

ORR is defined as the percentage of participants with CR or PR per investigator assessment according to the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma (Cheson 2014).

All randomized participants and all treatment-naïve open-label arm participants.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 61.34 months (Randomization Phase) and 40.51 months (Treatment-Naïve arm)

Notes:

[24] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase and the Treatment Naïve Arm only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | Treatment-naive Open-label Arm | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 134 | 133 | 78 | |
| Units: percentage of participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 82.1 (74.5 to 88.2) | 74.4 (66.2 to 81.6) | 94.9 (87.4 to 98.6) | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|--|
| Statistical analysis title | Statistical Analysis 1 |
| Statistical analysis description: | |
| For rate ratio, numerator is Ibrutinib + Venetoclax arm and denominator is Ibrutinib + Placebo arm. | |
| Comparison groups | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax v Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 267 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.1279 ^[25] |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Rate Ratio |
| Point estimate | 1.101 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.973 |
| upper limit | 1.247 |

Notes:

[25] - Estimate and p-value for rate ratio are based on CMH test adjusted for two randomization stratification factors: number of prior lines of therapy (1-2 vs ≥3) and TLS category (low risk vs increased risk) at randomization.

Secondary: MRD-negative Remission Rate in Participants Who Achieve CR Per Investigator Assessment (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naive Arm)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | MRD-negative Remission Rate in Participants Who Achieve CR Per Investigator Assessment (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naive Arm) ^[26] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

MRD-negative remission rate is defined as the percentage of participants with undetectable MRD at documented CR in participants who were MRD positive at screening as assessed by flow cytometry in bone marrow and/or peripheral blood, with requirement of confirmation of MRD negativity in the subsequent peripheral blood 12 weeks later.

All enrolled treatment-naïve participants achieving CR who were evaluable for MRD (those who had positive MRD status at screening). Participants with a given post-screening sample.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 61.34 months (Randomization Phase) and 40.51 months (Treatment-Naive arm)

Notes:

[26] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase and the Treatment Naïve Arm only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 31 ^[27] | 8 ^[28] | 34 ^[29] | |
| Units: percentage of participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | | | | |
| Bone marrow aspirate; n=26, 7, 22 | 61.5 (40.6 to 79.8) | 28.6 (3.7 to 71.0) | 59.1 (36.4 to 79.3) | |
| Peripheral blood; n=31, 8, 34 | 77.4 (58.9 to 90.4) | 12.5 (0.3 to 52.7) | 76.5 (58.8 to 89.3) | |

Notes:

[27] - n=participants with an assessment

[28] - n=participants with an assessment

[29] - n=participants with an assessment

Statistical analyses

| Statistical analysis title | Statistical Analysis 1 |
|---|--|
| Statistical analysis description: | |
| Bone marrow aspirate | |
| Comparison groups | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax v Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 39 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.2028 |
| Method | Fisher exact |

| Statistical analysis title | Statistical Analysis 2 |
|---|--|
| Statistical analysis description: | |
| Peripheral blood | |
| Comparison groups | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax v Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 39 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.0014 |
| Method | Fisher exact |

Secondary: Overall Survival (OS) (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Overall Survival (OS) (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm) ^[30] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

OS is defined as the time from the date of randomization (Randomization Phase) or the first dose of study treatment (Treatment-Naïve arm) to death from any cause.

All randomized and all enrolled treatment-naïve participants

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 61.34 months (Randomization Phase) and 40.51 months (Treatment-Naïve arm)

Notes:

[30] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 134 ^[31] | 133 | 78 ^[32] | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 95%) | 44.9 (31.9 to 999999) | 38.6 (25.2 to 52.6) | 999999 (44.2 to 999999) | |

Notes:

[31] - 999999=not estimable due to small number of events.

[32] - 999999=not estimable due to the small number of events.

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Statistical Analysis 1 |
|----------------------------|------------------------|

Statistical analysis description:

Hazard ratio is estimated using stratified Cox regression model with treatment as the only covariate.

| | |
|---|--|
| Comparison groups | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo v Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 267 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.2669 ^[33] |
| Method | Logrank |
| Parameter estimate | Hazard ratio (HR) |
| Point estimate | 0.832 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.602 |
| upper limit | 1.151 |

Notes:

[33] - P value is from stratified log-rank test.

Secondary: Duration of Response (DOR) (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Duration of Response (DOR) (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm) ^[34] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

DOR is defined as the time frame for participants who achieve an overall response as the time from the first occurrence of response (CR or PR according to the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma [Cheson 2014]) to disease progression or death, whichever occurs first.

All randomized participants and all enrolled treatment-naïve participants achieving response (partial response or better)

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 61.34 months (Randomization Phase) and 40.51 months (Treatment-Naïve arm)

Notes:

[34] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 110 ^[35] | 99 | 74 ^[36] | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 95%) | 42.1 (42.1 to 999999) | 27.6 (19.4 to 39.5) | 37.1 (30.3 to 999999) | |

Notes:

[35] - 999999=Not estimable due to the small number of events.

[36] - 999999=Not estimable due to the small number of events.

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Time to Next Treatment (TTNT) (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Time to Next Treatment (TTNT) (Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm) ^[37] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

TTNT is defined as the duration from the date of randomization (Randomization Phase) or date of first dose of study treatment (Treatment-Naïve Arm) to the start date of any anti-lymphoma treatment subsequent to study treatment. Post-treatment stem cell transplantation, chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T-cell therapy, or other cellular therapies were not considered subsequent anti-cancer treatments for participants responding to the study treatment (CR or PR).

All randomized and all enrolled treatment-naïve participants

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 61.34 months (Randomization Phase) and 40.51 months (Treatment-Naïve arm)

Notes:

[37] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase and Treatment-Naïve Arm only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | Treatment-naive Open-label Arm | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 134 ^[38] | 133 | 74 ^[39] | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 95%) | 999999 (48.0 to 999999) | 35.4 (24.7 to 49.8) | 999999 (999999 to 999999) | |

Notes:

[38] - 999999=Not estimable due to the small number of events.

[39] - 999999=Not estimable due to the small number of events.

Statistical analyses

| Statistical analysis title | Statistical Analysis 1 |
|---|--|
| Statistical analysis description: | |
| Hazard ratio is estimated using stratified Cox regression model with treatment as the only covariate. | |
| Comparison groups | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo v Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 267 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.0013 ^[40] |
| Method | Logrank |
| Parameter estimate | Hazard ratio (HR) |
| Point estimate | 0.541 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.369 |
| upper limit | 0.792 |

Notes:

[40] - P value is from stratified log-rank test.

Secondary: Number of Participants With TEAEs (Randomization Phase)

| End point title | Number of Participants With TEAEs (Randomization Phase) ^[41] |
|---|---|
| End point description: | |
| <p>AE: any untoward medical occurrence in a participant that does not necessarily have a causal relationship with treatment. The investigator assesses the relationship of each event to the use of study. Serious adverse event (SAE): an event that results in death, is life-threatening, requires or prolongs hospitalization, results in a congenital anomaly, persistent or significant disability/incapacity or is an important medical event that, based on medical judgment, may jeopardize the participant and may require medical or surgical intervention to prevent any of the outcomes listed above. Treatment-emergent adverse events/treatment-emergent serious adverse events (TEAEs/TESAEs): any event that began or worsened in severity on or after the first dose of study drug (SD). Event severity is graded as mild (1), moderate (2), severe (3), life threatening (4), death (5).</p> | |
| All randomized and treated participants | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| From first dose of study drug until the end of treatment + 30 days, with an overall median treatment duration of 19.5 months | |

Notes:

[41] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 134 | 132 | | |
| Units: participants | | | | |
| Any TEAE | 134 | 131 | | |
| Any TEAE, Grade 3 | 113 | 100 | | |
| Any Venetoclax (V) Related TEAE | 112 | 104 | | |
| Any V Related TEAE Grade ≥ 3 | 75 | 46 | | |
| Any Ibrutinib (I) Related TEAE | 121 | 114 | | |
| Any I Related TEAE Grade ≥ 3 | 83 | 58 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Discontinuation of SD (I or V) | 43 | 48 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Discontinuation of SD (I only) | 15 | 11 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Discontinuation of SD (V only) | 2 | 7 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Discontinuation of SD (Both I + V) | 26 | 30 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Reduction of SD (I or V) | 50 | 29 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Reduction of SD (I only) | 19 | 14 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Reduction of SD (V only) | 13 | 7 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Reduction of SD (Both I + V) | 18 | 8 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Hold of SD (I or V) | 106 | 99 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Hold of SD (I only) | 18 | 18 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Hold of Study Drug (V only) | 6 | 4 | | |
| TEAE Leading to Dose Hold of SD (Both I + V) | 82 | 77 | | |
| Any TESA | 88 | 80 | | |
| Any TESA, Grade ≥ 3 | 76 | 73 | | |
| Any TESA, V Related | 31 | 25 | | |
| Any TESA, I Related | 47 | 37 | | |
| Any TESA, V or I Related | 49 | 37 | | |
| Fatal TEAE | 22 | 18 | | |
| Major Hemorrhage | 13 | 8 | | |
| Major Hemorrhage, Grade ≥ 3 | 10 | 7 | | |
| Major Hemorrhage, TESA | 12 | 6 | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Number of Participants With TLS TEAEs (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Number of Participants With TLS TEAEs (Randomization |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Treatment-emergent adverse events/treatment-emergent serious adverse events (TEAEs/TESAEs): any event that began or worsened in severity on or after the first dose of study drug (SD). Event severity is graded as mild (1), moderate (2), severe (3), life threatening (4), death (5).

All randomized and treated participants

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

From first dose of study drug until the end of treatment + 30 days, with an overall median treatment duration of 19.5 months

Notes:

[42] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 134 | 132 | | |
| Units: participants | | | | |
| Any grade | 7 | 3 | | |
| Grades 3 and 4 | 6 | 3 | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Pharmacokinetics (PK) of Ibrutinib: Maximum Observed Plasma Concentration (C_{max}) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Pharmacokinetics (PK) of Ibrutinib: Maximum Observed Plasma Concentration (C _{max}) (Randomization Phase) ^[43] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Participants with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[43] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 106 | 108 | | |
| Units: ng/mL | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 195 (± 179) | 287 (± 230) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Ibrutinib: Time to Cmax (Tmax) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | PK of Ibrutinib: Time to Cmax (Tmax) (Randomization |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Participants with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[44] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 106 | 108 | | |
| Units: hours | | | | |
| median (full range (min-max)) | 2.00 (0.00 to 8.00) | 2.00 (0.750 to 6.00) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Ibrutinib: Area Under the Concentration-Time Curve From Time Zero to the Time of the Last Measurable Concentration (AUClast) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | PK of Ibrutinib: Area Under the Concentration-Time Curve From Time Zero to the Time of the Last Measurable Concentration (AUClast) (Randomization Phase) ^[45] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Participants with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[45] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 102 | 106 | | |
| Units: ng·h/mL | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 1090 (± 870) | 1440 (± 1060) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Ibrutinib: Terminal Elimination Half-Life ($t_{1/2,Term}$) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | PK of Ibrutinib: Terminal Elimination Half-Life ($t_{1/2,Term}$) (Randomization Phase) ^[46] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Participants with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[46] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 65 | 73 | | |
| Units: hours | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 6.29 (± 1.92) | 6.66 (± 2.15) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Ibrutinib: Time of Last Measurable Concentration (Tlast) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | PK of Ibrutinib: Time of Last Measurable Concentration (Tlast) (Randomization Phase) ^[47] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Participants with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[47] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 102 | 106 | | |
| Units: hours | | | | |
| median (full range (min-max)) | 24.0 (7.0 to 24.0) | 24.0 (24.0 to 24.0) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Ibrutinib: Area Under the Concentration-Time Curve From 0-24 Hours (AUC0-24) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | PK of Ibrutinib: Area Under the Concentration-Time Curve From 0-24 Hours (AUC0-24) (Randomization Phase) ^[48] |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Participants with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[48] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 102 | 106 | | |
| Units: ng·h/mL | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 1090 (± 870) | 1440 (± 1060) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Ibrutinib: Terminal Elimination Rate Constant (λ_z) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | PK of Ibrutinib: Terminal Elimination Rate Constant (λ_z) (Randomization Phase) ^[49] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Participants with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[49] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 65 | 73 | | |
| Units: 1/hour | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 0.123 (± 0.0556) | 0.114 (± 0.0332) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Ibrutinib: Apparent Total Clearance at Steady State (CL_{ss}/F) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | PK of Ibrutinib: Apparent Total Clearance at Steady State (CL _{ss} /F) (Randomization Phase) ^[50] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Participants with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[50] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 102 | 106 | | |
| Units: L/hour | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 1020 (± 1130) | 709 (± 651) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Venetoclax: Cmax (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | PK of Venetoclax: Cmax (Randomization Phase) ^[51] |
| End point description: Participants receiving venetoclax with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose | |

Notes:

[51] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 102 | | | |
| Units: ng/mL | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 3620 (± 1650) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Venetoclax: AUC0-24 (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|--|---|
| End point title | PK of Venetoclax: AUC0-24 (Randomization Phase) ^[52] |
| End point description: Participants receiving venetoclax with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point. | |
| End point type | Secondary |

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[52] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 98 | | | |
| Units: ng·h/mL | | | | |
| arithmetic mean (standard deviation) | 65000 (\pm 32900) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Venetoclax: Time to Cmax (Tmax) (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | PK of Venetoclax: Time to Cmax (Tmax) (Randomization Phase) ^[53] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Participants receiving venetoclax with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (± 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (± 15 min), 4 hours (± 30 min), 6 hours (± 30 min), 8 hours (± 1 hour) post-dose

Notes:

[53] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only.

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 102 | | | |
| Units: hours | | | | |
| median (full range (min-max)) | 6.00 (0.00 to 8.03) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: PK of Venetoclax: CLss/F (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | PK of Venetoclax: CLss/F (Randomization Phase) ^[54] |
| End point description: | |
| Participants receiving venetoclax with an evaluable PK assessment at given time point. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Week 6, Day 1: Predose, at Dose, 1 hour (\pm 15 minutes [min]), 2 hours (\pm 15 min), 4 hours (\pm 30 min), 6 hours (\pm 30 min), 8 hours (\pm 1 hour) post-dose | |
| Notes: | |
| [54] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period. | |
| Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only. | |

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 98 | | | |
| Units: L/hour | | | | |
| geometric mean (standard deviation) | 8.09 (\pm 4.82) | | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Time to Worsening in Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy - Lymphoma (FACT-Lym) Subscale of the Health-Related Quality of Life (Randomization Phase)

| | |
|---|---|
| End point title | Time to Worsening in Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy - Lymphoma (FACT-Lym) Subscale of the Health-Related Quality of Life (Randomization Phase) ^[55] |
| End point description: | |
| The FACT-Lym lymphoma-specific additional concerns subscale responses to all items are rated on a 5-point scale ranging from 0 "not at all" to 4 "very much". The lymphoma subscale includes 15 items and scores range from 0 to 60, with higher scores representing better functional status and well-being. Worsening is defined by a ≥ 5 points reduction from baseline in FACT-Lym Subscale or death due to any cause, whichever occurs first. | |
| All randomized participants | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| For an overall median time on study of 61.34 months | |
| Notes: | |
| [55] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period. | |
| Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Randomization Phase only. | |

| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 134 | 133 | | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 95%) | 9.3 (6.5 to 12.7) | 12.5 (8.3 to 17.9) | | |

Statistical analyses

| Statistical analysis title | Statistical Analysis 1 |
|---|--|
| Statistical analysis description: | |
| Hazard ratio is estimated using stratified Cox regression model with treatment as the only covariate. | |
| Comparison groups | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax v Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 267 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.2861 ^[56] |
| Method | Logrank |
| Parameter estimate | Hazard ratio (HR) |
| Point estimate | 1.169 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.879 |
| upper limit | 1.554 |

Notes:

[56] - P value is from stratified log-rank test.

Secondary: Duration of CR (Treatment-Naïve Arm)

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | Duration of CR (Treatment-Naïve Arm) ^[57] |
| End point description: | |
| Duration of CR, defined for subjects who achieve CR according to the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma (Cheson 2014) as the time from the first occurrence of CR to disease progression or death, whichever occurs first. | |
| All Enrolled Treatment-Naïve Subjects Achieving Response (Partial Response or Better) | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| For an overall median time on study of 40.51 months | |

Notes:

[57] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Treatment Naïve Arm only.

| | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| End point values | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 74 ^[58] | | | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (confidence interval 95%) | 37.1 (34.0 to 999999) | | | |

Notes:

[58] - 999999=Not estimable due to the small number of events.

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Progression-free Survival (PFS) (Treatment-Naïve Arm)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Progression-free Survival (PFS) (Treatment-Naïve Arm) ^[59] |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

PFS is defined as the time from the date of the first dose of study treatment to the date of disease progression using the Revised Response Criteria for Malignant Lymphoma (Cheson 2014), or death from any cause, whichever occurs first.

All enrolled treatment-naïve participants

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

For an overall median time on study of 40.51 months

Notes:

[59] - The end point is not reporting statistics for all the arms in the baseline period. It is expected all the baseline period arms will be reported on when providing values for an end point on the baseline period.

Justification: Per protocol, this endpoint was specified for the Treatment Naïve Arm only.

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| End point values | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinb + Venetoclax | | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 78 ^[60] | | | |
| Units: months | | | | |
| median (full range (min-max)) | 40.2 (29.4 to 999999) | | | |

Notes:

[60] - 999999=not estimable due to the low number of events.

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

For an overall median duration of 69.6 months (Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk), 77.9 months (Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk), 61.0 months (Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax), 61.7 months (Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo), 40.5 months (Tre

Adverse event reporting additional description:

All treated participants

| | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Assessment type | Systematic |
|-----------------|------------|

Dictionary used

| | |
|-----------------|--------|
| Dictionary name | MedDRA |
|-----------------|--------|

| | |
|--------------------|------|
| Dictionary version | 26.1 |
|--------------------|------|

Reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Reporting group title | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline |
|-----------------------|---|

Reporting group description:

Participants with an low risk of TLS enrolled into the open-label Safety Run-in Period received concurrent ibrutinib at 560 mg once daily and venetoclax starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg once daily over a 5-week period.

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Reporting group title | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline |
|-----------------------|---|

Reporting group description:

Participants with an increased risk of TLS enrolled into the open-label Safety Run-in Period received concurrent ibrutinib at 560 mg once daily and venetoclax starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg once daily over a 5-week period.

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Reporting group title | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|

Reporting group description:

Participants were treated with ibrutinib 560 mg and venetoclax (starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg).

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Reporting group title | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo |
|-----------------------|--|

Reporting group description:

Participants were randomized to ibrutinib 560 mg and placebo for approximately 104 weeks, followed by ibrutinib monotherapy until PD, unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of consent. Placebo was discontinued after 104 weeks of treatment, regardless of response assessment.

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Reporting group title | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax |
|-----------------------|---|

Reporting group description:

Participants were randomized to ibrutinib 560 mg and venetoclax (starting at 20 mg, and gradually ramped up to a target dose of 400 mg) for approximately 104 weeks, followed by ibrutinib monotherapy until disease progression (PD), unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of consent. Venetoclax was discontinued after 104 weeks of treatment, regardless of response assessment.

| Serious adverse events | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Treatment-naïve Open-label Arm |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Total subjects affected by serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 6 (50.00%) | 15 / 15 (100.00%) | 48 / 78 (61.54%) |
| number of deaths (all causes) | 3 | 8 | 20 |
| number of deaths resulting from adverse events | 1 | 1 | 10 |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps) MANTLE CELL LYMPHOMA RECURRENT | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| MANTLE CELL LYMPHOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| LYMPHOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| LUNG ADENOCARCINOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| INTRADUCTAL PROLIFERATIVE BREAST LESION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| BREAST CANCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| BENIGN LUNG NEOPLASM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| BASAL CELL CARCINOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ADRENAL NEOPLASM | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ADENOCARCINOMA OF COLON | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ACUTE MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| METASTATIC MALIGNANT MELANOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| THYROID CANCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PROSTATE CANCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| NON-SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| MYELODYSPLASTIC SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| AORTIC ANEURYSM | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| AORTIC STENOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CIRCULATORY COLLAPSE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SHOCK HAEMORRHAGIC | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HYPERTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HYPOTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ILIAC ARTERY STENOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PERIPHERAL ISCHAEMIA | | | |

| | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| EMBOLISM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| ASTHENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CARDIAC DEATH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CHEST PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| DEATH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| PYREXIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 3 | 5 / 5 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| GAIT DISTURBANCE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| GENERAL PHYSICAL HEALTH DETERIORATION | | | |

| | | | |
|--|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| MALAISE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| NON-CARDIAC CHEST PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| OEDEMA PERIPHERAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| FATIGUE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SEROSITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SUDDEN DEATH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| GRAFT VERSUS HOST DISEASE IN GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ANTI-NEUTROPHIL CYTOPLASMIC ANTIBODY POSITIVE VASCULITIS | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| GRAFT VERSUS HOST DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Social circumstances | | | |
| LOSS OF PERSONAL INDEPENDENCE IN DAILY ACTIVITIES | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Reproductive system and breast disorders | | | |
| BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| ACUTE RESPIRATORY DISTRESS SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ACUTE RESPIRATORY FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| COUGH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| DYSPNOEA | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 3 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| EPISTAXIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| INTERSTITIAL LUNG DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PULMONARY EMBOLISM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PULMONARY HYPERTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PULMONARY OEDEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| RESPIRATORY FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| UPPER AIRWAY OBSTRUCTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| VOCAL CORD POLYP | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PLEURAL EFFUSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| CONFUSIONAL STATE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| COMPLETED SUICIDE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SUICIDE ATTEMPT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SUICIDAL IDEATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| DEPRESSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Investigations | | | |
| PLATELET COUNT DECREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| NEUTROPHIL COUNT DECREASED | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| BLOOD CREATININE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| SKULL FRACTURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HIP FRACTURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| FEMUR FRACTURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| FALL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| CRANIOCEREBRAL INJURY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ACCIDENTAL OVERDOSE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SUBDURAL HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SPLENIC RUPTURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| ATRIAL FIBRILLATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 | 3 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ACUTE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ANGINA PECTORIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ARTERIOSCLEROSIS CORONARY ARTERY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| ATRIAL FLUTTER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CARDIAC ARREST | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| CARDIAC FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| CARDIAC FAILURE CONGESTIVE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| LEFT VENTRICULAR FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| VENTRICULAR EXTRASYSTOLES | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| MYOCARDIAL ISCHAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PERICARDIAL EFFUSION | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PERICARDITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| MITRAL VALVE DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| VENTRICULAR FIBRILLATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| AMNESIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| BRADYKINESIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HAEMORRHAGIC STROKE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HAEMORRHAGE INTRACRANIAL | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| EPILEPSY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| DIZZINESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CEREBROVASCULAR ACCIDENT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CEREBRAL HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| TREMOR | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| TRANSIENT ISCHAEMIC ATTACK | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SYNCOPE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HEADACHE | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SPEECH DISORDER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SEIZURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ISCHAEMIC STROKE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| INTRAVENTRICULAR HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SUBARACHNOID HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| ANAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| FEBRILE BONE MARROW APLASIA | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| FEBRILE NEUTROPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| LYMPHADENOPATHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| NEUTROPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PANCYTOPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| THROMBOCYTOPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SPONTANEOUS HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Eye disorders | | | |
| CATARACT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| UVEITIS | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| ABDOMINAL PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ABDOMINAL PAIN LOWER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ASCITES | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HAEMATEMESIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| DUODENAL ULCER HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ENTEROCOLITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| GASTRIC ULCER PERFORATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| GASTROINTESTINAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| GINGIVAL BLEEDING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| DIARRHOEA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| INGUINAL HERNIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| INTESTINAL ISCHAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| LOWER GASTROINTESTINAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| NAUSEA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PANCREATITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| UPPER GASTROINTESTINAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PROCTITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| RETROPERITONEAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| STOMATITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SUBILEUS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| UMBILICAL HERNIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PNEUMATOSIS INTESTINALIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| VOMITING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| BILE DUCT STONE | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| BILIARY COLIC | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CHOLANGITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CHOLECYSTITIS ACUTE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CHOLELITHIASIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CHOLECYSTITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| CUTANEOUS VASCULITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ECCHYMOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| RASH MACULO-PAPULAR | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| URTICARIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| RENAL FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HAEMATURIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ACUTE KIDNEY INJURY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| MUSCULAR WEAKNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| INTERVERTEBRAL DISC PROTRUSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| BACK PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| ARTHRALGIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| POLYARTHRITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| NECK PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| ABDOMINAL ABSCESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ABSCESS LIMB | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| APPENDICITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| APPENDICITIS PERFORATED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ARTHRITIS BACTERIAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM | | | |

| | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| INFECTION | | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BACTERAEMIA | | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BACTERIAL SEPSIS | | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BRONCHITIS | | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BRONCHOPULMONARY ASPERGILLOSIS | | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CELLULITIS | | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 3 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ARTHRITIS INFECTIVE | | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CLOSTRIDIUM COLITIS | | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| COVID-19 | | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 8 / 78 (10.26%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 11 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 3 |
| COVID-19 PNEUMONIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 6 / 78 (7.69%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 7 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| DEVICE RELATED INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| DISSEMINATED CRYPTOCOCCOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 3 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ERYSIPELAS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| FUNGAL ABSCESS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| GASTROENTERITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| GASTROINTESTINAL INFECTION | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HERPES ZOSTER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| EMPYEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| LOWER RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| MEDIASTINITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| NECROTISING FASCIITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| ORCHITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| OSTEOMYELITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PNEUMONIA CHLAMYDIAL | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PERITONITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PNEUMOCYSTIS JIROVECI PNEUMONIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PNEUMONIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 5 / 78 (6.41%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 3 | 0 / 6 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| PNEUMONIA ASPIRATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PNEUMONIA BACTERIAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PERIORBITAL CELLULITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PNEUMONIA MORAXELLA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PNEUMONIA STREPTOCOCCAL | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PNEUMONIA VIRAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| PULMONARY SEPSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION VIRAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SEPSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SEPTIC SHOCK | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| SKIN INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| STAPHYLOCOCCAL BACTERAEMIA | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| STAPHYLOCOCCAL SEPSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| TOOTH INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| URINARY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| WOUND SEPSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| VIRAL PHARYNGITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| VIRAL INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| UROSEPSIS | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| HYPERGLYCAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HYPERCALCAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| GOUT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| DEHYDRATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HYPERKALAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HYPONATRAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HYPOKALAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| METABOLIC ACIDOSIS | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| LACTIC ACIDOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HYPERPHOSPHATAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HYPERURICAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| HYPOGLYCAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| TUMOUR LYSIS SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 3 / 3 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| Serious adverse events | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Total subjects affected by serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 86 / 132 (65.15%) | 92 / 134 (68.66%) | |
| number of deaths (all causes) | 78 | 70 | |
| number of deaths resulting from adverse events | 29 | 34 | |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps) | | | |
| MANTLE CELL LYMPHOMA | | | |
| RECURRENT | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| MANTLE CELL LYMPHOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 18 / 132 (13.64%) | 15 / 134 (11.19%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 27 | 0 / 23 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 14 | 0 / 12 | |
| LYMPHOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| LUNG ADENOCARCINOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| INTRADUCTAL PROLIFERATIVE BREAST LESION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BREAST CANCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BENIGN LUNG NEOPLASM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BASAL CELL CARCINOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ADRENAL NEOPLASM | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ADENOCARCINOMA OF COLON | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ACUTE MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| METASTATIC MALIGNANT MELANOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| THYROID CANCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PROSTATE CANCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| NON-SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| MYELODYSPLASTIC SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| AORTIC ANEURYSM | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| AORTIC STENOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CIRCULATORY COLLAPSE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SHOCK HAEMORRHAGIC | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HYPERTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HYPOTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ILIAC ARTERY STENOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PERIPHERAL ISCHAEMIA | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| EMBOLISM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| ASTHENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CARDIAC DEATH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| CHEST PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| DEATH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | |
| PYREXIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| GAIT DISTURBANCE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| GENERAL PHYSICAL HEALTH DETERIORATION | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| MALAISE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| NON-CARDIAC CHEST PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| OEDEMA PERIPHERAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| FATIGUE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SEROSITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SUDDEN DEATH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| GRAFT VERSUS HOST DISEASE IN GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ANTI-NEUTROPHIL CYTOPLASMIC ANTIBODY POSITIVE VASCULITIS | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| GRAFT VERSUS HOST DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Social circumstances | | | |
| LOSS OF PERSONAL INDEPENDENCE IN DAILY ACTIVITIES | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Reproductive system and breast disorders | | | |
| BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| ACUTE RESPIRATORY DISTRESS SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ACUTE RESPIRATORY FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| COUGH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| DYSPNOEA | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 4 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| EPISTAXIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| INTERSTITIAL LUNG DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PULMONARY EMBOLISM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PULMONARY HYPERTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PULMONARY OEDEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| RESPIRATORY FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 132 (4.55%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 6 | 2 / 6 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 1 / 2 | |
| UPPER AIRWAY OBSTRUCTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| VOCAL CORD POLYP | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PLEURAL EFFUSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 4 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| CONFUSIONAL STATE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| COMPLETED SUICIDE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| SUICIDE ATTEMPT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SUICIDAL IDEATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| DEPRESSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Investigations | | | |
| PLATELET COUNT DECREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| NEUTROPHIL COUNT DECREASED | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BLOOD CREATININE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| SKULL FRACTURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HIP FRACTURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| FEMUR FRACTURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 4 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| FALL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| CRANIOCEREBRAL INJURY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ACCIDENTAL OVERDOSE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 3 | 4 / 7 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SUBDURAL HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SPLENIC RUPTURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| ATRIAL FIBRILLATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 4 / 4 | 6 / 7 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ACUTE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ANGINA PECTORIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ARTERIOSCLEROSIS CORONARY ARTERY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| ATRIAL FLUTTER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 3 / 5 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CARDIAC ARREST | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | |
| CARDIAC FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 3 | 1 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| CARDIAC FAILURE CONGESTIVE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| LEFT VENTRICULAR FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| VENTRICULAR EXTRASYSTOLES | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| MYOCARDIAL ISCHAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PERICARDIAL EFFUSION | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 3 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PERICARDITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| MITRAL VALVE DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| VENTRICULAR FIBRILLATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| AMNESIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BRADYKINESIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HAEMORRHAGIC STROKE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| HAEMORRHAGE INTRACRANIAL | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| EPILEPSY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| DIZZINESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CEREBROVASCULAR ACCIDENT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| CEREBRAL HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| TREMOR | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| TRANSIENT ISCHAEMIC ATTACK | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SYNCOPE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HEADACHE | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SPEECH DISORDER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SEIZURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ISCHAEMIC STROKE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| INTRAVENTRICULAR HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SUBARACHNOID HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| ANAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 4 / 7 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| FEBRILE BONE MARROW APLASIA | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| FEBRILE NEUTROPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 3 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| LYMPHADENOPATHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| NEUTROPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PANCYTOPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 5 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| THROMBOCYTOPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 4 | 1 / 10 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SPONTANEOUS HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Eye disorders | | | |
| CATARACT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| UVEITIS | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| ABDOMINAL PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ABDOMINAL PAIN LOWER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ASCITES | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HAEMATEMESIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| DUODENAL ULCER HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ENTEROCOLITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| GASTRIC ULCER PERFORATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| GASTROINTESTINAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 3 / 3 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| GINGIVAL BLEEDING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| DIARRHOEA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| INGUINAL HERNIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| INTESTINAL ISCHAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| LOWER GASTROINTESTINAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| NAUSEA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PANCREATITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| UPPER GASTROINTESTINAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PROCTITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| RETROPERITONEAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| STOMATITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SUBILEUS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| UMBILICAL HERNIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PNEUMATOSIS INTESTINALIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| VOMITING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| BILE DUCT STONE | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BILIARY COLIC | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CHOLANGITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CHOLECYSTITIS ACUTE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 4 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CHOLELITHIASIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CHOLECYSTITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| CUTANEOUS VASCULITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ECCHYMOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| RASH MACULO-PAPULAR | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| URTICARIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| RENAL FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HAEMATURIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ACUTE KIDNEY INJURY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 3 | 1 / 3 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| MUSCULAR WEAKNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| INTERVERTEBRAL DISC PROTRUSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BACK PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| ARTHRALGIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| POLYARTHRITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| NECK PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| ABDOMINAL ABSCESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ABSCESS LIMB | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| APPENDICITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| APPENDICITIS PERFORATED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ARTHRITIS BACTERIAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BACTERAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BACTERIAL SEPSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BRONCHITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| BRONCHOPULMONARY ASPERGILLOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CELLULITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ARTHRITIS INFECTIVE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| CLOSTRIDIUM COLITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| COVID-19 | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 2 / 10 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 4 | |
| COVID-19 PNEUMONIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 4 | 0 / 7 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 0 / 2 | |
| DEVICE RELATED INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 2 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| DISSEMINATED CRYPTOCOCCOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| ERYSIPELAS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| FUNGAL ABSCESS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| GASTROENTERITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| GASTROINTESTINAL INFECTION | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HERPES ZOSTER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| EMPYEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| LOWER RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| MEDIASTINITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| NECROTISING FASCIITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| ORCHITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| OSTEOMYELITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PNEUMONIA CHLAMYDIAL | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PERITONITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PNEUMOCYSTIS JIROVECI PNEUMONIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PNEUMONIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 132 (11.36%) | 17 / 134 (12.69%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 6 / 17 | 13 / 26 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| PNEUMONIA ASPIRATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PNEUMONIA BACTERIAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PERIORBITAL CELLULITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PNEUMONIA MORAXELLA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PNEUMONIA STREPTOCOCCAL | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PNEUMONIA VIRAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| PULMONARY SEPSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION VIRAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SEPSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 6 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| SEPTIC SHOCK | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| SKIN INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| STAPHYLOCOCCAL BACTERAEMIA | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| STAPHYLOCOCCAL SEPSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| TOOTH INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 4 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| URINARY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| WOUND SEPSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| VIRAL PHARYNGITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| VIRAL INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| UROSEPSIS | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| HYPERGLYCAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HYPERCALCAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| GOUT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| DEHYDRATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HYPERKALAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HYPONATRAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 2 / 2 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HYPOKALAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| METABOLIC ACIDOSIS | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| LACTIC ACIDOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HYPERPHOSPHATAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HYPERURICAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| HYPOGLYCAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| TUMOUR LYSIS SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 2 | 3 / 4 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

| Non-serious adverse events | Safety Run-in: Low TLS Risk at Baseline | Safety Run-in: Increased TLS Risk at Baseline | Treatment-naive Open-label Arm |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 6 (100.00%) | 15 / 15 (100.00%) | 77 / 78 (98.72%) |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps) | | | |
| SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA OF SKIN | | | |

| | | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ACUTE MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| BASAL CELL CARCINOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| HYPOTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| HYPERTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 15 / 78 (19.23%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 4 | 23 |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| CHEST PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| ADVERSE DRUG REACTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ASTHENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 6 / 78 (7.69%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 3 | 12 |
| CATHETER SITE BRUISE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| CHILLS | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 2 | 6 |
| FATIGUE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 6 (66.67%) | 5 / 15 (33.33%) | 30 / 78 (38.46%) |
| occurrences (all) | 12 | 12 | 78 |
| GENERALISED OEDEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| IMPAIRED HEALING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| INFLUENZA LIKE ILLNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| INJECTION SITE BRUISING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| NON-CARDIAC CHEST PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| OEDEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| OEDEMA PERIPHERAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 6 (50.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 14 / 78 (17.95%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 2 | 15 |
| PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 6 / 78 (7.69%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| PERIPHERAL SWELLING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | 9 |
| PYREXIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 16 / 78 (20.51%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | 20 |
| SYSTEMIC INFLAMMATORY | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| RESPONSE SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| EXTRAVASATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| HYPOGAMMAGLOBULINAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ALLERGY TO ARTHROPOD BITE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| PRODUCTIVE COUGH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| ACUTE RESPIRATORY FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| COUGH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 5 / 15 (33.33%) | 13 / 78 (16.67%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 5 | 17 |
| DYSPHONIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| PLEURITIC PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| PLEURAL EFFUSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| OROPHARYNGEAL PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| NASAL DRYNESS | | | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| NASAL CONGESTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| EPISTAXIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 6 / 78 (7.69%) |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 1 | 6 |
| DYSPNOEA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 14 / 78 (17.95%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 4 | 23 |
| PULMONARY OEDEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| RESPIRATORY TRACT CONGESTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| SINUS CONGESTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| SINUS DISORDER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| UPPER-AIRWAY COUGH SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| VOCAL CORD POLYP | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| WHEEZING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| ANXIETY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 5 |

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| CONFUSIONAL STATE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| INSOMNIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 9 / 78 (11.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 10 |
| DISORIENTATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| DEPRESSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Investigations | | | |
| ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 2 | 9 |
| ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 5 / 78 (6.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 3 | 11 |
| BLOOD ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| BLOOD BILIRUBIN INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 2 | 19 |
| BLOOD CREATININE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 7 / 78 (8.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 6 | 9 |
| BLOOD LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| BLOOD PHOSPHORUS INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |

| | | | |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| BLOOD PRESSURE INCREASED subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 6 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 15 (0.00%) 0 | 2 / 78 (2.56%) 2 |
| BLOOD UREA INCREASED subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 6 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 15 (6.67%) 1 | 0 / 78 (0.00%) 0 |
| WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT DECREASED subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 6 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 15 (6.67%) 1 | 3 / 78 (3.85%) 3 |
| WEIGHT DECREASED subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 6 (0.00%) 0 | 2 / 15 (13.33%) 4 | 6 / 78 (7.69%) 7 |
| TROPONIN T INCREASED subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 6 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 15 (6.67%) 1 | 0 / 78 (0.00%) 0 |
| PLATELET COUNT DECREASED subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 6 (0.00%) 0 | 2 / 15 (13.33%) 2 | 6 / 78 (7.69%) 10 |
| NEUTROPHIL COUNT DECREASED subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 6 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 15 (6.67%) 2 | 10 / 78 (12.82%) 32 |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| CONTUSION subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 6 (33.33%) 3 | 2 / 15 (13.33%) 2 | 6 / 78 (7.69%) 7 |
| FALL subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 6 (16.67%) 1 | 4 / 15 (26.67%) 6 | 6 / 78 (7.69%) 9 |
| INFUSION RELATED REACTION subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 6 (16.67%) 1 | 0 / 15 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 78 (0.00%) 0 |
| LIMB INJURY subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 6 (0.00%) 0 | 2 / 15 (13.33%) 2 | 1 / 78 (1.28%) 1 |
| SCRATCH | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| SKIN ABRASION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| SKIN LACERATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| THERMAL BURN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| TRAUMATIC HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| ATRIAL FIBRILLATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 10 / 78 (12.82%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 10 |
| BRADYCARDIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| PALPITATIONS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 7 / 78 (8.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| HEADACHE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 6 (50.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 15 / 78 (19.23%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 1 | 21 |
| DYSKINESIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| DYSGEUSIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| DYSARTHRIA | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| DIZZINESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 6 (50.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 17 / 78 (21.79%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 2 | 23 |
| PARESIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| HYPOAESTHESIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 7 / 78 (8.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 0 | 19 |
| MEMORY IMPAIRMENT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| NEUROPATHY PERIPHERAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| PARAESTHESIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 9 / 78 (11.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 0 | 19 |
| VASCULAR ENCEPHALOPATHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TREMOR | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| SYNCOPE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| SENSORY DISTURBANCE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| SCIATICA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| RESTLESS LEGS SYNDROME | | | |

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| PRESYNCOPE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| PERIPHERAL SENSORY NEUROPATHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 6 / 78 (7.69%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 8 |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| ANAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 4 / 15 (26.67%) | 17 / 78 (21.79%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 20 | 27 |
| LEUKOPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| LYMPHADENOPATHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| NEUTROPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 7 / 15 (46.67%) | 26 / 78 (33.33%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 33 | 67 |
| SPLENOMEGALY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| SPONTANEOUS HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| THROMBOCYTOPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 6 (66.67%) | 4 / 15 (26.67%) | 8 / 78 (10.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 6 | 23 |
| INCREASED TENDENCY TO BRUISE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 6 (50.00%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 17 / 78 (21.79%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 4 | 25 |
| Ear and labyrinth disorders | | | |
| EAR PAIN | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| TINNITUS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| VERTIGO | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| Eye disorders | | | |
| ASTIGMATISM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| CATARACT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 5 |
| VISUAL ACUITY REDUCED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 9 / 78 (11.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 3 | 13 |
| DIPLOPIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| DRY EYE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 4 / 15 (26.67%) | 8 / 78 (10.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 4 | 14 |
| EYE DISCHARGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| EYE IRRITATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 6 / 78 (7.69%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 5 | 6 |
| EYE PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| HYPERMETROPIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| LACRIMATION INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 9 / 78 (11.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 2 | 15 |
| MACULAR DEGENERATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| MACULOPATHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| OCULAR HYPERAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| PHOTOPHOBIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| PHOTOPSIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| VISION BLURRED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 6 (50.00%) | 4 / 15 (26.67%) | 8 / 78 (10.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 5 | 17 |
| CONJUNCTIVAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| VITREOUS FLOATERS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 5 / 78 (6.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 2 | 6 |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| FLATULENCE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| ABDOMINAL PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 11 / 78 (14.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 4 | 20 |
| ABDOMINAL PAIN UPPER | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 7 / 78 (8.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 8 |
| ANAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| APHTHOUS ULCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 5 / 78 (6.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 10 |
| CHRONIC GASTRITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| CONSTIPATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 13 / 78 (16.67%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 3 | 19 |
| DIARRHOEA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 6 (83.33%) | 10 / 15 (66.67%) | 37 / 78 (47.44%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 24 | 196 |
| DRY MOUTH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| DUODENITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| DYSPEPSIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 6 (50.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 8 / 78 (10.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 1 | 12 |
| DYSPHAGIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| ENTERITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| FAECES SOFT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| FEMORAL HERNIA | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ABDOMINAL DISTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| GASTRITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| GLOSSODYNIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| HAEMORRHOIDS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| HYPOAESTHESIA ORAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| MOUTH ULCERATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 7 / 78 (8.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 0 | 13 |
| NAUSEA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 6 (83.33%) | 5 / 15 (33.33%) | 24 / 78 (30.77%) |
| occurrences (all) | 16 | 15 | 75 |
| OESOPHAGITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| PEPTIC ULCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| STOMATITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 12 / 78 (15.38%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 2 | 31 |
| TONGUE ERYTHEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TONGUE HAEMORRHAGE | | | |

| | | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TOOTHACHE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 5 / 78 (6.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| VOMITING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 5 / 15 (33.33%) | 18 / 78 (23.08%) |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | 9 | 35 |
| GASTROOESOPHAGEAL REFLUX DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 11 / 78 (14.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 12 |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| HYPERBILIRUBINAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 6 / 78 (7.69%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| HEPATIC FUNCTION ABNORMAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| HEPATITIS CHOLESTATIC | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| PORTAL FIBROSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| ONYCHOCLASIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| PETECHIAE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 7 / 78 (8.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| ALOPECIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| BLOOD BLISTER | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| DECUBITUS ULCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| DERMATITIS ACNEIFORM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| DRY SKIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| ECCHYMOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| ERYTHEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| HYPERHIDROSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| NIGHT SWEATS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| PRURITUS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 11 / 78 (14.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 13 |
| RASH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| RASH ERYTHEMATOUS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 5 / 78 (6.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| RASH MACULO-PAPULAR | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 4 / 15 (26.67%) | 13 / 78 (16.67%) |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 5 | 19 |
| SKIN LESION | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| URTICARIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| SKIN ULCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 5 / 78 (6.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| DYSURIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 6 / 78 (7.69%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| BLADDER HYPERTROPHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ACUTE KIDNEY INJURY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| HAEMATURIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 11 / 78 (14.10%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 13 |
| POLLAKIURIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| RENAL FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| URINARY INCONTINENCE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| URINARY RETENTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 2 |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| NEPHROLITHIASIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| PAIN IN EXTREMITY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 8 / 78 (10.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 14 |
| OSTEOARTHRITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| NECK PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| MYALGIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 16 / 78 (20.51%) |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | 3 | 34 |
| MUSCULOSKELETAL STIFFNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| MUSCULAR WEAKNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| MUSCLE SPASMS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 6 / 78 (7.69%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 1 | 10 |
| LIMB DISCOMFORT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| JOINT SWELLING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| BACK PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 14 / 78 (17.95%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 26 |
| ARTHRALGIA | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 6 (50.00%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 12 / 78 (15.38%) |
| occurrences (all) | 8 | 5 | 26 |
| ROTATOR CUFF SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| SPONDYLITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| HERPES ZOSTER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 5 / 78 (6.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| BRONCHITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| CANDIDA INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| CELLULITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| CONJUNCTIVITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 3 / 78 (3.85%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| COVID-19 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 19 / 78 (24.36%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 4 | 22 |
| COVID-19 PNEUMONIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| CYSTITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | 0 | 2 |
| DEMODICIDOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| EPIDIDYMITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ERYSIPELAS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| ESCHERICHIA URINARY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| FOLLICULITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| FUNGAL INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| INFLUENZA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| VULVOVAGINAL CANDIDIASIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| NASAL ABSCESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| NASOPHARYNGITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| ORAL HERPES | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| PARONYCHIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| PNEUMONIA | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| RHINITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| SINUSITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 8 |
| SKIN CANDIDA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TINEA CRURIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 9 / 78 (11.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 3 | 13 |
| URINARY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 4 / 15 (26.67%) | 7 / 78 (8.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 14 | 21 |
| VIRAL UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| LOCALISED INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 2 / 78 (2.56%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| WOUND INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| HYPOKALAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 6 (33.33%) | 5 / 15 (33.33%) | 16 / 78 (20.51%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 11 | 24 |
| HYPERVOLAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| HYPERURICAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 5 / 78 (6.41%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| HYPERPHOSPATAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 9 / 78 (11.54%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| HYPERNATRAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| HYPERKALAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 0 / 15 (0.00%) | 8 / 78 (10.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 8 |
| DEHYDRATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| DECREASED APPETITE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 6 (16.67%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 8 / 78 (10.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 4 | 9 |
| ACIDOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| HYPOGLYCAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| VITAMIN B12 DEFICIENCY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 0 / 78 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| IRON DEFICIENCY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 4 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| HYPOPHOSPHATAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 1 / 15 (6.67%) | 4 / 78 (5.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 7 |
| HYPONATRAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 6 (0.00%) | 2 / 15 (13.33%) | 1 / 78 (1.28%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| HYPOMAGNESAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 6 (66.67%) | 3 / 15 (20.00%) | 16 / 78 (20.51%) |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 5 | 21 |

| Non-serious adverse events | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Placebo | Randomization Phase: Ibrutinib + Venetoclax | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 127 / 132 (96.21%) | 131 / 134 (97.76%) | |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps) | | | |
| SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA OF SKIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | |
| ACUTE MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| BASAL CELL CARCINOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 10 | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| HYPOTENSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 7 | |
| DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| HYPERTENSION | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 23 / 132 (17.42%) | 20 / 134 (14.93%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 28 | 32 | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| CHEST PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 7 | |
| ADVERSE DRUG REACTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| ASTHENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 18 / 132 (13.64%) | 26 / 134 (19.40%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 24 | 38 | |
| CATHETER SITE BRUISE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| CHILLS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 8 / 134 (5.97%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 8 | |
| FATIGUE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 36 / 132 (27.27%) | 39 / 134 (29.10%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 77 | 66 | |
| GENERALISED OEDEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| IMPAIRED HEALING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| INFLUENZA LIKE ILLNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 10 / 134 (7.46%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 11 | |
| INJECTION SITE BRUISING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| NON-CARDIAC CHEST PAIN | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| OEDEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| OEDEMA PERIPHERAL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 132 (15.91%) | 16 / 134 (11.94%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 28 | 20 | |
| PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 3 | |
| PERIPHERAL SWELLING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 132 (6.82%) | 11 / 134 (8.21%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | 19 | |
| PYREXIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 28 / 132 (21.21%) | 28 / 134 (20.90%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 56 | 51 | |
| SYSTEMIC INFLAMMATORY RESPONSE SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| EXTRAVASATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| HYPOGAMMAGLOBULINAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 2 | |
| ALLERGY TO ARTHROPOD BITE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| PRODUCTIVE COUGH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 132 (4.55%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 8 | |
| ACUTE RESPIRATORY FAILURE | | | |

| | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| COUGH | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 35 / 132 (26.52%) | 28 / 134 (20.90%) |
| occurrences (all) | 55 | 46 |
| DYSPHONIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 4 |
| PLEURITIC PAIN | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| PLEURAL EFFUSION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 4 |
| OROPHARYNGEAL PAIN | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 132 (11.36%) | 14 / 134 (10.45%) |
| occurrences (all) | 21 | 15 |
| NASAL DRYNESS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 |
| NASAL CONGESTION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 132 (4.55%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 8 |
| EPISTAXIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 132 (10.61%) | 9 / 134 (6.72%) |
| occurrences (all) | 23 | 14 |
| DYSPNOEA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 132 (11.36%) | 17 / 134 (12.69%) |
| occurrences (all) | 24 | 24 |
| PULMONARY OEDEMA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| RESPIRATORY TRACT CONGESTION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| SINUS CONGESTION | | |

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 132 (4.55%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 3 | |
| SINUS DISORDER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| UPPER-AIRWAY COUGH SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 4 | |
| VOCAL CORD POLYP | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| WHEEZING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 1 | |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| ANXIETY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 132 (4.55%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 6 | |
| CONFUSIONAL STATE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 3 | |
| INSOMNIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 132 (9.85%) | 12 / 134 (8.96%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 14 | 12 | |
| DISORIENTATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| DEPRESSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | |
| Investigations | | | |
| ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 4 | |
| ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE INCREASED | | | |

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 5 |
| BLOOD ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE INCREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 7 |
| BLOOD BILIRUBIN INCREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 4 |
| BLOOD CREATININE INCREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 13 / 132 (9.85%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) |
| occurrences (all) | 27 | 8 |
| BLOOD LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE INCREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| BLOOD PHOSPHORUS INCREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 1 |
| BLOOD PRESSURE INCREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 9 |
| BLOOD UREA INCREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 0 |
| WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT DECREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 4 |
| WEIGHT DECREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 132 (5.30%) | 15 / 134 (11.19%) |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 17 |
| TROPONIN T INCREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| PLATELET COUNT DECREASED | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | 3 | |
| NEUTROPHIL COUNT DECREASED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 12 | 2 | |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| CONTUSION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 8 / 134 (5.97%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 8 | |
| FALL | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 132 (5.30%) | 11 / 134 (8.21%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 11 | |
| INFUSION RELATED REACTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | |
| LIMB INJURY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 132 (4.55%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 0 | |
| SCRATCH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| SKIN ABRASION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 3 | |
| SKIN LACERATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 6 | |
| THERMAL BURN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| TRAUMATIC HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 2 | |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| ATRIAL FIBRILLATION subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 12 / 132 (9.09%) 16 | 12 / 134 (8.96%) 14 | |
| BRADYCARDIA subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 132 (1.52%) 2 | 4 / 134 (2.99%) 4 | |
| PALPITATIONS subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 132 (2.27%) 3 | 5 / 134 (3.73%) 8 | |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| HEADACHE subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 22 / 132 (16.67%) 43 | 15 / 134 (11.19%) 19 | |
| DYSKINESIA subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 132 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 134 (0.00%) 0 | |
| DYSGEUSIA subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 132 (1.52%) 2 | 6 / 134 (4.48%) 6 | |
| DYSARTHRIA subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 132 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 134 (0.75%) 1 | |
| DIZZINESS subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 20 / 132 (15.15%) 35 | 16 / 134 (11.94%) 22 | |
| PARESIS subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 132 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 134 (0.00%) 0 | |
| HYPOAESTHESIA subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 6 / 132 (4.55%) 9 | 8 / 134 (5.97%) 10 | |
| MEMORY IMPAIRMENT subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 132 (3.03%) 10 | 1 / 134 (0.75%) 3 | |
| NEUROPATHY PERIPHERAL | | | |

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| PARAESTHESIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 132 (10.61%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 23 | 9 | |
| VASCULAR ENCEPHALOPATHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| TREMOR | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 4 | |
| SYNCOPE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 7 | |
| SENSORY DISTURBANCE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| SCIATICA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 3 | |
| RESTLESS LEGS SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| PRESYNCOPE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 2 | |
| PERIPHERAL SENSORY NEUROPATHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 132 (5.30%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | 4 | |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| ANAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 17 / 132 (12.88%) | 27 / 134 (20.15%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 32 | 40 | |
| LEUKOPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 12 / 134 (8.96%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 53 | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| LYMPHADENOPATHY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 2 | |
| NEUTROPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 19 / 132 (14.39%) | 46 / 134 (34.33%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 25 | 207 | |
| SPLENOMEGALY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | |
| SPONTANEOUS HAEMATOMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 3 | |
| THROMBOCYTOPENIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 20 / 132 (15.15%) | 22 / 134 (16.42%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 46 | 74 | |
| INCREASED TENDENCY TO BRUISE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 10 / 132 (7.58%) | 12 / 134 (8.96%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 12 | 17 | |
| Ear and labyrinth disorders | | | |
| EAR PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | |
| TINNITUS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 4 | |
| VERTIGO | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 6 | |
| Eye disorders | | | |
| ASTIGMATISM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| CATARACT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 132 (6.82%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 9 | 6 | |
| VISUAL ACUITY REDUCED | | | |

| | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 16 / 132 (12.12%) | 20 / 134 (14.93%) |
| occurrences (all) | 32 | 42 |
| DIPLOPIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 2 |
| DRY EYE | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 20 / 132 (15.15%) | 18 / 134 (13.43%) |
| occurrences (all) | 45 | 25 |
| EYE DISCHARGE | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 3 |
| EYE IRRITATION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 132 (15.91%) | 13 / 134 (9.70%) |
| occurrences (all) | 27 | 16 |
| EYE PAIN | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 132 (5.30%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 10 |
| HYPERMETROPIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| LACRIMATION INCREASED | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 16 / 132 (12.12%) | 18 / 134 (13.43%) |
| occurrences (all) | 25 | 30 |
| MACULAR DEGENERATION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| MACULOPATHY | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| OCULAR HYPERAEMIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 1 |
| PHOTOPHOBIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 132 (9.09%) | 11 / 134 (8.21%) |
| occurrences (all) | 19 | 14 |
| PHOTOPSIA | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 8 | |
| VISION BLURRED | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 23 / 132 (17.42%) | 25 / 134 (18.66%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 50 | 47 | |
| CONJUNCTIVAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 2 | |
| VITREOUS FLOATERS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 10 / 132 (7.58%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 12 | 7 | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| FLATULENCE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 6 | |
| ABDOMINAL PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 132 (9.09%) | 14 / 134 (10.45%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 17 | 22 | |
| ABDOMINAL PAIN UPPER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 132 (6.82%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | 8 | |
| ANAL HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| APHTHOUS ULCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 9 | 2 | |
| CHRONIC GASTRITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| CONSTIPATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 23 / 132 (17.42%) | 19 / 134 (14.18%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 59 | 23 | |
| DIARRHOEA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 48 / 132 (36.36%) | 84 / 134 (62.69%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 89 | 243 | |

| | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| DRY MOUTH | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 10 / 132 (7.58%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | 9 |
| DUODENITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 |
| DYSPEPSIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 132 (8.33%) | 19 / 134 (14.18%) |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | 28 |
| DYSPHAGIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 5 |
| ENTERITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| FAECES SOFT | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| FEMORAL HERNIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| ABDOMINAL DISTENSION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 4 |
| GASTRITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 8 |
| GLOSSODYNIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| HAEMORRHOIDS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 10 |
| HYPOAESTHESIA ORAL | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| MOUTH ULCERATION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 132 (4.55%) | 11 / 134 (8.21%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 15 | |
| NAUSEA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 132 (15.91%) | 43 / 134 (32.09%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 36 | 78 | |
| OESOPHAGITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 2 | |
| PEPTIC ULCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| STOMATITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 132 (8.33%) | 12 / 134 (8.96%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 20 | 16 | |
| TONGUE ERYTHEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| TONGUE HAEMORRHAGE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| TOOTHACHE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| VOMITING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 132 (10.61%) | 27 / 134 (20.15%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 24 | 59 | |
| GASTROOESOPHAGEAL REFLUX DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 11 / 134 (8.21%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 15 | |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| HYPERBILIRUBINAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 7 | |
| HEPATIC FUNCTION ABNORMAL | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 10 | |
| HEPATITIS CHOLESTATIC | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| PORTAL FIBROSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| ONYCHOCLASIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 132 (5.30%) | 11 / 134 (8.21%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 9 | 13 | |
| PETECHIAE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 8 | |
| ALOPECIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| BLOOD BLISTER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| DECUBITUS ULCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| DERMATITIS ACNEIFORM | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| DRY SKIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 7 | |
| ECCHYMOSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 2 | |
| ERYTHEMA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 8 | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| HYPERHIDROSIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 1 | |
| NIGHT SWEATS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 9 / 134 (6.72%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 10 | |
| PRURITUS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 132 (11.36%) | 15 / 134 (11.19%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 26 | 18 | |
| RASH | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 7 | |
| RASH ERYTHEMATOUS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 8 / 134 (5.97%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 9 | |
| RASH MACULO-PAPULAR | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 132 (9.09%) | 18 / 134 (13.43%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 14 | 33 | |
| SKIN LESION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 7 | |
| URTICARIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | |
| SKIN ULCER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 6 | |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| DYSURIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 7 | |
| CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | |
| BLADDER HYPERTROPHY | | | |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| ACUTE KIDNEY INJURY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 2 | |
| HAEMATURIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 7 | 5 | |
| POLAKIURIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 4 | |
| RENAL FAILURE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 5 | |
| URINARY INCONTINENCE | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | |
| URINARY RETENTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 3 | |
| NEPHROLITHIASIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| PAIN IN EXTREMITY | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 12 / 132 (9.09%) | 11 / 134 (8.21%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 18 | 18 | |
| OSTEOARTHRITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 2 | |
| NECK PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 2 | |
| MYALGIA | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 17 / 132 (12.88%) | 13 / 134 (9.70%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 34 | 18 | |
| MUSCULOSKELETAL STIFFNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| MUSCULAR WEAKNESS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 7 | |
| MUSCLE SPASMS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 32 / 132 (24.24%) | 12 / 134 (8.96%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 56 | 16 | |
| LIMB DISCOMFORT | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| JOINT SWELLING | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 6 | |
| BACK PAIN | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 132 (11.36%) | 12 / 134 (8.96%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 20 | 18 | |
| ARTHRALGIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 23 / 132 (17.42%) | 22 / 134 (16.42%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 47 | 29 | |
| ROTATOR CUFF SYNDROME | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | |
| SPONDYLITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| HERPES ZOSTER | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 132 (6.06%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 3 | |
| BRONCHITIS | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 132 (6.82%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 15 | 10 | |

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| CANDIDA INFECTION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| CELLULITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 10 |
| CONJUNCTIVITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 132 (8.33%) | 8 / 134 (5.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 15 | 10 |
| COVID-19 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 16 / 132 (12.12%) | 16 / 134 (11.94%) |
| occurrences (all) | 22 | 20 |
| COVID-19 PNEUMONIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 |
| CYSTITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 132 (3.79%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 3 |
| DEMODICIDOSIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| EPIDIDYMITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| ERYSPELAS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| ESCHERICHIA URINARY TRACT INFECTION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 |
| FOLLICULITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 4 |
| FUNGAL INFECTION | | |

| | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| INFLUENZA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 12 |
| VULVOVAGINAL CANDIDIASIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| NASAL ABSCESS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| NASOPHARYNGITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 132 (6.06%) | 8 / 134 (5.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 9 | 11 |
| ORAL HERPES | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 132 (5.30%) | 8 / 134 (5.97%) |
| occurrences (all) | 9 | 10 |
| PARONYCHIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 132 (5.30%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 12 | 6 |
| PNEUMONIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 132 (5.30%) | 7 / 134 (5.22%) |
| occurrences (all) | 9 | 7 |
| RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 132 (5.30%) | 6 / 134 (4.48%) |
| occurrences (all) | 18 | 11 |
| RHINITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 132 (6.82%) | 3 / 134 (2.24%) |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 3 |
| SINUSITIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 132 (4.55%) | 11 / 134 (8.21%) |
| occurrences (all) | 8 | 14 |
| SKIN CANDIDA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| TINEA CRURIS | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 132 (10.61%) | 23 / 134 (17.16%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 16 | 42 | |
| URINARY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 10 / 132 (7.58%) | 14 / 134 (10.45%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 12 | 22 | |
| VIRAL UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 4 | |
| LOCALISED INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 8 | |
| WOUND INFECTION | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 0 | |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| HYPOKALAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 132 (6.06%) | 21 / 134 (15.67%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | 31 | |
| HYPERVOLAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 1 / 134 (0.75%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| HYPERURICAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 132 (8.33%) | 9 / 134 (6.72%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 15 | 12 | |
| HYPERPHOSPHATAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 3 | |
| HYPERNATRAEMIA | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 132 (1.52%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 0 | |
| HYPERKALAEMIA | | | |

| | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 5 / 134 (3.73%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 5 |
| DEHYDRATION | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 4 |
| DECREASED APPETITE | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 132 (11.36%) | 24 / 134 (17.91%) |
| occurrences (all) | 18 | 33 |
| ACIDOSIS | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 132 (0.00%) | 0 / 134 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 |
| HYPOGLYCAEMIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 |
| VITAMIN B12 DEFICIENCY | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 132 (0.76%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 |
| IRON DEFICIENCY | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 132 (2.27%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 5 |
| HYPOPHOSPHATAEMIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 4 / 134 (2.99%) |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 5 |
| HYPONATRAEMIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 2 / 134 (1.49%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 3 |
| HYPOMAGNESAEMIA | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 132 (3.03%) | 14 / 134 (10.45%) |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | 23 |

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

| Date | Amendment |
|-------------------|---|
| 17 November 2017 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Included 560 mg tablet to decrease the pill burden for subjects participating in the study• Included that a prior rituximab/anti-CD20-containing regimen was required• Extended the ECOG performance status to include subjects with ECOG performance status of 2 in order to expand study eligibility to a broader population of subjects• Updated the ibrutinib and venetoclax overview and safety sections according to current IB version and labeling information• Updated the rationale for ibrutinib and venetoclax combination to include current results and reference based on ICML 2017 data• Excluded subjects who could not tolerate study treatment due to hypersensitivity to 1 or more study drug components• Included a 24-hour time window for the investigator to notify the sponsor in case subject discontinued study treatment. |
| 07 November 2019 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Removed the planned Interim Analysis for the SRI and Randomization Phase• Added the treatment-naïve arm, including subjects with a TP53 mutation• Added the rationale for the treatment-naïve arm, including subjects with a TP53 mutation• Removed the now obsolete ibrutinib Lead-in Schedule of treatment• Added further clarity regarding the maximum dose of ibrutinib tablets and capsules. |
| 25 March 2021 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Changed eligibility to adults ≥ 18 years with a TP53 mutation for the treatment naïve cohort• Removed the requirement of 25 subjects less than 65 years of age with a TP53 mutation• Updated the MRD analysis population• Added the OS assumptions• Added an interim analysis for OS at the time of the primary analysis for PFS at 134 events• Added cardiac failure as a risk per IB update• Clarified that dose reductions are an option to manage Grade 2 AEs• Removed required sequencing of PET first then CT if on the same day• Clarification that only post-dose laboratory assessments will be considered for TLS when applying Howard Criteria• Made corrections regarding MRD testing in text and schedule of activities (SoA). |
| 16 September 2022 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Included updated recommendations intended to improve tolerability for continued ibrutinib treatment in the study protocol• Included a new Protocol Table 2: Ibrutinib Dose Modifications for Cardiac Failure or Cardiac Arrhythmias• Clarified that all patients need to have adequate response assessments per schedule of assessment until the end of study• Clarified that all patients need to have adequate patient-reported outcomes per schedule of assessments until the end of study. |

Notes:

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

None reported