



Clinical trial results:

A prospective, randomized, factorial design, interventional study to compare the safety and efficacy of combinations of blockade of interleukin-6 pathway and interleukin-1 pathway to best standard of care in improving oxygenation and short- and long-term outcome of COVID-19 patients with acute hypoxic respiratory failure and systemic cytokine release syndrome.

Summary

| | |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| EudraCT number | 2020-001500-41 |
| Trial protocol | BE |
| Global end of trial date | 21 May 2021 |

Results information

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Result version number | v1 (current) |
| This version publication date | 04 June 2022 |
| First version publication date | 04 June 2022 |

Trial information

Trial identification

| | |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Sponsor protocol code | COV-AID |
|-----------------------|---------|

Additional study identifiers

| | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| ISRCTN number | - |
| ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number) | NCT04330638 |
| WHO universal trial number (UTN) | - |

Notes:

Sponsors

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Sponsor organisation name | UZ Gent |
| Sponsor organisation address | C. Heymanslaan 10, Ghent, Belgium, 9000 |
| Public contact | HIRUZ CTU, University Hospital Ghent, +32 93320500, hiruz.ctu@uzgent.be |
| Scientific contact | HIRUZ CTU, University Hospital Ghent, +32 93320500, hiruz.ctu@uzgent.be |

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

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|--|----|
| Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP) | No |
| Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |
| Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial? | No |

Notes:

Results analysis stage

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Analysis stage | Final |
| Date of interim/final analysis | 10 May 2022 |
| Is this the analysis of the primary completion data? | Yes |
| Primary completion date | 20 December 2020 |
| Global end of trial reached? | Yes |
| Global end of trial date | 21 May 2021 |
| Was the trial ended prematurely? | No |

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

Study if blockade of IL-6 +/- IL-1 to block the cytokine storm and acute lung injury in comparison with usual care reduces time to clinical improvement as defined by an increase of more than 2 on the 6 point ordinal scale or discharge from the hospital

Protection of trial subjects:

Ethics review and approval, informed consent, supportive care and routine monitoring.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Actual start date of recruitment | 03 April 2020 |
| Long term follow-up planned | Yes |
| Long term follow-up rationale | Safety, Efficacy, Scientific research |
| Long term follow-up duration | 5 Months |
| Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement? | Yes |

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Country: Number of subjects enrolled | Belgium: 342 |
| Worldwide total number of subjects | 342 |
| EEA total number of subjects | 342 |

Notes:

Subjects enrolled per age group

| | |
|---|-----|
| In utero | 0 |
| Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk | 0 |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | 0 |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | 0 |
| Children (2-11 years) | 0 |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | 0 |
| Adults (18-64 years) | 167 |
| From 65 to 84 years | 166 |
| 85 years and over | 9 |

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details:

342 patients were screened in the period from 04-apr-2020 till 06-dec-2020. 342 patients were included,

342 patients were randomised. End of trial notification

was dated 21-may-2021 (last patient last visit) and submitted to EC and CA 08-jul-2021.

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

Confirmed COVID-19 patients between the age of 18 and 80 years were screened for acute hypoxic respiratory failure (saturation <93% on minimal 2 L/min O₂ or PaO₂/FiO₂ <350). Invasive mechanical ventilation >24h, history of severe allergic reactions and unlikely to survive beyond 48h were the most important exclusion criteria.

Period 1

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Period 1 title | overall trial |
| Is this the baseline period? | Yes |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Not blinded |

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | Yes |
|------------------------------|-----|

| | |
|------------------|---------------|
| Arm title | A: Usual Care |
|------------------|---------------|

Arm description:

Usual Care

| | |
|----------|-----------------|
| Arm type | No intervention |
|----------|-----------------|

No investigational medicinal product assigned in this arm

| | |
|------------------|------------|
| Arm title | B: Kineret |
|------------------|------------|

Arm description:

Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital)

| | |
|----------|--------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
|----------|--------------|

| | |
|--|---------|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Kineret |
|--|---------|

| | |
|--|--|
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
|--|--|

| | |
|------------|----------|
| Other name | Anakinra |
|------------|----------|

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection in pre-filled syringe |
|----------------------|--|

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| Routes of administration | Subcutaneous use |
|--------------------------|------------------|

Dosage and administration details:

Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe.

Will be given 1x / day 100 mg SC 28 days (or until discharge from hospital)

Do not shake. Allow the pre-filled syringe to reach room temperature before the injection.

Subcutaneous injection; It is recommended that the injection site would be varied to avoid discomfort at the site of injection. Cooling the injection site, prewarming/preheating the injection liquid to reach room temperature, use of cold packs (before and after the injection) and use of topical glucocorticoids and antihistamines after injection may reduce the signs and symptoms of the reaction at the injection site.

| | |
|------------------|------------|
| Arm title | C: Sylvant |
|------------------|------------|

Arm description:

Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400mg powder concentrate.

| | |
|----------|--------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
|----------|--------------|

| | |
|--|--|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Sylvant |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Siltuximab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Sylvant® (Siltuximab) 100mg powder concentrate.

Single IV infusion at a dose of 11 mg / kg given over 1 hour as an intravenous infusion in glucose 5% (Ad-preparation: the same volume of product must be withdrawn from the infusion before adding the Sylvant®)

Administered via using PVC, or polyurethane (PU), or PE coated administration sets with a 0.2-micron in-line polyethersulfone (PES) filter.

| | |
|--|--|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Sylvant |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Siltuximab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Sylvant® (Siltuximab) 400mg powder concentrate.

Single IV infusion at a dose of 11 mg / kg given over 1 hour as an intravenous infusion in glucose 5% (Ad-preparation: the same volume of product must be withdrawn from the infusion before adding the Sylvant®)

Administered via using PVC, or polyurethane (PU), or PE coated administration sets with a 0.2-micron in-line polyethersulfone (PES) filter.

| | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Arm title | D: Kineret + Sylvant |
|------------------|----------------------|

Arm description:

Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital) +

Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400 mg powder concentrate.

| | |
|--|--|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Kineret |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Anakinra |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection in pre-filled syringe |
| Routes of administration | Subcutaneous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe.

Will be given 1x / day 100 mg SC 28 days (or until discharge from hospital)

Do not shake. Allow the pre-filled syringe to reach room temperature before the injection.

Subcutaneous injection; It is recommended that the injection site would be varied to avoid discomfort at the site of injection. Cooling the injection site, prewarming/preheating the injection liquid to reach room temperature, use of cold packs (before and after the injection) and use of topical glucocorticoids and antihistamines after injection may reduce the signs and symptoms of the reaction at the injection site.

| | |
|--|--|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Sylvant |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Siltuximab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Sylvant® (Siltuximab) 100mg powder concentrate.

Single IV infusion at a dose of 11 mg / kg given over 1 hour as an intravenous infusion in glucose 5% (Ad-preparation: the same volume of product must be withdrawn from the infusion before adding the Sylvant®)

Administered via using PVC, or polyurethane (PU), or PE coated administration sets with a 0.2-micron in-line polyethersulfone (PES) filter.

| | |
|--|--|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Sylvant |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Siltuximab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Sylvant® (Siltuximab) 400mg powder concentrate.

Single IV infusion at a dose of 11 mg / kg given over 1 hour as an intravenous infusion in glucose 5% (Ad-preparation: the same volume of product must be withdrawn from the infusion before adding the Sylvant®)

Administered via using PVC, or polyurethane (PU), or PE coated administration sets with a 0.2-micron in-line polyethersulfone (PES) filter.

| | |
|------------------|--------------|
| Arm title | E: Roactemra |
|------------------|--------------|

Arm description:

Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Roactemra |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Tocilizimab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion).

Single IV infusion at a dose of 8 mg/kg with a maximum infusion of 800 mg/injection 8mg / kg (= 0.4ml / kg) in an infusion of 100ml NaCl 0.9% and administration over 1 hour. No further specifications regarding the use of a 0.2 or 0.22 filter when administered.

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Roactemra |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Tocilizimab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV infusion prepared from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC.

Single IV infusion at a dose of 8 mg/kg with a maximum infusion of 800 mg/injection 8mg / kg (= 0.4ml / kg) in an infusion of 100ml NaCl 0.9% and administration over 1 hour. Use a PO, PE, PP, PBD or PUR infusion line with 0.2 or 0.22 µm PES or PS filter during administration. As a measure of precaution, an inline filter is mandatory.

| | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| Arm title | F: Kineret + Roactemra |
|------------------|------------------------|

Arm description:

Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital) +

Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC

| | |
|--|--|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Kineret |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Anakinra |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection in pre-filled syringe |
| Routes of administration | Subcutaneous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe.

Will be given 1x / day 100 mg SC 28 days (or until discharge from hospital)

Do not shake. Allow the pre-filled syringe to reach room temperature before the injection.

Subcutaneous injection; It is recommended that the injection site would be varied to avoid discomfort at the site of injection. Cooling the injection site, prewarming/preheating the injection liquid to reach room

temperature, use of cold packs (before and after the injection) and use of topical glucocorticoids and antihistamines after injection may reduce the signs and symptoms of the reaction at the injection site.

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Roactemra |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Tocilizumab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion).

single IV infusion at a dose of 8 mg/kg with a maximum infusion of 800 mg/injection 8mg / kg (= 0.4ml / kg) in an infusion of 100ml NaCl 0.9% and administration over 1 hour. No further specifications regarding the use of a 0.2 or 0.22 filter when administered.

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Roactemra |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Tocilizumab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV infusion prepared from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC.

Single IV infusion at a dose of 8 mg/kg with a maximum infusion of 800 mg/injection 8mg / kg (= 0.4ml / kg) in an infusion of 100ml NaCl 0.9% and administration over 1 hour. Use a PO, PE, PP, PBD or PUR infusion line with 0.2 or 0.22 µm PES or PS filter during administration. As a measure of precaution, an inline filter is mandatory.

| Number of subjects in period 1 | A: Usual Care | B: Kineret | C: Sylvant |
|--------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| Started | 74 | 44 | 75 |
| Completed | 56 | 30 | 52 |
| Not completed | 18 | 14 | 23 |
| Adverse event, serious fatal | 9 | 10 | 15 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 4 | - | - |
| unknown | 2 | 2 | 5 |
| Lost to follow-up | 3 | 2 | 3 |

| Number of subjects in period 1 | D: Kineret + Sylvant | E: Roactemra | F: Kineret + Roactemra |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Started | 36 | 81 | 32 |
| Completed | 27 | 65 | 25 |
| Not completed | 9 | 16 | 7 |
| Adverse event, serious fatal | 6 | 10 | 5 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | - | - | - |
| unknown | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Lost to follow-up | 2 | 3 | - |

Period 2

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Period 2 title | First 28 days |
| Is this the baseline period? | No |
| Allocation method | Randomised - controlled |
| Blinding used | Not blinded |

Arms

| | |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| Are arms mutually exclusive? | No |
| Arm title | No IL-1 blockade |

Arm description:

Some patients received IL-6 blockade with Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400mg powder concentrate, OR Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Arm type | Control group in the factorial design |
| No investigational medicinal product assigned in this arm | |
| Arm title | IL-1 blockade |

Arm description:

All patients received Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital).

Some patients also received Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400mg powder concentrate, OR Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC

| | |
|--|--|
| Arm type | Experimental |
| Investigational medicinal product name | Kineret |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Anakinra |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for injection in pre-filled syringe |
| Routes of administration | Subcutaneous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe.

Will be given 1x / day 100 mg SC 28 days (or until discharge from hospital)

Do not shake. Allow the pre-filled syringe to reach room temperature before the injection.

Subcutaneous injection; It is recommended that the injection site would be varied to avoid discomfort at the site of injection. Cooling the injection site, prewarming/preheating the injection liquid to reach room temperature, use of cold packs (before and after the injection) and use of topical glucocorticoids and antihistamines after injection may reduce the signs and symptoms of the reaction at the injection site.

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| Arm title | No IL-6 blockade |
|------------------|------------------|

Arm description:

Some patients received Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital)

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Arm type | Control group in the factorial design |
| No investigational medicinal product assigned in this arm | |
| Arm title | IL-6 blockade |

Arm description:

Patients received either Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400mg powder concentrate, OR Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC

Some patients also received Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital)

| | |
|----------|--------------|
| Arm type | Experimental |
|----------|--------------|

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Roactemra |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Tocilizumab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion).

Single IV infusion at a dose of 8 mg/kg with a maximum infusion of 800 mg/injection 8mg / kg (= 0.4ml / kg) in an infusion of 100ml NaCl 0.9% and administration over 1 hour. No further specifications regarding the use of a 0.2 or 0.22 filter when administered.

| | |
|--|--|
| Investigational medicinal product name | Sylvant |
| Investigational medicinal product code | |
| Other name | Siltuximab |
| Pharmaceutical forms | Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion |
| Routes of administration | Intravenous use |

Dosage and administration details:

Sylvant® (Siltuximab) 100mg powder concentrate.

Single IV infusion at a dose of 11 mg / kg given over 1 hour as an intravenous infusion in glucose 5% (Ad-preparation: the same volume of product must be withdrawn from the infusion before adding the Sylvant®)

Administered via using PVC, or polyurethane (PU), or PE coated administration sets with a 0.2-micron in-line polyethersulfone (PES) filter.

| Number of subjects in period 2 | No IL-1 blockade | IL-1 blockade | No IL-6 blockade |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Started | 230 | 112 | 115 |
| Completed | 200 | 95 | 99 |
| Not completed | 30 | 17 | 16 |
| Adverse event, serious fatal | 26 | 17 | 14 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 4 | - | 2 |

| Number of subjects in period 2 | IL-6 blockade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Started | 227 |
| Completed | 196 |
| Not completed | 31 |
| Adverse event, serious fatal | 29 |
| Consent withdrawn by subject | 2 |

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

| | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Reporting group title | overall trial |
| Reporting group description: - | |

| Reporting group values | overall trial | Total | |
|---|---------------|-------|--|
| Number of subjects | 342 | 342 | |
| Age categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| In utero | | 0 | |
| Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks) | | 0 | |
| Newborns (0-27 days) | | 0 | |
| Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months) | | 0 | |
| Children (2-11 years) | | 0 | |
| Adolescents (12-17 years) | | 0 | |
| Adults (18-64 years) | | 0 | |
| From 65-84 years | | 0 | |
| 85 years and over | | 0 | |
| Age continuous | | | |
| Units: years | | | |
| median | 65 | | |
| inter-quartile range (Q1-Q3) | 54 to 73 | - | |
| Gender categorical | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Female | 77 | 77 | |
| Male | 265 | 265 | |
| Ordinal scale | | | |
| 6-point ordinal scale: 1 death, 2 on invasive mechanical ventilation or ECMO, 3 on non-invasive ventilation or high flow oxygen devices, 4 hospitalized, requiring supplemental oxygen, 5 hospitalized, not requiring supplemental oxygen, 6 not hospitalized | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| 2. | 39 | 39 | |
| 3. | 128 | 128 | |
| 4. | 169 | 169 | |
| 5. | 6 | 6 | |
| Ethnicity | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| White | 278 | 278 | |
| Middle Eastern-Arabian | 40 | 40 | |
| Black | 9 | 9 | |
| Asian | 7 | 7 | |
| Other | 8 | 8 | |
| Glucocorticoids at day of randomisation | | | |
| Units: Subjects | | | |
| Yes | 213 | 213 | |
| No | 129 | 129 | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------|---|--|
| SOFA score | | | |
| Severity of organ failure assessment | | | |
| Units: N/A | | | |
| median | 3 | | |
| inter-quartile range (Q1-Q3) | 2 to 4 | - | |
| PaO2/FiO2 ratio at baseline | | | |
| The ratio of the partial pressure of oxygen (PaO2) to the fraction of inspired oxygen (FiO2; PaO2/FiO2) | | | |
| Units: mmHg | | | |
| median | 150 | | |
| inter-quartile range (Q1-Q3) | 90 to 248 | - | |

End points

End points reporting groups

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| Reporting group title | A: Usual Care |
| Reporting group description: Usual Care | |
| Reporting group title | B: Kineret |
| Reporting group description: Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital) | |
| Reporting group title | C: Sylvant |
| Reporting group description: Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400mg powder concentrate. | |
| Reporting group title | D: Kineret + Sylvant |
| Reporting group description: Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital) + Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400 mg powder concentrate. | |
| Reporting group title | E: Roactemra |
| Reporting group description: Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC | |
| Reporting group title | F: Kineret + Roactemra |
| Reporting group description: Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital) + Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC | |
| Reporting group title | No IL-1 blockade |
| Reporting group description: Some patients received IL-6 blockade with Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400mg powder concentrate, OR Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC | |
| Reporting group title | IL-1 blockade |
| Reporting group description: All patients received Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital). Some patients also received Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400mg powder concentrate, OR Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC | |
| Reporting group title | No IL-6 blockade |
| Reporting group description: Some patients received Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days (or until discharge from hospital) | |
| Reporting group title | IL-6 blockade |
| Reporting group description: Patients received either Sylvant® (Siltuximab) single IV infusion from 100mg powder concentrate and 400mg powder concentrate, OR Roactemra® (tocilizumab) IV- Infusion prepared starting from flasks containing 400mg/20ml stock solution (to dilute for infusion) or from Prefilled syringe 162mg / 0.9ml SC Some patients also received Kineret® (Anakinra) 100mg pre-filled syringe given 1x / day for 28 days | |

Primary: Time to clinical improvement

| | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| End point title | Time to clinical improvement |
|-----------------|------------------------------|

End point description:

Median time to clinical improvement

| | |
|----------------|---------|
| End point type | Primary |
|----------------|---------|

End point timeframe:

First 28 days

| End point values | No IL-1 blockade | IL-1 blockade | No IL-6 blockade | IL-6 blockade |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group | Reporting group |
| Number of subjects analysed | 230 | 112 | 115 | 227 |
| Units: days | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Statistical analysis title | Kaplan-Meier estimates for IL-1 blockade |
|-----------------------------------|--|

Statistical analysis description:

Kaplan-Meier estimates of the cumulative incidence function for clinical improvement with pointwise 95% confidence intervals according to the allocated treatment for the first randomization (IL-1 blockade vs. no IL-1 blockade).

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Comparison groups | No IL-1 blockade v IL-1 blockade |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 342 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| Parameter estimate | Hazard ratio (HR) |
| Point estimate | 0.94 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.73 |
| upper limit | 1.21 |

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Statistical analysis title | Kaplan-Meier estimates for IL-6 blockade |
|-----------------------------------|--|

Statistical analysis description:

Kaplan-Meier estimates of the cumulative incidence function for clinical improvement with pointwise 95% confidence intervals according to the allocated treatment for the second randomization (IL-6 blockade vs. no IL-6 blockade).

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Comparison groups | No IL-6 blockade v IL-6 blockade |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 342 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| Parameter estimate | Hazard ratio (HR) |
| Point estimate | 1.003 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.78 |
| upper limit | 1.29 |

Primary: Efficacy endpoint for IL-6 blockade

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| End point title | Efficacy endpoint for IL-6 blockade |
| End point description: | Median time to clinical improvement. Clinical improvement was defined as an increase of 2 points on the 6-point ordinal scale or discharge. |
| End point type | Primary |
| End point timeframe: | First 28 days |

| End point values | No IL-6 blockade | IL-6 blockade | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Subject group type | Reporting group | Reporting group | | |
| Number of subjects analysed | 115 | 227 | | |
| Units: days | 12 | 11 | | |

Statistical analyses

| | |
|---|---|
| Statistical analysis title | Estimated probability of clinical improvement |
| Statistical analysis description: | Estimated probability of having experienced clinical improvement at day 28. |
| Comparison groups | No IL-6 blockade v IL-6 blockade |
| Number of subjects included in analysis | 342 |
| Analysis specification | Pre-specified |
| Analysis type | superiority |
| Parameter estimate | Hazard ratio (HR) |
| Point estimate | 1.003 |
| Confidence interval | |
| level | 95 % |
| sides | 2-sided |
| lower limit | 0.78 |
| upper limit | 1.29 |

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:
screening until follow-up

| | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| Assessment type | Non-systematic |
|-----------------|----------------|

Dictionary used

| | |
|--------------------|-------|
| Dictionary name | CTCAE |
| Dictionary version | 5.0 |

Reporting groups

| | |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| Reporting group title | A: Usual Care |
|-----------------------|---------------|

Reporting group description: -

| | |
|-----------------------|------------|
| Reporting group title | B: Kineret |
|-----------------------|------------|

Reporting group description: -

| | |
|-----------------------|------------|
| Reporting group title | C: Sylvant |
|-----------------------|------------|

Reporting group description: -

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Reporting group title | D: Kineret + Sylvant |
|-----------------------|----------------------|

Reporting group description: -

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| Reporting group title | E: Roactemra |
|-----------------------|--------------|

Reporting group description: -

| | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Reporting group title | F: Kineret + Roactemra |
|-----------------------|------------------------|

Reporting group description: -

| Serious adverse events | A: Usual Care | B: Kineret | C: Sylvant |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total subjects affected by serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 14 / 74 (18.92%) | 12 / 44 (27.27%) | 21 / 75 (28.00%) |
| number of deaths (all causes) | 9 | 10 | 15 |
| number of deaths resulting from adverse events | | | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Arterial thromboembolism | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Thromboembolic event | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Surgical and medical procedures | | | |
| Other | | | |

| | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Disease progression | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 1 / 75 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Multi-organ failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 74 (4.05%) | 2 / 44 (4.55%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| Anaphylaxis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| Acute respiratory distress syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 74 (2.70%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 2 / 75 (2.67%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 1 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 | 1 / 2 |
| Aspiration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bronchial obstruction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 1 / 75 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Dyspnea | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypoxia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Laryngeal stenosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumonitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumothorax | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 2 / 75 (2.67%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Respiratory failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 74 (2.70%) | 5 / 44 (11.36%) | 9 / 75 (12.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 5 | 0 / 9 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 2 | 0 / 5 | 0 / 7 |
| Investigations | | | |
| Neutrophil count decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| postoperative haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| Asystole | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 1 / 75 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cardiac arrest | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 1 / 75 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| Other | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 1 / 75 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Mitral valve disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| Edema cerebral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hydrocephalus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Intracranial haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Stroke | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 1 / 75 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| Other | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Gastric haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Jejunal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lower gastrointestinal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| Cholecystitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| Acute kidney injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 1 / 75 (1.33%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| Back pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Hepatic infection | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lung infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 74 (4.05%) | 5 / 44 (11.36%) | 6 / 75 (8.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 3 | 1 / 5 | 4 / 6 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 1 / 3 |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Acidosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 0 / 75 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| Serious adverse events | D: Kineret + Sylvant | E: Roactemra | F: Kineret + Roactemra |
|---|----------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Total subjects affected by serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 8 / 36 (22.22%) | 15 / 81 (18.52%) | 9 / 32 (28.13%) |
| number of deaths (all causes) | 6 | 10 | 5 |
| number of deaths resulting from adverse events | | | |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Arterial thromboembolism | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Thromboembolic event | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Surgical and medical procedures | | | |
| Other | | | |

| | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| General disorders and administration site conditions | | | |
| Disease progression | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Multi-organ failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 2 / 81 (2.47%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 | 0 / 1 |
| Immune system disorders | | | |
| Anaphylaxis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| Acute respiratory distress syndrome | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Aspiration | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Bronchial obstruction | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Dyspnea | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hypoxia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Laryngeal stenosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumonitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Pneumothorax | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Respiratory failure | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 36 (5.56%) | 6 / 81 (7.41%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 0 / 6 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 0 / 5 | 0 / 1 |
| Investigations | | | |
| Neutrophil count decreased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 1 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Injury, poisoning and procedural complications | | | |
| postoperative haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| Asystole | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Cardiac arrest | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Other | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Mitral valve disease | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Nervous system disorders | | | |
| Edema cerebral | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hydrocephalus | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Intracranial haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Stroke | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 | 0 / 1 |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| Other | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Gastric haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Jejunal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lower gastrointestinal haemorrhage | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Hepatobiliary disorders | | | |
| Cholecystitis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| Acute kidney injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| Back pain | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Hepatic infection | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| Lung infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 2 / 32 (6.25%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 1 |
| Sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 36 (8.33%) | 2 / 81 (2.47%) | 2 / 32 (6.25%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 3 / 3 | 1 / 2 | 2 / 2 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 2 / 2 | 1 / 2 | 1 / 1 |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Acidosis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 1 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |
| deaths causally related to treatment / all | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 | 0 / 0 |

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

| Non-serious adverse events | A: Usual Care | B: Kineret | C: Sylvant |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 37 / 74 (50.00%) | 25 / 44 (56.82%) | 45 / 75 (60.00%) |
| Investigations | | | |
| Alanine aminotransferase increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 74 (4.05%) | 3 / 44 (6.82%) | 7 / 75 (9.33%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 3 | 10 |
| Aspartate aminotransferase increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 74 (4.05%) | 2 / 44 (4.55%) | 5 / 75 (6.67%) |
| occurrences (all) | 6 | 2 | 8 |
| creatinine increased | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 74 (2.70%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 1 / 75 (1.33%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| GGT inncreased | | | |

| | | | |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 74 (2.70%) 4 | 2 / 44 (4.55%) 3 | 5 / 75 (6.67%) 6 |
| Neutrophil count decreased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 74 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 44 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 75 (0.00%) 0 |
| Platelet count decreased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 74 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 44 (0.00%) 0 | 4 / 75 (5.33%) 12 |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Hypertension subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 74 (5.41%) 4 | 3 / 44 (6.82%) 3 | 4 / 75 (5.33%) 4 |
| Hypotension subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 74 (5.41%) 4 | 3 / 44 (6.82%) 3 | 1 / 75 (1.33%) 1 |
| Thromboembolic event subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 74 (1.35%) 1 | 3 / 44 (6.82%) 3 | 4 / 75 (5.33%) 5 |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| Atrial fibrillation subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 74 (4.05%) 3 | 0 / 44 (0.00%) 0 | 7 / 75 (9.33%) 7 |
| Sinus bradycardia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 74 (1.35%) 1 | 0 / 44 (0.00%) 0 | 8 / 75 (10.67%) 8 |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |
| Anaemia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 74 (4.05%) 3 | 3 / 44 (6.82%) 3 | 4 / 75 (5.33%) 8 |
| Other subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 74 (0.00%) 0 | 3 / 44 (6.82%) 3 | 4 / 75 (5.33%) 5 |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Constipation subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 10 / 74 (13.51%) 11 | 5 / 44 (11.36%) 5 | 9 / 75 (12.00%) 10 |
| Diarrhoea | | | |

| | | | |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 74 (2.70%) 3 | 3 / 44 (6.82%) 4 | 3 / 75 (4.00%) 3 |
| gastroparesis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 74 (4.05%) 3 | 3 / 44 (6.82%) 3 | 1 / 75 (1.33%) 1 |
| Nausea subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 4 / 74 (5.41%) 4 | 0 / 44 (0.00%) 0 | 2 / 75 (2.67%) 3 |
| Vomiting subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 74 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 44 (2.27%) 1 | 1 / 75 (1.33%) 1 |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders cough subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 74 (1.35%) 1 | 1 / 44 (2.27%) 1 | 0 / 75 (0.00%) 0 |
| Other subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 74 (0.00%) 0 | 5 / 44 (11.36%) 6 | 2 / 75 (2.67%) 2 |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders Rash maculo-papular subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 74 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 44 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 75 (1.33%) 1 |
| Psychiatric disorders Delirium subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 74 (4.05%) 3 | 2 / 44 (4.55%) 2 | 4 / 75 (5.33%) 4 |
| Renal and urinary disorders Acute kidney injury subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 74 (2.70%) 2 | 3 / 44 (6.82%) 3 | 2 / 75 (2.67%) 2 |
| other subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 74 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 44 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 75 (1.33%) 1 |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders Soft tissue necrosis | | | |
| Additional description: lower limb | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 74 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 44 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 75 (0.00%) 0 |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Bacteraemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 74 (2.70%) | 2 / 44 (4.55%) | 2 / 75 (2.67%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| lung infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 7 / 74 (9.46%) | 4 / 44 (9.09%) | 8 / 75 (10.67%) |
| occurrences (all) | 13 | 5 | 17 |
| Sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 74 (4.05%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 5 / 75 (6.67%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 0 | 5 |
| Urinary tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 74 (5.41%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 1 / 75 (1.33%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Hyperglycaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 74 (2.70%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 4 / 75 (5.33%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| Hyperkalaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 2 / 44 (4.55%) | 4 / 75 (5.33%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Hypertriglyceridaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 74 (1.35%) | 2 / 44 (4.55%) | 3 / 75 (4.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Hypokalaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 74 (0.00%) | 0 / 44 (0.00%) | 4 / 75 (5.33%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| other | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 74 (2.70%) | 1 / 44 (2.27%) | 5 / 75 (6.67%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 1 | 5 |
| Non-serious adverse events | D: Kineret + Sylvant | E: Roactemra | F: Kineret + Roactemra |
| Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 17 / 36 (47.22%) | 35 / 81 (43.21%) | 17 / 32 (53.13%) |
| Investigations | | | |

| | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Alanine aminotransferase increased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 3 / 36 (8.33%) 3 | 7 / 81 (8.64%) 11 | 1 / 32 (3.13%) 1 |
| Aspartate aminotransferase increased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 36 (5.56%) 2 | 5 / 81 (6.17%) 7 | 0 / 32 (0.00%) 0 |
| creatinine increased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 36 (5.56%) 2 | 0 / 81 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 32 (0.00%) 0 |
| GGT inncreased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 36 (0.00%) 0 | 2 / 81 (2.47%) 4 | 0 / 32 (0.00%) 0 |
| Neutrophil count decreased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 36 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 81 (1.23%) 1 | 2 / 32 (6.25%) 2 |
| Platelet count decreased subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 36 (0.00%) 0 | 0 / 81 (0.00%) 0 | 2 / 32 (6.25%) 2 |
| Vascular disorders | | | |
| Hypertension subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 36 (2.78%) 1 | 3 / 81 (3.70%) 3 | 3 / 32 (9.38%) 3 |
| Hypotension subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 36 (0.00%) 0 | 1 / 81 (1.23%) 1 | 1 / 32 (3.13%) 1 |
| Thromboembolic event subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 36 (0.00%) 0 | 3 / 81 (3.70%) 6 | 0 / 32 (0.00%) 0 |
| Cardiac disorders | | | |
| Atrial fibrillation subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 1 / 36 (2.78%) 1 | 0 / 81 (0.00%) 0 | 3 / 32 (9.38%) 3 |
| Sinus bradycardia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 2 / 36 (5.56%) 2 | 2 / 81 (2.47%) 2 | 0 / 32 (0.00%) 0 |
| Blood and lymphatic system disorders | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Anaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 36 (8.33%) | 2 / 81 (2.47%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Other | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 36 (11.11%) | 3 / 81 (3.70%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 3 | 0 |
| Gastrointestinal disorders | | | |
| Constipation | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 4 / 36 (11.11%) | 8 / 81 (9.88%) | 7 / 32 (21.88%) |
| occurrences (all) | 4 | 8 | 7 |
| Diarrhoea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 2 / 81 (2.47%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| gastroparesis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 3 / 81 (3.70%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Nausea | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 36 (5.56%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 2 / 32 (6.25%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Vomiting | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 36 (5.56%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders | | | |
| cough | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 2 / 32 (6.25%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Other | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders | | | |
| Rash maculo-papular | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 2 / 32 (6.25%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Psychiatric disorders | | | |
| Delirium | | | |

| | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) | 0 / 36 (0.00%) 0 | 2 / 81 (2.47%) 2 | 1 / 32 (3.13%) 1 |
| Renal and urinary disorders | | | |
| Acute kidney injury | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| other | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 36 (5.56%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders | | | |
| Soft tissue necrosis | Additional description: lower limb | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 36 (5.56%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Infections and infestations | | | |
| Bacteraemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 2 / 32 (6.25%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| lung infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 3 / 36 (8.33%) | 8 / 81 (9.88%) | 5 / 32 (15.63%) |
| occurrences (all) | 5 | 10 | 7 |
| Sepsis | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 2 / 81 (2.47%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Urinary tract infection | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Metabolism and nutrition disorders | | | |
| Hyperglycaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 2 / 81 (2.47%) | 3 / 32 (9.38%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Hyperkalaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 0 / 36 (0.00%) | 3 / 81 (3.70%) | 0 / 32 (0.00%) |
| occurrences (all) | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Hypertriglyceridaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 2 / 36 (5.56%) | 1 / 81 (1.23%) | 3 / 32 (9.38%) |
| occurrences (all) | 2 | 1 | 3 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Hypokalaemia | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 1 / 32 (3.13%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| other | | | |
| subjects affected / exposed | 1 / 36 (2.78%) | 0 / 81 (0.00%) | 2 / 32 (6.25%) |
| occurrences (all) | 1 | 0 | 3 |

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? Yes

| Date | Amendment |
|---------------|--|
| 07 April 2020 | <p>Section 5.1 : Recent (≤ 14 days of) of flu-like symptoms or malaise prior to randomization) infection with COVID-19 -> changed to ≤ 16 days</p> <p>section 5.2 : frailty score. exclusion criteria: clinical frailty score > 2 -> changed to clinical frailty score > 3</p> <p>Section 5.1 , inclusion criteria: clinical frailty score deleted</p> <p>section 5.1 : COVID-19 diagnosis: serology and emerging technologies added as diagnostic test</p> <p>Section 5.1 : COVID-19 diagnosis Probable COVID-19 infection defined by chest CT-scan and clinical criteria added</p> |
| 09 April 2020 | Addition Jessa Hospital Hasselt |
| 21 April 2020 | <p>Addition of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o CHR de la Citadelle o CHU Tivoli o Cliniques Saint-Pierre Ottignies o AZ Delta o AZ Sint-Lucas Gent o ZNA <p>Section 5.1 : IC1 Confident COVID diagnosis ...</p> <p>Section 5.1: IC 4 clarification FiO₂</p> <p>Section 5.1: added extra IC Female subject need to use adequate contraception during treatment and 3 months after treatment</p> <p>Section 7.1.3 : Roactemra sc to IV clarification</p> <p>Section 8.4 : schematic overview Procalcitonin explicit added in overview</p> <p>Section 12.6 data safety monitoring board will be foreseen</p> <p>Section 7.1.3 Dose justification added</p> |
| 18 June 2020 | <p>Section 3.2: ARDS definition changed to "adjusted Berlin criteria".</p> <p>Section 5.1: typo corrected</p> <p>Section 5.2: Clarification Frailty score added: clinical frailty scale above 3 (This frailty score is the patient status before first symptoms of COVID-19 episode.)</p> <p>Section 5.2: Exclusion criteria added:</p> <p>Patient on ECMO at time of screening</p> <p>Section 7.1.4: Dose adjustment permitted for KINERET if kidney function falls below 30ml/min GFR. Dosing to be adjusted to 100 mg once every other day (q2d)</p> <p>Section 8.4: lay-out of flowchart simplified. Assessments removed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Clinical Sign Score and NEWS2 - HScore only at D1 - Daily anamnesis and physical examination not requested anymore, only per standard of care or on clinical grounds. - Arterial Blood Gas only required at D0/1, D6, D15 or discharge whichever comes first - Laboratory assessments: ESR, ureum, troponins, CK removed. Procalcitonine required at least 3x/week. <p>Section 9.3: 1500 RPM or 410 g adjusted to -> 1770g</p> <p>Section 12.3: Contact details Marketing Authorisation Holder, SOBI, ROCHE, EUSAPHARMA: removed</p> <p>Section 12.4: Study team informs company that provides IMP was erased</p> |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| 10 November 2020 | <p>Section 8.4: schematic overview error corrected and column "Discharge (only if after D15)" removed.</p> <p>Section 3.2: PEEP > 5 cm H2O on invasive or non-invasive ventilation or flow ≥ 50L/min on HFOT (Optiflow) (Typo "≥ 60L/min" corrected to "≥ 50L/min.)</p> <p>Section 8.2 and section 8.4: If an arterial blood gas value is available of less than 24 hours before randomization, there's no need to have a new ABG done on Day 0/1.</p> <p>Section 8.4: time window of assessment of vital signs (6-10 AM) is not applicable for the follow-up visit.</p> <p>Section 7.1.4 : In case kidney function falls below 30ml/min GFR, dosing of KINERET® needs to be adjusted to 100mg every other day (q2d).</p> <p>section 7.1.3: Sylvant® (Siltuximab) 100mg powder concentrate added</p> <p>Section 2: Secondary objectives are refined</p> <p>Section 3: Secondary endpoints are refined into sensitivity endpoints for the primary endpoints, secondary endpoints and related sensitivity endpoints, exploratory endpoints, descriptive endpoints and safety endpoints. The description of the endpoints was clarified without substantive changes.</p> <p>Section 10.1 on the sample size calculation</p> <p>Section 10.2 on type of statistical methods clarifies Cox Proportional Hazards models will be stratified according to the other randomization and according to dexamethasone use (as usual care in the treatment of covid19 has changed). Models will not be stratified for centre.</p> <p>Section 10.2 on type of statistical methods</p> <p>Section 2.4 on the primary objective</p> <p>Section 2.6 on exploratory objectives</p> <p>Section 3 on endpoints</p> <p>Section 4.2.1 on the end of study duration for an individual subject</p> <p>Section 3.2: A new sensitivity endpoint related to the primary endpoint has been added</p> <p>Section 4.2 on end of study definition</p> <p>Section 10.1 on sample size calculation</p> <p>Section 3.3 on secondary endpoints</p> <p>Section 10.2 on type of statistical methods</p> <p>Section 3.6 on safety endpoints</p> |
|------------------|---|

Notes:

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

Limitations of the trial such as small numbers of subjects analysed or technical problems leading to unreliable data.

None reported

Notes:

Online references

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/34756178>