



Clinical trial results:

A RANDOMIZED, DOUBLE-BLIND, PLACEBO-CONTROLLED TRIAL TO EVALUATE THE EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF LEBRIKIZUMAB IN PATIENTS WITH MODERATE-TO-SEVERE ATOPIC DERMATITIS

Summary

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| EudraCT number | 2019-002932-10 |
| Trial protocol | LT ES PL EE FR LV |
| Global end of trial date | 03 May 2022 |

Results information

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Result version number | v2 |
| This version publication date | 21 August 2022 |
| First version publication date | 06 July 2022 |
| Version creation reason | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Correction of full data set Corrections to outcome measures per CT.gov Quality Review. |

Trial information

Trial identification

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Sponsor protocol code | J2T-DM-KGAB, DRM06-AD04 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|

Additional study identifiers

| | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| ISRCTN number | - |
| ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number) | NCT04146363 |
| WHO universal trial number (UTN) | - |
| Other trial identifiers | Trial Number: 17801 |

Notes:

Sponsors

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Sponsor organisation name | Eli Lilly and Company |
| Sponsor organisation address | Lilly Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN, United States, 46285 |
| Public contact | Available Mon - Fri 9 AM - 5 PM EST, Eli Lilly and Company, 1 877-CTLilly, |
| Scientific contact | Available Mon - Fri 9 AM - 5 PM EST, Eli Lilly and Company, 1 877-285-4559, |

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

| | |
|--|----|
| Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP) | No |
| Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |
| Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |

Notes:

Results analysis stage

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Analysis stage | Interim |
| Date of interim/final analysis | 21 June 2021 |
| Is this the analysis of the primary completion data? | Yes |
| Primary completion date | 21 June 2021 |
| Global end of trial reached? | Yes |
| Global end of trial date | 03 May 2022 |
| Was the trial ended prematurely? | No |

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The primary objective of this study is to evaluate the safety and efficacy of lebrikizumab compared with placebo in participants with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis.

Protection of trial subjects:

This study was conducted in accordance with International Conference on Harmonization (ICH) Good Clinical Practice, and the principles of the Declaration of Helsinki, in addition to following the laws and regulations of the country or countries in which a study is conducted.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| Actual start date of recruitment | 24 September 2019 |
| Long term follow-up planned | No |
| Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement? | Yes |

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

| | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | France: 7 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Estonia: 8 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Latvia: 11 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Lithuania: 18 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Poland: 81 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Australia: 39 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Canada: 23 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Korea, Republic of: 34 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | United States: 190 |
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Spain: 13 |
| Worldwide total number of subjects | 424 |
| EEA total number of subjects | 138 |

Notes:

Subjects enrolled per age group

| | |
|---|---|
| In utero | 0 |
| Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk | 0 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 0 |
| Children (2-11 years) | 0 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 55 |
| Adults (18-64 years) | 338 |
| From 65 to 84 years | 29 |
| 85 years and over | 2 |

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details:

Reported are results for the Induction Period (Baseline to Week16), data for Maintenance Period (Week 16 to Week 52) will be posted at the time of final results reporting.

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

No Text Entered

Period 1

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Period 1 title | Overall Study (overall period) |
| Is this the baseline period? | Yes |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Double blind |
| Roles blinded | Subject, Investigator, Carer, Assessor |

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|---------|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | Yes |
| Arm title | Placebo |

Arm description:

Induction Period (Baseline-Week 16): Two subcutaneous (SC) injections of Placebo as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 followed by a single injection every 2 weeks (Q2W) from Week 4 until Week 14.

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Arm type | Placebo |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Placebo |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Injection |
| Routes of administration | Subcutaneous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Two subcutaneous (SC) injections of Placebo as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 followed by a single injection every 2 weeks (Q2W) from Week 4 until Week 14.

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| Arm title | Lebrikizumab Q2W |
|------------------|------------------|

Arm description:

Induction Period (Baseline-Week 16):

500 milligram (mg) Lebrikizumab (2 x 250 mg) SC injections as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 visits followed by a single 250 mg Lebrikizumab injection Q2W from Week 4 until Week 14.

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Lebrikizumab |
| Investigational medicinal product code | LY3650150 |
| Other name | |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Injection |
| Routes of administration | Subcutaneous use |

Dosage and administration details:

500 milligram (mg) Lebrikizumab (2 x 250 mg) SC injections as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 visits followed by a single 250 mg Lebrikizumab injection Q2W from Week 4 until Week 14.

| Number of subjects in period 1 | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W |
|--|---------|------------------|
| Started | 141 | 283 |
| Received at Least One Dose of Study Drug | 141 | 282 |
| Completed | 120 | 263 |
| Not completed | 21 | 20 |
| Started systemic dexamethasone | 1 | - |
| Positive quantiferon test | - | 1 |
| Adverse event, non-fatal | 1 | 2 |
| Due to Epidemic/Pandemic | 1 | 1 |
| Withdrawal by Subject | 6 | 4 |
| Lost to follow-up | 1 | 4 |
| Lack of efficacy | 6 | 2 |
| Protocol deviation | 5 | 6 |

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Reporting group title | Placebo |
|-----------------------|---------|

Reporting group description:

Induction Period (Baseline-Week 16): Two subcutaneous (SC) injections of Placebo as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 followed by a single injection every 2 weeks (Q2W) from Week 4 until Week 14.

| | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Reporting group title | Lebrikizumab Q2W |
|-----------------------|------------------|

Reporting group description:

Induction Period (Baseline-Week 16):

500 milligram (mg) Lebrikizumab (2 x 250 mg) SC injections as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 visits followed by a single 250 mg Lebrikizumab injection Q2W from Week 4 until Week 14.

| Reporting group values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | Total |
|---|---------|------------------|-------|
| Number of subjects | 141 | 283 | 424 |
| Age categorical Units: Subjects | | | |
| In utero | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Children (2-11 years) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 18 | 37 | 55 |
| Adults (18-64 years) | 113 | 225 | 338 |
| From 65-84 years | 10 | 19 | 29 |
| 85 years and over | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Gender categorical Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 73 | 141 | 214 |
| Male | 68 | 142 | 210 |
| Race Units: Subjects | | | |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| Asian | 31 | 39 | 70 |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Black or African American | 16 | 33 | 49 |
| White | 93 | 196 | 289 |
| More than one race | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| Unknown or Not Reported | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Region of Enrollment Units: Subjects | | | |
| Canada | 7 | 16 | 23 |
| South Korea | 13 | 21 | 34 |
| Lativa | 6 | 5 | 11 |
| United States | 62 | 128 | 190 |
| Poland | 25 | 56 | 81 |
| Australia | 13 | 26 | 39 |

| | | | |
|-----------|---|----|----|
| France | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| Lithuania | 7 | 11 | 18 |
| Spain | 4 | 9 | 13 |
| Estonia | 4 | 4 | 8 |

End points

End points reporting groups

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Reporting group title | Placebo |
| Reporting group description: | |
| Induction Period (Baseline-Week 16): Two subcutaneous (SC) injections of Placebo as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 followed by a single injection every 2 weeks (Q2W) from Week 4 until Week 14. | |
| Reporting group title | Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Reporting group description: | |
| Induction Period (Baseline-Week 16): 500 milligram (mg) Lebrikizumab (2 x 250 mg) SC injections as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 visits followed by a single 250 mg Lebrikizumab injection Q2W from Week 4 until Week 14. | |

Primary: Percentage of Participants With an Investigator Global Assessment (IGA) Score of 0 or 1 and a Reduction ≥ 2 Points From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With an Investigator Global Assessment (IGA) Score of 0 or 1 and a Reduction ≥ 2 Points From Baseline to Week 16 |
| End point description: | |
| The IGA measures the investigator's global assessment of the participant's overall severity of their Atopic Dermatitis (AD), based on a static, numeric 5-point scale from 0 (clear skin) to 4 (severe disease). The score is based on an overall assessment of the degree of erythema, papulation/induration, oozing/crusting, and lichenification. | |
| Analysis Population Description (APD): All randomized participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. Markov Chain Monte Carlo Multiple Imputation (MCMC-MI) was used to handle missing data. | |
| End point type | Primary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 141 | 283 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 12.8 (7.0 to 18.6) | 43.0 (37.1 to 49.0) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | IGA Baseline to Week 16 |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 424 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 29.6 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 21.4 |
| upper limit | 37.8 |

Primary: Percentage of Participants Achieving Eczema Area And Severity Index (EASI-75) ($\geq 75\%$ Reduction in EASI Score) From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants Achieving Eczema Area And Severity Index (EASI-75) ($\geq 75\%$ Reduction in EASI Score) From Baseline to Week 16 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

The EASI assesses objective physician estimates of 2 dimensions of atopic dermatitis - disease extent, i.e., percentage of skin affected: 0 = 0%; 1 = 1-9%; 2 = 10-29%; 3 = 30-49%; 4 = 50-69%; 5 = 70-89%; 6 = 90-100% and the severity of 4 clinical signs: (1) erythema, (2) edema/papulation, (3) excoriation, and (4) lichenification each on a scale of 0 to 3 (0 = none, absent; 1 = mild; 2 = moderate; 3 = severe) at 4 body sites (head/neck, trunk, upper limbs, and lower limbs). Half scores are allowed between severities 1, 2, and 3. The final EASI score was obtained by weight-averaging these 4 scores and will range from 0 (none) to 72 (severe).

The EASI-75 responder is defined as a participant who achieves a $\geq 75\%$ improvement from baseline in the EASI score.

APD: All randomized participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| End point type | Primary |
|----------------|---------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Week 16

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 141 | 283 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 16.4 (9.8 to 23.0) | 59.3 (53.4 to 65.2) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | EASI-75 |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 424 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 42.3 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 33.5 |
| upper limit | 51 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With an IGA Score of 0 or 1 and a Reduction ≥ 2 Points From Baseline to Week 2

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With an IGA Score of 0 or 1 and a Reduction ≥ 2 Points From Baseline to Week 2 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The IGA measures the investigator's global assessment of the participant's overall severity of their AD, based on a static, numeric 5-point scale from 0 (clear skin) to 4 (severe disease). The score is based on an overall assessment of the degree of erythema, papulation/induration, oozing/crusting, and lichenification.

APD: All randomized participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Week 2 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 141 | 283 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 0.7 (0.0 to 2.1) | 2.5 (0.7 to 4.4) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | IGA Baseline to Week 2 |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 424 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.218644 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 1.7 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -0.6 |
| upper limit | 4 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With an IGA Score of 0 or 1 and a Reduction ≥ 2 Points From Baseline to Week 4

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With an IGA Score of 0 or 1 and a Reduction ≥ 2 Points From Baseline to Week 4 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The IGA measures the investigator's global assessment of the participant's overall severity of their AD, based on a static, numeric 5-point scale from 0 (clear skin) to 4 (severe disease). The score is based on an overall assessment of the degree of erythema, papulation/induration, oozing/crusting, and lichenification.

APD: All randomized participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Week 4

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 141 | 283 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 1.0 (-0.8 to 2.8) | 10.2 (6.6 to 13.8) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | IGA Baseline to Week 4 |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 424 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.000982 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 9 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 5 |
| upper limit | 13.1 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With an IGA Score of 0 or 1 and a Reduction ≥ 2 Points From Baseline to Week 16 in Adults

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With an IGA Score of 0 or 1 and a Reduction ≥ 2 Points From Baseline to Week 16 in Adults |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

The IGA measures the investigator's global assessment of the participant's overall severity of their AD, based on a static, numeric 5-point scale from 0 (clear skin) to 4 (severe disease). The score is based on an overall assessment of the degree of erythema, papulation/induration, oozing/crusting, and lichenification.

APD: All randomized, adult participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 123 | 246 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 11.3 (5.4 to 17.3) | 42.2 (35.8 to 48.6) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | IGA - Adults Baseline to Week 16 |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 369 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 30.7 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 22 |
| upper limit | 39.4 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants Achieving EASI-90 (≥90% Reduction in EASI Score) From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants Achieving EASI-90 (≥90% Reduction in EASI Score) From Baseline to Week 16 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The EASI assesses objective physician estimates of 2 dimensions of atopic dermatitis - disease extent i.e., percentage of skin affected: 0 = 0%; 1 = 1-9%; 2 = 10-29%; 3 = 30-49%; 4 = 50-69%; 5 = 70-89%; 6 = 90-100% and the severity of 4 clinical signs: (1) erythema, (2) edema/papulation, (3) excoriation, and (4) lichenification each on a scale of 0 to 3 (0 = none, absent; 1 = mild; 2 = moderate; 3 = severe) at 4 body sites (head/neck, trunk, upper limbs, and lower limbs). Half scores are allowed between severities 1, 2, and 3. The final EASI score was obtained by weight-averaging these 4 scores and will range from 0 (none) to 72 (severe).

The EASI-90responder is defined as a participant who achieves a ≥ 90% improvement from baseline in the EASI score.

APD: All randomized participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Week 16

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 141 | 283 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 9.1 (3.9 to 14.3) | 38.2 (32.4 to 44.0) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | EASI-90 |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 424 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 28.6 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 20.9 |
| upper limit | 36.3 |

Secondary: Percent Change in Pruritus Numerical Rating Scale (NRS) Score From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percent Change in Pruritus Numerical Rating Scale (NRS) Score From Baseline to Week 16 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

Pruritus NRS is an 11-point scale used by participants to rate their worst itch severity over the past 24 hours with 0 indicating "No itch" and 10 indicating "Worst itch imaginable." Least Squares (LS) Mean was calculated using analysis of covariance (ANCOVA) model with treatment and randomization strata (region, disease severity, age) as fixed factors and baseline value as covariate.

APD: All randomized participants, with a Baseline Pruritus NRS score >0, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline, Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 136 | 276 | | |
| Units: Percent Change | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -15.24 (± 3.855) | -45.75 (± 3.167) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Pruritus Numerical Rating Scale (NRS) |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 412 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -30.51 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -38.2 |
| upper limit | -22.8 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 3.948 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 -points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction in Pruritus NRS Score From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 -points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction in Pruritus NRS Score From Baseline to Week 16 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Pruritus NRS is an 11-point scale used by participants to rate their worst itch severity over the past 24 hours with 0 indicating "No itch" and 10 indicating "Worst itch imaginable."

APD: All randomized participants, with a Baseline Pruritus NRS score ≥ 4 , even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Week 16

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 130 | 263 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 12.7 (6.9 to 18.6) | 46.3 (40.2 to 52.5) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Pruritus NRS Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 393 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 33.6 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 25.2 |
| upper limit | 41.9 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 -points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction in Pruritus NRS Score From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 -points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction in Pruritus NRS Score From Baseline to Week 16 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Pruritus NRS is an 11-point scale used by participants to rate their worst itch severity over the past 24 hours with 0 indicating "No itch" and 10 indicating "Worst itch imaginable."

APD: All randomized participants, with Baseline Pruritus NRS score ≥ 5 , even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 123 | 141 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 13.5 (7.3 to 19.6) | 49.4 (43.0 to 55.8) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Pruritus NRS Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 264 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 35.7 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 27 |
| upper limit | 44.5 |

Secondary: Percent Change in EASI Score From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent Change in EASI Score From Baseline to Week 16 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

The EASI assesses objective physician estimates of 2 dimensions of atopic dermatitis - disease extent, i.e., percentage of skin affected: 0 = 0%; 1 = 1-9%; 2 = 10-29%; 3 = 30-49%; 4 = 50-69%; 5 = 70-89%; 6 = 90-100% and the severity of 4 clinical signs: (1) erythema, (2) edema/papulation, (3) excoriation, and (4) lichenification each on a scale of 0 to 3 (0 = none, absent; 1 = mild; 2 = moderate; 3 = severe) at 4 body sites (head/neck, trunk, upper limbs, and lower limbs). Half scores are allowed between severities 1, 2, and 3. The final EASI score was obtained by weight-averaging these 4 scores and will range from 0 to 72 (severe). LS Mean was calculated using ANCOVA model with treatment, stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA score (IGA 3 versus 4) as fixed factors baseline value as covariate.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

APD: All randomized participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 141 | 283 | | |
| Units: Percent Change | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -26.16 (\pm 4.049) | -64.75 (\pm 3.166) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Percent Change in EASI Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 424 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -38.58 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -46.8 |
| upper limit | -30.4 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 4.19 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in Percent Body Surface Area (BSA) at Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in Percent Body Surface Area (BSA) at Week 16 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The BSA affected by AD will be assessed for 4 separate body regions: head and neck, trunk (including genital region), upper extremities, and lower extremities (including the buttocks). Each body region will be assessed for disease extent ranging from 0% to 100% involvement. BSA was calculated using the participant's palm using the 1% rule, 1 palm was equivalent to 1% with estimates of the number of palms it takes to cover the affected AD area. Maximum number of palms were 10 palms for head and neck (10%), 20 palms for upper extremities (20%), 30 palms for trunk, including axilla and groin (30%), 40 palms for lower extremities, including buttocks (40%). Percent of BSA for a body region was calculated as = total number of palms in a body region * % surface area equivalent to 1 palm. Overall percent BSA of all 4 body regions ranges from 0% to 100 % with higher values representing greater severity of AD.

MMRM was used to handle all missing data.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

APD: All randomized participants, with observed BSA data, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol.

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 77 | 236 | | |
| Units: percentage of body surface area | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -11.77 (± 1.856) | -30.23 (± 1.310) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | BSA |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 313 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Mixed models analysis |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -18.45 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -22.38 |
| upper limit | -14.53 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 1.995 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants Achieving EASI-90 From Baseline to Week 4

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants Achieving EASI-90 From Baseline to Week 4 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The EASI assesses objective physician estimates of 2 dimensions of atopic dermatitis - disease extent, i.e., percentage of skin affected: 0 = 0%; 1 = 1-9%; 2 = 10-29%; 3 = 30-49%; 4 = 50-69%; 5 = 70-89%; 6 = 90-100% and the severity of 4 clinical signs: (1) erythema, (2) edema/papulation, (3) excoriation, and (4) lichenification each on a scale of 0 to 3 (0 = none, absent; 1 = mild; 2 = moderate; 3 = severe) at 4 body sites (head/neck, trunk, upper limbs, and lower limbs). Half scores are allowed between severities 1, 2, and 3. The final EASI score was obtained by weight-averaging these 4 scores and will range from 0 (none) to 72 (severe).

The EASI-90 responder is defined as a participant who achieves a $\geq 90\%$ improvement from baseline in the EASI score.

APD: All randomized participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Week 4

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 141 | 283 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 1.8 (-0.7 to 4.3) | 12.0 (8.2 to 15.9) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | EASI-90 |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 424 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.000878 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 10.1 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 5.5 |
| upper limit | 14.8 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) at Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) at Week 16 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The DLQI is a 10-item, validated questionnaire used to assess the impact of skin disease on the quality of life of an affected person. The 10 questions cover the following topics: symptoms, embarrassment, shopping and home care, clothes, social and leisure, sport, work or study, close relationships, sex, and treatment, over the previous week. Response categories include "Not at all," "A little," "A lot," and "Very much," with corresponding scores of 0, 1, 2, and 3 respectively. Questions 3-10 also have an additional response category of "Not relevant" which is scored as "0". Questions are scored from 0 to 3, giving a possible total score range from 0 (no impact of skin disease on quality of life) to 30 (maximum impact on quality of life). A high score is indicative of a poor quality of life.

LS Mean was calculated using the ANCOVA model with treatment, baseline value, and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

APD: All randomized participants, with non-missing baseline DLQI score, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol.

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 121 ^[1] | 239 ^[2] | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -2.94 (± 1.103) | -8.78 (± 1.056) | | |

Notes:

[1] - MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

[2] - MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | DLQI |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 360 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -5.84 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -7.2 |
| upper limit | -4.5 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 0.678 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants Achieving ≥ 4 Point Improvement in DLQI From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants Achieving ≥ 4 Point Improvement in DLQI From Baseline to Week 16 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The DLQI is a 10-item, validated questionnaire used to assess the impact of skin disease on the quality of life of an affected person. The 10 questions cover the following topics: symptoms, embarrassment, shopping and home care, clothes, social and leisure, sport, work or study, close relationships, sex, and treatment, over the previous week. Response categories include "Not at all," "A little," "A lot," and "Very much," with corresponding scores of 0, 1, 2, and 3 respectively. Questions 3-10 also have an additional response category of "Not relevant" which is scored as "0". Questions are scored from 0 to 3, giving a possible total score range from 0 (no impact of skin disease on quality of life) to 30 (maximum impact on quality of life). A high score is indicative of a poor quality of life.

MCMC-MI was used to handle all missing data.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Week 16

APD: All randomized participants, with non-missing baseline DLQI score, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol.

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 121 ^[3] | 239 ^[4] | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 32.4 (23.8 to 41.1) | 71.4 (65.5 to 77.2) | | |

Notes:

[3] - MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

[4] - MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | DLQI |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 360 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 38.7 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 28 |
| upper limit | 49.3 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a DLQI Total Score of ≥ 4 -point at Baseline Achieving ≥ 4 -point Improvement in DLQI From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a DLQI Total Score of ≥ 4 -point at Baseline Achieving ≥ 4 -point Improvement in DLQI From Baseline to Week 16 |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The DLQI is a 10-item, validated questionnaire used to assess the impact of skin disease on the quality of life of an affected person. The 10 questions cover the following topics: symptoms, embarrassment, shopping and home care, clothes, social and leisure, sport, work or study, close relationships, sex, and treatment, over the previous week. Response categories include "Not at all," "A little," "A lot," and "Very much," with corresponding scores of 0, 1, 2, and 3 respectively. Questions 3-10 also have an additional response category of "Not relevant" which is scored as "0". Questions are scored from 0 to 3, giving a possible total score range from 0 (no impact of skin disease on quality of life) to 30 (maximum impact on quality of life). A high score is indicative of a poor quality of life. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Week 16

APD: All randomized participants, with a DLQI Total Score of ≥ 4 -point at baseline, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol.

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 116 | 226 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 33.8 (24.9 to 42.8) | 75.5 (69.8 to 81.2) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percent Change in Sleep-loss Score From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|--|---|
| End point title | Percent Change in Sleep-loss Score From Baseline to Week 16 |
| End point description: | |
| Sleep Loss due to interference of itch will be assessed by the participant. Participants rate their interference of itch on sleep based on a 5-point Likert scale [0 (not at all) to 4 (unable to sleep at all)]. Higher scores indicated a greater impact and worse outcome. Assessments will be recorded daily by the participant using an electronic diary. LS Mean was calculated using ANCOVA model with treatment, baseline value, and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors. | |
| APD: All randomized participants, with baseline sleep-loss score >0, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline, Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 132 | 269 | | |
| Units: Percent Change | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -16.34 (\pm 5.156) | -48.61 (\pm 4.164) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Sleep-loss Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 401 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -32.28 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -42.6 |
| upper limit | -22 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 5.242 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in Sleep-loss Score at Week 16

| | |
|---|---|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in Sleep-loss Score at Week 16 |
| End point description: | |
| Sleep Loss due to interference of itch will be assessed by the participant. Participants rate their interference of itch on sleep based on a 5-point Likert scale [0 (not at all) to 4 (unable to sleep at all)]. | |

Higher scores indicated a greater impact and worse outcome. Assessments will be recorded daily by the participant using an electronic diary. LS Mean was calculated using ANCOVA model with treatment, baseline value, and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors.

APD: All randomized participants, non-missing baseline Sleep-loss score, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline, Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 136 | 276 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -0.39 (\pm 0.095) | -1.14 (\pm 0.078) | | |

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Sleep-loss Score ≥ 2 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 2 Points Reduction From Baseline at Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Sleep-loss Score ≥ 2 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 2 Points Reduction From Baseline at Week 16 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Sleep Loss due to interference of itch will be assessed by the participant. Participants rate their interference of itch on sleep based on a 5-point Likert scale [0 (not at all) to 4 (unable to sleep at all)]. Higher scores indicated a greater impact and worse outcome. Assessments will be recorded daily by the participant using an electronic diary.

APD: All randomized participants, with baseline sleep-loss score ≥ 2 Points, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 91 | 195 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 5.1 (0.3 to 9.9) | 38.7 (31.8 to 45.7) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Sleep-loss Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 286 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 33.9 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 25.4 |
| upper limit | 42.4 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 1

| | |
|---|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 1 |
| End point description: | |
| Pruritus NRS is an 11-point scale used by participants to rate their worst itch severity over the past 24 hours with 0 indicating "No itch" and 10 indicating "Worst itch imaginable." | |
| APD: All randomized participants, with a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 Points at Baseline, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Week 1 | |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 130 | 263 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 0.8 (0.0 to 2.3) | 2.3 (0.5 to 4.1) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Pruritus NRS Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 393 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.275529 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 1.5 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -0.8 |
| upper limit | 3.9 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 2

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 2 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

Pruritus NRS is an 11-point scale used by participants to rate their worst itch severity over the past 24 hours with 0 indicating "No itch" and 10 indicating "Worst itch imaginable."

APD: All randomized participant, with a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 Points at Baseline, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline to Week 2

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 130 | 263 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 0.9 (-0.8 to 2.5) | 6.1 (3.2 to 9.1) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Pruritus NRS Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 393 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.016543 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 5.3 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 1.9 |
| upper limit | 8.7 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 4

| | |
|--|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 4 |
| End point description: | |
| Pruritus NRS is an 11-point scale used by participants to rate their worst itch severity over the past 24 hours with 0 indicating "No itch" and 10 indicating "Worst itch imaginable." | |
| APD: All randomized participants, with a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 4 Points at Baseline, if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Week 4 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 130 | 263 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 2.4 (-0.3 to 5.0) | 21.6 (16.6 to 26.6) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Pruritus NRS Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 393 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.000003 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 19.3 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 13.6 |
| upper limit | 25 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 1

| | |
|---|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 1 |
| End point description: | |
| Pruritus NRS is an 11-point scale used by participants to rate their worst itch severity over the past 24 hours with 0 indicating "No itch" and 10 indicating "Worst itch imaginable." | |
| APD: All randomized participants, with a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 Points at Baseline, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Week 1 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 123 | 244 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 0.8 (0.0 to 2.4) | 2.5 (0.5 to 4.4) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Pruritus NRS Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 367 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.244105 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 1.8 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -0.8 |
| upper limit | 4.3 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 2

| | |
|---|---|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 2 |
| End point description: | |
| Pruritus NRS is an 11-point scale used by participants to rate their worst itch severity over the past 24 hours with 0 indicating "No itch" and 10 indicating "Worst itch imaginable." | |
| APD: All randomized participants, with a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 Points at Baseline, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data. | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline to Week 2 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 123 | 244 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 0.9 (-0.9 to 2.7) | 6.6 (3.5 to 9.8) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Pruritus NRS Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 367 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.014375 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 5.8 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 2.2 |
| upper limit | 9.5 |

Secondary: Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 4

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| End point title | Percentage of Participants With a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 Points at Baseline Who Achieve a ≥ 4 -point Reduction From Baseline to Week 4 |
| End point description: | Pruritus NRS is an 11-point scale used by participants to rate their worst itch severity over the past 24 hours with 0 indicating "No itch" and 10 indicating "Worst itch imaginable." |
| APD: | All randomized participants, with a Pruritus NRS Score of ≥ 5 Points at Baseline, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. MCMC-MI was used to handle missing data. |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | Baseline to Week 4 |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 123 | 244 | | |
| Units: Percentage of Participants | | | | |
| number (confidence interval 95%) | 2.5 (-0.3 to 5.3) | 23.2 (17.9 to 28.6) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Pruritus NRS Score |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 367 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.000002 |
| Method | Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | 21 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 14.9 |
| upper limit | 27 |

Secondary: Percent Change in SCORing Atopic Dermatitis (SCORAD) From Baseline to Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Percent Change in SCORing Atopic Dermatitis (SCORAD) From Baseline to Week 16 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

The SCORAD index uses the rule of nines to assess disease extent and evaluates 6 clinical characteristics to determine disease severity: (1) erythema, (2) edema/papulation, (3) oozing/crusts, (4) excoriation, (5) lichenification, and (6) dryness on a scale of 0 to 3 (0=absence, 1=mild, 2=moderate, 3=severe). The SCORAD index also assesses subjective symptoms of pruritus and sleep loss with VAS where 0 is no itching or no trouble sleeping and 10 is unbearable itching or a lot of trouble sleeping. These 3 aspects: extent of disease (A: 0-1-2), disease severity (B: 0-18), & subjective symptoms (C: 0-20) combine using $A/5 + 7*B/2 + C$ to give a maximum possible score of 103, where 0 = no disease and 103 = severe disease.

LS Mean was calculated using the ANCOVA model with treatment group and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors and baseline value as covariate. Missing Values were imputed using LOCF method.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

APD: All randomized participants, with baseline SCORAD >0, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol.

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 138 | 276 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -16.79 (± 3.164) | -47.26 (± 2.552) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | SCORing Atopic Dermatitis |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 414 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | Risk difference (RD) |
| Point estimate | -30.47 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -36.77 |
| upper limit | -24.17 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in European Quality of Life-5 Dimensions-5 Levels (EQ-5D-5L) at Week 16 - Health State Index

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in European Quality of Life-5 Dimensions-5 Levels (EQ-5D-5L) at Week 16 - Health State Index |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

The EQ-5D-5L is a 2-part measurement. The first part is comprised of the following 5 participant-reported dimensions: mobility, self-care, usual activities, pain/discomfort, and anxiety/depression. Each dimension has 5 levels: no problems, slight problems, moderate problems, severe problems, and extreme problems. The responses are used to derive the health state index scores using the United Kingdom (UK) algorithm, with scores ranging from -0.594 to 1, and the United States (US) algorithm, with scores ranging from -0.109 to 1, with higher score indicating better health state.

LS Mean was calculated using the ANCOVA model with treatment and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors and baseline value as covariate. Missing Values were imputed using last observation carried forward (LOCF) method.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

APD: All randomized participants, with non-missing EQ-5D-5L data at baseline, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol.

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 141 | 282 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | | | | |
| Health State Index UK | 0.05 (± 0.017) | 0.19 (± 0.014) | | |
| Health State Index US | 0.03 (± 0.012) | 0.13 (± 0.010) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Health State Index UK |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 423 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | 0.14 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.11 |
| upper limit | 0.18 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 0.018 |

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | Health State Index US |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 423 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | 0.1 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.08 |
| upper limit | 0.13 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 0.013 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in EQ-5D-5L at Week 16 - Visual Analog Scale (VAS)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in EQ-5D-5L at Week 16 - Visual Analog Scale (VAS) |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

The EQ-5D-5L is a 2-part measurement. The second part is assessed using a VAS that ranged from 0 to 100 millimeter (mm), where 0 is the worst health you can imagine and 100 is the best health you can imagine. LS Mean was calculated using the ANCOVA model with treatment and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors and baseline value as covariate.

APD: All randomized participants, with non-missing EQ-5D-5L data at baseline, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. Missing values were imputed using LOCF method.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 141 | 282 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | 2.19 (\pm 1.641) | 10.48 (\pm 1.329) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | EQ-5D-5L VAS |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 423 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | 8.29 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 5.02 |
| upper limit | 11.56 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 1.664 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in Patient Oriented Eczema Measure (POEM) at Week 16

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in Patient Oriented Eczema Measure (POEM) at Week 16 |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

POEM is a 7-item, validated, questionnaire used by the participant to assess disease symptoms over the last week. The participant is asked to respond to 7 questions on skin dryness, itching, flaking, cracking, sleep loss, bleeding and weeping. All 7 answers carry equal weight with a total possible score from 0 to 28 (answers scored as: No days=0; 1# 2 days = 1; 3-4 days = 2; 5#6 days = 3; everyday = 4). A high score is indicative of a poor quality of life. POEM responses will be captured using an electronic diary and transferred into the clinical database. LS Mean was calculated using MMRM model using treatment, baseline value, visit, the interaction of the baseline value-by-visit, the interaction of treatment by-visit as covariates, geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed. MMRM was used to handle all missing data

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

APD: All randomized participants, with observed POEM data, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol.

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 70 | 203 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -4.02 (\pm 0.723) | -11.28 (\pm 0.475) | | |

Statistical analyses

| Statistical analysis title | POEM |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 273 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | < 0.000001 |
| Method | Mixed models analysis |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -7.26 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -8.85 |
| upper limit | -5.66 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 0.811 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System (PROMIS) Anxiety at Week 16 - Adolescents

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System (PROMIS) Anxiety at Week 16 - Adolescents |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

PROMIS® is a set of person-centered measures that evaluates and monitors physical, mental, and social health in adults and children. Participants ≤ 17 years will complete pediatric versions for the duration of the study. PROMIS anxiety has 8 questions on Emotion Distress-Anxiety (or Pediatric Anxiety Symptom). Each question has 5 response options with values from 1 to 5. Total raw scores were converted to T-Scores (mean = 50 and a standard deviation = 10) with higher scores representing greater anxiety. LS Mean was calculated using the ANCOVA model with treatment and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors and baseline value as covariate. APD: All randomized, adolescent participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. Missing values were imputed using the LOCF method.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 18 | 37 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -2.80 (\pm 2.435) | -3.87 (\pm 1.830) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | PROMIS Anxiety Adolescents |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 55 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.716224 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -1.07 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -6.93 |
| upper limit | 4.8 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 2.917 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in PROMIS Depression at Week 16 - Adolescent

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in PROMIS Depression at Week 16 - Adolescent |
|-----------------|---|

End point description:

PROMIS® is a set of person-centered measures that evaluates and monitors physical, mental, and social health in adults and children. Participants ≤ 17 years will complete pediatric versions for the duration of the study. PROMIS depression has 8 questions on Emotion Distress-Depression (or Pediatric Depressive Symptom). Each question has 5 response options with values from 1 to 5. Total raw scores were converted to T-Scores (mean = 50 and a standard deviation = 10) with higher scores representing greater depression. LS Mean was calculated using the ANCOVA model with treatment and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors and baseline value as covariate.

APD: All randomized, adolescent participants, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. Missing values were imputed using the LOCF method.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 18 | 37 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -0.11 (\pm 2.165) | -4.62 (\pm 1.623) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | PROMIS Depression Adolescents |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 55 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.089275 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -4.51 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -9.73 |
| upper limit | 0.72 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 2.599 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in PROMIS Anxiety at Week 16 - Adults

| | |
|--|--|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in PROMIS Anxiety at Week 16 - Adults |
| End point description: | |
| <p>PROMIS is a set of person-centered measures that evaluates and monitors physical, mental, and social health in adults and children. The PROMIS measures will be completed by the participant in the study clinic. PROMIS anxiety has 8 questions on Emotion Distress-Anxiety (or Pediatric Anxiety Symptom). Each question has 5 response options with values from 1 to 5. Total raw scores were converted to T-Scores (mean = 50 and a standard deviation = 10) with higher scores representing greater anxiety. LS Mean was calculated using the ANCOVA model with treatment and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors and baseline value as covariate. APD: All randomized, adult participants, with Week 16 PROMIS anxiety data, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. Missing values are imputed with the LOCF method.</p> | |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline, Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 122 | 244 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -0.62 (\pm 0.663) | -3.99 (\pm 0.477) | | |

Statistical analyses

| Statistical analysis title | PROMIS Anxiety Adults |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 366 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.000032 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -3.36 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -4.93 |
| upper limit | -1.79 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 0.799 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in PROMIS Depression at Week 16 - Adults

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in PROMIS Depression at Week 16 - Adults |
| End point description: | <p>PROMIS is a set of person-centered measures that evaluates and monitors physical, mental, and social health in adults and children. The PROMIS measures will be completed by the participant in the study clinic. PROMIS depression has 8 questions on Emotion Distress-Depression (or Pediatric Depressive Symptom). Each question has 5 response options with values from 1 to 5. Total raw scores were converted to T-Scores (mean = 50 and a standard deviation = 10) with higher scores representing greater depression. LS Mean was calculated using the ANCOVA model with treatment and stratification factors of geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors and baseline value as covariate.</p> <p>APD: All randomized , adult participants, with Week 16 PROMIS Depression data, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol. Missing values were imputed using the LOCF method.</p> |
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline, Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 122 | 244 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -0.40 (± 0.581) | -3.16 (± 0.418) | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Statistical analysis title | PROMIS Depression Adults |
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 366 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.000096 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -2.76 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -4.13 |
| upper limit | -1.38 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 0.699 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) Score at Week 16 in Participants Who Have Self-Reported Comorbid Asthma

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in Asthma Control Questionnaire (ACQ-5) Score at Week 16 in Participants Who Have Self-Reported Comorbid Asthma |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The ACQ-5 is a five-item, self-completed questionnaire, which is used as a measure of asthma control of a participant. The five questions (concerning nocturnal awakening, waking in the morning, activity limitation, shortness of breath and wheeze) enquire about the frequency and/or severity of symptoms over the previous week. The response options for all these questions range from zero (no impairment/limitation) to six (total impairment/ limitation) scale. The ACQ-5 score is the average of the individual item scores and ranges from 0 (totally controlled) to 6 (severely uncontrolled). Higher scores indicate lower asthma control.

LS Mean was calculated using ANCOVA with treatment, geographic region, age group, baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors and baseline value as covariate.

APD: All randomized participants, with non-missing baseline ACQ-5 score, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not f

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
| End point timeframe: | |
| Baseline, Week 16 | |

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 51 | 95 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -0.05 (± 0.118) | -0.13 (± 0.096) | | |

Statistical analyses

| Statistical analysis title | Asthma Control Questionnaire |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 146 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.513146 |
| Method | ANCOVA |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -0.08 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -0.32 |
| upper limit | 0.16 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 0.122 |

Secondary: Change From Baseline in Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) at Week 16 - Adolescents

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| End point title | Change From Baseline in Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) at Week 16 - Adolescents |
|-----------------|--|

End point description:

The CDLQI questionnaire is designed for use in children (4 to 16 years of age). It consists of 10 items that are grouped into 6 domains: symptoms & feelings, leisure, school or holidays, personal relationships, sleep, & treatment. The scoring of each question is: Very much = 3; Quite a lot = 2; Only a little = 1; Not at all = 0. CDLQI total score is calculated by summing all 10 items responses, and has a range of 0 to 30 (higher scores are indicative of greater impairment).

LS Mean was calculated using MMRM model which includes treatment, baseline value, visit, the interaction of the baseline value-by-visit as covariates, the interaction of treatment by-visit, geographic region, age group, and baseline IGA (3 versus 4) score as fixed factors.

MMRM was used to handle all missing data.

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| End point type | Secondary |
|----------------|-----------|

End point timeframe:

Baseline, Week 16

APD: All randomized, adolescent participants, with non-missing baseline CDLQI score, even if the participant does not take the assigned treatment, does not receive the correct treatment, or otherwise does not follow the protocol.

| End point values | Placebo | Lebrikizumab Q2W | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 9 | 26 | | |
| Units: Score on a Scale | | | | |
| least squares mean (standard error) | -0.99 (± 1.293) | -7.96 (± 0.802) | | |

Statistical analyses

| Statistical analysis title | Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index |
|---|---|
| Comparison groups | Placebo v Lebrikizumab Q2W |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 35 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| P-value | = 0.000069 |
| Method | Mixed models analysis |
| Parameter estimate | LS Mean Difference (Final Values) |
| Point estimate | -6.97 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | -10.07 |
| upper limit | -3.87 |
| Variability estimate | Standard error of the mean |
| Dispersion value | 1.52 |

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

Baseline up to Week 16

Adverse event reporting additional description:

All randomized participants who received at least one dose of study drug. Gender specific events only occurring in male or female participants have had the number of participants At Risk adjusted accordingly.

| | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Assessment type | Systematic |
|-----------------|------------|

Dictionary used

| | |
|-----------------|--------|
| Dictionary name | MedDRA |
|-----------------|--------|

| | |
|--------------------|------|
| Dictionary version | 24.0 |
|--------------------|------|

Reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Reporting group title | Lebrikizumab 250mg Q2W |
|-----------------------|------------------------|

Reporting group description:

Induction Period (Baseline-Week 16):

Two subcutaneous (SC) injections of Placebo as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 followed by a single injection every 2 weeks (Q2W) from Week 4 until Week 14.

| | |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Reporting group title | Placebo |
|-----------------------|---------|

Reporting group description:

Induction Period (Baseline-Week 16):

Two subcutaneous (SC) injections of Placebo as a loading dose at Baseline and Week 2 followed by a single injection every 2 weeks (Q2W) from Week 4 until Week 14.

| Serious adverse events | Lebrikizumab 250mg Q2W | Placebo | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Total subjects affected by serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 282 (2.13%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| number of deaths (all causes) | 0 | 0 | |
| number of deaths resulting from adverse events | 0 | 0 | |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| accidental overdose | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| myocardial infarction | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| carpal tunnel syndrome | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| oedema peripheral | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| arthralgia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| synovitis | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| cellulitis | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |
| sepsis | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | |

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 0 %

| Non-serious adverse events | Lebrikizumab 250mg Q2W | Placebo | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 126 / 282 (44.68%) | 72 / 141 (51.06%) | |
| Neoplasms benign, malignant and unspecified (incl cysts and polyps) | | | |
| acrochordon | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | |
| haemangioma | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| hypertension | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 282 (1.06%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 1 | |
| peripheral venous disease | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| administration site reaction | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| asthenia | | | |

| | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 |
| chest discomfort | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| chills | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 |
| fatigue | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 1 |
| hyperthermia | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| injection site bruising | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| injection site erythema | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| injection site pain | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 2 / 141 (1.42%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 4 |
| injection site reaction | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |

| | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>oedema peripheral</p> <p>alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>pyrexia</p> <p>alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> | <p>1 / 282 (0.35%)</p> <p>3</p> <p>3 / 282 (1.06%)</p> <p>4</p> <p>1 / 282 (0.35%)</p> <p>1</p> | <p>0 / 141 (0.00%)</p> <p>0</p> <p>0 / 141 (0.00%)</p> <p>0</p> <p>0 / 141 (0.00%)</p> <p>0</p> | |
| <p>Immune system disorders</p> <p>food allergy</p> <p>alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>hypersensitivity</p> <p>alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> | <p>0 / 282 (0.00%)</p> <p>0</p> <p>1 / 282 (0.35%)</p> <p>1</p> | <p>1 / 141 (0.71%)</p> <p>1</p> <p>0 / 141 (0.00%)</p> <p>0</p> | |
| <p>Reproductive system and breast disorders</p> <p>dysmenorrhoea</p> <p>alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed^[1]</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>heavy menstrual bleeding</p> <p>alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed^[2]</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> | <p>3 / 141 (2.13%)</p> <p>5</p> <p>1 / 141 (0.71%)</p> <p>1</p> | <p>0 / 73 (0.00%)</p> <p>0</p> <p>0 / 73 (0.00%)</p> <p>0</p> | |
| <p>Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders</p> <p>asthma</p> <p>alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0</p> <p>subjects affected / exposed</p> <p>occurrences (all)</p> <p>chronic obstructive pulmonary disease</p> | <p>3 / 282 (1.06%)</p> <p>3</p> | <p>0 / 141 (0.00%)</p> <p>0</p> | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| cough | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| dyspnoea | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| nasal congestion | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| oropharyngeal pain | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| pneumonia aspiration | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| rhinitis allergic | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | |
| rhinorrhoea | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| sleep apnoea syndrome | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 282 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| anxiety | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 282 (1.42%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 0 | |
| attention deficit hyperactivity disorder | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| depression | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 1 | |
| insomnia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| persistent depressive disorder | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| stress | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| Investigations | | | |
| blood lactate dehydrogenase increased | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| blood pressure increased | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| eosinophil count increased | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| hepatic enzyme increased | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| neutrophil count decreased | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| neutrophil count increased | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| platelet count increased | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| back injury | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| contusion | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| head injury | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| ligament sprain | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| meniscus injury | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| muscle strain | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| overdose | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| post procedural inflammation | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| sunburn | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| tooth injury | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| angina pectoris | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

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|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| palpitations | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| dizziness | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 1 | |
| dysgeusia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| epilepsy | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| headache | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 282 (3.19%) | 2 / 141 (1.42%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 10 | 2 | |
| hypersomnia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| post herpetic neuralgia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| radiculopathy | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

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|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| seizure | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| syncope | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| anaemia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| eosinophilia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 2 / 141 (1.42%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | |
| erythropenia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| iron deficiency anaemia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| lymphopenia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| thrombocytopenia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | |
| Eye disorders | | | |
| blepharitis | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 282 (1.06%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 0 | |
| chalazion | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | |
| conjunctival hyperaemia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| conjunctivitis allergic | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 6 / 282 (2.13%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 1 | |
| dry eye | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 2 / 141 (1.42%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | |
| eye irritation | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | |
| eyelids pruritus | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| eye pruritus | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| keratoconus | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| keratitis | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| pupils unequal | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| vernal keratoconjunctivitis | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| vision blurred | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| visual impairment | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| abdominal pain | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| anal haemorrhage | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| gastric polyps | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| gastrointestinal inflammation | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| nausea | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 2 / 141 (1.42%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | |
| odynophagia | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |
| toothache | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| vomiting | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| non-alcoholic steatohepatitis | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| dermal cyst | | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| dermatitis atopic | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 15 / 282 (5.32%) | 28 / 141 (19.86%) |
| occurrences (all) | 16 | 31 |
| dermatitis contact | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| drug eruption | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| dyshidrotic eczema | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| eczema | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| milia | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| pruritus | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 282 (1.06%) | 6 / 141 (4.26%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 7 |
| rash | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |

| | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| seborrhoea alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |
| seborrhoeic dermatitis alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 282 (0.71%) 2 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| skin burning sensation alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |
| solar dermatitis alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 282 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| Renal and urinary disorders cystitis noninfective alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |
| nephrolithiasis alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 282 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| Endocrine disorders hyperparathyroidism secondary alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 282 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders arthralgia alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |

| | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| back pain alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 282 (0.71%) 2 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| bursitis alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| muscle twitching alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |
| musculoskeletal chest pain alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |
| musculoskeletal stiffness alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |
| myalgia alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 282 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 2 | |
| pain in extremity alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |
| Infections and infestations abscess neck alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 282 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| bacterial vaginosis alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed ^[3] | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | 0 / 73 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| bronchitis | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 |
| covid-19 | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 5 / 282 (1.77%) | 3 / 141 (2.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 3 |
| cellulitis | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| conjunctivitis | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 21 / 282 (7.45%) | 4 / 141 (2.84%) |
| occurrences (all) | 22 | 4 |
| ear infection | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| ecthyma | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| eczema herpeticum | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| folliculitis | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 282 (1.06%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 1 |

| | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| furuncle | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 2 / 141 (1.42%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 3 |
| gastroenteritis | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 0 |
| gastroenteritis viral | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 282 (0.71%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 |
| helicobacter infection | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| herpes zoster | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| impetigo | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 282 (1.42%) | 2 / 141 (1.42%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 2 |
| infection | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| influenza | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| lower respiratory tract infection | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |

| | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| nasopharyngitis | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 11 / 282 (3.90%) | 3 / 141 (2.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 11 | 3 |
| oral herpes | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 9 / 282 (3.19%) | 5 / 141 (3.55%) |
| occurrences (all) | 9 | 10 |
| paronychia | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| pharyngitis | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |
| skin infection | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 |
| tinea capitis | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 |
| tonsillitis | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 282 (0.35%) | 2 / 141 (1.42%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 |
| tooth abscess | | |
| alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 |

| | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| upper respiratory tract infection alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 3 / 141 (2.13%) 4 | |
| urinary tract infection alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| vaginal infection alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed ^[4] occurrences (all) | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 73 (1.37%) 1 | |
| viral upper respiratory tract infection alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 282 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| vulvovaginal candidiasis alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed ^[5] occurrences (all) | 2 / 141 (1.42%) 2 | 0 / 73 (0.00%) 0 | |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders decreased appetite alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 282 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 141 (0.71%) 1 | |
| dehydration alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |
| hyperlipidaemia alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 282 (0.35%) 1 | 0 / 141 (0.00%) 0 | |
| vitamin d deficiency alternative dictionary used: MedDRA 24.0 | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 282 (0.00%) | 1 / 141 (0.71%) | |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | |

Notes:

[1] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Gender specific events only occurring in male or female participants have had the number of participants At Risk adjusted accordingly.

[2] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Gender specific events only occurring in male or female participants have had the number of participants At Risk adjusted accordingly.

[3] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Gender specific events only occurring in male or female participants have had the number of participants At Risk adjusted accordingly.

[4] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Gender specific events only occurring in male or female participants have had the number of participants At Risk adjusted accordingly.

[5] - The number of subjects exposed to this adverse event is less than the total number of subjects exposed for the reporting group. These numbers are expected to be equal.

Justification: Gender specific events only occurring in male or female participants have had the number of participants At Risk adjusted accordingly.

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

| Date | Amendment |
|-----------------|--|
| 16 October 2019 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clarification of primary, co-primary and secondary endpoints to be analyzed for the FDA and EMEA• Updated inclusion criterion 10 for contraceptive use after last dose of study drug (increased from 17 to 18 weeks)• Added inclusion criterion 11 to require male patients to use an effective method of contraception if sexually active with a female of child-bearing potential.• Other minor clarifications and editorial changes. |
| 20 May 2020 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added hormone testing to adolescent patients• Removed requirement for TB screening serology at screening visit.• Added PK sample at Week 4• Clarifications on analysis timing, study procedures and protocol wording. |

Notes:

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? Yes

| Date | Interruption | Restart date |
|---------------|---|--------------|
| 24 March 2020 | Global enrollment hold on new patient screening and enrollment. | 28 May 2020 |

Notes:

Limitations and caveats

None reported