



Clinical trial results:

A Phase II Open-Label, Single-arm Clinical Trial to Study the Safety, Efficacy and Pharmacokinetics of MK-3009 (Daptomycin) in Japanese Pediatric Participants Aged 1 to 17 Years with Complicated Skin and Soft Tissue Infections or Bacteremia caused by Gram-positive cocci Summary

EudraCT number	2020-001576-15
Trial protocol	Outside EU/EEA
Global end of trial date	13 July 2020

Results information

Result version number	v2 (current)
This version publication date	14 May 2021
First version publication date	25 December 2020
Version creation reason	

Trial information

Trial identification

Sponsor protocol code	MK-3009-029
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Additional study identifiers

ISRCTN number	-
ClinicalTrials.gov id (NCT number)	NCT03643952
WHO universal trial number (UTN)	-
Other trial identifiers	Japic-CTI: 184155

Notes:

Sponsors

Sponsor organisation name	Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp.
Sponsor organisation address	2000 Galloping Hill Road, Kenilworth, NJ, United States, 07033
Public contact	Clinical Trials Disclosure, Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp., ClinicalTrialsDisclosure@merck.com
Scientific contact	Clinical Trials Disclosure, Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp., ClinicalTrialsDisclosure@merck.com

Notes:

Paediatric regulatory details

Is trial part of an agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)	No
Does article 45 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	No
Does article 46 of REGULATION (EC) No 1901/2006 apply to this trial?	Yes

Notes:

Results analysis stage

Analysis stage	Final
Date of interim/final analysis	13 July 2020
Is this the analysis of the primary completion data?	Yes
Primary completion date	07 April 2020
Global end of trial reached?	Yes
Global end of trial date	13 July 2020
Was the trial ended prematurely?	Yes

Notes:

General information about the trial

Main objective of the trial:

The purpose of this study is to assess the safety, efficacy and pharmacokinetic (PK) parameters of daptomycin for injection in Japanese pediatric participants aged 1 to 17 years with complicated skin and soft tissue infection (cSSTI) or bacteremia caused by Gram-positive cocci.

Protection of trial subjects:

This study was conducted in conformance with Good Clinical Practice standards and applicable country and/or local statutes and regulations regarding ethical committee review, informed consent, and the protection of human subjects participating in biomedical research.

Background therapy: -

Evidence for comparator: -

Actual start date of recruitment	06 December 2018
Long term follow-up planned	No
Independent data monitoring committee (IDMC) involvement?	No

Notes:

Population of trial subjects

Subjects enrolled per country

Country: Number of subjects enrolled	Japan: 18
Worldwide total number of subjects	18
EEA total number of subjects	0

Notes:

Subjects enrolled per age group

In utero	0
Preterm newborn - gestational age < 37 wk	0
Newborns (0-27 days)	0
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	5
Children (2-11 years)	9
Adolescents (12-17 years)	4
Adults (18-64 years)	0
From 65 to 84 years	0
85 years and over	0

Subject disposition

Recruitment

Recruitment details: -

Pre-assignment

Screening details:

This trial enrolled participants requiring treatment for cSSTI or bacteremia caused by Gram-positive cocci. Additional inclusion criteria applied.

Period 1

Period 1 title	Overall Study (overall period)
Is this the baseline period?	Yes
Allocation method	Non-randomised - controlled
Blinding used	Not blinded

Arms

Arm title	Daptomycin-cSSTI or Bacteremia: Age 1-17
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Arm description:

Participants aged 1 to 17 years old with cSSTI or bacteremia received daptomycin intravenously every 24 hours for either 5-14 days for cSSTI or for 5-42 days for bacteremia

Arm type	Experimental
Investigational medicinal product name	Daptomycin for injection
Investigational medicinal product code	
Other name	MK-3009
Pharmaceutical forms	Powder for solution for infusion
Routes of administration	Intravenous use

Dosage and administration details:

Once daily administration of 5, 7, 9, 10, or 12 mg/kg intravenous (IV) daptomycin infused with 25-50 mL saline over 30-60 minutes depending upon infection type and age level.

Number of subjects in period 1	Daptomycin-cSSTI or Bacteremia: Age 1-17
Started	18
Completed	17
Not completed	1
Lack of efficacy	1

Baseline characteristics

Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Daptomycin-cSSTI or Bacteremia: Age 1-17
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Reporting group description:

Participants aged 1 to 17 years old with cSSTI or bacteremia received daptomycin intravenously every 24 hours for either 5-14 days for cSSTI or for 5-42 days for bacteremia

Reporting group values	Daptomycin-cSSTI or Bacteremia: Age 1-17	Total	
Number of subjects	18	18	
Age Categorical Units: Subjects			
In utero	0	0	
Preterm newborn infants (gestational age < 37 wks)	0	0	
Newborns (0-27 days)	0	0	
Infants and toddlers (28 days-23 months)	5	5	
Children (2-11 years)	9	9	
Adolescents (12-17 years)	4	4	
Adults (18-64 years)	0	0	
From 65-84 years	0	0	
85 years and over	0	0	
Age Continuous Units: years			
arithmetic mean	6.9	-	
standard deviation	± 5.1		
Gender Categorical Units: Subjects			
Female	6	6	
Male	12	12	
Race (NIH/OMB) Units: Subjects			
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	
Asian	18	18	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	
Black or African American	0	0	
White	0	0	
More than one race	0	0	
Unknown or Not Reported	0	0	
Ethnicity Units: Subjects			
Hispanic or Latino	0	0	
Not Hispanic or Latino	18	18	

End points

End points reporting groups

Reporting group title	Daptomycin-cSSTI or Bacteremia: Age 1-17
Reporting group description: Participants aged 1 to 17 years old with cSSTI or bacteremia received daptomycin intravenously every 24 hours for either 5-14 days for cSSTI or for 5-42 days for bacteremia	
Subject analysis set title	cSSTI
Subject analysis set type	Sub-group analysis
Subject analysis set description: Participants diagnosed with complicated skin and soft tissue infection (cSSTI) received daptomycin intravenously every 24 hours for 5-14 days	
Subject analysis set title	Bacteremia
Subject analysis set type	Sub-group analysis
Subject analysis set description: Participants diagnosed with bacteremia received daptomycin intravenously every 24 hours for 5-42 days	
Subject analysis set title	MRSA with cSSTI
Subject analysis set type	Modified intention-to-treat
Subject analysis set description: All enrolled participants with cSSTI who had a positive culture of methicillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) at baseline and received at least one dose of study treatment.	
Subject analysis set title	MRSA with Bacteremia
Subject analysis set type	Modified intention-to-treat
Subject analysis set description: All enrolled participants with bacteremia who had a positive culture of MRSA at baseline and received at least one dose of study treatment.	

Primary: Percentage of Participants with an Adverse Event

End point title	Percentage of Participants with an Adverse Event ^[1]
End point description: An adverse event (AE) is any unfavorable and unintended sign, symptom, or disease temporally associated with the use of a medicinal product or protocol-specified procedure, whether or not considered related to the medicinal product or protocol-specified procedure. Any worsening of a preexisting condition that is temporally associated with the use of the Sponsor's product, is also an adverse event. The analysis population included all enrolled participants who received at least one dose of daptomycin.	
End point type	Primary
End point timeframe: Up to 56 days	
Notes: [1] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point. Justification: There are no between-group statistical analyses for this endpoint as the trial was conducted as a single-arm study.	

End point values	Daptomycin-cSSTI or Bacteremia: Age 1-17			
Subject group type	Reporting group			
Number of subjects analysed	18			
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (not applicable)	55.6			

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Primary: Percentage of Participants that Discontinued Study Treatment Due to an Adverse Event (AE)

End point title	Percentage of Participants that Discontinued Study Treatment Due to an Adverse Event (AE) ^[2]
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End point description:

An AE is any unfavorable and unintended sign, symptom, or disease temporally associated with the use of a medicinal product or protocol-specified procedure, whether or not considered related to the medicinal product or protocol-specified procedure. Any worsening of a preexisting condition that is temporally associated with the use of the Sponsor's product, is also an adverse event. The percentage of participants discontinued from the study due to an AE is reported. The analysis population included all enrolled participants who received at least one dose of daptomycin.

End point type	Primary
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End point timeframe:

Up to 42 days

Notes:

[2] - No statistical analyses have been specified for this primary end point. It is expected there is at least one statistical analysis for each primary end point.

Justification: There are no between-group statistical analyses for this endpoint as the trial was conducted as a single-arm study.

End point values	Daptomycin-cSSTI or Bacteremia: Age 1-17			
Subject group type	Reporting group			
Number of subjects analysed	18			
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (not applicable)	0			

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage of Participants with Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA) Infections Who Experienced Clinical Success

End point title	Percentage of Participants with Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA) Infections Who Experienced Clinical Success
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End point description:

Clinical success in participants with MRSA was defined as either "Cure"- Resolution of clinically significant signs and symptoms associated with admission infection and no further antibiotic therapy required, OR "Improved"- Partial resolution of clinical signs or symptoms of infection with no further antibiotic therapy required. The analysis population included all enrolled participants with cSSTI or bacteremia who had a positive culture of MRSA at baseline and received at least one dose of study

treatment.

End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe:	
Up to 7 days following end of treatment (Up to 49 days)	

End point values	MRSA with cSSTI	MRSA with Bacteremia		
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set		
Number of subjects analysed	7	1		
Units: Percentage of participants				
number (confidence interval 95%)	85.7 (42.1 to 99.6)	100 (2.5 to 100)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Percentage of Participants with MRSA Infections Who Experienced a Microbiological Response

End point title	Percentage of Participants with MRSA Infections Who Experienced a Microbiological Response
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End point description:

Participant-level microbiological response is defined as absence or presumed absence of all baseline infecting pathogens AND no gram-positive superinfection or gram-positive new infection. The analysis population included all enrolled participants with cSSTI or bacteremia who had a positive culture of MRSA at baseline and received at least one dose of study treatment.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Up to 7 days following end of treatment (up to 49 days)

End point values	MRSA with cSSTI	MRSA with Bacteremia		
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set		
Number of subjects analysed	7	1		
Units: Percentage of Participants				
number (confidence interval 95%)	71.4 (29.0 to 96.3)	100 (2.5 to 100)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Area Under the Concentration Time Curve from Time 0 to 24 Hours (AUC0-24) of Daptomycin

End point title	Area Under the Concentration Time Curve from Time 0 to 24 Hours (AUC0-24) of Daptomycin
End point description: Blood samples were collected at pre-specified time points to determine the AUC0-24 of daptomycin. The analysis population included all enrolled participants who received at least 3 consecutive IV infusions of study treatment, had at least 1 pharmacokinetic (PK) sample following study drug administration, and did not have any protocol violations affecting the PK profile.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe: Pre-dose and at 15 minutes, 1 hour, 4 hours, and 12 hours post-dose on Day 3 of daptomycin treatment	

End point values	cSSTI	Bacteremia		
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set		
Number of subjects analysed	14	3		
Units: µg·hr/mL				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)				
Age Category 1-<2 (n=3, 1)	574 (± 99.1)	502 (± 0)		
Age Category 2-6 (n=3, 0)	431 (± 53.6)	0 (± 0)		
Age Category 7-11 (n=5, 1)	409 (± 143)	599 (± 0)		
Age Category 12-17 (n=3, 1)	316 (± 18.2)	422 (± 0)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Mean Maximum Concentration (Cmax) of Daptomycin

End point title	Mean Maximum Concentration (Cmax) of Daptomycin
End point description: Blood samples were collected at pre-specified timepoints to determine Cmax of daptomycin. The analysis population included all enrolled participants who received at least 3 consecutive IV infusions of study treatment, had at least 1 pharmacokinetic (PK) sample following study drug administration, and did not have any protocol violations affecting the PK profile.	
End point type	Secondary
End point timeframe: Pre-dose and at 15 minutes, 1 hour, 4 hours, and 12 hours post-dose on Day 3 of daptomycin treatment	

End point values	cSSTI	Bacteremia		
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set		
Number of subjects analysed	14	4		
Units: µg/mL				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)				
Age Category 1-<2 (n=3, 2)	91.7 (± 6.66)	104 (± 8.70)		
Age Category 2-6 (n=3, 0)	80.3 (± 4.48)	0 (± 0)		
Age Category 7-11 (n=5, 1)	64.4 (± 15.1)	73.1 (± 0)		
Age Category 12-17 (n=3, 1)	49.3 (± 1.33)	94.0 (± 0)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Time to Maximum Plasma Concentration (Tmax) of Daptomycin

End point title	Time to Maximum Plasma Concentration (Tmax) of Daptomycin
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End point description:

Blood samples were collected at pre-specified time points to determine the Tmax of daptomycin. The analysis population included all enrolled participants who received at least 3 consecutive IV infusions of study treatment, had at least 1 pharmacokinetic (PK) sample following study drug administration, and did not have any protocol violations affecting the PK profile.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Pre-dose and at 15 minutes, 1 hour, 4 hours, and 12 hours post-dose on Day 3 of daptomycin treatment

End point values	cSSTI	Bacteremia		
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set		
Number of subjects analysed	14	4		
Units: Hours				
median (full range (min-max))				
Age Category 1-<2 (n=3, 2)	1.33 (1.33 to 1.37)	1.27 (1.20 to 1.33)		
Age Category 2-6 (n=3,0)	1.23 (1.12 to 1.27)	0 (0 to 0)		
Age Category 7-11 (n=5,1)	0.833 (0.783 to 1.00)	0.800 (0.800 to 0.800)		
Age Category 12-17 (n=3, 1)	0.750 (0.750 to 0.750)	0.733 (0.733 to 0.733)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Body Weight Adjusted Clearance at Steady State (CLss/wt) of Daptomycin

End point title	Body Weight Adjusted Clearance at Steady State (CLss/wt) of Daptomycin
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End point description:

Blood samples were collected at pre-specified time points to determine CLss/wt of daptomycin at steady state. The analysis population included all enrolled participants who received at least 3 consecutive IV infusions of study treatment, had at least 1 pharmacokinetic (PK) sample following study drug administration, and did not have any protocol violations affecting the PK profile.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Pre-dose and at 15 minutes, 1 hour, 4 hours, and 12 hours post-dose on Day 3 of daptomycin treatment

End point values	cSSTI	Bacteremia		
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set		
Number of subjects analysed	14	3		
Units: mL/hr/kg				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)				
Age Category 1-<2 (n=3, 1)	17.8 (± 2.86)	23.9 (± 0)		
Age Category 2-6 (n=3, 0)	21.1 (± 2.69)	0 (± 0)		
Age Category 7-11 (n=5, 1)	19.4 (± 8.27)	15.0 (± 0)		
Age Category 12-17 (n=3, 1)	15.8 (± 0.917)	16.6 (± 0)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Volume of Distribution at Steady State (Vss) of Daptomycin

End point title	Volume of Distribution at Steady State (Vss) of Daptomycin
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End point description:

Blood samples were collected at pre-specified time points to determine Vss (mL) of daptomycin. The analysis population included all enrolled participants who received at least 3 consecutive IV infusions of study treatment, had at least 1 pharmacokinetic (PK) sample following study drug administration, and did not have any protocol violations affecting the PK profile.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

On Day 3 of study drug administration- pre dose, 15 minutes, 1 hour, 4 hours, and 12 hours after the end of infusion.

End point values	cSSTI	Bacteremia		
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set		
Number of subjects analysed	14	3		
Units: mL				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)				
Age Category 1-<2 (n=3, 1)	1146 (± 299)	1918 (± 0)		
Age Category 2-6 (n=3, 0)	1753 (± 486)	0 (± 0)		
Age Category 7-11 (n=5, 1)	3929 (± 2032)	4013 (± 0)		
Age Category 12-17 (n=3, 1)	6414 (± 1086)	5106 (± 0)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Secondary: Apparent Terminal Half-life (t_{1/2}) of Daptomycin

End point title	Apparent Terminal Half-life (t _{1/2}) of Daptomycin
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End point description:

Blood samples were collected at pre-specified time points to determine the t_{1/2} of daptomycin. The analysis population included all enrolled participants who received at least 3 consecutive IV infusions of study treatment, had at least 1 pharmacokinetic (PK) sample following study drug administration, and did not have any protocol violations affecting the PK profile.

End point type	Secondary
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End point timeframe:

Pre-dose and at 15 minutes, 1 hour, 4 hours, and 12 hours post-dose on Day 3 of daptomycin treatment

End point values	cSSTI	Bacteremia		
Subject group type	Subject analysis set	Subject analysis set		
Number of subjects analysed	14	3		
Units: Hours				
arithmetic mean (standard deviation)				
Age Category 1-<2 (n=3, 1)	4.94 (± 0.460)	4.46 (± 0)		
Age Category 2-6 (n=3, 0)	3.87 (± 0.514)	0 (± 0)		
Age Category 7-11 (n=5, 1)	5.07 (± 1.09)	5.85 (± 0)		
Age Category 12-17 (n=3, 1)	5.71 (± 0.942)	3.98 (± 0)		

Statistical analyses

No statistical analyses for this end point

Adverse events

Adverse events information

Timeframe for reporting adverse events:

Up to 56 days

Assessment type	Systematic
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Dictionary used

Dictionary name	MedDRA
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Dictionary version	23.0
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Reporting groups

Reporting group title	Daptomycin
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Reporting group description: -

Serious adverse events	Daptomycin		
Total subjects affected by serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	0 / 18 (0.00%)		
number of deaths (all causes)	0		
number of deaths resulting from adverse events	0		

Frequency threshold for reporting non-serious adverse events: 5 %

Non-serious adverse events	Daptomycin		
Total subjects affected by non-serious adverse events			
subjects affected / exposed	10 / 18 (55.56%)		
Investigations			
Alanine aminotransferase increased			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 18 (5.56%)		
occurrences (all)	1		
Platelet count increased			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 18 (5.56%)		
occurrences (all)	1		
Weight decreased			
subjects affected / exposed	1 / 18 (5.56%)		
occurrences (all)	1		
Vascular disorders			
Hypertension			

subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 18 (5.56%) 1		
General disorders and administration site conditions Catheter site related reaction subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Chills subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Infusion site swelling subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Injection site pain subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Pyrexia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 18 (5.56%) 1 1 / 18 (5.56%) 1 1 / 18 (5.56%) 1 1 / 18 (5.56%) 1 2 / 18 (11.11%) 2		
Gastrointestinal disorders Constipation subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Enterocolitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all) Gastrointestinal mucosal disorder subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 18 (5.56%) 1 1 / 18 (5.56%) 1 1 / 18 (5.56%) 1		
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders Cough subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 18 (5.56%) 1		
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders Acne subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 18 (5.56%) 1		

Alopecia subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 18 (5.56%) 1		
Rash subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	2 / 18 (11.11%) 2		
Infections and infestations			
Gastroenteritis viral subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 18 (5.56%) 1		
Genital candidiasis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 18 (5.56%) 1		
Nasopharyngitis subjects affected / exposed occurrences (all)	1 / 18 (5.56%) 1		

More information

Substantial protocol amendments (globally)

Were there any global substantial amendments to the protocol? No

Interruptions (globally)

Were there any global interruptions to the trial? No

Limitations and caveats

Limitations of the trial such as small numbers of subjects analysed or technical problems leading to unreliable data.

The study was concluded due to the difficulty of enrolling pediatric patients into the study during the COVID-19 pandemic. This study concluded enrollment with 18 participants, versus the 20 that were originally planned.
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Notes: